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Volume 2 : Dictionary



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ABSTRACT This Aklanon-English dictionary consists of a list of basic root words or word bases of Aklanon. The dictionary is designed to be used both by native speakers of Aklanon and by foreign learners. For the former, it can serve to: (1) establish a uniform system of spelling, (2) broaden or intensify the use and understanding of idiomatic standard American English, (3) serve as a reference book for the standard speech of Kalibo, (4) broaden the vocabulary of those interested in studying their native language, and (5) introduce a more linguistically oriented study of Aklanon. For foreign learners, it is useful as a language learning tool. The dictionary is preceded by a discussion of root words and their derivations, an outline of the six basic grammatical functions and the basic parts of speech of Aklanon, a discussion of morphophonemic change, and an explanation of the conventions for spelling the Aklanon dialect. A short bibliography of relevant references follows the dictionary. (CLK)

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ED145704

A STUDY OF THE AKLANON DIALECT

Volume Two

DICTIONARY

[of root words and derivations]

AKLANON TO ENGLISH

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In Memoriam

Although many have given me credit for initiating and researching *The Study Of The Atlanon Dialect*, this book would not have been possible if it were not for the cooperation, the efforts, the dedication and the wisdom of Professor Vicente Salas Reyes.

As this book was going to press, we received news of his untimely death on Saturday, May 17, 1969. Although he was 82 years old, his intellect, wit and cooperative spirit made him a truly unequalled Atlanon expert; for not only was his wisdom his own, he wanted to share it with all his fellowmen, even up to his dying breath.

This book, then, is born and duly baptized in the death of that great man. May His Soul Live On By The Grace Of God In Eternal Bliss; And May His Spirit Live On In Atlan That Others Of This Province May Know Him And Emulate Him. His life and his death are a challenge to us all.

R. David Paul Forc

A STUDY OF THE AKLANON DIALECT, Volume Two —
 AKLANON TO ENGLISH DICTIONARY

PAGE

PREFACE	1
I. ALPHABETICAL ORDER in this dictionary	2
II. THE SPELLING OF THE ENTRIES	3
III. INTRODUCTION—HOW TO UNDERSTAND AND USE THIS DICTIONARY	4
IV. ROOT WORDS AND THEIR DERIVATIONS	7
V. AN OUTLINE OF AKLANON'S SIX BASIC GRAMMATICAL FUNCTIONS	10
Discussions of: Topic, Predicate, Associate, Object, Referent and Verbal Centers: Aspect, Mode and General Explanation of Focus.	
VI. THE BASIC PARTS OF SPEECH IN AKLANON	25
VII. "THE CASE OF THE MISSING LINKS"—MORPHOPHONEMIC CHANGE	32
VIII. CONVENTIONS FOR SPELLING THE AKLANON DIALECT	35
IX. AKLANON TO ENGLISH DICTIONARY	37
"A"	39
"B"	69
"K"	116
"D"	151
"E" /ɛ/	171
"G"	189
"H"	199
"I" - "E"	223
"L"	238
"M"	249
"N"	265
"NG"	271
"O" - "U"	274
"P"	286
"R"	319
"S"	324
"T"	357
"W"	390
"Y"	393
X. BIBLIOGRAPHY	396

ABBREVIATIONS AS USED IN THIS TEXT can be found on a fold-out
 sheet on the inside of the back cover.

PREFACE

This present book is the result of four years of painstaking research and re-edition. It is a companion and follow-up volume to the GRAMMAR, published a year ago; but it is far more necessary and practical than its companion volume.

FOR AKLANONS it can serve the following functions:

- (1) to establish a uniform system of spelling throughout the province;
- (2) to broaden or intensify the use and understanding of idiomatic standard American English, particularly for students and teachers;
- (3) to serve as a reference book for the standard speech [including borrowed and adopted terms] of Kalibo--the geographical, educational, financial, mercantile and political center of the province of Aklan;
- (4) to broaden the vocabulary and knowledge of those interested in studying their own native dialect, since not only common, but also "deep" and foreign words are included as they are actually used;
- (5) to introduce a more linguistically oriented study of the Aklanon language in order to break off from a long-standing tradition of "folk linguistics" and so-called "dialect experts".

FOR FOREIGN LEARNERS [whether Western or other Filipinos] it has the following uses:

- (1) to help in translating the words of the dialect into the more reachable idiom of English;
- (2) to indicate the actual use of root words as they occur in current Aklanon speech;
- (3) to act as a pronunciation guide, since accents and phonemic spellings [with some exceptions] are indicated;
- (4) to serve as a list of the most common and several uncommon words which could be memorized from time to time.

FOR LINGUISTS we hope to provide another humble treatment of a hitherto unresearched language and enrich the catalog of literature available on the less known dialects and languages of the world. In addition, the word list contained herein should be of interest to etymologists as they will note the large number of reflexes or words related to other Philippine dialects and languages.

Neither this dictionary nor its authors purport to have gathered every word in the Aklanon language, but a major number are certainly represented. Native speakers who may browse through this book will be surprised at seeing a very large representation of English and Spanish words. Some may be tempted to criticize their presence here. However, one need only eavesdrop on any conversation of local people--be it formal or informal--and hear for himself the overwhelming number of borrowed terms in actual use. The authors have operated on the principle that the sounds floating in Aklanon air make up the total part and parcel of Aklanon speech and should be represented here. For those who will be startled to see borrowed, foreign or vulgar words we ask their forbearance and understanding in this matter.

PROF. VICENTE SALAS REYES
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PLEASE NOTE that the letters "m", "k" and "p" have been greatly reduced in size by eliminating the ma-, ka-, pa-, and pang- prefixes and listing the words under each root word. Hence, "matám-is" is found under "tám-is", "panindahán" under "tínda(h)". This will involve some creative thinking on the part of the user, for he will have to discover a root word before he can look up any entry in this dictionary.

I. ALPHABETICAL ORDER

For the sake of convenience and to eliminate the doubling of entries, the following alphabetical order was selected, including: the vernacularization of foreign sounds and the union of the vowel sounds "i - e" and "o - u". Letters on a horizontal line are alphabetically equivalent.

1. a
2. b v
3. k ç, qu, cu
4. d j /dy/
5. e /g/ [Aklanon fricative consonant]
6. g
7. h j /h/
8. i e
9. l
10. m
11. n ñ /ny/
12. ng
13. o - u
14. p f
15. r
16. s z, c
17. t ch /ts/
18. w
19. y

In cases where traditional Aklanon would spell several words identically because of omitted accents (stress) or glottal stops, we give first precedence to stress difference [penultimate stress precedes final stress] and then to open vowels [i(h)] before glottalized vowels [ʔ], as in:

bága(h)	(n)	glowing embers
bága'	(n)	lung(s)
bagá'	(adj)	swollen
túbo(h)	(n)	pipe, tube
túbo'	(RV7)	to sprout; grow; increase
tubó	(n)	sugar cane
bobo	(n)	dolt, simpleton, fool
bo-bo'	(RV2)	to pour out

II. THE SPELLING OF THE ENTRIES

Many readers may well be surprised at the spelling of some of the entries in this dictionary. Since Aklanon is a language where the traditional spelling of words very, very closely matches the pronunciation of the words, the authors have chosen to represent even foreign words with a native spelling. There is a long-standing tradition of such a procedure in any written language. Even modern English tends to simplify its spelling by changing "night" to "nite", "although" to "altho" and "catalogue" to "catalog". Aklanon itself has freely adopted the English "evacuate" into the more native and commonly accepted "bakwit", "vulcanize" into "pabulkit"; the Spanish "chinelas" to "sinilas", "horas" to "oras"; and "jabon" to "sabón". Since the Institute of the National Language encourages and practices such in the development of Filipino, Aklanons have a precedent for their own dialect. Hence, although some spellings may seem ridiculous or humorous at the present time, they can eventually be expected to be popular, vernacularized words, such as

"ice cream"	/ayskrim/
"jeep"	/dyip/
"hollow block"	/haloblak/
"nurse"	/nars/
"featherduster"	/pederdas/
"floorwax"	/plorwaks/

The authors have also taken a step forward in spelling all the truly Aklanon or Filipino names of towns and places in the correct vernacular spelling, retaining only the Spanish and American names in the spelling of the original language. It is urged that the municipal councils of each town adopt such spellings to insure uniformity and conventionality throughout the province, as in

<u>OLD VERSION</u>	<u>CORRECTED SPELLING</u>
Libacao	Libakaw
Calivo	Kalibo
Daguitan	Dagitan
Malinao	Malinao
Laguimbanna	Eagingbanwa

However, names of towns and places that are not native Aklanon words should retain the spelling of the original foreign language; such as in "New Washington", "Numancia", "Ibajay" or "Roxas City".

Traditional Aklanon spelling does not account for three symbols which linguists would expect in a phonological transcription. We account for them by using the following symbols along with the traditional Aklanon spelling.

- Final pronounced, but traditionally unspelled, /h/ is written in as (h), as in: simba(h), tinda(h), daea(h) to show that the /h/ sound will appear when the root is affixed, as in: simbahan, tindahan, daehon:

- The glottal stop, transcribed as /ʔ/ by linguists, has traditionally been spelled with the hyphen "-" by Aklanons when in the middle of a word, as in: sin-o, gae-om, an-om, bo-bo, us-us, ba-ba. However, it had been unspelled at the end of a word, except for a few who used the grave accent /`/ to signal its presence. The authors

have chosen to show the presence of a final glottal stop with the apostrophe, ' , as in: báho', tǎbo', baó', tubá'. In this way, it acts as a clue for the foreign learner to the correct pronunciation; yet it does not disturb an Aklanon's reading of the text. Some linguists had chosen the symbol g for the glottal stop, but this has proven very confusing to non-linguists: both native speakers and foreign learners alike.

- Aklanon spelling rarely, if ever, accounts for stress. Since stress is most important in distinguishing the meaning of words, the authors have endeavored to indicate stress as often as possible with the acute accent ' . Certain stress pairs will show the importance of such a symbol in the accurate transcription of Aklanon, especially for foreign learners:

tǎbo	(n)	pipe, tube
tubó	(n)	sugar cane
pító	(RV)	to whistle
pitó	(n)	seven, 7
hápon	(n)	afternoon
hapón	(n)	Japan[ese]
tábo'	(RV)	to fetch, meet
tabó'	(n)	dipper, ladle

III. INTRODUCTION -- HOW TO UNDERSTAND AND USE THIS DICTIONARY

This dictionary is a list of the basic root words or word bases of the Aklanon dialect (considered a language by linguists). If one only wishes to get the general meaning of words it should be relatively simple to use. However, if the reader wishes to reap the full fruit of all the information contained herein, such as how particular roots are used, or how they can grow into other parts of speech, we urge him to master the grammatical explanations which will follow this section.

The authors have endeavored to present the following information in this dictionary:

1. The **ROOT WORD**, given first in broad or expanded type, followed thereafter by the root word's most important and commonly used **DERIVATIONS**. For example:

tawo(h) -- katawohan, kinatawohan, natawo, etc.
 inom -- ilimnon, imna, ginainom, etc.
 tinda(h) -- tindahan, panindahan, pangpanindahan, etc.

2. The **ETYMOLOGY OR ORIGIN OF THE WORD**, if it is not native Kalibo Aklanon. For example:

kabayo'	[Sp]	borrowed or derived from SPANISH
bakwit	[Eng]	borrowed or derived from ENGLISH
ayos	[Tag]	borrowed or derived from TAGALOG
boesit	[Ch]	borrowed or derived from CHINESE
putli'	[Hil]	borrowed or derived from HILIGAYNON
arigato	[Jp]	borrowed or derived from JAPANESE
aeokait	[Lib]	used in the vicinity of LIBAKAW
tako'	[Bkd]	used by mountain or remote peoples
eungaeog	[Ibj]	used in the vicinity of IBAJAY
baeangag	[Oak]	coming from old or "deep" Aklanon

panghingaeon [Nab] developed by the late Dr. Artemio Nabor of Kalibo, Aklan.

rugto [Kin] used in Kinaray-a mixed-areas

3. The particular CLASSIFICATION OF THE WORD if it is not part of the commonly accepted speech medium for the general public, such as:

- [FE] a Filipino English translation, not generally known or used by native speakers of English.
- [AE] an American English translation, not generally known or used by Filipino speakers of English.
- [idm] an idiom or idiomatic expression of the Aklanons.
- [expr] an expression or phrase more or less current to Aklanon.
- [slg] a slang or composed term used generally by the younger generation in their common parlance among one another.
- [sup] a superstitious term or belief.
- [stf] a scientific term.
- [cor] a corruption of some other word, for example, making a Spanish sounding word from an English term.
- [gen] a generally used term; part of standard accepted speech.
- [vul] a vulgar or indecent term, recorded here for the benefit of foreigners, and also so that Aklanons may know the idiomatic English equivalents.

4. Some ADDITIONAL INFORMATION about a word or its meaning, cross-references to the GRAMMAR, or to other parts of this DICTIONARY. For example:

- [Ctr:] a contraction of some other word or phrase:
birona' [Ctr: pabay-i runá']
rang [Ctr: ro akon nga]
- [Abr:] an abbreviation of some longer form:
mga [Abr: niangá]
- [Alt:] an alternate form for the word is some other:
riya [Alt: diya]
matlaong [Alt: maton]
halimonon [Alt: hilamonon]
- [Syn:] a synonym or word with roughly the same meaning is some other word:
tuetun-an [Syn: libro]
uhong [Syn: amamakoe]
kunó [Syn: mana]
- [Opp:] the opposite of the word given is some other:
tonton [Opp: batak]
putí [Opp: itám]
tugák [Opp: hugót]
intok [Opp: eagko']

[Cf:] confer with or refer to some other word or entry for additional information:

- mus-an [Cf: manok]
- Altavas [Cf: Jimeno]
- timog [Cf: hangin]
- morado [Cf: saging]

[G.] refer to the GRAMMAR (Zorc, de la Cruz), page [as listed].

[D.] refer to this DICTIONARY, page [as listed].

There are certain occasions in Aklanon when a root word is never used in its base form, but occurs with a prefix. In order to be consistent in listing roots, we list the root word followed by the prefix which must accompany it, such as:

- | | |
|---------------|--------------|
| 'sunsun]ma[| "masunsun" |
| labár]pang[| "panglabár" |
| hidait]pag[| "paghidait" |
| mungaya']ha[| "hamungaya'" |

5. THE PART OF SPEECH OR USE of the word presented. This will be discussed in more detail in the next unit. However, by way of illustration, note that a simple abbreviation like "RV2" can reveal a lot. "RV2" means that the root word is a REGULAR VERB of the SECOND CLASS, that it can be conjugated according to the actor focus forms-[naga-, nag-, ma-, etc.] to stress the actor or doer; but that when it is used to stress an object, it will take the forms of the Instrument Focus verb conjugation-[gina-, gin-, i-, -an, ig-, etc.]. Hence, any verb root listed as RV2 will emphasize a direct object according to the forms described: ibaligya', itus-on, taw-an, igbutang, ginaeubong, etc.

6. THE ENGLISH MEANING of the Visayan word or phrase, based on standard or colloquial mid-Western American English. Since part of the purpose of this book is to present idiomatic American English to Aklanons for their use in school and in general communiques or discussions, certain Aklanon forms that might be regular when based on the grammar of the dialect will be presented because the English itself reveals a different structure or some sort of idiom. For example, normally the authors do not list the occurrence of the causative]pa- for every verb root, because almost any verb can take this causative form. However, in those cases where English itself would use a different form than the causative, the Aklanon causative construction is presented in order to reveal the English variations. The Aklanon verb kaon (eat) has a regular causative form in pakaon, but the English causative is not "let eat" but rather "feed". Since the English evidences such a drastic change away from the Aklanon idiom, an entry is made to reveal such a phenomenon. The same can be said for the inclusion of such forms as:

- | | |
|----------------|----------------------------------|
| hueam / borrow | pahueam / lend (CV) |
| tam-is / sweet | patam-is / sweeten (CV) |
| barbas / beard | pamarbas / shave (DV) |
| asawa / spouse | pangasawa / court and marry (DV) |



There are certain occasions where no English word is known to the authors to equivalently represent the Aklanon term. This is generally the case when the scientific name of animals, plants, and so on is only approximated or given as a type.

bolinaw	(n)	[fish] - a type of fish
guyóm	(n)	[ant] - a type of ant
apeod	(adj)	[having the flavor of an unripe banana]
tiaw	(n)	[fish--delicious; soft-boned]

In some cases, however, the authors have been able to identify the scientific names of plants and trees, and so both the general English description and the accurate scientific name are presented, such as:

lba'	(n)	[tree, fruit--very sour] <u>Averrhoa bilimbi L.</u>
tubó	(n)	sugar cane. <u>Saccharum officinarum</u>
tángead	(n)	[lemon grass--used for seasoning] <u>Andropogon citratus DC</u>

It is imperative to call to the attention of the Filipino reader that English has a particular phenomenon not generally present in Visayan, namely the occurrence of several levels of vocabulary, such as scientific, general and/or vulgar. In such instances, Aklanon usually has only one term applicable which can be medical, polite or vulgar as the user intends or the situation suggests. By way of example, if an American goes to a doctor, he would have to speak using polite or scientific terms: "I have been moving my bowels more often lately." The same person talking to his friends might come out with the more vulgar: "I'm always shitting." The Aklanon word in either case would be "pandiho". The authors have therefore tried to give as many possible English meanings, but marking them well so that one can understand in which environment the terms are to be used with English speakers:

utót	(n)	flatulence [stf]; bad air [gen]; "fart" [vul]
bótot	(n)	penis [stf]; male organ [gen]; "cock, prick" [vul]

IV. ROOT WORDS AND THEIR DERIVATIONS

Root words or word bases are those words which carry the principal meaning in structures like: táwo(h)/person, pueá(h)/red, káon/eat and the like. They are the basic units of meaning from which most other meaningful words grow--that's why they are called "roots", because other words grow from them. In English, root words are not always very easy to locate. It is difficult, for example, to isolate the root in: "food, feed, fed, feast", yet there is something basic to each. In Aklanon, on the other hand, roots are always pretty easy to find. There are, first of all, SIMPLE ROOTS, such as bilin, which does not change its form in: pagbilin, bilinan, binilin. Or tapu in: pagkatapus, tumapus, katapusan. Simple roots never change their form; they can always be found whole. But there also are, secondly, REDUCED ROOTS, which are root words that undergo some sort of change from the simple root form. For example:

<u>ROOT WORD</u>	<u>NEW FORM</u>	<u>REDUCED ROOT</u>
adto	adtunan	*adtun
bukid	kabukiran	*bukir
inom	ilimnon	*imn
banwa	Kasimanwa	*manwa



sueód
mayád
tubó

hanueód
kamasayran
katubwan

*nueód
*mayr
*tubw

The first step towards understanding what changes are taking place depends on knowing the different types of affixation the root word can undergo in Aklanon.

AFFIXES are syllables attached to the root word. They can be attached to the root in just about any place: beginning - PREFIXES, middle - INFIXES, including REDUPLICATIONS, or end - SUFFIXES. Affixes make it possible for a root word to get newer, more expanded or expandable meanings. They give form, function and even meaning (beyond the root word's basic meaning). One current theory maintains that Philippine languages have root words which are not members of any particular part of speech; rather, they are roots which can grow into or be used as parts of speech within the sentence. Alone, they have meaning, but not function. There is a good deal of truth in this theory, though more research need be undertaken to see how well it would describe Aklanon and other Philippine languages.

Let us discuss the various affixes one by one:

[pfx] (1) PREFIXES stand before the root word. They are of two sorts--standard prefixes, which are always the very first part of the word:

na---	natapus
nag---	pagbasa(h)
pag---	pagkaon
ma---	maadto

and postpositive prefixes, which come immediately before the root word, but (can) follow the standard prefix:

]ka	nagakahueog
]pa	ginapaadto
]pang	nagpangasawa

[ifx] (2) INFIXES are put into the root word, usually after the first consonant (words that seem to begin with vowels actually have an unwritten glottal stop for the first consonant):

-in--	binakae
-in--	inumok
-um--	umadto
-um--	tumindog

[red] (3) REDUPLICATIONS are the repetition of the first part of the root word. Aklanon has two types of reduplication--repetition of the first consonant and the first vowel of the root word [C₁V₁] which is then infixed into the root word, as in:

huya'	makahuhuya'
bakae	mababakae
buót	ksububót-on
punó'	napupunó'

or the infixation of some consonant (usually the fricative "s" or a nasal) and the repetition of the first vowel of the root word [sV, or NV] which is then infixed into the root word, as in:

silak	tigsilák.
tahóm	tigtaeánom.
saka'	nagasaeká'
isda'	mangingsdá'
uma(h)	mangungumá(h)
bulig	mamumulig
tahi'	mananahi'

[sfx] (4) SUFFIXES are put after the root word, as in:

simba(h)	simbahan
tinda(h)	tindahan
ácto	adunán
lipay	malipayon
táwo(h)	tawohon
sueát	sueati
bakáe	bakea
daeá(h)	daehon

When we go about the business of using root words in speech, we find them growing with regard to both meaning and function. A root word and all of its subsequent possibilities of affixation are what go into the making up of a word's total range, or, more accurately, WORD RANGE. The word range of any given root is the root word itself and all of its derivations. One of the most productive roots in Aklanon is that of tawo(h) which indeed has a large word range:

<u>FORM</u>	<u>PART OF SPEECH</u>	<u>MEANING</u>
tawo(h)	noun	person
tinawo	noun	personnel
katawohan	noun	humanity; human race
kinatawohan	noun	birthday
isigkatawo	noun	fellow man
pagkatawo	noun	character; reputation
tawo-tawo	noun	puppet
tawohon	adjective	inhabited; enchanted
natawo	verb (ST2)	born
nagapakatawo	verb (CV)	[be] in birth throes
natawohan	verb (RC3)	[be] born in/at

Sometimes when we go from a simple root to various members of its word range there is a basic change in sound: a vowel may be dropped or changed, consonants may be switched around or changed. Such changes will be described and discussed in a later section (see Unit VII, "THE CASE OF THE MISSING LINKS").

For a native speaker, the problem of finding a root word is simplified in that he can derive it from the sense of the longer form and his own personal experience with the dialect. For a foreign learner, understanding the problems of the sound changes as discussed in Unit VII will be crucial.

V. AN OUTLINE OF AKLANON'S SIX BASIC GRAMMATICAL FUNCTIONS

1. THE TOPIC (OR FOCAL POINT) of Aklanon sentences is that element of the sentence which the speaker is talking about, emphasizing, or which he considers the most important. For example, in the following situation:

a man
buying
bread
for a child
at a store
with some money

an Aklanon speaker can discuss or emphasize any one of those elements [although it is unlikely that any single sentence would include all of the given elements of that situation]. Using, then, the topic marker ro [which is only for common nouns] a sentence could be begun:

Ro eaeaki...	(The man...)
Ro nagabakae...	(The one buying...)
Ro tinapay...	(The bread...)
Ro unga'...	(The child...)
Ro baraka...	(The store...)
Ro kwarta...	(The money...)

depending on what one would want to talk about in the sentence. Of course, depending on what one makes the topic of the sentence, the grammar will change, particularly the verb form; however, we will discuss that later in Section 6 under VERB CENTERS AND FOCUS. For the present, we only need note that the Aklanon sentence usually has a particular topic position and/or topic function.

There are, however, four possible forms for the Aklanon topics, depending on whether the topic is:

1.1. A COMMON NOUN, which is then marked by ro / do.

[Tm] Ro eaki nagbakae it tinapay. / The man bought bread.
Ro unga' ginbakean it dulsi ni Lolo. / Grandpa bought candy
for the child.
Mataas ro kahoy. / The tree is tall.
Mahae ro motór. / The motorbike is expensive.

1.2. THE NAME OF A PERSON OR A PET, which is then marked by si [singular] or sanday / say [plural].

[Tm] Nagbakae si Maria it dulsi. / Mary bought [some] candy.
Nag-uli' sanday Juan. / John (and his companions) went home.
Maeam sanday Carlos ag Pedro. / Carl and Peter are smart.

1.3. A PRONOUN, which then would be any TOPIC PRONOUN FORM: akó, ikaw, imaw, kami, kitá, kamó, sánda.

[T/pro] Mahae imaw nanda. / He is dear to them.
Ginbakean kamó it regalo? / Was a gift bought for you?
Makanta anay akó. / First I will sing.

1.4. A DEMONSTRATIVE, which then would be any TOPIC DEMONSTRATIVE FORM: ráya, rdyon, ranhá', rató.

[T/dem] Nano ruyon? / What is that?
Sin-o rató? / Who was that?
Pilé ráya? / How much is this?

2. THE PREDICATE of Aklanon sentences is that element of the sentence which the speaker is giving as "news" or details about what the topic is or is doing. The predicate could be an adjective [G.169-180], as in:

[adj] Dímot si Antonio. / Anthony is miserly.
Bata' pa ako. / I am still young.
Tawohon kuno ro kahoy ngara. / This tree is said to be inhabited.
Makadueuyog ro tukar. / The music was soperific.
Matambok sanday Agnes. / Agnes (and the others) are fat.

or, a verb [G.55-98], as in:

[RV] Nagaagto ako sa Manila'. / I'm going to Manila.
Gín-inóm baeá nimo ro bueóng? / Did you really drink the medicine?

which we shall discuss in more detail in Section 6.

3. THE ASSOCIATE is a technical term used to describe several types of constructions, namely:

(a) constructions showing possession or ownership:

[pośś] Akong ayam rondaya. / This is my dog.
Mabahóe ro bintana' ku baeáy. / The window of the house is large.

(b) constructions describing the doer of an action in sentences or clauses where the doer is not the topic [that is, stressed or emphasized]:

[A/] Ro tinapay ginbakáe ku eaeaki. / The man bought the bread.
Inangkit ro ayam ku kuring. / The dog was bitten by the cat.

(c) constructions describing the instrument of an action in sentences or clauses where the instrument is not the topic:

Pinatáy ro sawá it bunáe. / The snake was killed with a whip.
Ginbakean ro eapsag it gatas-ku kwartang nabilin ni Nanay. / Milk was bought for the baby with the money that Momma left behind.

English has equivalents for the possessive use of the associate, but there is no exact or idiomatic equivalent which captures the exact sense of the Aklanon idiom with un-emphasized actors or instruments.

Just as for the topic position, there are four possible forms for Aklanon associates, depending on whether the associate is:

3.1. A COMMON NOUN, which is then marked by ku [when specific, meaning "the"] or it [when general, meaning "a/an"].

[Am] Binaligya' ku meyor ro baeay. / The house was sold by the mayor.
Naduea' ro kwarta ku ungá'. / The child's money was lost.

3.2. THE NAME OF A PERSON OR A PET, which is then marked by ni [singular] or nanday / nay [plural].

- [Am] May mansa ro eambong ni Ana. / Anne's dress has a stain.
Kinaon nanday Julio ro mga eangka'. / Julius (and his friends) ate up the jackfruits.
Mauli' kami ni Paul. / Paul and I will go home.

There is an alternate associate form which comes before (rather than after) the noun or verb it goes with: ay [singular] or anday [plural]

- [Am] May mansa ro ay Ana nga eambong. / Anne's dress has a stain.
Anday Julio nga kinaon ro mga eangka'. / Julius (and his friends) ate up the jackfruits.

3.3. A PRONOUN, which then would be any ASSOCIATE PRONOUN FORM: akon, imo, ana, amon, aton, inyo, anda, if coming before the noun or phrase it goes with.

- [A/pro] Akong tiya ron. / That is my aunt.
Pila ro imong idad? / What [how much] is your age?
Ana dató? / Is that his?

or the alternate forms: nakon/ko, nimo/mo, naná/na, namon, naton, minyo, nanda, if coming after the noun or phrase it goes with.

- [A/pro] Ginbakáe nakon ro sueá'. / I bought the food.
Rató ro asawa mo? / Is that your wife?
Kan-on ta ro dulsi. / Let's [you and I] eat the candy.

3.4. A DEMONSTRATIVE, which then would have the standard ku marker along with the topic forms: kuraya, kuruyon, kuranhá', kurató.

- [A/dem] Ginbakáe ro eambong kurayang ungá'. / This child bought the shirt.

When the demonstratives are used adjectivally, to modify nouns, there is another set: ngará, ngarón, nganhá', ngató.

- [A/dec] Anyo ro bagay ngara? / Whose house is this?
Ginasto eagi nakon ro kwarta ngato. / I spent that money right away.

4. THE OBJECT refers to the direct object or goal of an action when not emphasized by the speaker or made the topic of a sentence. Aklanon exhibits a curious phenomenon in that there are no distinct object markers or forms for persons or pronouns, only for common nouns. The object marker for a COMMON NOUN is it.

- [O/] Nagbakáe si David it singsing. / David bought a ring.
[Om] Owá' akó it kwarta. / I don't have any money.

Sometimes, the associate marker ku can double for the object marker, particularly with the meaning or sense of a specific object ("the..."):

- [Am] Nagbakáe imáw ku singsing. / He bought the ring.
Nakainóm ka ku gatas ngarón? / Have you drunk that milk?

As mentioned, persons and pronouns cannot be made the direct receivers of an action; instead of using an object form, an indirect object form [REFERENT] is used.

The object marker also has an ADVERBIAL USE by joining what would normally be an adjective to the verb, as in the following examples:

[adv] Kaon it mayád. / Eat well.
 Kanta it mabaskog. / Sing loudly.
 Nagahambae imaw it mabakas. / He speaks quickly.

The object marker also has a PARENTHETICAL USE, particularly with the basic pronoun forms [G.168]:

[par] Indi' tang magpati. / I won't believe it.
 Kahinay ta kimo. / You are so slow.

5. THE REFERENT is a technical term used to describe any of several types of constructions, namely:

(a) constructions showing the indirect object of an action [person to whom something is done]:

[R/] Gintaó nana kimo ro regalo? / Did he give you the gift?
 May akon nga ginahambae sa mga unga'. / I have something to say to the children.
 Ginpadaeá ron sa akong ginikanan. / That was sent to my parents.

(b) constructions showing the beneficiary of an action [person for whom something is done]:

[ben] Para sa makasasaea' ro pagkonfesár. / Confession is for sinners.
 Nagbakáe imáw it dulsi para sa anang unga'. / He bought candy for his child.

(c) constructions showing the place or location of an action:

[loc] Naglarga sanda sa Manila'. / They left for Manila.
 Maulí' imáw sa Kalibo. / He will return to Kalibo.
 Inaywan don nakon sa baeáy. / I left that at home.

The nearest equivalent to the Aklanon Referent in English is a good part of the prepositional system ("at, on, by, in, to, for"). However, where the English prepositions are exact, the Visayan referent is vague. For example, "at home, in the house, to the house, into the house" would all be "sa baeáy" in Aklanon.

As with the topic and associate, there are four possible forms for the Aklanon referents, depending on whether the referent is:

5.1. A COMMON NOUN, which is then marked by sa.

[Rm] Ginbakáe ko ra sa tindahan. / I bought this at the market.
 Nakahambae eon akó sa maestra. / I already spoke to the teacher.
 Daeha ron para sa manghod mo. / Carry that for your younger brother.

5.2. THE NAME OF A PERSON OR A PET, which is then marked by kay [singular] or kanday [plural].

Paadtuna imáw kay Filipè. / Have him go to [see] Philip.

[Rm] Itaó mo ro tueun-an kay Feli. / Give the book to Fely.
Rayang eukás hay para kandy Fe. / This gift is for Fay and the others.

5.3. A PRONOUN, which then would be any REFERENT PRONOUN FORM:
kakon, kimo, kana, kamon, katon, kinyo, kanda.

[R/pro] Naila'ka kana? / Do you like her?
Una' kanda ro kwarta. / The money is [there] with them.
Obraha ron para kamon. / Do that for us.
Itaó eagi kakon ro kwarta. / Give me the money immediately.

5.4. A DEMONSTRATIVE, which then would be a REFERENT DEMONSTRATIVE FORM if and only if it shows the goal or object of the action. The forms for this slot are: kará, karón, kaná', kató. [G.163]

[R/dem] Akó nag-obra kató. / I made that.
Ikáw ro nakasueát kará? / Were you the one that wrote this?
Taw-i man imáw karón. / Give him that.

However, if a location or place is intended or related, the demonstrative forms are no longer possible in this position. Instead, one of the LOCATIVE DEICTICS must be used: riya, runa', rinhá', ritó. [G.185-86]

[loc] Maeamíg kunó ritó sa America. / They say that it's cold over
[dec] there in America.
Hin-unó pa imáw maabót diya? / When will it be that he arrives here?
Rinhá' eon kimo ro regalo? / Is the gift already there with you?

The referent sa also has two other important uses:

5.5. Sa can be used with the names of days or months or with periods of time to denote FUTURE TIME:

sa Miyerkoles / on Wednesday
sa Hulyo / in July
sa daywa pang oras / in two more hours

5.6. Sa is also used with the associate marker ku or the object marker it to make up phrases called SPATIAL RELATORS:

sa ibabaw it lamesa / on top of the table
sa pihak it bukid. / on the other side of the mountain
sa tabók it kalye / across the street

6. VERBAL CENTERS are probably the most important aspect of Aklanon grammar. For one reason, because Aklanon verbs are so very different from those of English or any Western language. For another, because verbs are the most important part of any utterance. One cannot speak long in sentences which have no verbs. Verbs are present--really or implied--in almost every utterance.

Aklanon verbs are idiomatically quite different from those of English. In English we are used to thinking of three attributes in verbs:

(1) TENSE -- which relates verbs to the actual time when they happen:

present: "I buy"
past: "I bought"
future: "I will buy"

(2) MODE -- which grammar teachers usually discussed under "helping verbs" such as "might, can, could, should" and so on.

(3) VOICE -- which grammar teachers usually divide into:

active: "I bought the bread."
passive: "The bread was bought by me."

In Aklanon, however, one must get used to thinking of different attributes in verbs:

(1) ASPECT -- which tells whether an action has begun or not, or whether it got finished or not, and not always with some clear division into present, past or future.

(2) MODE -- which tells whether an action is actual or merely possible:

actual: "I build houses." [ga]
possible: "I can build houses." [ka]

or whether an action is intentional, accidental or obligatory:

intentional: "I tore up the paper."
accidental: "The paper [accidentally] got torn."
obligatory: "Tear up the paper." [command form]

(3) FOCUS -- which is an idiom of the language whereby one can talk about or stress any basic sentence element: associate, object, actor, or referent.

Let us take up a point by point discussion of each of these verbal elements.

A. ASPECT IN AKLANON is not intended to tell time, but rather to indicate the degree to which an action is completed. It is often coincidental that Visayan aspect forms seem to match English tense forms, though there are also some striking differences. For example, nag- shows that an action was begun and completed; in both logic and meaning it parallels the simple English past tense: nagbakae / bought. However, the naga- form denotes that an action was begun but was not completed. Sometimes it parallels the English present progressive or simple present tense: nagabakae / is buying, buys; but it can also parallel the English past progressive tense, as in:

Pag-abót nana sa tindahan, nagabakae akó it tinapay. / When he arrived at the market, I was buying bread.

It could also be used to signify a continuing action in future time, as in:

Makahuhuya' kon umabót imáw ag nagakaon kami. / It would be so embarrassing if he were to arrive and we would be eating.

Because of these differences, it is necessary to discuss the Aklanon forms one by

one and give all their connotations and denotations in English. Please bear with us if we use unfamiliar terminology [like "imperfective" or "conditioned"] because the forms themselves are unfamiliar and represent brand new elements of grammar, not at all taken in English grammars. It is hoped that the examples will clarify what the technical jargon represents.

A.1. THE IMPERFECTIVE [naga---, gina---] shows that an action has begun but that it is not yet completed. The actual time of the action is not clear in the verb itself, since it usually depends on other time indicators in the clause or sentence. If no other time indicator occurs, then the imperfective can be taken to describe an action in the present. The imperfective has three connotations in English:

A1.1. a PRESENT or CURRENT ACTION--

Nagapanindahán sanda makarón. / They are marketing now.
Nagapañabas akó. / I am on my way to Nabás.
Nagakaón pa sanda. / They are still eating.

A1. . a HABITUAL ACTION--

Nagapangisda' kamo adlaw-adlaw? / Do you fish every day?
Permi ako nagakaon it humay. / I always eat rice.

A1.3. a CONTINUING OR PROGRESSIVE ACTION in the past or future time:

Pag-abót nana, nagaeabá kami sa subá'. / When he arrived, we were washing at the river. [progressive action in past]
Manami' kon pagsueód nana nagakanta eon kitá. / It would be nice if when he comes in we will already be singing. [continuing future action]

A.2. THE PERFECTIVE [nag---, gin---] shows that an action has begun, and that it is completed. It is parallel to the simple past tense of English:

Nagsimba kami kahapon. / We went to church yesterday.
Ginbaligya' nanda ro andang baeáy. / They sold their house.

Very often the Aptive prefixes [naka---, kina---, na---] are used with the particle eon to show that an action is already finished or recently finished. (see B2, 3).

A.3. THE FUTURE [maga---, ma---, i---, ---on, ---an] shows that an action has not yet begun, but that it is expected to begin. It has three connotations in English:

A3.1. a FUTURE OR ANTICIPATED ACTION--

Mapalibanaw akó. / I will wash up.
Mauli' ka? / Will you go home?
Ibaligya' pa nimo ra? / Will you still sell this?

A3.2. a LIMITED OR DETERMINED ACTION following such verb determiners or particles as:

[V. det]

bago / before, prior to
basi' ✓ maybe, perhaps
basta' / provided that, so long as
kon / if; when, whenever

The connotations will depend then on the particle used:

Basi' mahueog ka. / You might fall.

Basta' maapas kamó, mauna lang kami. / So long as you will come later, we'll just go ahead.

Pwede nakon mabilin ró akong dinaeá? / May I leave my things here?

A3.3. POLITE COMMANDS OR EXHORTATIONS--

Mos, matan-aw kitá it sine. / Come on, let's go see a movie.

Limpyohán mo anay ro aparadó. / First clean out the cabinet.

Itáq mo anay kakon don. / Please give that to me.

A.4. THE DEPENDENT FORM of the verb is roughly equivalent to the English infinitive. It follows certain particles, such as:

[V. det]

mayad / it would be good to...

dapat / should; it would be best to...

naila' / like to...; want to...

naanad / used to...; accustomed to...

kinahangean / must; is necessary to...

Naila' akó mag-acto sa Amerika. / I would like to go to America.

Dapat nga ikáw magkangay kana. / You should invite him.

Kinahangean nga ako mag-obra kara. / I must do this.

Naanad eon ako magsigarilyo. / I'm already used to smoking.

These four previously discussed aspects refer to positive statements, that is, statements of fact that do not have any negative particles in them. Whenever a negative gets into an Aklañon sentence, the grammar changes considerably, particularly in the object focuses. It is important to look at the three different types of negative or conditioned aspects used with indi' and owá'.

A.5. THE PRESENT CONDITIONED OR NEGATIVE FORM [ga---, gi---#] is used when certain question particles [such as sin, mauno] or the negative owa' occur in the clause or sentence and denote present time or habitual action:

Owá' kami gabaligyat itlog adlaw-adlaw. / We don't sell eggs every day.

Owá' nakon gibakeá ro singsing, ginatan-aw eang. / I'm not buying the ring, I'm just looking at it.

Sin nimo gieabhi ro umog. / Where do you wash the dirty laundry.

A.6. THE PAST CONDITIONED OR NEGATIVE FORM [mag---, pag---#] is used when certain question particles or the negative owa' occur in the sentence and denote past time:

Owá' akó mag-acto kahapon. / I didn't go yesterday.

Owá' ron nakon paghambaeá. / I didn't say that.

Sin nana igbutang ro kwarta? / Where did he put the money?

A.7. THE FUTURE CONDITIONED OR NEGATIVE FORM [mag---, pag---#] is used when certain question particles or the negative indi' occur in the clause and denote future time:

Indi' akó magpati. / I won't believe [that].

Basi' anang igbaligya' ro-baeay. / He might sell the house.

Indi' naná pagbakeón ro baeoe. / He won't buy the salted fish.

A. 8. There is a final verb form, often described as a PARTICIPLE [pag---] which is a common Visayan idiom. It has two important uses:

AS. 1. It can show past time or completed action in dependent clauses:

Pag-abót ni Tatay, mapanaw dayon kita. / When Daddy comes, then we'll leave.

Pagkakaon namon, umabót ro bisita. / When we had finished eating the visitor arrived.

AS. 2. It is also commonly used to make gerunds or verbal nouns:

pagbasa	reading.
pagsueat	writing
paghambae	speaking
pagkaon	food, edibles

B. MODE is the second basic attribute of Aklanon verbs. Whereas mode is usually shown in English by the "helping verbs" [can, should, shall, will, may] Visayan verbs have mode right in the very affixes attached to the root word. There are four basic modes in Aklanon.

B. 1. THE SIMPLE MODE states the simple fact or occurrence of an action, whether it occurred or did not occur. All the nine aspects just discussed are in the simple mode. Note the various aspect prefixes in different focuses, and how the g- occurs to show the simple mode:

imperfective	naga---	gina---
perfective	nag---	gin---
future	maga---	paga---
dependent/cond.	mag---	pag---#

B. 2. THE ABILITY OR APTATIVE MODE states the possibility of an action, much like the "can" or "could" helping verbs of English. Instead of having some nine different aspect forms, the ability mode only has two basic forms, based on the prefix [ka---] [although the other focuses can evidence up to four, based on [ha---]]:

naka---	(could), expressing past time [REAL]
maka---	(can), expressing present or future time [UNREAL]

The English translations of "could" or "can" do not always apply to these forms since they have more connotations than those forms of English. Some of the ideas that can be expressed with the ability mode in Aklanon are:

B2. 1. It can express the idea of the English modals "can" or "could" in the sense of physically being capable or able of doing something:

Makaeangoy ka? / Can you swim?

Owá' imáw nakadaca karón tungód nga mabug-at. / He couldn't carry that since it was [too] heavy.

Binaríl imáw sa siki, ogaling makatikáng eon man imáw. / He was shot in the leg, however now he can walk again.

B2, 2. It can express the meaning "have an opportunity to do" or "succeed in doing":

Nakapasár akó sa iksamin. / I succeeded in passing the exam.
Makatuón pa akó ay may eskolarsip. / I still have an opportunity
to study since I have a scholarship.

B2, 3. The prefix naka--- is quite often used with the particle eon to denote recent perfectivity as expressed by the English helping verbs "have" or "has":

Nakakita' eon kamó it padrino? / Have you already found a sponsor?
Nakakaon eon sanda? / Have they eaten yet?
Nakaadto ka eon sa Bagyo? / Have you already gone to Baguio?

B2, 4. The aptative can also express some degree of accidentality, either unintentional or coincidental:

Anó ro nakamansaku eambong kó? / What [accidentally] stained
my shirt?
Basi' makasubang kamó it mueto sa daean. / You might [coinciden-
tally] meet a ghost on the road.
Nakasakáy akó sa dyip nga indí' paadto sa Tangaeán. / I [accidentally]
got on a jeep that wasn't bound for Tangalan.

B, 3. THE HAPPENSTANCE MODE [with the prefix hi---] states that an action takes place by happenstance or chance:

Basi' hiadto ka? / Might you get a chance to go?
Sín hidadakpi ro isda' kandi' sa ba-ba'? / Where else might
one catch a fish but by the mouth? [Aklanon maxim]
Maeaká' hikít-an, maéumó hilipátan. / Seldom seen, easily
forgotten.

B, 4. THE IMPERATIVE OR COMMAND MODE expresses a command or an order. As in English, the true command form does not express the subject "you". Usually only the verb and the object or indirect object are expressed. However, the imperative mode brings us ahead in our discussion since an understanding of FOCUS is essential. Briefly put, there are four types of command forms depending on the subject or topic of the sentence. If one is talking about: the actor, the instrument, the goal or object, or the referent, then one of four imperative forms must be chosen.

B4, 1. FOCUS ON THE ACTOR--

Bakáe it tinapay. / Buy some bread.
Paghipos anay kamo. / Please be quiet.

B4, 2. FOCUS ON THE INSTRUMENT or OBJECT FOCUS #2--

Ibakáe ro kwartang una' sa lamesa. / Buy [it] with the money on
the table. [focus on instrument]
Butangán don sa aparadór. / Put that in the cabinet. [focus on object]

B4, 3. FOCUS ON THE DIRECT OBJECT or OBJECT FOCUS #1--

Daeha ron. / Bring that.

B4, 4. FOCUS ON THE REFERENT or OBJECT FOCUS #3--

Bakel akó it saewae. / Buy me [a pair of] trousers. [referent]
Obrahi akó it singsing. / Make a ring for me. [referent]
Eabhi ro eambong. / Wash the dress. [focus on object]
Bayari ring utang. / Pay your debt. [focus on object]

C. GENERAL EXPLANATION OF FOCUS.

When things happen in the world, they do not happen alone. They are relative to many factors. Any action is not merely related to itself in terms of the vocabulary used to describe it. For example, kaon or eat can never happen by itself. The process of eating happens:

- at a certain TIME: perhaps in the morning (then we have the special term "breakfast" or "pamahaw" to describe it), at noontime ("lunch" or "alabas"), or in the evening ("supper" or "ihapon"). Because all actions happen in time something in every sentence must indicate time. We have seen how Aklanon ASPECT can handle time situations to some degree, particularly with the help of other time words.
- in a certain PLACE OR LOCATION: perhaps we eat in the dining room or the kitchen, at a picnic, or at the beach. The place of an action is not always said, but it is always understood.
- with a definite ACTOR: perhaps you or I am eating, perhaps Jose or Maria, or maybe a man or a child or a kitten. We have seen how Aklanon has pronouns, special markers for common nouns or the names of persons or pets.
- with a definite OBJECT: perhaps rice, meat, vegetables, bread or candy.
- with some sort of INSTRUMENT: one eats with one's hands, or else with a spoon or fork; we also use plates and bowls.

Still other verbs have other SITUATIONAL DETAILS, expressed or implied, such as indirect objects, beneficiaries, causes, agents, causers and so on.

In Aklanon, the speaker may discuss any one of the situational details he wishes to. The idiom of the dialect then forces him to choose any one of four basic focuses: he must make the situational detail he so chooses the topic of the sentence--then the verb and all the other sentence elements must agree with it. This is precisely the whole idea of FOCUS. Focus is an agreement relationship which consists of a verb form and related function-marked phrases that reveal the emphasis patterns of the speaker. It is an agreement relationship because the entire construction is bound together in grammatical relationship to itself, independent of any other forms outside of the construction, and the various elements of the construction are tightly tied together. The elements of the VERBAL CENTER in Aklanon are universally:

1. a topic phrase--which could be any situational role;
2. a verb--with its proper focus affixes depending on the situational role represented in the topic phrase;
3. other related associate, object or referent phrases marked according to the situational roles they represent, giving one or more of the situational details.

CHART: Situational Details in Focus and Non-Focus Constructions--

<u>SITUATIONAL DETAIL/ROLE</u>	<u>FOCUS USED</u>	<u>IN-FOCUS FUNCTION</u>	<u>NON-FOCUS FUNCTION</u>
ACTORS: - actor - agent - causer	Actor Object #1 Actor	topic topic topic	associate referent associate
ASSOCIATES: - instrument - companion - reason - indirect reason	Instrument Instrument Instrument Referent	topic topic topic topic	associate associate associate [prep] referent
GOALS: - direct object	Object #1-3 [RV1, RV2, or RV3]	topic	depends on idiom object [indefinite] associate [definite] referent [names, pronouns, dem.] associate referent
- conveyed object - partial object	Object #2 Object #3	topic topic	associate referent
REFERENTS: - beneficiary - benefaction - location/place - indirect object	Referent Instrument Referent Referent	topic topic topic topic	<u>para</u> - referent <u>para</u> - referent referent referent
TIME: - past - present - past future	xx Instrument. Instrument	xx topic topic	associate <u>ku</u> object <u>it</u> referent <u>sa</u>

Refer to the following chart for the verb forms used in each respective focus. Refer to the GRAMMAR, pp. 76-95, 141-54, 157-63 for a more complete explanation of all of these functions and terms.

CHART OF VERBAL INFLECTION IN ALL FOCUSES. Not all of these affixes can be used with every verb root. Please consult the explanation of the various classes of Regular Verbs (RV1-RV9) in the next unit.

-- (Subjective) --- F O C U S --- (Objective) ---

	ACTOR	INSTRUMENT	OBJECT	REFERENT
	Doer	Object #2	Object #1	Object #3
<u>SIMPLE MODE</u>				
IMPERFECTIVE	(na)ga---	gina---	gina---#	gina---an
PERFECTIVE	nag---	gin---	gin---#	gin---an
EXPECTED	manog---	inog---	-gV ₁ ---on	-gV ₁ ---an
FUTURE	maga---	i(ga)---	(paga)---on	(paga)---an
DEPENDENT	mag---	i---	---on	---an
PRES. COND.	ga---	gi---(an)	gi---a	gi---i
PAST COND.	mag---	pag---an	pag---a	pag---i
FUT. COND.	mag---	ig---	pag---on	pag---an
PARTICIPLE	pag---			
<u>ABILITY MODE</u>				
REAL	naka---	kina---	naha---#	naha---an
UNREAL	maka---	ika---	ma(ha)---#	ma(ha)---an
PARTICIPLE	pagka---			
<u>HAPPENSTANCE</u>				
REAL	(na)hi---	(na)hi---	(na)hi---#	(na)hi---an
UNREAL	(ma)hi---	(ma)hi---	(ma)hi---#	(ma)hi---an
PARTICIPLE	paghi---			
<u>IMPERATIVE</u>				
COMMAND	pag---	---an	---a	---i
	-um---	i---		
	mag---			

Consult the grammar, page 95 for a more complete list.

C.1. THE ACTOR FOCUS stresses or makes the actor or doer of the action the focal point of the sentence. It is most frequently used:

in questions, except those about one and what he is doing:

Siñ ka gaagto? / Where are you going?

Ham-an nag-intra ka sa Piyskor? / Why did you join the Peace Corps?

Kan-o ka mag-abót? / When did you arrive?

Hin-uno sanda mauli'? / When will they return?

in almost all answers or statements about oneself or another, particularly about what one is doing:

Nagabasa imáw. / He is reading.

Nakaobra eon akó ku repórt. / I already did the report.

Mañogsimba sanda. / They plan to go to church.

or generally in sentences where the verb and the doer are the point of emphasis:

Kanta it mabaskog. / Sing loudly.

Kaon it mayád. / Eat well.

Makaeangoy ka? / Can you swim?

Antigo ka magtukár it piano? / Do you know how to play the piano?

C.2. THE OBJECT FOCUS #1 is used:

to stress the direct object of those verbs belonging to the first class [see next unit]:

Ginabakáe ko ro baboy. / I am buying the pig.

Bue-on ko ra. / I'll take this.

whenever the direct object or goal of the verb (RVI) is a definite or explicit thing:

Gineaha' nana ro karne. / He cooked the meat.

Daeha ron. / Bring that.

in questions about what one is doing, particularly when ano represents the direct object and the verb root is RVI:

Anó ro imung ginabasa? / What are you reading?

Anó ring ginausoy? / What are you looking for?

Anó ring bue-on? / What will you take?

in commands using RVI roots where the direct object is the most sensible item to stress or talk about:

Pritoña ro karne. / Fry the meat.

Daeha ron kay Nanay. / Bring that to Momma.

Hueatá akó. / Wait for me.

in questions about who, particularly when sin-o represents the direct object and the verb root is RVI:

Sin-o ring ginausoy? / Whom are you looking for?

Sin-o ro andang hueatón? / Whom will they wait for?

n connected discourse when the object of the action is already stated or known:

Kato anay nakakita' ako it sambatong pispis, binaril ko,
linaha' ko, kinaon ko. / Once upon a time I saw a bird; I
shot it, cooked it, and ate it.

Bue-a anay ro tueun-an sa lamesa. Daehon mo kay Rene,
ay basahon kuno nana. / Please get the book on the table
and bring it to Rene since he said he will read it.

Altogether, some six different uses for the OBJECT FOCUS have been outlined. These uses do not only apply to Object Focus #1, but to any verb which takes an object. However, not all verbs that have direct objects or goals can be conjugated according to the forms for Object Focus #1. Some verbs stressing their goals must follow the conjugation of Object Focus #2 or #3, depending on the idiom of the dialect. Note this in the next two explanations (C, 3 and C, 4), and also in the next unit under the explanation of Regular verbs.

C, . THE INSTRUMENT FOCUS or OBJECT FOCUS #2 is used idiomatically to stress the direct object of those verbs belonging to RV2 [the second verb class]. Hence, the uses parallel those outlined just previously under Object Focus #1.

Ginabaligya' ko ro bāboy. / I am selling the pig.
Itago' ko ra. / I'll put this away.
Ibutang na ron sa lamesa. / He will put that on the table.
Anó ring ginahambae? / What are you saying?
Anó ring itaó? / What will you give?
Hatdán imaw sa baeáy. / Accompany him home.
Sugirán do balita'. / Tell the news.
Sin-o ro ginaubong? / Who is being buried?

The same forms of this focus are used to show the INSTRUMENTS OF AN ACTION:

Ro kwarta ibakáe ko it saging. / I'll use the money to buy bananas.
Isueát mo ro lapis ngará. / Write with this pencil.
Ro anwang ikaarado sa eanas. / This carabao can be used for
plowing the field.
Ieabá mo ro sabón nga "Tide". / Use the Tide soap for laundering.

C, 4. THE REFERENT FOCUS or OBJECT FOCUS #3. is used idiomatically to stress the direct object of those verbs belonging to RV3 [the third verb class] and also RV4 [the fourth verb class]. The uses parallel those outlined previously under Object Focus #1:

Ginabantayán ko ro kwarta. / I am watching the money.
Bisitahi kami permi. / Always visit us.
Anó ring ginabayaran? / What are you paying for?
Sin-o raa ginkaila-an? / Whom did he court?

The same forms of this focus are used to show the REFERENTS OF AN ACTION, particularly the indirect objects, the beneficiaries, or the locations:

Obr:hi akó it repórt. / Make a report for me.
Partihi imaw ku ifensya. / Share the inheritance with him.
Manila ro anwang ginapaeangpan. / Manila is where they are headed.

VI. THE BASIC PARTS OF SPEECH IN AĶLANON can be outlined as verbs, nouns, adjectives, adverbs, function markers and particles. A detailed outline of them relating to the abbreviations used in this dictionary would be useful.

A. REGULAR VERBS [G. 90-92] However, a revised treatment--

- RV1 A.1,1. Verbs of Class 1 are transitive; when taking a direct object unemphasized it or ku are used, emphasized with OF#1; they can show instruments with ku or IF; referents are shown with sa or RF.
Example roots: bakáe, daeá(h), piritó(h), bué, hueát, inóm.
Basic forms:
FUTURE: bakeon, daehon, piritohon, bue-on, hueaton, imnon †
COMMAND: bakea, dasha, piritóha, bue-a, hueatá, imna
See Chart for Object Focus #1 on page 22.
- RV2 A.1,2. Verbs of Class 2 are transitive; when taking a direct object unemphasized ku is usually used, emphasized with OF#2; they can show instruments with ku or IF; referents are shown with sa or RF.
Example roots: balígya', eubóng, butáng, hatód, pilák, súgid.
Basic forms:
FUTURE: ibalígya', ieubóng, ibutáng, ihatód, ipilák, isúgid.
COMMAND: balígya-án, eúbngan, butangan, hátan, etc.
- RV3 A.1,3. Verbs of Class 3 are transitive; they may show a direct object with either it or sa, emphasized with OF#3; sometimes instruments can be shown with ku or IF; referents are shown with sa or RF. Example roots: eabá(h), húgas, buyót, bantay, úpak.
Basic forms:
FUTURE: eághan, hugásan, búyan, bantayan, upákan
COMMAND: eághi, hugási, búyti, bantayi, upáki
- RV4 A.1,4. Verbs of Class 4 are also transitive, but they only show a direct object with sa, emphasized with OF#3. They do not take instruments generally; referents are shown with sa or RF.
Example roots: língkod, eubóg, hibayág, haró', sakáy
Basic forms:
FUTURE: língkorán, eúghan, hibáyan, haro-án, sákyan
COMMAND: língkóri, eúghi, hibáygi, haro-í, sákyi
- RV5 A.1,5. Verbs of Class 5 are basically transitive, but the direct object is generally unstated and bound up with the meaning of the verb. The AF is generally the only conjugation, though sometimes RF can be used to show locations or other referents, sa when unemphasized. Example roots: bong, béysbol, mádyong, sigarílyo, kánta(h), sátot. Many distributive verbs fit into this verb class: pangísda', pangahoy, pangamúyo', pangamóti, pamutóng, etc.

- RV6 A. 1, 6. Verbs of Class 6 are intransitive verbs of motion (or sometimes state of being) and usually do not express any location. The AF is generally the only conjugation used, though sometimes instruments or referents occur in or out of focus constructions. Example roots: aringding, alagwa, daeagan, baktas, panaw.
- RV7 A. 1, 7. Verbs of Class 7 are inanimate and intransitive. They are set apart grammatically from other verb classes because the pronoun forms and the si / sanday forms can never be used with these verbs. AF is generally used; the RF or sa phrases show various locations or referents. These verbs are often used in causative ipa- constructions (CV) to show a person's causing of such an inanimate action. Example roots: ueán, bukáe, ilóg, asáw-asáw, daedgug, ípat.
- RV8 A. 1, 8. Verbs of Class 8 are intransitive and always have plural doers. They are grammatically set apart from other verb classes because they can never be used with any singular actor or doer; hence the singular pronouns [ako, ikaw, imaw] and the si marker can never be used with these verbs--they must always describe the action of two or more subjects. Example roots: imaw, anggísód, sugilánon, saeabtanán, kasundó'.
- RV9 A. 1, 9. Verbs of Class 9 are intransitive verbs of motion which contain the location or place of the action or motion within the root. Generally they are made up of the ipa- idiomatic motion prefix. AF only. Example roots: paNábas, paKalíbo, paeapít, paeayó', tabulí'.

A. CAUSATIVE VERBS [G. 99-105]

- CV A. 2, 0. Any verb root can be made into a causative by the simple addition of the ipa- postpositive prefix, signifying that instead of doing an action, a person has the action done by someone else. Instead of a direct actor, then, there is a causer. Three idiomatic English equivalents are: "let, have, make" with psychological overtones. Certain grammatical changes take place, making the causatives much easier to handle than the Regular Verbs. Instead of nine conjugations, there is only one. AF signifies the causer, IF the object or instrument, OF the agent, and RF any referents. Sometimes causatives are not predictable in their English translations because English has a separate verb root:

kaon / eat	pakaon / feed
gayod / know	pasayod / notify
kita' / see, find	pakita' / demonstrate, show
daeá(h) / bring	padaeá(h) / send
dumdum / think	padumdum / remind
hueam / borrow	pahueam / lend
tam-is / sweet	patam-is / sweeten

A. DISTRIBUTIVE VERBS [G.106-08]

DV A. 3, 0. Most verb roots can be made into a distributive by the simple addition of the ipang- prepositive prefix (with accompanying consonant reduction). The distributive denotes that in some way or another the action or the object of the action is distributed or spread out in time or in quantity, or that the action involves a process of several activities or actions:

asawa	pangasawa / go through the process of getting married (courtship and all)
tinda(h)	panindahan / go marketing
simba(h)	panimba(h) / worship
taó	panaó / give several things
kuto	panghingutó / take lice from hair
kahoy	pangahóy / gather wood
hueog	panghueog / drop several things
bakáe	pamakáe / go shopping; buy many things
kita'	pangita' / earn a living

A. STATIVE VERBS [G.120-29] However, a revised treatment--

- ST1 A. 4, 1. Stative verbs of Class 1 describe most internal feelings and emotions. They are conjugated according to the forms of Object Focus #1 in all aspects, however they have Actor Focus meaning. Example roots: gutóm, duyóg, gáoy, úhaw, ásla(h), hídlaw.
- ST2 A. 4, 2. Stative verbs of Class 2 describe internal feelings, emotions, and physical conditions. They are only conjugated according to the forms of the Aptative and Happenstance of Object Focus #1, in effect only having the prefixes: na, na, hi, ha. Example roots: ákig, hádlók, íla', mádla', matáy, táwo, tdeog.
- ST3 A. 4, 3. Stative verbs of Class 3 are generally intransitive and inanimate and describe accidental happenings. They only have the conjugation of the Aptative and Happenstance of Object Focus #1. Example roots: buká', gisi', humán, sámad, wasák, pusá'
- ST4 A. 4, 4. Stative verbs of this class describe physical afflictions to/of the human body. They generally have Object Focus #1 forms but with object focus or passive meanings. They are considered stative verbs because the roots are not generally conjugated with AF forms. Example roots: bílag, púling, 'sakit, nína(h), patáy, kíta', síp-ora.
- ST5 A. 4, 5. Stative verbs of Class 5 describe internal reactions or psychological states derived from external phenomena. Whenever a person is made to think of or feel the effect of some experience, any verb root can be conjugated according to this form, as well as many noun and adjective roots. The idiom is very, very common in Aklanon; yet idiomatic English equivalents are hard to find or translate. The

conjugation of Class 5 is identical to that of Referent Focus [see page 22]. Some examples of the use of these idioms are:

Nabastosan ako ku imong ginambae. / I was
grossed out by what you said.

Natam-isan ako ku dulsi. / I found the candy
extremely sweet.

Naeayo-an ako ku biyahi. / I felt the distance
of the journey.

Naduea-an ako it kwarta. / I suffered the loss
of some money.

Nawad-an sanda it unga'. / They suffered the
loss of a child.

STQ A. 4, 6. Many verbs can have the tag- prefix to describe a feeling of or for, or an urge to do something:

Natag-thi' ako. / I feel like urinating.

Natagsaot sanda. / They feel like dancing.

Natandiho' imaw. / He has to move his bowels.

A. VERBS OF RELATIONSHIP [G. 111-12]

REL. v A. 5, 0. Many words describing a relationship can be prefixed with mag- or nag-:

Mag-amigo sanda. / They are friends.

Mag-igkampo kita. / We are cousins.

Nagkilaa eon kami. / We were already introduced.

These verbs have a plural form with the -gV₁- infix describing the relationship of three or more:

Pila kamong magmaeanghod? / How many brothers and sisters do you have?

Magbaeata' sandang lima. / Those five are related.

A. VERBS OF RECIPROCALITY [G. 113]

REC. v A. 6, 0. Certain roots have the nakig-/makig- or nakipag-/makipag- prefixes to denote reciprocal or mutual action:

Gusto ko makipagkilaa kimo. / I would like to get acquainted with you.

Nakigsatsat imaw sa among sugilanon. / He joined us in our conversation.

B. MARKERS show and give function to words in sentences. They are the basic building blocks in constructing meaningful sentences. Markers are the particles that make a noun a noun in Aklanon, and they also make it stand for what it is meant to stand for: topic, associate, object or referent. [G. 51-52, 77ff, 87, 90ff, 102-03, 141-56, 164-68] [D. 10-14]

Tm B. 1, 0. The TOPIC MARKERS ro/do are used on common nouns to illustrate the topic or subject matter of a sentence; si/sanday

are used with the names of persons or pets. For examples, see page 10.

Am B. 2, 0. The ASSOCIATE MARKERS are: ku for common nouns, and ni/nanday [postpositive] or ay/anday [prepositive] to illustrate the unemphasized actor, possessor, instrument or concomitant of an action. For examples see pages 11-12.

Om B. 3, 0. The OBJECT MARKER it is used on common nouns to illustrate an indefinite direct object of an action ["a" not "the"]. It is also used in parenthetical pronoun constructions, and to unite adverbs to verbs. For examples, see pages 12-13.

Rm B. 4, 0. The REFERENT MARKERS are: sa for common nouns, and kay/kanday for names of persons or pets to illustrate the indirect object, place, location, beneficiary or other referent of an action. For examples, see pages 13-14. Sa is also used in statements of future time and in phrases called spatial relators, see page 14.

Lm B. 5, 0. The LINKING MARKER nga [contracted to -ng at the end of words ending in a vowel, glottal stop or n] is used to unite adjectives to the nouns they modify. It is also used to stand for a relative in expanded clauses, equivalent to the English "that" or "which" or "who": [G. 156, 191]

mayad nga tawo / good person
limpyong ng kwarto / [a] clean room
baeay nga gin-obra nanda / house which they built
si Jesus nga-ungá' ni Maria / Jesus who was the child of Mary

Em B. 6, 0. The ENUMERATIVE MARKER ka is used after any number or question of quantity [pilá] and before the noun. Its presence is not obligatory, although it is often used: [G. 190]

daywang ka unga' / two children
pilá ka kilometros / how many kilometers

C. NOUNS AND SUBSTANTIVES

n C. 1, 0. COMMON NOUNS in Aklanon are of over forty-two sorts as described in the GRAMMAR [G. 133-40], grouped into 8 classes.

Pm C. 1, 1. PLURALITY is expressed in Aklanon by simply inserting the particle mangá [Abr: mga] between the marker and the noun itself: [G. 131]

pl mga isda' / fishes
mga tawo / people; persons
mga kahoy / trees

pro C. 2, 0. PRONOUNS are of several classes, depending on their function. They are based on interpersonal orientation: speaker, speaker-listener, listener and other. [G. 157-60]

- T/pro C. 2, 1. TOPIC PRONOUNS function in topic position in place of topic noun slots. Forms and examples are on page 10. [G. 157-58]
- A/pro C. 2, 2. ASSOCIATE PRONOUNS function in either prepositive or postpositive associate position in place of associate noun slots. Forms and examples are on page 12. [G. 158-60]
- R/pro C. 2, 3. REFERENT PRONOUNS function in referent position in place of referent noun slots. Forms and examples are given on page 14. [G. 160]
- dem C. 3, 0. DEMONSTRATIVES are of several classes, depending on their function. They are pronoun forms based on the deictic adverbs: *iya, una', inha', idto*. [G. 161-63; 185-87]
- T/dem C. 3, 1. TOPIC DEMONSTRATIVES function in topic position in place of topic noun slots. Forms and examples are on page 11. [G. 161]
- A/dem C. 3, 2. ASSOCIATE DEMONSTRATIVES function in postpositive position. Forms and examples are on page 12. [G. 163]
- A/dec C. 3, 2* ASSOCIATE DEICTICS function in postpositive position, acting as adjectives. Forms and examples are on page 11. [G. 162]
- R/dem C. 3, 3. REFERENT DEMONSTRATIVES function in referent position in place of referent noun slots. Forms and examples are given on page 14. [G. 163]

D. ADJECTIVES

- adj D. 1, 0. ADJECTIVES are of some twelve sorts [G. 170-72].
- D. 1, 1. Adjectives can be inflected for some SIX DEGREES: positive, diminutive, relative, intensive, comparative and superlative. [G. 172-74] These two latter degrees involve some rather complex grammatical constructions due to the fact that they can become centers of syntactic or grammatical constructions. [G. 176ff]

E. ADVERBS AND ADVERBIALS

- adv E. 1, 0. ADVERBS in Aklanon are usually drawn from the adjective class and linked to the verb they modify with *it*. However, certain time and manner words are adverbs by definition: *masunsun, permi, hin-aga, hinduna', makaron, adlaw-adlaw, tigdaywa, tiglina*.
- dec E. 2, 0. DEICTICS are described as location words in Aklanon, they are: *iya, una', inha', idto*. These forms can grow into many other parts of speech: verbs [*ariya, aruna', arinha', adto*], time words [*makaron, hinduna', kaina, kato anay*] and the already listed demonstratives (C. 3, 1-3). [G. 185-87]
- loc E. 2, 1. LOCATIVES are based on the simple deictic forms: *rikarā, rikarón, rikaná', rikató*. [G. 186] [D. 14]

F. OTHER FUNCTION WORDS AND PARTICLES

- Qp F. 1, 0. THE QUESTION PARTICLES exist in many forms: [G. 192-94]
- F. 1, 1. NOMINALS: *sin-o, anyo, nanyo, kanyo* [for personal names]
anó, nano [for common nouns]
- F. 1, 2. VERBAL INTERROGATORS: *anó, alín*

- Qp F.1,3. ADVERBIAL INTERROGATORS: kan-o, hin-uno [time];
sín [place]; ham-an, pam-an, paan paálin [manner]
- F.1,4. ADJECTIVAL INTERROGATORS: píla, ikapíla, man-o, mauno.
- Neg F.2,0. THE NEGATIVE PARTICLES are four in number:
F.2,1. owa' - [past time, negative possession] [G. 195]
F.2,2. indi' - [future time] [G. 195]
F.2,3. ayaw - [negative command] [G. 196]
F.2,4. bukón - [negating adjective, nouns, and descriptive statements]
[G. 196]
- Dp F.3,0. THE DISCOURSE PARTICLES are crucial to meaningful and idiomatic Aklanon speech. They give color--without interfering with function. To the extent that they give color or add meaning they are adverbial. They have definite slots where they fit into the grammar of the sentence: some precede the word or phrase they color, some must immediately follow the word or phrase they color [enclitics], and some come at the very end of the clause or sentence [tags]. [G. 194-209]
Examples of such particles are: ngani', gid, abi, anay, man, eang, haeos, tao, pwede, siguro, há, ho.
- conj F.4,0. CONJUNCTIVES are linkers of a sort, but instead of linking simple words together in modifier fashion they link together sentence elements in a way and meaning all their own. There are two types of conjunctions in Aklanon:
- coordinating: ag, ukon, apang, pero, ogaling, ay.
- subordinating: busa', pati', intonsis, dahil, tungod, etc.
- F.5,0. DETERMINERS are particles that occur with or before certain parts of speech:
- V. det F.5,1. VERB DETERMINERS are used to identify and modify verbs. Some forms and examples were given on pages 16-17. [G. 58]
- N. det F.5,2. NOUN DETERMINERS are used to identify and mark out nouns. Almost any adjective form is a noun determiner. [G. 132]
- A. det F.5,3. ADJECTIVE DETERMINERS are used to supplement or qualify adjectives: bukón if..., masyado nga..., sobra nga... [G. 175]
- prep F.6,0. PREPOSITIONAL ELEMENTS are particles preceding referent phrases to clarify the exact meaning or location of the phrase: bangód, hanungód, gikan, hasta, tubtub, maeapít, maeayó', etc.
- intj F.7,0. INTERJECTIONS are words or phrases expressing the emotion or sentiment of the speaker; they are not grammatically related to any other part of the utterance in which they occur: sus, linti', kabatás, aróy, síay, hagad pa, kabáy pa, etc.
- Tp F.8,0. The TRANSFORMATION PRODUCT is hay and is used to show the predicate or "news" of a sentence. It usually occurs when the word order puts the topic of the sentence before the predicate, as in: "Imaw hay presidente." ("He is a president.") [G. 197]

VII. "THE CASE OF THE MISSING LINKS" -- MORPHOPHONEMIC CHANGE

As mentioned previously, (Unit IV), in order to find a particular word's root or base it is sometimes important to understand the types of changes that occur when going from a root word to various members of the word range. All in all, Aklanon evidences some eight types of sound changes [morphophonemic reduction] which weigh heavily on one's ability to quickly trace or identify a root word. [For a more complete treatment, refer G. 38-49]

1. VOWEL LOSS. In keeping with the general tendency to have two syllable words, very often a vowel in the middle of the [last] syllable of a root word gets dropped when suffixes are added:

FORM	ROOT
sakyan	sakáy
patyon	patáy
nasaktan	sakit
bakeon	bakáe
tawga	tawág
nalisdan	lisód
hugdan	húgod
kanyogan	niyóg

2. VOWEL CHANGE. Whenever a final vowel is open [that is, whenever it is not followed by the glottal stop or an (h) sound] and receives a suffix it is liable to change. Each vowel in Aklanon changes in a different way:

- /a/ changes to /-/ [the glottal stop]:

pangasaw-on	asawa
ginmat-an	matá
mabinaeak-on	baeaka
bilisad-on	bisaea

- /i/ changes to /y/:

agyan	agi
nasikyan	siki
ilityan	iti
nahaeabyan	eabi

- /o/ changes to /w/:

katubwan	tubó
kababatwan	bató
karugyan	dugó
taw-ai	taó

3. METATHESIS is a big one for the changing or switching around of two consonant sounds. Very often the two consonant sounds of the last syllable of a root word [namely the first consonant and the last one] switch position. This switch is always accompanied by vowel loss (see 1):

FORM

ROOT

islan
puston
tamha
ifanon
kan-on
katlan
bidhanan

ilis
putos
tanom
inom
ka-on
kaeot
bihod

4. **CONSONANT CHANGE** involves the change of one consonant to another. There are several forms of consonant change in Aklanon:

4.1. /d/ very often changes to /r/ at the end of a root word which is suffixed:

<u>kabukiran</u>	<u>bukid</u>
<u>bayar</u>	<u>bayad</u>
<u>eubiron</u>	<u>eubid</u>
<u>tahora</u>	<u>tahod</u>
<u>nasayoran</u>	<u>sayod</u>

4.2. /d/ sometimes changes to /r/ at the beginning of a root word:

<u>parayaw</u>	<u>dayaw</u>
<u>karugwan</u>	<u>dugó</u>

4.3. /d/ can also change to /l/ on occasion:

<u>sugilanon</u>	<u>sugid</u>
<u>bilidion</u>	<u>bilid</u>

4.4. "e" /g/ changes to /l/ when in the environment of an /i/, as with the -in- infix:

<u>lina-ga'</u>	<u>ea-ga'</u>
<u>linahóg</u>	<u>eahóg</u>
<u>linumot</u>	<u>eumot</u>
<u>linakdan</u>	<u>eakad</u>
<u>linurpan</u>	<u>európ</u>

5. **ASSIMILATION** is the change of the /ng/ sound to either /m/ [before the /b, p/ sounds] or to /n/ [before the /d, t, s, l, r, y/ sounds]. With any vowel or the other consonants, the /ng/ remains the same. Note these examples:

<u>sambato</u>	<u>sang bato</u>
<u>sambilog</u>	<u>sang bilog</u>
<u>pandiho'</u>	<u>pang diho'</u>
<u>pandulsi</u>	<u>pang dulse</u>
<u>kasinguead</u>	<u>kasing tuead</u>

Assimilation is not a common occurrence in Aklanon [it is very common in Tagalog or Pilipino]. However, it is important to understand these changes in order to understand the process of consonant reduction, explained below.

6. CONSONANT REDUCTION involves both assimilation (see 5 above) and then the loss of the first consonant of the root word. The process follows the same rules as given for assimilation, that is, /ng/ changes to /n/ or /m/ on certain occasions. Consonant reduction is very, very frequent in Aklanon, particularly with the pang- distributive prefix and its mang-/nang- forms as well.

FORM	ROOTS
pamahaw	pang bahaw
pamasyar	pang pasyar
pamatay	pang patay
panumdum	pang dumdum
panabas	pang tabas
panimba(h)	pang simba(h)
pangalisod	pang kalisod
pangisda'	pang 'isda'
pangobra(h)	pang 'obra(h)

7. CONTRACTION is another form of consonant loss--the fusion of several words or sounds, particularly in the general flow of speech. Many instances of contraction occur in Aklanon.

7.1. /n/ is often lost at the end of words, particularly when followed by the it marker or the ligature nga; the same is true for the glottal stop /' or "':

bukot	bukon it
owat	owa' it
ham-at mawron	ham-an it mawron
eon it ana	eot-a
naimponat masunod	naimpon it masunod
akong kalisdanan	akon nga kalisdanan
'atang tawo(h)	'anan nga tawo(h)
abong unga'	abo' nga unga'
batang eaeaki	bata' nga eaeaki

7.2. An entire group of contractions center on the five principle function markers: they can be found under their proper entry-- rang, ring, daa, kang, king, sing, etc.

8. REDUPLICATION is the process of repeating part or all of the root word.

8.1. TOTAL REDUPLICATION OF THE ROOT WORD generally denotes a lessening of the quality in the root word:

tawo-tawo / puppet	[from tawo / person, man]
baeay-baeay / doll house	[from baeay / house]
init-init / warm	[from init / hot]

The words tanang-tanang and adlaw-adlaw seem to be exceptions to the idea of lessening the quality of the root word.

8.2. The other forms of reduplication, [C₁V₁, NV₁ and gV₁] have already been discussed on pages 8-9.

VIII. CONVENTIONS FOR SPELLING THE AKLANON DIALECT.

The following observations have been followed by the authors in determining the spelling of the entries in this dictionary. Any new words not included as of yet in this book should be spelled according to these observations.

In determining the overall spelling of the Aklanon dialect, there should be two guiding principles. The first and most important is that all words should be spelled the way they are pronounced. The second principle relates to those words which are not spelled the way they are pronounced; all foreign proper names [names of people, places, steamships, buildings, etc.] should be spelled according to the spelling of the foreign language unless there is definitely a native version.

The spelling conventions outlined here are in accordance with a bulletin issued by the Institute of the National Language, dated February 28, 1962, entitled "Guiding Principles for a nationally uniform orthography of all Philippine languages and dialects."

A. LETTERS--OUR TOOLS FOR WRITING. The native Aklanon alphabet consists of the following letters--

VOWELS: a i o u
CONSONANTS: b k d e [fricative g] g
h l m n ng p r s
t w y - [medial glottal stop]

All native words should be spelled employing these letters. Even words borrowed from Spanish or English but definitely used natively should be spelled with these letters. The vowel "e" should only be used in those Spanish or English words where it is clearly pronounced or sounded by the majority of Aklanon speakers (as in "relo, pwede, sige").

The following rules should be noted:

1. "k" must be used instead of "c" in all native words, and even in vernacularized versions of foreign words: "ako, ikaw, kamo, kinahangean, okra, Kalibo, kurae".
2. "e" is used to represent a consonant sound [the voiced velar fricative], but also the vowel sound /e/. If "e" appears in an environment with a vowel it will be known and pronounced as the consonant: "baeay, saemat, paeay, sueay, eati, kueon, eagari". If "e" appears in an environment with a consonant, then it will be known and pronounced as the vowel: "pwede, babaye, yelo, Edna, pangadye, kalye, permi, Edgar". The traditional spelling of a few words may cause some confusion; however they should only be memorized since they are only a few in number: "maestra, maestro, bueno, puede". These words could be vernacularized, however so many are spelling them in this way that change at this point is not feasible.
3. All Aklanon diphthongs are spelled with "w" or "y" and some vowel sound rather than with the junction of two vowels. Thus it should be "aw", not "ao". Examples of this sort of spelling include: "may, baybay, adlaw, awas, isiw, baboy, uyon, puyet, waea, walig, yabi, yelo, tiya, tiyo, etc."
4. When two vowels do happen to appear together, they are read individually (because the glottal stop is understood to occur between them) as in: "huo, buot, siin, anunuo, bail, tuo, tao, taob, pait, baog, euoy, etc."

The foreign letters adopted into and used in Aklanon spelling are--

C Z X V J F Ñ LL QU CH SH.

These letters are only used in spelling proper names as mentioned above. A simple

spelling rule based on Aklanon grammar could be made:

Words that could be marked with ro [hence, common nouns] should be spelled with the native letters; whereas words that could be marked with si [hence, proper names] should be spelled with the letters of the language they are taken from.

B. BASIC AKLANON SPELLING RULES. Apart from the rules about the use of the native and foreign letters as just presented, there are only two other things that have presented problems in the spelling of Aklanon.

B1. THE "O" - "U" SPELLING RULES call for a distinction between affixes and root words. Please confer with Unit IV, pages 7-9. There are five simple rules for the spelling of "o" or "u".

B1.1. ALL AFFIXES have fixed spellings. Note that reduplications are spelled according to the letters that are reduplicated (see pages 8-9):

<u>inog</u> bunit	<u>manog</u> -itlog
<u>sumue</u> od	bue- <u>on</u>
<u>tambubuy</u> og	kabubut- <u>on</u>
anun <u>uo</u>	nabubu <u>hi</u>
maka <u>ueu</u> oy	tagbue <u>ing</u> a
mahu <u>ey</u> on	makabu <u>eu</u> sog

B1.2. ALL ROOT WORDS OF ONE SYLLABLE are spelled with "o", as in:

eon ro do mo ko hoe ron kros

EXCEPTION: the marker ku is spelled this way to differentiate it from the pronoun form ko: "baeay ko" / my house; "baeay ku pari" / the priest's house.

B1.3. ROOT WORDS THAT CONSIST OF IDENTICALLY REDUPLICATED SYLLABLES SHOULD HAVE EACH SYLLABLE SPELLED THE SAME WAY, as in: "lolo, tonton, bo-bo', suksuk, bukuk, us-us, kuku, tungtung, alisoso, sumsuman, alibutbut".

B1.4. ROOT WORDS OF TWO OR MORE SYLLABLES have "o" in the final syllable, and "u" in the second last syllable, and then alternate in this manner thereafter ["o" in the third last syllable, "u" in the fourth last]. Examples: "tubi", sueod, buot, puso', likod, agod, pueos, tanom, kotikot, komusta, abogado, buebungsood, baeos'. REMEMBER that this applies to root words, not the prefixes or affixes attached to them: "tagipuso-on, kabubut-on, sueugo-on, sumueuod, fueum-an, kae-an-onon, etc." ROOT WORDS AND AFFIXES EACH FOLLOW THEIR OWN SPELLING RULES.

B2. THE USE OF THE DASH "-" can be outlined in two simple rules:

B2.1. The "-" is used to show an internal glottal stop before or after a consonant: "man-o, sin-o, gae-om, bue-on, an-om, kan-on, bo-bo', us-us, bi-bi', ba-ba', etc." The dash is always used to separate a prefix ending in a consonant from a root word beginning with a vowel: "manog-itlog, nag-uean, gin-inom, pag-usar, tig-aeani."

B2.2. The "-" is used to separate reduplicated words of two or more syllables: "tawo-tawo, adlaw-adlaw, baeay-baeay, paino-ino, tanan-tanan, bueak-bueak, sige-sige.

AKLANON TO ENGLISH

DICTIONARY

- 37 -

IN ORDER TO USE THIS DICTIONARY WITH EASE AND TO UNDERSTAND THE FULL IMPORT OF EACH ENTRY, THE READER IS URGED TO HAVE A GOOD UNDERSTANDING OF THE FOLLOWING POINTS:..

- What is the alphabetical order followed in this book?
[See page 2.]
- What is the root word of the word you are looking for?
[See pages 7-9, also 32-34.]
- What do the various abbreviations mean?
[See the fold-out page on the inside of the back cover.]
[Consult with the Introduction, pages 4-7.]
- How are the root words listed and their derivations used in common Aklanon speech?
[Consult the brief grammar, pages 10-31.]
[Consult the study's GRAMMAR, Volume One of this series.]

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Anyone who wishes to obtain more information about THE STUDY OF THE AKLANON DIALECT or who can supply additional information, criticism or comments concerned with the nature of this work should contact any of the authors at the following addresses:

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PLEASE NOTE. Although the authors have tried to indicate accents or stress on all words of two or more syllables, words that stand without any accent mark can be understood to be accented on the penultimate or second to the last syllable.

"A" /'ah/	The first letter of the native Aklanon alphabet, representing the low central unrounded vowel /a/. [G. 26]
a (Dp)	A tag particle expressing annoyance; "ach" Línti' kamó, a. / Oh, darn you. Indí' tákon, a. / I will not, ach.
a (intj)	An exclamation of discovery; "ah" [with high intonation]
---a (six)	Suffix attached to: (1) verbs of OF#1 to express a command: Kán-a ro ságing. / Eat the banana. Bakeá ron.- / Buy that. (2) words after the interrogatives <u>siñ</u> or <u>anó</u> to make them part of a single phrase: Anóng adláwa makarón? / What day is it today? Siñg latáha ron? / Which can is that?
abá (h) (RV6)	to get/climb up on one's back
paabá (CV)	to carry on one's back Paábha akó. / Carry me on your back.
abá (h) (intj)	An exclamation expressing strong disbelief: "Really?" "Ah, go on!"
áb-ab (RV7)	to flare up, grow, get bigger [fire]
abaká (h) [Sp] (n)	abaca fibres, Manila hemp. <u>Musa textiles</u> . [Syn: linábag]
ábak-ábak (RV7)	to be abundant, be in abundance Nagáábak-ábak ro búnga ku maís. / The corn crop is abundant.
abakáda (h) (n)	alphabet. name of first grade textbook.
abác (RV1)	to afford [Syn: saráng] Indí' akó kaabáe karón. / I can't afford it.
abaeóng (n)	[tubercule] taro. <u>Colocasia esculenta</u> . [Syn: gábi]
abága (h) (n)	shoulder(s)
abága (RV1)	to take responsibility, shoulder, take on Sín-o ro gaabága ku trabáho ngarón? Who will take on that job?
abáhong (n)	[shell fish]
abaníko (h) [Sp] (n)	fan [Syn: kábkab]
abaníko (RV4)	to fan
abáno (h) [Sp] (n)	large cigar
abánti (h) [Sp] (RVØ)	to go ahead, advance, go forward [Opp: atrás]
abánti (RV3)	to endure, put up with
abang (RV3)	to obstruct, block, hinder; waylay, ambush

abangáy (n)

abát (RV1)

[fern--with broad pods]

to be attractive [possess qualities which attract other persons or things]; befriend [freely, without invitation]

Ginaabát ro bingka it guyóm. / The cake is attracting ants.

Si Evelyn gin-abát ku á nang mga amígo. / Evelyn was approached by all her friends.

wow, gosh, oh [expression of amazement]

sponsor [at wedding or baptism] [Syn: spónsor]

Particle used in excuses or explanations; "but" "well" "because"

Pám-an owá' ka rúna' kabí? ... Masakít ábi' akó. / Why weren't you there last night? ... Well, I was sick.

Well, I was sick.

"Gimme" "Come on." [requesting particle]

Abí anay ron. / First give it [to me].

Abí, pabasáha akó karón. / Come on, let me read that.

abáw (intj)

abay [Tag] (n)

ábi (Dp)

abí(h) (Dp)

ábi-ábi(h) (RV3)

maabi-abihon (adj)

ábyan (n)

abíí (adj) [yul]

abenturár [Sp] (RV6)

abenturera (n)

abenturero (n)

abiríya [Sp] (ST3)

abíso(h) [Sp] (n)

abíso (RV3)

abnórmal [Eng] (adj)

ábo' [Oak] (n)

abó(h) (n) (RV1)

abuhón (adj)

kaabohan (n)

abó' (adj)

abó' (RV1)

kaabo-án (n)

makiabó' (adj)

pakaabó' (CV)

abokádo [Sp] (n)

abogádo [Sp] (n)

abogár (RV1)

to welcome, entertain

hospitable, friendly

friend

half-castrated, having only one testicle

to adventure, go on an adventure

adventurer [female], adventuress

adventurer [male]

to get stalled, break down [car]

note, notice

to notify, inform

abnormal, out of the ordinary

great grandfather [Cf: unda]

ash(es); to make ashes

grey, gray, ashen color(e)

a place totally covered with ashes

much, many, a lot of [referring to things which can be counted or enumerated]

to increase, make/become greater [in supply or number]

most; the majority

fond of plenty, used to a lot

to consider as plenty [even if only a few]

[tree, fruit] avocado. Persea americana Mill.

lawyer, advocate [Syn: mananabang]

to entreat; counsel

abunár [Sp] (RV3)

to pay in advance, advance; credit one's account;
let use without payment

Gin-abunahán ko ro-imong kueang ritó. / I advanced payment on what you owed there.

Ginaabunahán akó it eugta' ngará. / I'm using this land without payment.

abunádo (adj)

short, suffering a loss [on an investment]
[Syn: alkánsi]

abúnda (adj) [Sp]

abundant; plentiful [Cf: hugána']

abúno(h) [Sp] (ñ)

fertilizer

abúno (RV3)

to fertilize

Abunohi ro imong eanás. / Fertilize your land.

abóng [pa] (CV)

to play up to; give something in order to ask/get something in return [Syn: iló']

abusár [Sp] (RV1)

to abuse, take undue advantage of [Alt: abúso(h)]
abusive

abusádó (adj)

abúso(h) [Sp] (RV1)

to abuse, take undue advantage of

abusadór (n)

abuser; person who always abuses

abúso (n)

abuse

abót (n)

a late-comer to dinner (or any meal)

abót (RV4)

to arrive, get to one's destination, go as far as
Nakaabót lang akó sa Banga. / I got as far as Banga.

abót (RV1)

Hin-unó imáw maabót? / When will he arrive?
to catch up (with/to)

Haabót nakon imáw. / I caught up with him.

abót man gihápon [idm] / will catch up just the same

hingabót (RV1)

to force, foreclose, be hard on, persecute

Ayáw paghingabotá si Rey. / Don't be hard on me;

mahilingaboton (adj)

"hard", always insisting on getting one's due/way

paabót (CV)

to expect, have expectations

Akong mga ginapaabót kimo. / the things I expect of you...

abót (ST1)

to be overcome by, overwhelmed, "bowled over"

Inabót imáw ku anang kaakig. / He was bowled over by his anger.

Naabót akó ku akong kasubót. / I am overcome with grief.

aeabóton (adj)

moody, shifty, always easily overcome by one's emotions or moods

ábrakadábra [expr]

abracadabra [magical incantation]

abrasyéte [Sp] (RV8)

to walk arm in arm (together)

abritala [Sp] (RV3)	to open (up)
abridór (n)	Abrihi, ro bintána. / Open up the window.
abridiláta [Sp. cor] (n)	can opener, bottle opener; opener
Abril [Sp] (n)	can opener, bottle opener [Alt: abrilata]
abriláta [Sp] (n)	April [the fourth month of the year]
ábsen [Eng] (adj)	can opener, bottle opener
ábtik (RV1)	absent [Sp: -palta] [Akl: pae-at]
kaábtik (n)	to get faster, speed up
maábtik (adj)	agility, cleverness, dexterity, quickness
abyadór [Sp] (n)	quick, dexterous, accurate, clever, "sharp"
ábyan [Oak] (n)	pilot, aviator
akáb (RV1)	friend [Cf: abi-abi] [Sp: amigo]
maákab (adj)	to take for oneself, grab [land, possessions]
ák-ak (RV1)	greedy, always taking for oneself [Cf: hákog]
	to detach, separate, take apart/off
	Indí' maák-ak / won't come apart, inseparable
	Ak-áka ron. / Take that off.
ákad (RV1)	to dig (into; around for), excavate; go through
akáe-akáe [Bkd] (n)	bubble(s) [of boiling water; in rapids of river]
akáe-akáe (RV7)	to bubble, boil [said of water or liquids]
akásya (h) [Sp] (n)	[tree] acacia, rain tree. <u>Samanea saman.</u>
Akeán [Oak] (n)	Paradise [legendary place of no troubles] [Nab]
Akeán (n)	the province of Aklan
Akeán (n)	the Aklan River
Akeánon (n)	an Aklanon, inhabitant of the province of Aklan.
inakeanón (RV5)	to speak Aklanon
	Inakeanón nga hámbae / the Aklanon language
akid (RV3)	to gang up on/against; join forces against
	Gin-akirán akó nanda. / They ganged up on me.
ákig (ST2)	to be angry, be furious (at)
	Naákig imáw kákon. / She's angry at me.
kaákig (n)	anger, furor, fury, rage
makaaeákig (adj)	angering, infuriating, causing one to get angry
ákig (adj)	angry
ákig (RV3)	to scold
akín (n)	[fish]
Aquino [Sp] (n)	barrio of Ibajay [Alt: Escuela] /Akíno(h)/
áko' (RV1)	to assume responsibility, take upon oneself;
	avow; claim as one's own; admit [guilt]
	Indí' imáw mág-áko' ku á nang mga saed'. /
	He won't admit his mistakes.
Makaáko' (n)	Redeemer, God
mainako-on (adj)	responsible, always owning up to one's faults
pangáko' (RV1) /	to promise

akó (T/pro)	I [G.157-58] [D.10]
ákon (A/pro)	my, mine; I [G.158-59] [D.12]
	ákon nga ginbakáe / what I bought
	ákong baeáy / my house
ákop]ma[(adj)	greedy, selfish
aksidénti. [Sp] (n)	accident
aksénto(h) [Sp.cor]	accent, stress [Alt: asento(h)]
aksénto (RV4)	to accent, put stress (on)
áktor [Eng] (n)	actor [Cf: artista]
áktoris [Eng] (n)	actress [Cf: artista]
Adán [Sp] (n)	Adam [Cf: Eva]
Adventista (n)	a member of the Seventh Day Adventist religion
ádgap (n)	[tree--medicinal] <u>Premna odorata</u> Blanco
	[Alt: atgap]
adhéktibo [Sp] (n)	adjective [grammatical term]
adélpá (n)	[pink flower--oleander] <u>Nerium indicum.</u>
ádlaw (n)	day; sun [Cf: buean]
inádlaw (adj)	daily
adlaw-adlaw (adv)	daily, every day
tingádlaw (n)	sunny season, dry season [Syn: tigsililák]
	[Opp: tingdean, tig-uedean]
ádlos]ma[(adj)	windy, stormy [weather]; strong [breeze]
	maádlós nga babáyi [idm] / frivolous girl
administrasyón	administration
ádnngán (adj)	hard to kindle [wood]
adóbo(h) [Sp] (n)	adobo [food cooked in vinegar-garlic preparation
	until dry, then fried]
adóbo (RV1)	to adobo, cook by the adobo method
	Adobóha ro mianók. / Adobo the chicken.
aduddeay (n)	[earth worm--very large] [Cf: eagó]
Adóng (n)	Adam [Alt: Adán] [Cf: Eva]
adóy [Lib] (expr)	"Oh darn" [expression of frustration]
ádto (RV4)	to go (to), go to see [Alt: agto] [Cf: idto]
adtúnan (n)	destination; someplace to go
	May adtúnan pa akó. / I still have someplace
	to go.
paádto (CV)	to send; have [someone] go
	Paadtúna imáw sa Cápiz. / Have him go to Capiz.
ádwing (RV1)	to look back (at), turn one's head around (to)
adyí']pang[(RV5)	to pray
(DV)	Gapangadyí' sánda nga mag-ueán. / They are
	praying for rain.
pangadyi-an (n)	prayer book
pangadyi-on (n)	prayer

adyós [Sp] (Intj)	"Good bye." [expression of farewell or leave taking, but usually only before a long journey] [Cf: Mapánaw eon akó.]
aeáay (adj)	bad, poor [harvest, catch] [Alt: ayáay] Komustá ring umá?... Aeáay gid. / How was your harvest?... Very poor.
aeabihig (n)	[tree]
aeak (RV1)	to distil [any alcohol or alcoholic beverage] Aeáka ro nípa'. / Distil the nípa [wine].
aeam (RV6)	to get smarter, become intelligent, get wise(ry)
kaaeam (n)	intelligence, basic mental ability; wisdom, knowledge
kaaeamán (n)	Wisdom, Science, Intelligence
kinaaeam (n)	one's personal wisdom, acquired intelligence
maaeam (adj)	intelligent, bright, smart, wise, "sharp"
paaeam [Oak] (Intj)	farewell, so long [expression of leave taking]
paaeam (CV)	to inform, advise [Syn: pa(hi)sáyod]
pakiaeam (RV3)	to intrude, interfere with
aeam-aeam (RV3)	to console, appease
aeán (ST4)	[to have a physical reaction of salivation or even blood rushing to one's head due to eating too many sweets or an extremely sweet taste]
aeán (ST5)	to find cloying Naaeánan akó ku dugós. / I found the honey very cloying.
makaaeáean (adj)	cloying
aeang-aeang (adj)	unfit, half-way, half-baked, incomplete, irregular [having both elements of good and bad] Aeang-aeang ro ánanng aeám. / His knowledge is a little rough at the edges. [idm]. Aeang-aeang ro ánanng pagbisíta kámon. / His visits with us are irregular [at an ungodly hour].
paaeang-aeang (CV)	to tarry, spend time, while away time Íya akó mapaeang-aeang ay owá! eót-a it saeak-yán. / I'll just while away some time here since there is no transportation.
aeang-aeang (prep)	with respect to, in consideration of, because of Indí' akó magmúeay kána aeang-aeang sa ánanng pagkatáwo. / I won't scold him because of his [high] status.
aeangáy (RV1)	to simmer, cook food slowly [over low heat]
aeanghilan [Sp] (n)	[tree, blossom--used for making perfume] <u>Cananga odorata.</u>

aeángoñ [Tag] (adj)	immature, too young Aeángoñ ro áñang kabubút-on. / He is too young to decide.
áeap (RV3)	to sift out [separate husked from unhusked rice] Aeapi ro bugás. / Sift out the rice.
aeáp-ap (n)	[white fungus on skin] ringworm
aeap-apon (adj)	having ringworm
áeas (RV1)	to twine, wind up/around [Alt: háeas] [Syn: áhas]
áeat (RV1)	to salt; make salty [Syn: asín]
maáeat (adj)	salty
aeát (n)	bamboo basket
áeaw-áeaw (RV1)	to welcome, entertain
pangaeaw (RV3)	to entertain, treat [with food]
aeokáit [Bkd] (n)	eggshell [Syn: tokába, if ítlog]
aeógbat (n)	[vegetable--libato] <u>Basella rubra</u> L.
aeogbáti (n)	[vegetable--libato] <u>Basella rubra</u> L.
aeúgsok (n)	[mudfish--medium sized] [Cf: butót, haeuán]
aeóm (n)	mole, birthmark
aeóm (adj)	dark-colored [spot on skin]
aeúndog (RV4)	to accompany, walk (side by side) with; follow Aeundógi akó. / Accompany me. Aeúndog sa dáean. / Follow the road.
kaaeundog (n)	companion owát sáyod nga kaeúndog / bad companion(s)
aeupí(h) (n)	[native dessert preparation--suman variety] [Alt: alupí(h)]
aeopísan (n)	[vine] <u>Tetrastigma harmandii</u> . [Var: eapísan]
aeosíman (n)	[herb--grows along bank of river] purslane. <u>Portulaca oleracea</u> .
ag (conj)	and
ága]ma[(adv)	early [Syn: temprano] Kabí maága imáw mag-abót. / Last night he arrived early.
agáhon (n)	morning. Mayad-ayad nga agahon/good morning
ága-ága (n)	very early morning [about 4:00 a. m.]
ága-ága (RV6)	to get up (or) work early in the morning
maagáhon (adv)	the following morning [Syn: pagkaága]
agák (n)	rooster, cock [already mature, somewhat old] [Cf: sueóg / young rooster] [Cf: manók]
agáeon (n)	master, overlord, overseer, landlord
pangagáeon (RV6)	to serve in a household as a common worker under some overseer or master
agagángis (n)	[insect--cicada]

- ágam-ágam (RV1) to have an opportunity, take advantage of a chance
 Ginaágam-ágam ko nga makahámbac kána. / I
 would like to have a chance to talk to him.
 Indi' akó kána magpaágam-ágam ay básì' kon hi-
 múeay akó. / I won't give him a chance since I
 might be scolded.
- ágap (RV3) to give time to, concentrate, think carefully [while
 working].
 Indi' akó makaágap ku dúro nga trabáho. / I have
 too much work to do to dedicate more time [to this
 job].
- agaráy (intj) [Bkd] Expression of disgust. "I give up!" "Oh heck!"
 ágas-ágas (n) [fish]
 Agasili (n) sitio of Naisud, Ibajay
 ágaw (RV1) to grab, take, seize, snatch, get [without being
 one's due]
 Gin-ágaw nána ro ákong kádunggánan. / He got
 [all the] glory due me.
 paágaw (CV) to throw things for others to catch
 aeagawán (RV8) to make a scramble for [in order to take or get],
 seize [in numbers]
- ágay (RV7) to ooze, seep (out), come out slowly [liquid]
 Nagaágay ro dugó' sa áháng abága. / The blood
 is oozing out of his shoulder.
- Agbago (n) barrio of Ibajay
 Agbaliw (n) barrio of Ibajay
 Agbalúgo (n) barrio of Makato
 Agbanawán (n) barrio of Banga
 Agbantód (n) sitio of Panipyason, Madalag
 Agbanuod (n) creek in Madalag
 ágbay (RV1) to put one's arm around another's shoulder
 aeagbayán (RV8) to put one another's arms around each other's
 shoulder's
- Agbukad (n) sitio of Aquino, Ibajay
 agbón (n) mist, haze, fog
 ághoy (n) [shrub--medicinal] Mussaenda philippica A. Rich.
 Agkawilán (n) barrio of Lezo
 ágda(h) (RV1) to invite, remind someone of an invitation.
 [Cf: kángay].
- Agdugayan (n) barrio of Ibajay
 Ageangbon (n) sitio in Madalag
 ághas (RV1) to force oneself, try one's hardest, "put one's
 best foot forward", do one's best
 Nag-ághas gid ako it pag-ariya. / I tried my
 very best to come.

ági (RV3)	to pass by, bypass, pass up Haagyán námon imáw. / We passed him by.
ági (n)	handwriting, script Sádyá' ra ági. / His handwriting is nice.
aeágyan (n)	pathway, path; course
paági (n)	system, way of doing, [something]
paági (CV)	to let pass, let through
ági' (adj)	Paágya imáw. / Let him pass through. effeminate, "queer", homosexual [Rel: ásog]
ágihis (n)	[seashell--small]
ágihis [idm] (adj)	effeminate [Cf: ági']
agilá(h) [Sp] (n)	eagle
agindan (n)	[fly--large, blue]
agis-is (n)	dryness of skin, peeling skin
ágiw (n)	soot, black smoke deposit [on wall or ceiling]
ágiw (RV7)	to smudge, blacken with soot [smoke, fire on wall or ceiling]
agíwón (adj)	sooty, smudged
Aglipay (n)	person belonging to Philippine Independent Church founded by Bishop Gregorio Aglipay
Agmailig (n)	barrio of Libakaw
Agmailig (n)	small river in Libakaw
agubáy (RV3)	to support, assist in walking [like helping a lame man walk]; go with, parallel, not contradict Agubáyí ratóng magueang. / Help that old man walk.
pangagubay [Nab] (n)	adverb [grammatical term]
agód (conj)	so, so that, in order to, in order that [Alt: agód] Súgti imáw agód himádlá' dáyon. / Permit him, so that in the long run he'll learn his lesson.
ágoe (RV1)	to do a half-good (or) half-baked job Gin-ágoe-nána ro ákong pagginháwa. / He didn't satisfy me at all. Kon ginasakit man lang ninyo imáw, áyaw pag-ágoe-agóea; mayád pang patyón ay mabáeos gid-rón. / If you have to hurt him, don't do it halfway. Better kill him or he's sure to get his revenge.
ágoe (adj)	half-baked, unsatisfactory, unfulfilled, not thoroughly cooked/finished
agugúling (n)	[beetle--green, flying]
agugútay (n)	the fruit of a wild banana
aguhó' (n)	[tree--native pine-like] <u>Casuarina equisetifolia.</u>

ágom (RV3)	to taste, receive one's due, enjoy, obtain, attain Aton man nga hiagóman ro paghigúgma it Dyos. / We also may enjoy the love of God.
agúnta (h) , (RV2)	to tense the body, force oneself, exert an effort [as when giving birth or moving one's bowels] Aguntahán agód madali' magguwá' ro aeápsag. / Tense yourself so that the baby will come out quickly.
agúp-up, (n)	mold, fungus
agup-upón (adj)	moldy, covered with mold or fungus
Agóstio [Sp] (n)	August [the eighth month of the year]
Agutay (n)	sitio of Undoy, Ibajay
Agutáya (n)	sitio of Maria Cristina, Madalag
Agutaya (n)	creek in Madalag
agotíót (RV7)	to squeak [make a squeaking noise, like a loose or poorly made chair or bed] Expression of pain: "ouch!" [Alt: aróy]
agóy (intj)	Expression of pain: "ouch!" [Alt: aróy]
agrábyo (h) [Sp] (RV1)	to frustrate; take advantage of, extort
agrábyo (n)	grudge, ill-will
agrabyádo (adj)	frustrated, aggrieved, offended; affronted
ágsa (h) (n)	tenure, tenancy
ágsa (RV3)	to have tenure, be a tenant; use and develop land
agsadór (n)	tenant [farmer]
ágtá' (n)	Negrito, Ate [aborigine of Panay]
ágtá' (adj)	black, very dark skinned
ágtó (RV4)	to go, be on the way; go to see [Alt: adto] Sín ka gaagto? / Where are you going?
ágtó' (RV7)	to become crisp and/or brittle, crunchy
maágtó' (adj)	crisp, crunchy, brittle
paágtó' (CV)	to make crisp, cause to be crunchy Paagto-á ro panit ku lechón. / Make the skin of the lechon [roasted pig] crunchy.
Agtohángin (n)	sitio of Panipyason, Madalag
ágwa (h) [Sp] (n)	perfume, cologne [from Sp: agua / water]
pángagwa (RV5)	to use/ put on perfume (or) cologne Si Maria permi gapangagwa. / Mary always uses perfume.
agwadór [Sp] (n)	water carrier, water salesman.
agwáhi (h) [Sp] (n)	a rush [of air], wave [of air or water, as produced by a quickly passing vehicle] agwahi it bagyo [idm] / tail of a hurricane
agwánta (h) [Sp] (RV1)	to endure, suffer; stretch to a point of endurance Agwantahá ro imong kalisód. / Endure that hard- ship of yours.

agwántid (Intj)	"Suffer the consequences." "Take what you deserve." [Cf: agwánta(h)]
agwáson (n)	[snake--poisonous]
ah (intj)	Expression of discovery: "Ah." "Oh!"
ahá (intj)	"So there." "Oh hq!"
áhas (RV1)	to take out [of the water]
áhat (RV1)	to force, compel
áhog (RV1)	to dampen, moisten, wet.
ála [Sp] (Dp)	o'clock [used only with the first hour]
	ála una / one o'clock [Cf: alás]
alá(h) (intj)	Expression of challenge or victory: "so there!" "well, now" [Cf: halá(h)]
	Alá, kita' mo eon? / Well, do you see now?
alága' [Tag] (RV1)	to care for, take care of. [Syn: dipára(h)]
alágwa(h) [Sp] (RV6)	to sprint, run at full speed. [Cf: daeágan]
aláhas [Sp] (n)	jewelry
alahíro (n)	jeweler
alámbré [Sp] (n)	wire [for hanging clothes, fastening, etc.] [Cf: kurýente / electric wire]
Alamínos (n)	barrio of Madalag
alamúsa (adj)	topsy-turvy, messy, all out of order, upset
alán-alán [Oak] [pa]	to cuddle up to, seek comfort from [as a spoiled child running up to its mother].
	Gapaalán alán si Tony sa ángang iná. / Tony cuddles up to his mother.
alán (adj)	childish, spoiled
alás [Sp] (Dp)	o'clock [from two until twelve] [Cf: ála]
	alás ónse / eleven o'clock
alás [Sp] (n)	ace [as in deck of cards]
Alás-as (n)	barrio of Madalag
aláwans [Eng] (n)	allowance
Alvar [Sp] (n)	sitio in Libakaw
Albasán (n)	barrio of Numancia
álbum [Eng] (n)	album [book for photographs; diary], scrapbook
álbor [Sp] (adj)	superior, having an advantage, "on top" --[term often used with regard to chickens at a cock fight]
álbor [slg] (RV1)	to get all, "clean up", take
	Gin-álbor ko ra reid. / I got his wristwatch.
alkálde [Sp] (n)	mayor [Syn: méyor]
alkálde (RV5)	to serve as mayor
págkaalkálde (n)	mayorship, position of mayor
alkámpór [Sp] (n)	scented box
alkámpor (n)	[dance--using scented handkerchiefs]
kámpor (n)	[tree--camphor] <u>Cinnamomum camphora</u> .

alkánsi(h) [Sp] (n)	loser
alkánsi (RV1)	to lose [on a business deal]
alkansiya [Sp] (n)	bank, piggy bank, deposit box
alkimiya [Sp] (n)	alchemy, fake chemistry
alkitrán [Sp] (n)	tar, asphalt
alkuhól [Sp] (n)	alcohol
alkuholira [Sp] (n)	[small can used in lighting up a petromax or gas lantern]
álgo [Sp] (n)	kick in, a little extra something, addition
algudón [Sp] (n)	cotton
alibakós (n)	native bath piece [worn while bathing]; bath towel
alibág (RV2)	to throw away, discard
Alibagon (n)	barrio of Makato'
alibángbang (n)	butterfly
alibútbut (n)	[shrub--medicinal] <u>Tabernaemontana pandacaqui</u> .
alibútod (n)	cob [of corn]
alibútdan (adj)	having the consistency or shape of a corn cob
alibútra(h) (n)	[vine--large, woody] <u>Arcangelisia flava</u> . [used medicinally] [Alt: albutra(h)]
alikumó(h) (n)	[beach crab]
alikumó' (RV6)	to fold one's arms over one's chest [as when one is in prayer or is shivering with cold]
aligútgut (n)	hatred, hard feelings
Alegria (n)	barrio of Buruanga
alíhid (RV6)	to pass by the side (of)
pangalíhid (RV8)	to pass by, side by side [said of several things]
alíla' (RV1)	to adopt, foster, rear, bring up, raise.
	Gaalíla' imáw it báboy. / He raises pigs.
alíla' (n)	an adopted child, someone in another's care
alíma(h) (n)	hand [Cf: limá(h)]
alíma (RV1)	to use one's hands (on)
	Alimáha lang. / Just use your hands. [said to another while eating too formally]
Alemánya [Sp] (n)	Germany
Alemán (n)	a German
alimángo(h) (n)	crab [generic term]
alimátok (n)	leech, blood sucker
Alimbo (n)	river in Nabas
alimbúkad (RV7)	to bubble out, spout up [liquid rushing from its source, like Coke out of a bottle]
alimbong [Tag] (n)	prostitute; any girl over-prone to attract attention
alimbúyog (adj)	having many colors [such as certain chickens]
alímúkon (n)	pigeon
alimpupúdwán (n)	very center of top of head [where hair is found in a whirl]; the crown of one's head [Syn: alipuéós]

alín (Qp) [verb]	do what? [used in all reg. & stative forms] Gaalín ka? / What are you doing? Alinón mo? / What can you do about it? [idm] Paalín ro pag-óbra? / How is it done? Bisán paalín-alinón-maw, masugót ta ron. / No matter what you do to him, he will still permit it. second helping, second serving to give [someone] a second helping of food
alinton (n)	
alinton (RV3)	
alipáksi [ma] (adj)	active, spritely, alert
alipáeok (n)	live ashes, small cinders that fly in the air from a fire [as from a strong fire on a windy day]
alipáno (RV3)	to notice, take note of, observe wa' maalipanwi / was not noticed buot maalipanwan / want to be taken note of
alipánte [Sp. cor] (n)	elephant [Alt: elepánte]
alipáta' (n)	[tree--poisonous] <u>Excoecaria agallocha</u> .
alipúan (n)	stem [that connects a fruit to the vine or branch]
alipudwan (n)	crown of head [place where hair is found in a whirl] [Alt: alimpupudwan, alipueós]
alipueós (n)	oval [Cf: malibúnog / round]
malipúeon (adj)	ovular, circular, having an oval shape
alipúeos (n)	whirl of hair; whirlpool [as in river]
alipungót (adj)	frustrated, discouragement, out of sorts [Alt: dalipungot]
alipungto(h) (n)	topmost part, peak, pinnacle [of tree, mountain] [Syn: tingoy-tingoy]
alipusta' [Tag] (ST2)	to be criticized, be condemned
alipotán [vul] (n)	anus [stf]; rectum [gen]; "ass hole" [vul]
Aliputos (n)	barrio of Numancia
alérdyik [Eng] (adj)	allergic, having an allergy
alísbong (RV7)	to smell, reek, stink [in good or bad sense] Nagaalísbong ro á nang ágwa. / Her perfume [really] reeks.
alisi(h) [Sp] (n)	propeller [of boat or airplane]; fan [of engine]
alisiwsiw (n)	[grasshopper--small]
aliso(h) (n)	[fish]
aliso(h) (n)	[center or very tender portion of any living plants, particularly in their younger stages of growth]
alisto(h) [Sp] (adj)	alert, clever, bright, agile, "ready and able"
alitáptap (n)	[glowworm--found on rocks exposed at high tide]
almanáki [Sp] (n)	almanac, yearbook, calendar [of events]
almasín (n)	store, factory [Syn: fabrika]
almiris [Sp] (n)	mortar and pestle [set]
aluminyóm [Eng] (n)	aluminum [metal]
alpargáta [Sp] (n)	cloth shoes [cloth tied around feet for shoes]
alpunsíno [Sp] (n)	crewcut, very short haircut

Alfonso XII [Sp] (n)	barrio of Libakaw /Alfonso Dóse/
álpot [vul] (n)	prostitute, call girl, B-girl [Syn: puta, pampam]
álsa(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to raise, lift up, elevate Álsáha ring álma. / Raise your hand.
Altavás [Sp] (n)	Altavas, one of Aklan's 17 municipalities [Old name of Altavas was "Jimeno"]
áltar [Sp] (n)	altar
amá(h) (n)	father
áma-áma (n)	step-father
ámanggúeang (n)	grandfather
kaamahán (n)	fatherhood
mag-amá (REL. v)	related as father and son/daughter
amáak (n)	tinder, kindling [small pieces of fuel for fire]
amákan (n)	mat of woven bamboo [Cf: sawáli]
amaeádyang (n)	[bird--small, black, with red eyes]
amaeánhig (n)	zombie, dead person come to life
ámag (n)	mold [Syn: agúp-up]
ámag (ST3)	to get moldy
amág (RV5)	to give attention and love [said of a baby only]
amamákoé (n)	[mushroom--large, light brown on edge and dark brown in center] [Cf: hapon-hapon, líghos]
amamaeó (n)	evil spirit
amamangi (n)	[small crab--with one large and one small pincher]
áman [pa] (n)	an addition, a kick-in, something extra [given as a bargain on a purchase]
paáman (CV)	to give [something] extra, give some more, kick in
áman [Hil] (RV3)	to beware of, be careful (with) [Akl: ándam]
ámanggúeang (n)	grandfather, great-grandfather
amargúso (n)	[vegetable--ampalaya] <u>Momordica charantia</u> L.
amarílyo [Sp] (n)	[flower--yellow]
ámat (RV1)	to do something a little at a time, do/go bit by bit Nakaámat ngáni' kunó ro búkbuk. [max] / Indeed, the gnat is said to have done it little by little.
ámat-ámat (RV6)	to prepare to go, get ready to go, be leaving Maámat-ámat eon kami. / Well, we'll be leaving.
kon amát (adv)	sometimes, on occasion, from time to time
ámba(h) [Hil] (RV1)	to sing
ámbag (RV3)	to share with [in paying for something], pitch in
paámbag (CV)	to let someone chip in, have someone pitch in
ambasadór [Sp] (n)	ambassador
ámbi(h) (Dp)	"Give..." "Gimme." [Alt: ábi(h)]
ámbi / (RV7)	Ámbi ro kwárta. / Give [me] the money. to get inside the window, seep in [rain] [Syn: saeusó']

ambisyon [Sp] (n)	ambition, aim, desire
ambisyosa (adj)	ambitious [female]
ambisyoso (adj)	ambitious [male]
ambit (RV1)	to share (with)
paambit (CV)	to enjoy a share (with)
ambucog (n)	[palm--used for roofing] <u>Metroxylon Sagu</u> Rottb.
Ambucog (n)	barrio of Batan
ambulansya [Sp] (n)	ambulance
ambon (n)	fog, mist, haze
paambon (adj)	foggy, covered with haze, hazy
ambong [ma] (adj)	charming, elegant, gracious, feminine. [lady]
ambos [Eng] (RV3)	to ambush, attack by surprise
ambot [Hil] (intj)	[I] don't know [Akl: taó]
amí(h) (n)	second planting season [especially for rice]
amí (RV1)	to plant during the second planting season
amihan (n)	the Northeast Wind
amigo(h) [Sp] (n)	friend, buddy [Slg: migs]
maamigohon (adj)	friendly, warm, amiable, amicable
mag-amigo (REL. v)	to be friends Mag-amigo sanda. / They're friends.
amihan (n)	the Northeast Wind
amihanan (n) (adj)	north(erly).
amin (RV1)	to get/take all; take everything
	Inámin na tanán ro kwárta ni Táy na. / He got all of his Father's money.
amen [Sp] (expr)	"Amen." "So be it."
amen (RV3)	to obtain a blessing
	Pag-amen kay Lóla. / Get Grandma's blessing.
aminúdo(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to buy retail, buy goods on a retail basis
paaminúdo (CV)	to sell goods on a retail basis
Amerika [Sp] (n)	America
Amerikána (n)	an American [female] [Ctr: kaná']
amerikána (n)	suit coat, coat, formal jacket
Amerikáno (n)	an American [male] [actually any person having the characteristics of blond hair, blue eyes and who is tall is stereotyped as an American]
	[Ctr: kanó']
inamerikáno (RV5)	to act or talk like an American
amiróe [Sp] (n)	starch
amiróe (RV3)	to starch, put starch on
amis (RV1)	to chase, run after [Syn: eagás]
amlig (RV3)	to take care of, watch after, be careful with
	Amligi gid ring manggad. / Watch your riches.
amo(h) [Sp] (n)	lord, master, overseer [Opp: sueugo-ón]
	[Cf: agáeon] [Cf: ulípon]

amó' (n)	monkey
inamó' (RV5)	to act like a monkey [implying foolish actions]
amód (RV3)	to mix with, mingle
amódeanbúcan (n)	[fish]
amueñae (n)	pounder(s) [someone whose job is pounding]
	[Cf: buñae] [Alt: mamumúnae]
amúhoe (RV6)	to be very dirty [Syn: dungis] [Cf: ságnal]
amúhoe (adj)	dirty, sloppy
amúlit (n)	waste
amúlit (RV3)	to waste, squander
	Ayáw pag-amuliti ring kwárta. / Don't waste your money.
amúlit [sup] (ST5)	to waste away [due to some curse or incantation]
	Inamulitan imáw it sápat. / He was cursed by an animal. [a spell was put on him and he is now wasting away, losing strength, and will eventually die] [A cure for this can be "búbut".]
amúma (h) (RV1)	to entertain, take care of
	Amumáha imáw it mayád. / Take good care of him.
amumúong (n)	[bee--with poisonous sting]
ámon (A/pro)	our; we [excluding you] [Opp: áton] [G. 158-59]
	Ídto sa ámon. / There at our place.
	May ámon nga ginaadtunán. / We have someplace to go. [Cf: kamí]
amór [Sp] (n)	love [Akl: gúgma, higúgma]
amorádo [Sp] (n)	[banana--large, red] <u>Musa sapientum</u> var. <u>ginaring</u>
	[Alt: morádo]
amosíkos (n)	[weed--with burrs or stickens] <u>Andropogon aciculatus</u> .
ámot (n)	contribution, donation, chip in
amót (RV3)	to contribute, chip in, donate, share in payment
paámot (CV)	to ask to chip in, collect contribution(s)
amuyóng (n)	[tree] <u>Goniotalamus amuyon</u> .
ampára (h) (RV1)	to break up, stop [a fight]
ámpaw [C.U] (n) (RV1)	[dessert preparation] popped rice candy
ampáwan (n)	place where popped rice candy is sold
ámpayr [Eng] (n)	umpire
ámpo' (RV2)	to pray for, intercede for; plead (for), surrender
	Ampo-án akó sa Makaáko. / Pray to God for me.
ámpon (RV1) [n]	to adopt; [an adopted child, foster child]
ámwad (RV6)	to increase, become numerous, progress.
	[Syn: hamuad]
ámyon [ma] (adj)	fragrant, good smelling

kaámyon (n)	fragrance, [good] smell
nangámyon (DV)	to smell of
---an [sfx]	Common suffix denoting a place or a referent.
	Used with (1) verbs: Ginbákean sánda it dúlsi. / Candy was bought for them. (2) nouns: simbáhan/ church, tindáhan/market. (3) adjectives: ba-báan / talkative, blabbermouth.
ána (A/pro)	his/her; he/she [Cf: imáw] [G. 158-59]
tag-ána (n)	Sín do ángang baráka? / Where is her store?
anáak (n)	owner, possessor; landlord [Cf: tigána, tagána]
anáak (RV1)	godchild
ánad (ST2)	to become a godparent, be a godparent (for/to)
	to be used to, be accustomed to; become accustomed to; get used to, familiar with
	Bási' maánad ka karón. / You might get used to that.
kinaanáran (n)	one's habits; personality traits, syndromes
kinaándan (n)	one's habits [Alt: kinaanáran]
hiliánad (RV8)	to become familiar with one another, become close friends
anagás (n)	[tree--medicinal ointment] <u>Semecarpus cuneiformis</u> .
anága-tága' (n)	praying mantis [insect]
anáhaw (n)	fan palm. <u>Livistona rotundifolia</u> .
---anan [suffix]	Common noun and adjective suffix:
	kasae-ánan / sinfulness [Cf: saeá']
	kadag-ánan / victories [Cf: daóg]
	gaihánan / mighty, powerful [Cf: gahom]
ananáy (RV1)	to go slowly, work carefully, do gradually
	[Opp: gúlpí(h)] [Alt: inanáy]
anáno [Sp. cor] (n)	dwarf, midget [Alt: enáno]
ánay (Dp)	"first" "please" "just a moment"
	Hueát ánay. / Wait a minute.
pangánay (adj)	Butangán ánay it'asín. / First, put in the salt.
ánay (n)	eldest, first born
ánda (A/pro)	termite [generic term]
	their; they [Cf: sánda] [G. 158-59] [D. 11-12]
	Sín do ándang baeáy? / Where is their house?
	Náno ro ánda nga ginatún-an? / What are they studying?
andadór [Sp] (n)	ambler [device used to help babies learn to walk]
Andágaw (n)	barrio of Kalibo.
andahánon (adj)	their very own [Cf: anda]
	andahánon nga ugáli' / their very own behavior



ándam (RV3)	to beware of, be wary; be ready for Pag-ándam sa áyam. / Beware of dog.
andámyo [Sp] (n)	ramp, gangplank
ándar [Sp] (RV7)	to move, run [such as wristwatch, motor]
paándar (CV)	to start [an engine], run; keep running
ánday (Am)	Plural associate marker for the names of persons or pets, used in prepositive position. [D. 11-12] Ro ánday Acevédo nga baeáy maeáyó'. / The home of the Acevedo family is far away. May ánday Juárez nga sueóg. / Juan and his companions have a rooster.
ándoe (RV1)	to grate, squeeze (out), extract [coconut oil]
andoeán (n)	grater
andúhoy (RV6)	to be morose, morbid, in deep thought; to sigh
áni(h) (n)	harvest
anhan (n)	the harvest
áni (RV1)	to harvest, gather a crop Kon náno ring gintanóm, dúyon man ro ímeng pagaaníhon. / What ye sow, so shall ye reap. [max] harvester(s), person(s) who help to harvest harvest season
mangangáni (n)	ally, assistant
tig-aeáni (n)	alliance
ánib (n)	[small tree] <i>GreWia eriocarpa</i> .
kaánib (n)	animal, crude or uncivilized person
anilaw (n)	lousy, worthless, terrible [strong expression of disgust]
animál [Sp] (n)	to be rude, act crudely or boorishly, be inhumane
inanimál (adj) [slg]	firefly
inanimál (RV5)	shadow, reflection; image; silhouette
aninipot (n)	to pick on [in numbers], gang up on; jump on, "devour" [by many people; into many shares]
anino(h) (n)	Gín-anitán daá irénsya ku ángang mgá igbatá'. / His inheritance was "devoured" by his relatives.
anit (RV3)	benevolent lesser spirits [who go around counter-ing the evil done by devils or evil spirits] [The pagan version of a "saint".]
anitos [Sp] (n) [sup]	what?; do what? [particle that can be used as any part of speech] Nag-anó ka kahápon? / What did you do yesterday? Ha-anó ka? / What happened to you?
anó(h) (Qp)	what [noun form only] Náno ring ginabása? / What are you reading?
náno (Qp)	so what? what if?
anó gid [idm]	

ánok]pa[(CV)
ánod (RV1)
paánod (CV)
pangánod (n)
án-om (N. det)
án-om (RV1)

tigún-om (adv)
---anon [sfx]

anónang (n)
anunúo (n)
ánta(h)]ma[(adj)
antábay (n)
antábay (RV1)
antabáyan. (RV8)

ántad (n)
ántad (RV1)

antátay (RV1)

antayamís (n)
antigo(h) [Sp] (verb)

antigo (ST5)

antína(h) [Sp] (n)
ánting,]ma[(adj)

ánting-ánting (n)

antipára(h) [Sp] (n)
antipára (RV5)

antipátiko [Sp] (adj)

Antipólo [Sp] (n)

antiyóhos [Sp] (n)

antoliháw (n)

to cook with low heat, simmer
to follow the current, drift
to go downstream; let drift [Opp: pasúba']
cloud
six

to make six, raise (or) lower to six
An-omá ring ungá'. / Have six children.

six at a time, six by six

Common adjective suffix:

manggaránon / rich [Cf: manggad]
but-ánon / kind, good [Cf: buót].

[tree--fruit is used as paste] Cordia dichotoma.
spiny bamboo. Bambuza spinosa.

having the smell of burnt rice [Alt: ángta(h)]
[shrimp--very small, black, fresh water]

to wait for [Syn: hueát, angán-angán]

to wait for one another

Antabayánan ta sánda. / Let's all wait for them.
gap, distance, space

to leave a gap, separate; keep one's distance

Ántad kamó. / Keep your distance.

to slow down for, wait for [by moving slower and
allowing the other to catch up] [Syn: angán-angán]

[bird--small sparrow]

to know how (to do something) [Syn: maka---]

Antigo ka-mageangóy? / Do you know how to
swim?

to know how, understand how (to do something)

Antigohan ka? / Do you know how?

[Related in English, but different words for "to
know" in Aklanon are: kiláea, áeam, sáyod]

antenna [of radio]

keen, good, sharp [of hearing]

Maánting ra dueúnggan. / He has a keen sense
of hearing.

[sup] amulet, charm [supposedly possessing a
secret power allowing a person to avoid injury];
power of invulnerability

eyeglasses, glasses [Syn: antiyóhos]

to wear/use eyeglasses

antagonistic, antipathetic, contrary

barrio of Ibajay

eyeglasses, glasses [Syn: antipára(h)]

[bird--yellow]

ántos (RV1)	to suffer, endure, put up with [Opp: pakaeumó(h)] Antosá ro ímo nga kabúdlay. / Put up with your hardship.
antoyamis (n)	[bird--very small]
ánwang (n)	carabao, water buffalo Ro ánwang nagaeógaeóg sa eugán-eugán. [favorite Aklanon tongue-twister] / The carabao is wallowing in the mud hole.
inánwang (RV5)	to work like a carabao [FE], "work like a horse" [AE]
ányag [ma] (adj) [Oak]	beautiful, charming [personality, appearance]
kaányag (n)	beauty, charm, grace
anyél [Sp] (n)	blue powder used as a bleaching agent
anyél (RV3)	to bleach [using blue powder]
ányo (Qp) (A)	whose? of whom? who? [Cf: sín-o] Ányong kwárta ra? / Whose money is this?
ányo [Sp] (n)	year [Akl: dág-on]
ányos (n) [pl]	years Piláng ányos ka eon? / How old are you?
ang [A/pro]	[Abbreviation of: ákon ngá] Harón ro ang. / There is mine.
angán-angán (RV1)	to wait a little while; spend some time [idling]
maangán-angán (adv)	by and by, in a little while, eventually
Angas (n)	barrio of Batan
angáy (RV1)	to complement, be a good match for, be fitting, harmonize; adjust; tune [a musical instrument] Angáy kimo ro ímong eámbong. / Your dress becomes you. Angáyá ro gitára. / Tune the guitar.
angka(h) (RV1)	to refuse, give up, deny
ángkab (RV1)	to chomp, take a big bite out of something [Cf: ángkit / bite (normally)]
ángkas (RV3)	to ride together, hop on [a bicycle]
aeangkásan (n)	the back seat of a bicycle or motorbike
kaángkas (n)	fellow-rider
paángkas (CV)	to let [someone] ride [on back seat]
ángkat (n)	gap, distance
ángkat (RV1)	to get on credit
paángkat (CV)	to give on credit
angkayán (n)	dried corn stalk(s) [Alt: hungkayán]
ángkit (RV1)	to bite, nip [Cf: ángkab]
ángkit-ángkit (RV1)	to chew on, nibble on [like small puppy]
inangkitán (n)	teeth mark(s)
ángkla(h) [Sp] (n)	anchor [Akl: pamató; cf: bató] [Cf: dúngka]
ángkla (RV3)	to weigh anchor, drop anchor, anchor down
paángkla (CV)	to tie down to a promise

ángkob (n)	seal, filling, joiner, gap-filler [Alt: ángkop]
ángkob (RV3)	to join together, seal up, fill a gap
ángkon [Hil] (RV1)	to accept, own up to, admit, claim for one's own [Akl: áko']
ángga' (RV1)	to care for, be fond of, cherish
paángga'-ángga' (CV)	to warm up to, cuddle up to, charm [such as a spoiled child does] [Syn: padalá'-dalá']
palángga' (n)	pet, favorite, cherished person
palángga' (RV1)	to favor, cherish
ánggid]ma[(adj)	similar, resembling, somewhat the same
kaánggid (n)	resemblance, similarity
paánggid (CV)	to compare
paánggid-ánggid (CV)	to imply, make comparison(s)
anggisód (RV8)	to come in succession, come a few at a time [Opp: imaw/come all together]
ánggoe (RV3)	to trim off, cut off [one's hair; the ear]
Angeles (n)	barrio of Malinaw
ánghil [Sp] (n)	angel
ánghit]ma[(adj)	smelly, having strong body odor [or an odor like the body odor; said of butter and some animals]
kaánghit (n)	body odor, "B. O."
ánglit (n)	small earthenware pot [Cf: kúeon]
ángoe [sup] (n)	disease inflicted by voodoo or black magic
ángoe (ST2)	to be inflicted with some sickness or infirmity due to black magic or voodoo
ángot (RV2)	to join together, put side by side, unite [Cf: úngot]
pangángot [Nab] (n)	Angtan mo, ron. / Join those.
ángót (RV6)	conjunction [grammatical term]
	to want to go with, follow eagerly, pursue
	Nag-ángót ro unga' sa ángang'iná pag-ádto na sa eskúylahán. / The child wanted to follow its mother when she was going off to school.
paeaangót (adj)	always wanting to follow/go with
ángso(h)]ma[(adj)	having the smell of urine
kaangso (n)	the smell of urine
ángsod (n)	underarm odor, "B. O." [Cf: anghit]
angsorón (adj)	having underarm odor
ángta(h)]ma[(adj)	burned, smelling overcooked [Alt: ánta(h)]
ángtod]ma[(adj)	smelling overcooked [said of food, esp. rice]
ápá(h) (n)	ice cream cone; the pastry used to make wafers or barquillos [Cf: barkilyo]
apá' (n)	mute, someone unable to speak [Cf: buyón]
inapá' (RV5)	to stutter, stammer; speak hesitantly
apán (n)	[insect--locust]
ápang (conj)	but, however [Sp: pero] [Cf: ogaling]

aparador [Sp] (n)	cabinet, closet, cupboard
Aparicio [Sp] (n)	barrio of Bájay
apartment [Eng] (n)	apartment, one unit of a multiple dwelling
apas (RV1)	to follow after, go a little later Ma-úna áñay kami; maápas dáyon kami. / We'll go ahead first, then you can follow later.
hilingápson (adj)	nearing the end, about to finish
paápas (CV)	to have follow later, have fetch (or) pick up
paápas (n)	post script, P.S. [Abr: P.A.]
áp-at (N. det)	four
áp-at (RV1)	to make four; raise (or) flower to four Ap-atá ro ságing. / Make it four bananas.
tigáp-at (adv)	four by four, four at a time
ápaw (RV3)	to exceed, go beyond
paéápaw (CV)	to exaggerate
tagaeumápaw (adj)	above one's head Tagaeumápaw ro subá'. / The river is above your head.
ápdo' (n)	bile; bile duct (and/or) gall bladder
ápeod]ma[(adj)	[having the flavor of raw or unripe bananas]
Afga (n)	barrio of Tangalan
apí(h) (RV1)	to exclude, keep out, not recognize
apíd (RV2)	to join, attach, enclose
apihis (n)	maggot, fly egg
apihíson (adj)	covered with fly eggs
apilyído(h) [Sp] (n)	family name, surname [Rel: ngáean]
ápin (RV3)	to ally oneself (with); side with, take the side of
kaápin (n)	ally
kaapínan (n)	coalition, alliance
apíndiks [Eng] (n)	appendix
apítong (n)	[tree--balao oil tree] <u>Dipterocarpus grandiflorus.</u>
apó(h) (n)	grandchild
inápo (n)	grandchildren
kaapó-apóhan (n)	future generation(s) [of grandchildren]
ápok (RV2)	to be blown away [by the wind]
ápok (ST3)	to get blown away
paápok (CV)	to winnow [in the wind], let be blown away
ápog (n)	powdered lime [used in chewing betel nuts]
ápog (RV3)	to put lime (into)
apogán (n)	lime box, case used for storing lime powder
aporá(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to rush, hurry, hasten
aporádo (adj)	in a hurry, rushed
apúro(h) [Sp] (n)	inner lining [of clothing used to stiffen it]

apóstol [Sp] (n)	apostolic, having the zeal of an apostle
apustólíka (adj)	apostrophe
apostropí [Sp] (n)	[fish]
apútoe (n)	[tree--balao oil tree] <u>Dipterocarpus grandiflorus.</u>
apútong (n)	[Alt: apítong]
Apriká [Eng] (n)	Africa
apresyáre (RV1)	to appreciate
ápyan [Sp] (n)	opium [Alt: opyo]
apyaníro (n)	dope addict, person who takes opium
Arab [Eng] (n)	Arab
Arábya (n)	Arabia
arádo(h) [Sp] (n)	plow
arádo (RV1)	to plow
	Aradóha ro eaná. / Plow the field.
maróg-arádo (n)	plowman, plower
	[Cf: súdsud, lípya', kabayó-on, káling, yúgo, gúta]
árag [Hil] (RV3)	to give, offer
paárag (CV)	to dedicate
aragáy [Bkd] (intj)	"ouch" [expression of pain] [Syn: aróy]
Aranás (n)	barrio of Balete
araró (n)	[tubercule] arrow root. <u>Maranta arundinácea L.</u>
áras [Sp] (RV3)	to join (or) unite in marriage
áras (n)	wedding, the marriage ceremony
arásan (n)	place where a wedding takes place
arkánghil [Sp] (n)	archangel, an angel of the highest order
Arcángel Norte (n)	barrio of Balete
Arcángel Sur (n)	barrio of Balete
arkilá(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to hire, rent, charter
	Gin-arkilá nánda ro dyip. / They chartered the jeep.
arkiládo (adj)	chartered, hired
arkitékto [Sp] (n)	architect
arkiték [Eng] (n)	architect; architecture
árko [Sp] (n)	ark [boat]; arc [half-circle]
Argaw (n)	barrio of Malay
argúlya [Sp] (n)	large circular object used for physical fitness
ari-á (intj)	"The nerve!" "Imagine that!" [term of disgust]
arigató [Jap] (intj)	Thanks. [used jokingly or lightly]
arigládo [Sp] (adj)	arranged, certain, fixed, settled, established
ariglo(h) (RV1)	to settle on, decide
ariglár (RV1)	to arrange, decide, determine, establish
aréna [Sp] (n)	arena, theatre, amphitheatre
arinhá' [Oak] (RV6)	to go there [Cf: rinhá'] [G. 185, 187]
arinóla [Sp. cor] (n)	urinal [Akl: ilihí-án] [Alt: orinóla]

aringking (RV6)	to hop on one foot
ariring [Hil] (n)	pinwheel [toy]; windmill [used for pumping water]
arisingar [Sp] (RV3)	to risk, take a chance, go ahead on [even if in doubt]
arisingado (adj)	risky, daring, chancy
aristokratik [Eng] (adj)	aristocratic, swell-headed, overbearing [Syn: palabí-labíhon, bugaeón]
aritmitik [Eng] (n)	arithmetic
aritos (n)	earring
aritos (RV3, 5)	to wear earrings
aríya (h) [Sp] (RV2)	to lower, let down; let loose [usually on a rope] Ariyahán náton do ángkla. / Let's lower the anchor.
aríya (h) [Oak] (RV6)	to arrive, come here, approach [Cf: ríya]
paaríya (CV)	to let come, ask to come Paariyáha gid imaw. / Be sure to have him come. Hinúgdan akó sa pag-aríya kínyo. / I felt obliged to come here to you.
ármás [Sp] (n)	weapon, arm(s); firearms Nagdaeá sándá it ármás. / They brought weapons.
ármí (h) [Eng] (n)	army
inármí (RV5)	to do things the army way [act bruskiy, strictiy]
aróma (h) [Sp] (n)	fragrance, good smell
aróma (n)	[cassie flower] <u>Acacia farnesiana</u> .
aromatiko (adj)	fragrant, aromatic
arúna' [Oak] (RV6)	to go there [near listener] [Cf: rúna'] [G. 185, 187] Maarúna' kunó imáw hindúna'. / They say that he will come to you later on.
arúro' (RV1)	to fondle, cherish, be fond of
aróséra [Sp] (n)	rice mill [portable, brought around from place to place]
árot [Eng] (n)	crewcut, ROTC haircut
árot (RV1)	to give a crewcut or ROTC haircut (to)
paárot (CV)	to get a short haircut
aróy (intj)	"Ouch!" [expression of pain]
árpa (h) [Sp] (n)	harp [musical instrument]
ársya (h) [Sp] (n)	rigging, gear, tackle [of sailboat; ship]
árte (h) [Sp] (n)	art, design, flair
artista (n)	star, movie star, actor
árte (RV5)	to overact, act up, misbehave
árte (RV1)	to act [a role]
árte (RV3)	to put-on decorations, decorate, design
artéhan (adj)	vain [about one's looks]; fickle, wishy-washy
paárte-árte (CV)	to overdecorate, add unneeded embellishments
inartista (RV5)	to act like a star [flamboyant; decadent]

artikuló [Sp] (n)	article, marker [grammatical term]
artisyán [Eng] (n)	artesian well; any deep pump-well
ása(h) [Tag] (RV3)	to trust, hope [Akl: sálìg] [Sp: esperánsa(h)] Wa' gid imáw it pag-ása. / He doesn't have a chance.
ásak (RV7)	to splatter, splash [Syn: ásik, tágsik]
asáe [Sp] (RV1)	to barbecue, roast [on a stick] [Cf: ihaw]
aeasáean (n)	barbecue stick
inasáe (n)	barbecued food
aság (adj)	crabby, irritable
asáwa (n)	spouse; husband/wife
asáwa (ST2)	to be married [said of a woman]
mag-asawá (REL. v)	to be husband and wife, be married Ay, mag-asawá galí! sánda. / Oh, they're married!
pangasáwa (RV1)	to court [and marry] [said of a man]; to wed hámbae nga pinangasáwa it inakeanón / a word borrowed by Aklanon [idm].
ásaw-ásaw (RV7)	to drizzle, rain lightly
asáyte [Sp] (n)	oil [Alt: asyete, asfi]
asáyte (RV3)	to oil, lubricate
áskad (RV7)	to be itchy, be ticklish [throat] [Alt: ásgad]
maáskad (adj)	ticklish, itchy [throat] Gaáskad rang tutúnlan. / My throat itches.
ásgad [ma] (adj)	ticklish, itchy [Alt: áskad]
ásik (RV7)	to splash, splatter [Alt: ásak, tágsik]
paeangásik (RV8)	to burst out, come rushing out [in numbers]
mueasik (ST3)	to get scattered
asidó(h) [Sp] (n)	acid
asín (n)	salt [Cf: áeat]
asín (RV3)	to salt, put salt (into) Asíní ro sábw. / Put some salt into the soup.
asindéro [Sp] (n)	ranch man, owner of a large ranch (or) farm
asénso(h) [Sp] (n)	promotion, improvement, rise [in status/rank] Kadalí'-dálí' ro ímong asénso. / Your promotion was very quick.
asénso (RV1)	to promote, raise, elevate
asínta(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to sight, focus on [gun, telescope]
asintádo (adj)	sharpshooting, having a good aim
asénto(h) [Sp] (n)	accent, stress
asénto (RV5)	to put an accent on, stress, accentuate
aséro(h) [Sp] (n)	steel [metal]
asertár [Sp] (RV6)	to be lucky, be fortunate [Cf: dibwénas]
asíti(h) [Sp] (n)	oil, lubricant [Alt: asyete, asáyte]

asíti(h) (RV3)	to oil, lubricate
ásla(h) (ST1)	to be bored, be satiated; lose one's desire or appetite (for), be tired of boredom, satiation
kaásla (n)	boring, tiresome, quickly causing one to lose one's desire (for) or appetite
makaaeásla (adj)	to make sour
áslom (RV1, 3)	Íslom ro íba' sa sabáw. / Use the <u>iba'</u> to make the soup sour.
kaáslom (n)	sourness, bitterness
maáslom (adj)	sour
paáslom (CV)	to cause to become sour, let get sour
Aslóm (n)	barrio of Ibajay
asó(h) (n)	smoke, fume(s) [visible]
asó (RV7)	to give off smoke, smoke
maasó (adj)	smoky
ásúkar [Sp] (n)	sugar [white] [Cf: kaeámay, túbó]
ásog (n)	Lesbian, any woman who acts outside of the female role; tomboy
asóg-asógon (adj)	tomboyish, in a tomboyish manner
asúgi(h) [Sp] (n)	mercury [liquid metal]
asúnto(h) [Sp] (n)	lawsuit, case [in court] [Cf: kiha(h)]
asúnto (RV1)	to sue, file a lawsuit (against)
asúos (n)	[fish]
ásoy [Oak] (RV2)	to tell, relate [a story, situation]
aspálto(h) [Sp] (n)	[Syn: súgid, sáysay, háthat]
aspálto (RV1)	asphalt, tar
asparagús [Eng] (n)	to asphalt, put on asphalt
astrunót [Eng] (n)	asparagus. <u>Asparagus officinalis</u> .
áswang [sup] (n)	astronaut, space pilot
áswang (ST4)	vampire, evil creature [preying on people, sucking liver bile and leaving them weak or with some strange afflictions]
áswang [expr] (n)	to be under the spell of an <u>aswang</u> Ináswang si Cárlos. / Carl was bewitched by an <u>aswang</u> .
asyéie(h) [Sp] (n)	ghoul, cannibal; any person or animal eating flesh of its own kind. [Feeding a dog or a cat raw meat of other animals is said to produce this condition.]
asyéie (RV3)	oil, lubrication [Alt: asáyte, asíti]
asyúti (n)	to oil, lubricate
atá(h) (intj)	[tree--anmato] <u>Bixa orellana</u> .
áta' [Oak] (n)	"Oh, my goodness." [expression of surprise]
	fluid, potion, liquid

áta' [vul, slg] (n)	semen [stf]; sexual fluid(s) [gen], "scum" [vul] [Syn: úgvak, gúwan]
atáat (n)	small gap, crack
atáat (RV1)	to leave a small gap, crack
átab (RV7)	to overflow slightly, flood over a little bit [Cf: áwas,
atáki (h) [Sp] (n)	attack [in war; heart attack; stroke]
atáki (RV1)	to attack [in war]
atáki (ST4)	to get a heart attack, have a stroke/high blood pressure
átag]ma[(adj)	generous, unselfish, kind [but not extravagant] [Opp: dimót] [Cf: korípot, magásto]
atáng (RV2)	to put up, hoist
átang (n)	a room divider
átang-átang (n)	step, stair
átas (RV7)	to evaporate
átas (ST3)	to accidentally evaporate Naátas ogáling do alkuhól. / The alcohol has evaporated.
átas (ST5)	to run dry Naástan ro subá'. / The river ran dry.
atáy (n)	liver [of animals or people]
inatáy (n)	[liver disease]
átgaw (n)	[tree--medicinal] <u>Premna odorata</u> Blanco. [Alt: ádgaw]
áthag]ma[(adj)	clear, lucid
paáthag (CV)	to clarify, elucidate, enlighten, make clear
kaathagan (n)	clarification Gústo ko ipaáthag kínyo ro ákong buót singhánon. ✓ I would like to clarify what I'm trying to say.
áti (h) (n)	Aeta(s), Negrito(s) [living in the mountains]
áti-áti (RV6)	to act like an Ate [specifically to dance in the streets during the Santo Niño fiesta, painting oneself black with soot or wearing a costume]
Ati-atihan (n)	Santo Niño fiesta [held in Kalibo, Ibaday and other towns; somewhat equivalent to the Marde Gras of New Orleans or the Carnaval in Rio de Janeiro]
ati' (adj)	dirty
ati' (intj)	Get away, it's dirty!
atímon (n)	cantaloupe. <u>Cucumis melo</u> L.
atensyón [Eng] (n)	attention
átip (n)	[a large board or piece of wood used as a brace or support, particularly when grinding]
atípan (RV1)	to watch, guide, take care of
atípiyong (ST1)	to feel faint, be dizzy [Cf: dismáyo]

átis (n)	[fruit] sugar apple. <u>Anona squamosa</u> L.
atubángan (n)	front, the front of [Cf: atúbang]
atúbang (RV4)	to face (up to), confront, stand/appear in front of Nahuyá' kunó imáw gaatúbang kákon. / They say he is ashamed to confront me.
atúbang (n)	front
atubángan (n)	front, in front of [Alt: atobángan]
atubangán (n) [vul]	genitals [com], "jewels" [vul] [Cf: sakáng]
atúbangbuót [Oak] (n)	frankness [Sp: franqueza]
áton (A/pro)	ours; we [including you] [Opp: ámon] [G. 158-59] Dáya ro áton nga hueáy. / This is our share. [Cf: kitá]
atóp (n)	roof
aturgár [Sp] (RV3)	to take charge (of), be responsible (for) [Alt: oturgár]
atráka(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to draw near to, pull in close to; dock [ship] [Opp: ísoe]
átras [Sp] (RV4)	to back up, put into reverse [Opp: abánti(h)]
atribir [Sp] (RV3)	to meddle (in)
atribída (adj)	meddlesome, busybody [female]
atribído (adj)	meddlesome, busybody [male]
átsára(h) [Sp] (n)	salad, tossed salad
átsay [Ch, Tag] (n)	housegirl [Syn: mutsátsa]
átsi(h) (RV5)	to sneeze [Syn: baha-ón]
átyog (adj)	wandering [Syn: tlyog-tlyog, libód-libód]
áwa (n)	[fish]
áwak-áwak (RV7)	to be plentiful, be in abundance [said of liquids] Nagaáwak-áwak ro ueán. / There is plenty of rain. [Cf: ábak-ábak]
áwas (RV7)	to overflow, spill out [over the sides]
paáwas (CV)	to let pass by, dodge Ginpaáwas nána ro bóla. / He dodged the ball.
awát (RV1)	to bother, be cumbersome, be a burden
maawát (adj)	cumbersome, burdening, bothersome
maawát-awát (adj)	somewhat cumbersome, time-consuming
áway (RV1)	to fight, quarrel, argue
aeáway (RV8)	to fight with one another
aeawayán (n)	battlefield, place of/for a fight
kaáway (n)	enemy [Syn: kóntra(h)]
ináway (n)	fight, quarrel
way...ináway [slg]	Why?...None of your business.
áwhag (RV1)	to hail, call (or) talk to someone [from a distance]
áwto(h) [Sp] (n)	car, auto, automobile
awtomátik [Eng] (adj)	automatic

awtomátiko [Eng] (n)	snap, a snap fastener [used on dress, trousers]
ay (Am)	Singular associate marker used for names of persons or pets in prepositive position; "of, -'s" Ay Tátay nga saéwae nagasáña'. / Dad's pants are soaking wet. [D. 11-12] [G. 144; 151-52]
ay (conj)	because, since, while [Syn: bangód, dahíl, tungód] Náno ábi' ay maeangás ka? / Well, why not... You were misbehaving. [said after punishing child]
ay (Dp)	"first; please; for a while" [Ctr: ánay] Língkod ay. / Please sit down.
ay (intj)	"My!" "Oh!" "What?" [shock, surprise] Masakit imáw, ay? / What? Is he sick?
ay [Lib] (Tm)	Simple topic marker, alternate of <u>ro/do</u> . Akoy dyes, imoy bakod. / 10¢ is mine; 5¢ is yours.
ayáay (adj)	poor, bad [harvest, catch] [Alt: aeáay]
ayád [ka] (RV1)	to fix, repair; restore Kaáya ro bisikleta. / Fix the bike.
pakaayád (CV)	to have something fixed/repared; let get better
mayád (adj)	good, fine, well
mayád-áyad (adj)	beautiful, pretty Mayád-áyad nga agáhon. / Good morning.
maáad [Bkd] (adj)	fine, good, beautiful, well [Alt: mayád-áyad]
kamaeáyan (n)	improvement; excellence; benefit, well-being para sa kamaeáyan it bánwa / for the improvement of the country
ayád-áyad (RV1)	to beautify, decorate
mayád-áyad (adj)	beautiful, pretty
ayág (RV1)	to screen, sift
aeayagán (n)	screen [for sifting]
áyam (n)	dog
áyam (RV1)	to chase with a dog, sic a dog on
áyam-áyam (n)	toy dog
áyam-áyam [idm] (n)	spy
áyam-áyam (RV3)	to spy on
ináyam (RV5)	to act like a dog [implying overt sexual behavior]
mángangáyam (n)	hunter [person who hunts using dogs to track the game]
pangayám (DV)	to hunt [with dogs]
áyap (RV3)	to raise the same [kind] as, follow suit Gaáyap imáw it manók. / He is raising the same kind of chickens. Mayád-áyad ro pag-áyap ku tanóm ngarón. / It would be good to raise the same kind of plants as those [of yours].

paáyap (CV)	to let have [temporarily so that one can raise the same kind of thing] Paayápa akó ku ímong manók. / Let me have your chicken [so I can raise some like it]. (It is understood that the person will eventually return the chicken or one like it when he finally has some of his own.)
ayát (RV1)	to challenge [to a fight] [Cf: súkoe] Gin-ayát nána akó. / He challenged me.
pangayát (DV)	to affront, challenge [a whole group]
áyaw (RV1)	to even out, make exactly [by adding some more] Ayáwa nga báynte síngko. / Make it 25¢ exactly.
áyaw (Neg)	"don't" "do not" [used in negative commands] Ayáw akó paghibáygi. / Don't laugh at me. Ayáw it daeágan. / Don't run. Ayáw ánay. / Please don't.
yáyaw-ánay (n)	procrastination [Cf: ayáw ánay]
áyaw (RV4)	to abandon, leave behind Gin-áywan imáw ku á nang ginikánan. / He was abandoned by his parents.
áyaw (ST5)	to be fed up with; have too much of Naayáwan akó it hinámpang. / I've had enough playing for a while. Naayáwan akó kímó. / I'm fed up with you.
áyi' (n)	pancreas [internal organ]
áyo(h) [Hil]]ma[good, fine Maáyong ága. / Good morning. [Akl: ayád]
áyo' (RV3)	to ask for a discount, ask a reduction [in price]
áyo' (n)	discount, reduction
aeayo-án (RV8)	to bargain
paáyo' (C)	to lower the price (of), reduce, discount
pangayó' (RV1)	to ask for, request Náno ro á nang ginapangayó'? / What is he asking for?
ayúktot (RV6)	to stoop over, bend over [Akl: bayúktot]
ayód-ayód (RV6)	to move the waist up and down, back and forth [as in the act of intercourse] [Cf: payó'-payó']
áyon (RV3)	to be in favor (of), support, agree with
paáyon (CV)	to parallel, agree with [Cf: sang-áyon]
ayúlong [vul] (n)	pap [stf]; nipple (of breast) [gen]; "tit" [vul]
áyskrim [Eng] (n)	ice cream [Syn: serbété]
áysdrop [Eng] (n)	popsicle, ice drop

"B" /bah/

"V"

The second letter of the native Aklanon alphabet, representing the voiced bilabial stop /b/. {G. 9} The symbol for the voiced labiodental fricative. Most often this sound is reduced to /b/, as it was sounded in the original Spanish and native Aklanon words. The only occurrence of a true /v/ in current Aklanon is the result of borrowing from or over-correction due to English, as in:

/viktori/ Victory

/vilma(h)/ Vilma

/'asevédo(h)/ Acevedo

The /v/ only occurs in the speech circles of the sophisticated or educated. It is alphabetically reduced to /b/ in this section.

Expression of disbelief: "Really?" "Ah?"

Ba, indít-ang magpáti. / Ah? I don't believe you, to cut bamboo lengthwise

ba(h) (intj)

báak (RV3)

baé-baé [Oak] (adj) rough, unsmooth, not thoroughly finished [tabletop] [Syn: bághae, barághae]

bá-ba' (n)

ba-báon (adj)

ba-báan (adj)

pamá-ba' (RV2)

bábad [Tag] (RV2)

babáyi (n)

binabáyi (adj)

binabáyi (RV5)

báboy (n)

bináboy (RV5)

kárneng báboy (n)

báka(h) [Sp] (n)

báka-báka (RV5)

báka' (RV6)

bákak [Hil] (n)

bakáe (RV1)

baeákean (n)

baeakeón (n)

pamakáe (DV)

pamakeónon [Bkd] (RV1)

pangbakáe (ñ)

bakáean (n)

mouth

talkative.

talkative

to spread the news

to soak, leave in a liquid [Akl: hág-om]

woman; female

effeminate

to act like a female [said of a male]

pig, swine, hog; pork

to act like a pig

pork

cow; beef [Syn: kárne / beef]

[Cf: toro, toreti, ternera, tinday] [Cf: bakero]

to work very hard, exert oneself

to walk under great weight; walk with legs apart

lie, falsehood [Akl: púri]

to buy, purchase

Náno ring bákeon? / What will you buy?

store, market

purchases, things to be bought

to buy (several things)

to go shopping (for)

[something used for buying or when buying, such

as an article of clothing worn or cash to be used]

vertical stud(s) in a structure to which the wall

boards are fastened

bakág (n)	large woven bamboo basket
bákan (n)	[tree]
Bákan (n)	barrio of Banga
bákant [Eng] (n)	vacant period, free period [between classes] Bákant eon námon da. / This is our free period.
bakánti [Sp] (adj)	vacant, empty, free
bakáng (RV6)	to walk with the knees apart, walk bowleggedly
bakáng (adj)	bowlegged [Cf: báka']
bákas (RV1)	to hurry up, hasten, quicken Bakása eon. / Hurry up.
kabákas (n)	speed, haste
mabákas (adj)	quick, fast, speedy Mabákas imáw dumaeágan. / He runs quickly.
bakásyon [Eng] (n)	vacation
bakásyon (RV5)	to take a vacation, go on vacation
bakasyonán (n)	vacation spot, tourist attraction
baeakásyon (RV8)	to go on vacation together
bakáwan (n)	[tree--good for firewood] <u>Rhizophora mucronata</u> .
bákbak (RV1)	to take off the bark of a tree, strip the bark
bákbak (RV3)	to maul, pommel, beat up
bákhaw (n)	[tree--makes very good firewood] <u>Rhizophora candelaria</u> DC [Cf: bakáwan]
Bákhaw Norte (n)	barrio of Kalibo
Bákhaw Sur (n)	barrio of Kalibo
bákho' (RV3)	to endure, suffer [hardships] Nagabákho' imáw sa mangítngit nga kasakítan. /
baki'-báki' (RV1)	to compare the weight of two things [like estimating an unknown weight by holding a known weight]
baki'-báki' (n)	[sedge--used for making woven bags and baskets] <u>Kyllinga monocephala</u> .
baki'-bakí' (n)	[shell--found in ricefields]
bákid (n)	large basket for storing or carrying grain.
bakilí' (adj)	steep, having a sharp slope
bakéro(h) [Sp] (n)	shepherd; boy or man who guards animals
bakéro (RV1)	to guard or watch [animals] [Cf: bántay]
baklá' [Tag] (n)	homosexual, queer; effeminate man [Syn: agí']
bákli' (ST3)	to get fractured, broken [bone]
báklid (RV1)	to tie one's hands behind one's back
bakó' (n)	[tubercule]
bakukáng (n)	tropical ulcer, abscess [Syn: bakuká']
bakukí' (n)	tropical ulcer, fungus growth on skin
bákod (RV1)	to become stiff, erect, tight
mabákod (adj)	stiff, tense, erect
kabákod (n)	stiffness

bákod [Tag] (n)	yard [unit of measurement] [Syn: dupá, bára]
bakód [slg] (n)	five centavos, 5¢, "nickle" [AE]
bákoe (RV1)	to beat, punish [with a weapon], hit, whip
bakóe (RV1)	to cook food inside a close bamboo or coconut [a native version of "pressure cooking"]
	Nagkaon kami it binakóe nga manók. / We ate chicken that had been cooked in bamboo.
bakúeod (n)	rocky (or) stony coast, stony shore[line] (or) bank of river
bákog (n)	spine(s), bone(s) [of fish]
bákog (ST4)	to get pinched by a bone, get a bone stuck in one's mouth
himakóg (RV3)	to debone, take out the bones (of)
	Himákgi ro isda'. / Debone the fish.
bakúna (h) [Sp] (n)	vaccination; mark left on the skin by a previous vaccination
bakúna (RV3)	to vaccinate [someone]
pabakúna (CV)	to get vaccinated
bakós (RV2)	to tie around the waist [Cf: alibakós]
bákpi [Eng] (n)	backpay
bákrat (n)	baccarat; "Lucky Nine" [card game] [Sp, Fr]
bákrat (RV5)	to play "Lucky Nine" or baccarat
báktas (RV1)	to hike, walk, go on foot
	Baktasá halín diyá hásta sa Tigáyoh. / Walk from here to Tigayon.
báktas (adj)	barefooted, without shoes or sandals
baektáson (adj)	within walking distance, walkable
bakwáyan (n)	[frog]
bakwáyan [idm] (adj)	tall and skinny [Syn: lagwáyan]
bákwit [Eng] (RV3)	to evacuate, leave a place
	Sín kamó magbákwit kató kat géra? / Where did you evacuate to during the war?
bákya' [Ch] (n)	wooden slippers (or) sandals
bákya' (RV5)	to wear wooden sandals
Bakyang (n)	barrio of Madalag
bádbad (RV1)	to unravel; take apart [as threads in a garment]
bádbad (ST3)	to fray, get unravelled
	Nabádbad raáng saéwae. / My trousers are frayed.
bádlis (n)	mark, sign
bádlis (RV3)	to mark, put a mark (on)
pabádlis (CV) [idm]	to get ashes, [on Ash Wednesday], have ashes put on one's forehead
Miyérkolés it bádlis	Ash Wednesday

bádlit (n)	lines (or) marks in the palm [Cf: p̄ead]
bádlit (RV2)	to mark with, use to mark out [Syn: bádlis]
bádló' (n)	phlegm, thick mucus [in the throat]
bádlong (RV1)	to reprove, correct, admonish
badmintón [Eng] (n)	badminton [game]
badmintón (RV5)	to play badminton
bádyang (n)	[aroid plant--decorative] <u>Alocasia macrorrhiza</u> .
Badyangan (n)	barrio of Banga
badyáwan (n)	[vine--with bitter sap, medicinal] <u>Tinospora</u> <u>rumphii</u> .
Badyo' (n)	barrio of Numancia
baeá (h) (Dp)	Particle used to emphasize questions; "Really?" "... was it?" Tapús eon, baeá? / Is it really finished already? Sin-o baeá ro naeumós? / Who was it that drowned?
baeá' [Oak] (n)	grace, charm, blessing Náno ro imong baeá' nga indí' akó kimo kabalíbad? / What charm do you have that I can't refuse you? Pakabaeáanon naton ro ilíhang pinakabaeá-an it Makaáko' nga nahántang sa eúgta nga matáas... / Let us hold in reverence those places revered by the Lord which are located in the high lands... [from the "Seven Followings of Bangkaaya"] holy, sacred, blessed [Hil: balá-an] to revere, hold sacred [see example above]
baeá-an (adj)	[fish--fresh water]
pakabaeá' (GV)	blocking, obstructing, put across, stretching over to stretch over/across [like a pole across the road]
báe-a' (n)	to block (or) stop one's moves or plans, thwart hindrance, obstruction, encumbrance, obstacle
baeábag (adj)	concern, earnest help, generous assistance
baeábag (RV1)	concern, good intentions
baeábag (RV3)	to have a deep concern (for), give assistance (to)
baeábag (n)	Magkabaeáka gid si Juán kay Hélen. / John has a deep concern for [the welfare of] Helen.
baeáka (h) (n)	well-intentioned, concerned, giving assistance with no thought for oneself, altruistic
kabaeáka	file [tool]
kabaeáka (RV4)	to file (down) Bae-agí agód gapíno; magáspang ábi' ra. / File this down so that it will be smooth; after all, it's so rough.
mabinaeáka-on (adj)	to make a sucker of, fool [in order to get some- thing in return] Bae-agí si Pédro agód gastohán
báe-ag (n)	
báe-ag (RV3)	
báe-ag [idm] (RV3)	

baeágon (n)	ka nána. / Fool Pedro so that he'll spend for you.
baeahibo(h) (n)	vine [generic term]
baeának (n)	hair, fine body hair [mammals]; feather(s) [fowl]
baeán-ar (n)	[fish]
baeanaw (n)	basket used for fishing [like a net]
baeánta(h) (RV6)	puddle [of water]
baeántik (n)	to overturn, fall over
baeantikón (adj)	eye of vegetables [as on potatoes]
baeáng (RV1)	having eyes or black marks [vegetables]
baeáng (n)	to lasso
baeánga (n)	lasso, knotted rope
baeánga (ST2)	loss of attention, distraction
makabaeánga (adj)	to be distracted, lose one's attention
baeángag [Bkd] (RV1)	distracting, readily diverting one's attention
baeángag (adj)	to mix (or) eat uncomplementary foods [such as beer and candy]
baeangaw (n)	uncomplementary [foods that cannot or should not be served together]
baeangáy (RV6)	rainbow
baeángka' (RV1)	baeangaw it pageáom [idm] / rainbow of hope
baeángka' (RV7)	to swim on one's back, do a backstroke
baeangángat (adj)	to take apart in pieces, dismantle
baeangángat (RV7)	to fall apart
baearás (adj)	Pagtúgpa' ku baróto sa bató, nagbaeángka'. /
baearás (RV6)	When the banca fell on the stones, it fell apart.
pabaearás (CV)	interwoven [vines, twigs]; interlocked [horns of two fighting reindeer]
baearaw (n)	to get interwoven or interlocked
baearing (RV1)	oblique, at an angle (to)
baeás (n)	to move obliquely, to move off at an angle
baeason (adj)	to put at an angle, set obliquely
baeása(h) (RV1)	arrow [bow and arrow]
baeasígi(h) (n)	to toss, throw, heave [at some object]
baeát (n)	Baeánga ro manók. / Throw this at the chicken.
baeátik (n)	sand
baeátik (RV1)	sandy, having sand (in)
baeátok (n)	to shuffle [cards], mix well [papers]
	Síge, baeasáha ro baráha. / Go on, shuffle the cards.
	[fish]
	[eel--edible, found at seashore; green or black]
	booby trap, improvised trap [to catch by surprise]
	to catch in a booby trap
	[bean]

baeítong (n)	mongo bean, green gram. <u>Phaseolus aureus</u> Roxb.
baeáw (adj)	having alternating colors [chicken]
báeay (RV1)	to construct, set up framework [Cf: patíndog]
baeayín (n)	framework, girder
pabaeáyon (CV)	to begin construction
báeay (n)	house, home; building [in general], construction
baeáy (RV4)	to build a house (for)
	Baeayi kamí. / Build a house for us.
báeay-báeay (n)	doll house, toy house, miniature house
kasimaeáy (n)	housemate, someone living under the same roof
panimaeáy (n)	household, home
panumbaeáy (DV)	to go visiting other houses
tagbaeáy (n)	homeowner, landlord [Alt: tagbaláy]
tagbaláy (n)	"Anybody home?" [expression to gain entrance]
báeaybay (RV1)	to compose verses or poetry; write creatively
binaeáybay (n)	poem; well-penned verses
binaeaybáyan (n)	poetry
báeayi (h) (n)	[the relationship of the parents of each wedded couple; co-parents-in-law]
	party to announce an engagement [celebration at which the parents of the groom-to-be go to the bride-to-be's house and plan for the marriage]
báebae (RV1)	to whip, beat [Syn: búnae, hámpak]
báebag (ST3)	to get broken (or) cracked
	Nabáebag raá bastón ku pagbúnae na sa áyam. / His cane got broken when he hit the dog.
báeo(h) (n)	widow / widower
báeo (ST2)	to become a widow (or) widower
báeó(h)]hi[[Oak] (n)	knowledge, awareness (of) [Rel-Hil: hibaló]
pahibaeó (CV)	to inform, introduce an idea, notify [Syn: pasáyod]
báeó-baeó (adj)	well-informed; skilled at one's work [Syn: sampáton] [Opp: bikwáeon]
báeó' (n)	demon, witch
báeó' (ST2)	to be bewitched
báeúbad (n)	tobacco/leaf [used as outer covering of cigar]
báeúbay (n)	[very small stems of a coconut that branch off in a vine-like manner]
báeó-bo' (RV1)	to remove the shell of abaca
báeok (n)	dried bamboo scrapings [used as tinder]
báeúkag (n)	hair growing along the back of a pig
báeod]ma[(adj)	curled, having a wave [hair]
	Mabáeod ra pílók. / Her eyelashes are curled.
báeód (n)	[bird]
báeód (n)	wave [ocean, sea] [Syn: húmbak]

báeoe (n)
báeoe (RV1)
báeon (n)
báeop (RV1)

pabáeon (CV)
báeos (n)
báeos (RV3)

báeos-báeos (RV6)
baeúskay (RV1)

baeúso (RV1)
báe-ot (n)
báe-ot (RV3)
báe-ot-báe-ot (RV1)
báeot-báeot (RV1)

báesa(h) [Sp] (n)
báesa (RV1)
báesa-báesa (n)

bag [Eng] (n)
bága(h) (n)

bága (RV7)
bága' (n)
bága' (adj)
bága' (RV7)

bagáas (n)

bagákay (n)

Bagakay (n)
Bagakay (n)
bagánas (ST3)

bagáni(h) (n)
baganíhan (n)

dried salted fish [Alt: báeoe]

to dry out and salt fish

provision(s), supply [food or money for a journey]

to bring along [as provision for a journey]

Baeóna ro kwárta ngará. / Bring this money
along [in case you need it on your trip].

to give someone something for his journey

revenge, repayment

to pay back [a favor]; revenge [a crime], get even

Básli it paghigúgma ro kaákin. / Repay anger
with love.

to alternate, go from one to another

to rummage through, dig through [like when look-
ing for papers in a disorderly file] [Syn: basúk-ay]

to crumple, crush; ruffle up [paper]

gap, open space

to leave a gap

to alternate, vary; take turns; go from one to another

to repeat [Syn: umán, bálhin]

raft

to tie logs together to make a raft

makéshift raft; temporary bridge

bag

glowing ember(s)

to be aglow, smolder

lung(s)

swollen, swelled up

to swell up; get swollen

Nagbagá' rang síki. / My feet swelled up.

[sedge] Cyperus malaccensis L. and Scirpus
grossus L.

[Philippine bamboo--bikal; used for fishrods and
basket making] Schizostachyum lima.

barrio of Ibaja

river in Ibaja

to be carried away by the current; drift away

[Syn: baginbin]

hero, patriot

heroism, patriotism; heros, patriots [collectively]

Ro kalipáyan nga áton makaróng naagóman, nag-
halín sa tít-an ku áton mga baganíhan. / The joy

which we now have at hand is from the bones of
our patriots [and their efforts]. [maxim]

bág-ang (n)
bagát (RV1)

báagatón (adj)
bagáwbaw (n)
bágay (n)
bágay (adj)

bágay (RV1)

bagáykay [Bkd] (n)
bágbag (ST3)

bágeot (RV1)

bághae (adj)

bághok (n)

bághok (RV3)
mabághok (adj)

bagí' [Bkd] (n)

bág-id (RV1)
bagínbin (ST3)

bagís (n)
bágnas (RV3)
bagnás (adj)
bágnit-[slg] (n)
bágo(h) (n)
bágo (conj)

bág-o(h) (adj)

molar tooth/teeth

to pop up in front of, "jump", frighten

Ginbagát imáw it aníamacó'. / He was "jumped" by an evil spirit.

susceptible, easily frightened, "spastic", nervous stomach [the interior sack for food]

thing, case; the right thing.

suit(s), match(es), complementary, becoming
Bágay kimo ring eámbong. / Your dress becomes you.

Ro bágay kimo hay magpakabuót ka, ay bukón kat tagáriya. / The most appropriate thing for you is to behave well since you're not from around here.

to complement, be appropriate, match; tune a musical instrument

Bagáya ábi' ro gitára. / Here, tune the guitar.

[fresh water shell] [Alt: kagáykay]

to crash, come/fall down

Nabágbag ro eroplano. / The airplane crashed.

to hack, cut with a downward motion [scythe]

[Syn: gdeot]

rough, unsmooth, unfinished [Syn: barághae, baáe-baáe]

carrion, carcass [dead animal]; any dead and decaying thing [fruits, vegetables, plants]

to eat carrion (or) decaying things

decaying, rotting, decomposing

Mabághok eon ro ándang minatáy; ngáni' gineubóng eági. / Their corpse was already decomposing so they buried it right away.

[root crop] Tetrastigma harmandii.

[Alt: aeapísan, eapísan]

to rub for fire; start a fire by rubbing

to be carried away by current, drift

[Syn: bagánas]

[fish--in river]

to polish, shine

nearly ripe [Syn: habáe]

gal, young girl [Cf: eáskit/guy]

[tree] bago tree. Gnetum gnemon L.

before, prior to

Hugási ring alíma bágo kumáon. / Wash your hands before eating.

new, brand new; fresh, recent

bág-o (adv)	recently, just, just a while ago
mág-o (ST5)	Bág-o ka eang mag-abót? / Did you just arrive? to be a stranger to, be new at, not be used to Nahamag-ohan akó ka inyo riya nga klíma. / I am not used to your climate here.
mág-o (ST2)	to be new at, not be accustomed to Bási' mamág-o ka. / You might be new to it.
bag-óhan (adj)	new at, "green", unfamiliar
Bág-ong Bárýo (n)	barrio of Makato
bágoe (RV1)	to play a game with coconut shells
bagóe (n)	coconut shell
Bagumbáyan (n)	barrio of Buruanga
bagón [Sp] (n)	coach, railway car
bágong-bágong (RV3)	to cook very soft rice
bagúngon (n)	{shell}
bagúong [Tag] (n)	'salted fish [Akl: ginamós]
bagúsbus (n)	big (or) inflated stomach, "beer belly" [Cf: báyon]
bagusbusón (adj)	having an enlarged stomach, obese
bagót (n) [Bkd]	party, get together
bágsak (ST3)	to crash, fall down [Cf: bágbag]
bagsák (n)	bedbug
bagsakón (adj)	infested with bedbugs
bágsang (RV6)	to crash together, collide [Syn: súnggab]
bágtas [Bkd] (RV1)	to hike, walk (to), go on foot [Alt: báktas]
bágti' jpa [Bkd] (CV)	to ask permission to marry a girl [from her parents or guardians]
bá'gting (RV1)	to ring, sound [a bell] Habáging eon? / Was the bell already rung?
bágtis (n)	[fish--freshwater, small]
Bagto (n)	barrio of Lezo
bágtok (adj)	completely dried out, dehydrated
bágtoe (n)	bamboo drum [Syn: támbol]
bágtoe (RV1)	to beat, hit, pound [a drum]
bágtong (n)	hard, uncooked mongo seeds
bagtóngon (adj)	having the consistency of hard mongo seeds
bágtong (RV1)	to bundle up, pack together Bagtóngang ring eámbong. / Bundle up your shirts.
bágwas (RV3)	to separate, leave, divorce (from)
bágyat (RV1)	to scold [Syn: buyáyaw, mteay]
bágyo (n) (n)	hurricane, storm
bágyo (RV7)	to storm [having hurricane force]
mabaeagyóhon (adj)	stormy; likely to storm; about to have a storm
bási' bumágyo [idm]	"It might storm" [FE], "The glass might-break" [AE] (said when one sings off key)

bahá' (n)	flood
bahá' (RV7)	to overflow, flood Nagbahá' ro subá' kabfi. / Last night the river flooded.
baháe (adj)	fermented, acidic
baháe (RV7)	to ferment, become acidic or alcoholic
pabaháe (CV)	to ferment [something]
bahág (n)	G-string, breach cloth; brief; underwear
bahála' (expr)[Tag]	"so what?" "who cares?" "come what may" Bahála' eon. / So what? Bahála' kimo ron. / I don't care; it's up to you. Ikáw ro bahála' karón. / It's completely up to you.
bahánda' (n)	treasure
baháon (RV5)	to sneeze
báhaw (n)	cold rice
báhaw (RV7)	to cool off, get cold [said of food]
pamáhraw (n)	breakfast; snack [so-called because it generally consists of cold left-overs, particularly rice]
pamáhraw (RV1)	to eat breakfast, take a snack
baháw-baháw (n)	[ant--small, red] [Cf: gúyom, tagasáw]
baháy (n)	an old stock of rice
baháy (RV7)	to get old [said of stored and uneaten foodstuffs]
baháyan [Hil] (n)	window sill, door sill
báhi' (n)	hard stick
báhi' [idm] (adj)	tight, stingy, miserly, cheapskate, a Scrooge
báhin (RV2)	to set aside, set apart
báhin (n)	part, section, chapter [of book] ikáywang báhin ku tuedn-an / second part of the book
báhin-báhin (RV1)	to think over carefully, ponder
báho(h) [Sp] (adj)	bass, low [of sound, pitch]
báho (n)	bass [fiddle, voice]
báho' (n)	smell, odor, stench, stink [bad] [Cf: humót]
báho' it, saeong [idm]	"odor of resin" [meaning or referring to a lack of relationship to other people]
báho' (RV6)	to stink, smell bad, stench
mabáho' (adj)	smelly, malodorous, stinky
panimáho' (RV3)	to sniff, smell out [like a dog]
bahóe (RV6)	to get bigger, grow bigger [Opp: isót]
kabahóe (n)	size, largeness; immensity
mabahóe (adj)	large, big, huge, immense
pabahóe (CV)	to enlarge; let get bigger Nagbahóe ro anang dueúnggan. [idm] / His heart swelled with pride. [idm] [Lit: ears got big]

bahóe (n)	abaca cloth [made of course abaca fibres]
bahóg (n)	swill, slop, pig food
bahóg (RV3)	to swill, slop, feed [pigs]
baeahógan (n)	trough
bahóg [slg] (RV3)	to pour soup (on) [Alt: sahóg]
báid (RV1)	to sharpen [a knife]
báid [idm] (adj)	sharp, keen, intelligent
	Báid si Juan. / John is quite sharp.
ballán (n)	flint stone [used for sharpening knives] [Alt: bairán]
bairán (n)	flint stone [used for sharpening knives] [Alt: bailán]
pañáid (DV)	to sharpen [knives]
báil (n)	hard clump of earth, clod, dried out soil
báis-báis (RV1)	to argue (over), disagree (about)
	Ginabáis-báis nánda ro kahimtangan ku eúgta' / They are arguing over the status of the land.
bála (h) [Sp] (n)	bullet
bála (RV3)	to load, put bullets into [gun]; to punch, box
balaán [Hil] (adj)	sacred, holy [Akl: baeán; cf: baeá']
baláng laráwan (n)	idols, [religious] images
Balábag (n)	barrio of Malay on Borakay Island [Cf: baeábag]
bálak [Tag] (n)	plan [Akl: húna'-húna']
Balaktasan (n)	barrio of Madalag
balándra (h) (RV2)	to hurl, throw [with force or anger]
	Ibalándra ta sa kuráe ngarón. Kita' mo. / I'll
	hurl you against that fence. You'll see.
bálang (A. def)	each, every [Syn: káda]
	bálang isaéa kánda / each and every one of them
balasúbas [Tag] (adj)	impolite, incivil, indecent; niggard; swindling
balasúbas (RV1)	to swindle, cheat, con [in a business deal]
baláyang (n)	[sedge--used for making mats] <u>Cyperus radiatus</u> .
balbíki (h) (n)	drill bit [Syn: renda]
báikon [Sp] (n)	balcony [Alt: balkoní]
bálda (h) (ST4)	to break, fracture [a bone]
bálda (n)	bone fracture
baldádo (adj)	disabled, crippled, having a broken bone
bálde [Sp] (n)	bucket, pail
baldósa [Sp] (n)	tile [flooring]
bálahin [Oák] (RV1)	to repeat
bálahin [Bkd] (RV1)	to invert, change, reverse
bále (h) [Sp] (n)	credit, worth, value
bále (RV1)	to consider, reckon [Akl: 'bilang]
bále (RV1)	to buy on credit
mabále (adj)	worthwhile, valuable [Akl: háega(h)]
owát bále [idm]	"Never mind." "It's O.K." "Forget it."

pabalé (CV)	to sell on credit, give credit (to)
	Pabaléha akó it sang gántang nga bugás. / Give me one ganta of rice on credit.
balé [Eng] (n)	ballet
balé (RV6)	to dance a ballet
báli' (ST3)	to get broken in two, get fractured
	Nabáli' ro áhang bútkon. / His arm is broken.
báli' (RV1)	to break, fracture
balí' (adj)	broken, fractured
balibad. (RV3)	to refuse, deny, turn down
	Ayáw akó pagbalibári. / Don't turn me down.
balik (RV1)	to return, give back to [Syn: úli']
balik (RV1)	to return, come back for, fetch [Syn: súang]
	Balika akó hindúnang alás says. / Come back for me later at six o'clock.
balik-balik (RV6)	to frequent, come often, return again and again
	Balik-balik, ha? [idm] / Come back and visit us again, O.K.?
balikad (RV1)	to turn backwards, turn [something] around
	Balikda roh. / Turn it around.
balikis (RV1)	to roll up, fold up [sleeves]
	Balikisa ring saewae. / Roll up your pants.
balikutót (RV7)	to be/get twisted, bent, crooked, turned around
	[Cf: tikó', baliskad]
balikwa' (RV1)	to turn/set upright; turn over [upright]
	Gakueób imáw magtúeog. Ginbalikwa' ko. / He sleeps face down. I turned him over.
balikwas (RV1)	to disarrange, upset, twist out of shape
	Ginbalikwas ku bágyo ro ámong atóp. / Our roof was twisted out of shape by the storm.
balighot (RV1)	to tie up [Opp: húbad]
baligya' (RV2)	to sell, offer for sale
baligya' (n)	goods for sale [Syn: tinda(h)]
búebaligya' (RV5)	to play store [children's game]
baealigyá-an (n)	market [Syn: tindáhan]
balihá(h) [Sp] (n)	mail bag; basket, tray
balilá' (n)	{fish--quite long, with plenty of spines}
balilig (n)	gunwale [side or edge of a boat]
balilin (RV1)	to roll up [Cf: balikis] [Oak: to overturn, roll over]
	Balilina ro banig. / Roll up the sleeping mat.
[Oak]	Ginbalilin it húmbak ro baróto. / The banca was overturned by the waves.
balimbod [Bkd] (RV1)	to tie up; tie around [Alt: bulibod]
balintawák (n)	[native dress--knee length, worn only for dances]

balentáyn [Eng] (n)	Valentine [card sent on Feb. 14]
balintong (RV6)	to stumble, roll over
balingág (adj)	stubborn, hard-headed [Alt: bulingág, búngkoe]
baling-baling (adj)	unsteady, aimless [said of a flying object without aim]
balinghoý (n)	[bush, edible tubercule] cassava. <u>Manihot esculenta</u> Crantz.
balióg (n)	high collar [as found on some native dresses]
b'isa [Sp] (n)	valise, overnight bag [Cf: malíta]
balisbisan (n)	eave(s) [the overhanging part of a roof]
baliskad (adj)	backward(s), switched around, reversed, inverted, opposite
baliskad (RV1)	to turn inside out; invert, reverse, switch around Baliskára ring eámbong kon tumáeang ka siing dáean. [max] / Turn your shirt inside out if you happen to lose your way.
balisóng (n) [Tag]	[knife--long, sharp, common to Batangas]
balít (n)	[tree--very hard red wood] <u>Euphoria didýma</u> Bl.
balíta' (n)	news, report; newspaper
balíta' (RV2)	to report, tell the news
balítaw (n)	ballad [vocal duet in song-story form]
pambalitáwan (n)	operetta [native version]
baléte' (n)	baléte tree. <u>Ficus benjamina</u> L.
Baléte' (n)	Baleté, one of Aklan's 17 municipalities
Baletén-on (n)	citizen of Baleta
balitók (RV1)	to throw (at)
balíw (n)	[bush--used for making mats] <u>Pandanus copelandii</u> .
balíw (ST4) [sup]	to be bewitched, be stricken ill by an evil spirit Binalíw si Cárlo. / Carlo was stricken ill by an evil spirit.
báliw-báliw (n)	bridge of the nose; place between the eyes
Balúsbus (n)	barrio of Malay
bálot [Eng] (n)	ballot, vote [Alt: balóta]
balót (n)	[a partially developed fertilized egg--usually boiled and served as a delicacy]
balóta [Sp] (n)	ballot [Alt: bálot]
balsamár [Sp] (RV1)	to embalm [Alt: embalsamár]
balyéna (h) [Sp] (n)	whale
bámpir [Eng] (n)	bumper [of a car, truck]
bámpira [Sp] (n)	vampire [Akl: wákwak] [Cf: áswang, tíktik]
banáag (n)	rays [of the rising sun]
banáag (RV7)	to be rising [said of sun]; send off rays
banábá (h) (n)	[tree--medicinal] <u>Premna cumingiana</u> Schaver.
baná-baná (h) (n)	[tree, fruit] guayabano. <u>Anona muricata</u> L.

bána'-bána' (n)	estimation, calculation; opinion
banág (n)	[snail--small, edible] [Alt: banagan]
bánag-bánag (n)	dawn [Cf: banág]
bánaw]pali[(RV3)	to wash [hands, feet]
	Palibánwi ring alima. / Wash your hands.
bán-aw (n) [sup]	fortune-telling, witchcraft [with help of spirits]
bán-aw (RV5)	to tell [someone's] fortune
pabán-aw (CV)	to have one's fortune told
manogbán-aw (n)	witch [in superstition]; prophet [in religious belief]; fortune teller, medium, soothsayer
	calculation, estimation, opinion [Cf: bána'-bána']
bánaw-bánaw (n)	owát binánaw-bánaw / no news about it
Banay-banay (n)	barrio of Malinaw
bánban (n)	[herb--used for roofing] <u>Donnax cannaeformis</u> .
banbánon (n)	centipede, millepede
bánda(h) [Sp] (n)	band, orchestra
bánda(h) (RV7)	to bounce back from [ball]
bandána [Sp] (n)	bandanna, large kerchief
bándi(h) (n)	[basket--small]
bándi' (n)	[candy--made from coconut and peanuts]
bandido [Sp] (n)	bandit, outlaw [Akl: buyóng]
bandehádo [Sp] (n)	platter, serving dish
bandili' [Ch] (n)	jeweler's hammer
bandilyo(h) [Sp] (n)	bann, public announcement [Akl: pahisáyod]
bandilyo (RV2)	to announce, notify [orally]
bandéra [Sp] (n)	flag [Oak: hayáhay]
bandiró (n)	jeweler's pliers
bándo(h) [Sp] (RV2)	to decree, declare, announce [orally]
	[Cf: bandilyo(h)]
bándying-bándying]pa[(CV)	to wander aimlessly
	bándying-bándying nga hinámbae [idm] / small talk (or) preliminary discussion before getting to the point]
bánhaw (ST2)	to rise from the dead
pagkabánhaw (n)	resurrection
bánhay (RV1)	to set in proper order, organize
baeaháyan [Nab] (n)	grammar, syntax
bánhay-bánhay (RV1)	to plan, conceive [of an idea], organize [in one's mind]
banig (n)	straw mat [used for sleeping]
bánlaw (RV3)	to rinse out [with water after soaping]
pamánlaw (DV)	to go through the procedure of rinsing things out
bándeod]pa[(CV)	to give preference to someone, favor
banóg (n)	[bird of prey--hawk]

banóg-banogón (adj)	having the eyes of a hawk
bán-os (RV7)	to rot, get spoiled/ruined [food, when bacteria begins to grow on it]
mabán-os (adj)	spoiled, ruined, rotten
mabacáp-óson (adj)	prone to spoil, easily spoiled [food], perishable
bános-bános (RV3)	to sharpen [Syn: báid]
bansaeágon (n)	[tree] kabiki. <u>Mimusops elengi</u> L.
bánsag (adj)	famous, popular, noted [Syn: bántog]
bánta' (n)	prophecy, premonition, "ESP", feeling
bánta' (RV5)	to have a premonition (or) feeling [that something will happen]
bántae (RV1)	to dam up
bántae (RV7)	to get dammed up; not flow [Opp: flig]
bantaeán (n)	tuna fish
bantála' [Hil] (RV2)	to announce, notify, herald; publish
Bantaling (n)	sitio in Madalag
bantatái (RV5)	to move bowels in one's clothing [gen]; to shit in one's pants [vul]
bántay [Ch] (RV4)	to guard, watch
bāeantayán (n)	watch tower; guard post
bántay-áyam (n)	watch dog
manógbántay (n)	guard, watchman
bantili' (n)	[hard stone] [Alt: bató-bantili']
bánting (RV3)	to tie down, support with cords [like a tent]
bántod (n)	dry field [for planting] [Opp: húnod] [Cf: eanás]
bántog (adj)	famous, noted, well-known [Syn: bánsag]
bántog (RV2)	to announce
kabantogan (n)	fame, popularity
bántot [Tag] (adj)	bad-smelling, stinky [Akl: báho']
banwa (h) (n)	town; country
kabanwahónan (n)	group of towns
kasimánwa (n)	fellow-citizen
mágbánwa [Oak] (n)	settler
pabánwa (RV9)	to go to town
pamánwa (DV)	to settle, stay in a place as a stranger
panimánwa (DV)	to settle down [together]
banyága' (adj)	criminally-inclined, evil-minded
bányo (h) [Sp] (n)	bathroom, lavatory [Akl: panlibánwan]
bányos (n)	rubbing agent [like Vicks]
bányos (RV2)	to rub with [something]
bányos (RV3)	to rub [someone]
bánga (h) (n)	[palm tree] palindan. <u>Orania palindan</u> .
Bánga (n)	Banga, one of Aklan's 17 municipalities
Banganhon (n)	citizen of Banga

Kabangahan (n)	barrio of Madalag
bánga' [slg] (RV4)	to kiss lips to lips
bangá' (n)	earthen jar, vase
bangá' [sl ₁] (adj)	clumsy, cannot catch [ball] well
bangáe (RV1)	to put something into the mouth in large quantities, gag; bribe [idm], shut someone up Baengón ta ikáw. / I'll gag you.
bángag (n)	[coconut beetle]
bangat (n)	longing, wishing, thinking
bangatí(h) (n)	[vine--with red and black colored seeds]
báng-aw (n)	rabid dog
bináng-aw (adj)	rabid, having rabies
bángbang (RV7)	to fall down, cave in [such as sides of riverbank]
Bángbang (n)	barrio of Balete
bánga(h) [Sp] (n)	banca, small boat, ferry
bangkíro (n)	ferryman
Bangkírohán (n)	barrio of Altavas
pamánga (RV5)	to ride a ferry
bángaê (n)	[tree--reddish fruit] <u>Nauclea juguhnii</u> . [náto]
bangkaláwag (n)	[tree] <u>Terminalia calamansanai</u> .
bángkas (n)	[chicken]
bángkat (n)	woven basket [for small fishes]
bángkaw (n)	spear
bángkay (n)	corpse, dead person
bángkil (n)	canine tooth/teeth, fang
bangkíling (n)	[tree, fruit]. <u>Cicca acida</u> .
bangkíta [Sp] (n)	sidewalk, pavement [Syn: eskinita, sáydwok]
bangkíti [Sp] (n)	banquet, feast [Akl: sáeo-sáeo(h)]
bangkító [Sp] (n)	stool [Cf: bángko']
bángo(h) [Sp] (n)	bank [public building where money is stored]
bángo' [Sp] (n)	bench, seat, chair
bángkok (n)	[tree] binucao. <u>Garcinia binucao</u> .
bangkolísán (n)	[tuna fish]
bangkulít (n)	bark [of tree]
bángdáy (RV3)	to cross, conflict; overlap [ideas]
bángo' (n)	bun, chignon; wig
bángoos (n)	milk fish
binángoos (adj) [n]	shaped like a milk fish; [type of bolo]
banggá' (RV3)	to ambush
banggá' (RV6)	to collide, hit-together
banggad [sup] (RV1)	to touch to the lips of a child [in order to determine its character--usually done to young babies] Náno ro bánggad kimo, puyás it báboy? [vul]/ What touched your lips [when you were a kid]--

banggira(h) [Sp] (n)	a pig's vagina? [implying one is talkative]
banggirahán (n)	... ginbággad it krus / touched with a cross
banggod (RV1)	[implying one is well-behaved]
banggorán (n)	... ginbággad it pasáyan / touched with a shrimp
baeanggorán (n)	[implying one is lively and active]
banggoy (n)	rack, tray
bangí' (adj)	place where dishes are dried and stored
	to husk [coconut].
	[pointed piece of wood used to husk]
	husking shed (or) site
	[crab]
	unmatched, mismatched, uneven [two different
	sized shoes, stockings, etc.]
bangíl (n)	shim [something used to level off an unbalanced
	table or chair that is wobbling]
bángil (RV1, 3)	to put a shim or stopper under [something]
bangilád (n)	[tree] <u>Sterculia oblongata.</u>
bangis:ma [Tag] (adj)	cruel, savage, mean
kabangis (n)	cruelty, savagery, meanness
bangód (prep)(conj)	because (of)
bangod (RV3)	to blame, accuse
	Bási' hibángdan akó, / I might be blamed.
bangdánan (n)	excuse, invented (or) false reason
kabangdánan (n)	cause, reason; excuse
pabangód (n)	false testimony
pabangód (CV)	to give false testimony, accuse wrongly
bángon (RV6)	to get up [out of bed], arise
pabángon (CV)	to awaken, wake [someone] up [Syn: púkaw]
bangúngot (n)	nightmare, bad dream
bangúngot (ST4)	to have a nightmare [believed to be fatal, causing
	the person to die of shock] [Cf: tupáy]
bangós [Tag] (n)	milk fish [Akl: bangeos]
bángsag [Bkd] (adj)	popular, famous [Akl: bánság]
	bángsag nga maeuey-on / noted for [his] mercy
bángto(h) (RV1)	to fry until very crisp
báo' (n)	snail
báo(h) (n)	[turtle--small] [Cf: pawíkan]
báo [idm] (adj)	dull, stupid
báo-báo (n)	[beetle--small, edible]
baóe [Sp] (n)	trunk, footlocker
báog (RV7)	to putrify, rot [like old eggs]
baóg (adj)	putrid, ruined, spoiled, rotten
baóg (adj) [idm]	sterile [incapable of bearing children]
báon [Tag] (n)	provision(s); supply [for a journey] [Akl: baéon]

bapór [Sp] (n)	steam boat; ocean liner, ship [Cf: bárko(n)]
bar [Eng] (n)	bar [place to drink]
bárah (h) [Sp] (n)	crow bar; bar [1 meter in length]
barahán (n)	meter stick, measuring stick
bará(h) (ST3)	to get stuck, run aground Nabará ro sakáyán. / The boat ran aground.
barábae [Bkd] (adj)	harsh, unrefined, ill-mannered, rude, crude [Alt: bardbae]
barábaw (n)	[small bat] [Cf: kabóg, kuyápnit] (flying animal)
báarak [Eng] (n)	barracks
báarak (RV5)	to not let others get a word in edgewise, speak quickly Kon maghámbae imáw hay nagabáarak eang. / When he speaks he won't let others get a word in edgewise.
baráka(h) (n)	store, booth [Related Sp: barraca, verraca]
barakilan (n)	side girder of house [which supports truss]; wooden frame of tin roofing, rafters
barakúda [Eng] (n)	barracuda [fish]
baráha(h) [Sp] (n)	playing cards; deck of cards
bárandílya (n)	railing [of staircase] [Alt: brandílya]
bárang [sup] (n)	black magic, voodoo, witchcraft; curse
bárang (ST4)	to be cursed, bewitched [sickness brought on by voodoo]
manógbárang (n)	sorcerer, witch/wizard; practitioner of voodoo
baránggay (n) {Oak}	[native boats--of historical import, which brought the first Malaysian settlers']
baránggay (n)	club, group, organization
báras [Sp] (n)	barbell, weight [for physical exercise]
báras (RV5)	to lift weights, develop one's muscles
barásán (L)	bars used for physical exercises
barás-barás (n)	[newly developing ear of corn]
larát [Sp] (adj) {slg}	cheapskate, always underpaying, miserly [Cf: baráto] [Syn: korípot, dimot]
baratílyo [Sp] (n)	discount sale, closeout
baráto(h) [Sp] (adj)	cheap, inexpensive, reasonable
baráto (n)	trifle, cheap gift Táw-í akó it baráto. / Give me some trifle. to find inexpensive, not consider expensive Nabaratóhan akó ku kárne iyá sa Kalibo. / I find meat inexpensive here in Kalibo.
baráto (ST5)	
bárbas [Sp] (n)	beard [Akl: búngot]
pamárbas (RV6)	to shave (off) [one's beard] [Alt: pamárbas]
barbikyó(h) [Eng] (n)	barbecue

barbikyó (RV1)	to barbecue; cook over charcoal fire, frequently basting the meat [Akl: asáe]
bárbel [Eng] (n)	barbell, weight [for physical exercise]
barbéro(h) [Sp] (n)	barber [Akl: manógbúeog]
barberíya (n)	barber shop
bárbon (n)	lock of hair [growing by the forehead, the sides, or the nape of the neck]
barkilyo [Sp] (n)	barquillo [long, thin wafer rolls] [Alt: barkilyos]
bárko(h) [Sp] (n)	ship, boat, steamer [Cf: bapór]
buebárko (n)	toy boat
bárgas [Sp] (n)	iron plow
barikan [Bkd] (RV5)	to get drunk, drink until one is drunk [Cf: hilóng]
baril [Sp] (n)	gun
baril (RV1)	to shoot, gun down
baearílan (RV8)	to shoot at one another, have a gun fight/battle
barilis [Sp] (n)	barrel, large container
barina(h) [Sp] (n)	drill
barina (RV3)	to drill (into)
baríta(h) [Sp] (n)	bar [of soap]
binaríta (adj)	bar-shaped
bárlak (RV7)	to shine, radiate [Rel: gilák]
mabárlak (adj)	shiny, brilliant, radiant
barúbae (adj)	harsh, rough, unrefined, crude, rude, impolite [Syn: barághae] [Alt: barúbae]
bároe (n)	dried, salted fish [Alt: báeoe]
baróng [Tag] (n)	barong [native men's shirt for formal wear]
baróng (RV5)	to wear a barong
baróng-baróng (n)	shack, shanty, makeshift house
barót [Hil] (adj)	stale, bad, spoiled [tobacco]
baróto(h) (n)	outrigger canoe
buebaróto (n)	toy outrigger canoe
pamarótó (RV5)	to ride an outrigger canoe
barténde [Eng] (n)	bartender, person who fixes drinks [Cf: bar]
báryo(h) [Sp] (n)	barrio
kasimáryo (n)	barrio mate
pabáryo (RV9)	to go to the barrio
tagabáryo (n)	person from the barrio; hick, hayseed [usually said with intent to insult] [Cf: búlad, tagabúkid]
bása(h) (RV1)	to read
baeasáha (n)	library, reading room; place for reading
baeasáha (n)	reading materials; something to read
pagbása (n)	reading [the act of reading]
básag (RV1) [ST3]	to break; [get broken]
baság (adj)	broken [Cf: samád, pusá', wasák, balí']

básbas (RV3)	to chip off; trim off
básket [Eng] (n)	basket [particularly as prepared for and sold at social functions in order to raise money]
basketból [Eng] (n)	basketball
basketból (RV5)	to play basketball
báskog (RV1)	to strengthen, make stronger/louder; turn up
	Baskóga ro rádyo. / Turn up the radio.
kabáskog (n)	strength; loudness
mabáskog (adj)	loud, strong
	Mabáskog ra límog. / His voice is loud.
talimáskog (n)	reinforcement; strength
talimáskog (RV3)	to reinforce, strengthen
bási' (Dp)	Modal particle expressing: "maybe, perhaps; might, may" [Cf: sigdro(h), pwéde, sabón]
	Bási' mahueog ká. / You might fall.
basín [Sp] (n)	toilet bowl; pot of a potty
basiyo [Sp] (adj)	empty [Syn: owát sfoéd] [Opp: punó']
basiwo [Sp] (adj)	empty [Alt: basiyo]
/ basiwo (n) [cor]	empty dish(es) [Alt: basiyo]
báslay (n)	[javelin]
básnig (n)	fish net
basnigan (n)	[type of boat used with fishing nets]
báso(h) [Sp] (n)	glass, tumbler
	sang ká básong túbi' / one glass of water
basúka(h) [Eng] (n)	bazooka [weapon]
basúk-ay (RV1)	to rummage through, look for something [in a big pile] [Syn: baedskay, ukay] [Opp: himos]
	Mabúhay ra basúk-ay ka naóg bágo makita' nána ro ángang bísti ku Santo Niño. / He rummaged through his clothing for a long time before he discovered his costume from Santo Niño.
básoe (RV1)	to blame, accuse, incriminate
	Hinugáy-a basóea. / Stop blaming [him].
basúra(h) [Sp] (n)	garbage, rubbish, trash
basurahán (n)	garbage dump, place for garbage/(or) trash
basuréro (n)	garbage collector, garbage man
básta [Sp] (intj)	stop! don't! [Akl: Tuman eon.]
básta [Sp] (conj)	so long as, provided that, just so long as, if
	Básta ikáw... / So long as it's for you, O.K.
	Básta maghípos ka eang, táw-án ka dáyon it dílsi. / So long as you'll be quiet, you'll be given some candy.
básta-básta (adj)	taken for granted, ordinary, common
básta-básta (RV1)	to take for granted. Ayáw akó pagbásta-pastáha.

bastón [Sp] (n)
bastos [Sp] (n)
bastós [Sp] (adj)
bastós (ST5)

binástos (RV5)
bat [Eng] (n)
bata(h) [Sp] (n)
bata' (adj)

bináta' (RV5)
kabatá-an (n)
bináta' (n)
batá' jig' (n)

kaigbata-án (n)
magbatá' (REL. v)
pág-iligbataán (n)
bataán (n)
batá'-batá' (n)
batak (RV1)
batakán (n)

batád (n)
batalán (n)
batáiyon [Eng] (n)
Batán (n)
Batang [Oak] (n)
tagaBatán (n)
batás (ST3)
batás (adj)
batás (RV1)
batás [ka] (int)

batásan (n)

pamatasan (n)
bataw (n)
batbat (RV1)

Don't take me for granted.
cane, baton, walking stick.
club [figure on old Spanish playing cards]
crude, rude, ill-mannered, "gross"
to consider rude, "be grossed out" [slg; AE]
Nabastosán akó ku imong ginhámbae. / I was
grossed out by what you said.
to speak (or) act crudely, be in bad taste
bat [as used for baseball]
bathrobe; housedress
childish, young, juvenile; immature
Batá' pat-ákon. / I'm still too young
to act young/childish
youth, juvenility
young man [Syn: soltéro]
relative, someone related by blood
Igbatá' námon imáw. / He is our relative.
relationship
to be related
people of the same blood or origin
"boy Friday", young helper; protege [FE]
"boy Friday", young helper; protege [FE]
to raise (up), hoist, pull/lift up [Opp: tónton]
[small machine with blade used for canning or
other home industries]
sorghum. Andropogon sorghum.
sink [Syn: banggirahán]
battalion [of soldiers]
Batán, one of Aklan's 17 municipalities.
[old name of Batán]
citizen of Batán
to wear out, suffer wear and tear
worn out
to endure, put up with, suffer [Syn: ántos]
Expression of disbelief or dismay: "Never!" "The
thought of it!" "It could never happen!"
Kabatás nga akó maghámbae karón! / I'd never
say anything like that!
manners, deportment; character
Bulók ro ándang batásan. / They have lousy
manners.
manners, mannerisms, characteristics, traits
[flat bean] batáw. Dolichos lablab Linn.
to pound out metal

pamábat (CV)	to lead [prayers, such as a litany, novena, etc.]
batí' (RV3)	to hear; perceive, sense, feel [Cf. bátyag]
	Owa' ako kabatí'. / I didn't hear.
baeatián (n)	sickness, disease
igbaeati' (n)	sense, sensation
inogbaeati' (n) [Oak]	conscience
památi' (RV3)	to listen to, hear (out)
	Památi-i akó. / Hear me out.
tigbaeatián (n)	plague, epidemic
batí(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to mix, scramble, mix together, blend
	Batíhá ro itlog ag piritóhon dáyan. / Scramble the eggs and fry them.
Bati-ano (n)	sitio of Maloko, Ibajay
batík (n)	[sideboards put on boat--to prevent waves from washing in during stormy weather]
batikdeon [Hil] (n)	gizzard [Alt: tikeon]
batíd (adj)	expert, well-versed [Syn: báid]
batíis (n)	calf, the lower leg
batíl (n)	barge
bátiri(h) [Engl] (n)	battery [Syn: bateriya]
bateriya [Sp] (n)	battery
batíti(h) (RV1)	to adopt, rear, raise, bring up, care for
batíya' (n)	wooden basin [Syn: dteang]
báto(h) (n)	piece [FE], unit [AE] [although the standard American English idiom does not express the word]
	tátlong bátong baso / three glasses
	dáyang bátong kodák / two pictures
báto (RV1)	to do something one bit at a time, do piecemeal
bató-bató' (adv)	one at a time
bináto (adv)	done one at a time, piecemeal
bináto (adj)	printed [not handwritten in script form]
panigbato (RV2)	to spell out
tigsambáto (adv)	one by one, one at a time
sambáto (N. det)	one [preferably used with inanimate objects]
	[Alt: sambalog / one [with animate objects]]
báto' (RV3)	to fight back [Syn: sukoe]
bató(n) (n)	stone
bató (RV1)	to stone, throw stones at [Syn: eapóg]
batóbaláni' (n)	magnet
kababátwan (n)	stony area/place
pamató (RV3)	to anchor [a boat]; weight, weigh down
	[Cf. angkla(h)]
batuanon (n)	[fish]
bató-báto(h) (n)	kidney

Báto-bato (n)	barricade of Ilokano
bátok [Tag] (n)	nape [of neck] [Akl: íngkoy]
batód (n)	[shrimp--very small]
bát-oe (n)	orop [usually rice or corn, or both] planted directly in dry soil with harrowing [Cf: bántod]
bát-oe (RV3)	to plant in dry soil [as opposed to planting in mud]
bát-oe [pa] (CV)	to warn, advise, call one's attention to
báton (RV1)	to receive, accept, take, acquire
báton it asáwa [idm]	to marry, take a wife; settle down
batóng (n)	[large net made of rope]
pamatóng (RV5)	to catch pigs [using large rope nets]
batúta (h) [Sp] (n)	billy club, policeman's stick
batúlong (n)	cradle [for baby]
bátsi (h) [Sp] (n)	rut, hole in the road
bátsoy [Ch] (n)	bachoy [noodle and meat recipe]
bátwan (n)	[tree, fruit] <u>Dracontomelum dabo.</u>
Batwan (n)	barricade of Iloilo
bátyag (RV1)	to feel, sense, perceive [Cf: batí]
baeatyágon (n)	Ginabátyag nána ro kasakit. / He feels the pain.
památyag (DY) 1	emotions, feelings
památyag (n)	to feel, experience, sense
panghimátyag [Nab] (n)	feelings; health
baw (intj)	Komústa ring památyag? [idm] / How do you feel?
báw-a (intj)	interjection--[part of speech]
báwae (adj)	Exclamation of surprise: "Wow" [Syn: abáw]
báwae (V. det)	Exclamation of surprise or doubt: "Wow" "Really?"
báwae (RV1)	forbidden, prohibited
báwang (n)	is forbidden, is prohibited
bawáng-bawáng (n)	Báwae ro pag-íhi' sa plása. / Urinating at the plaza is forbidden.
báwas (RV1)	Báwae mag-óbra kon Domingo. / It is forbidden to work on Sundays.
báwas (RV3)	to forbid, prohibit
báw-as (adj)	garlic. <u>Allium sativum.</u>
báwi' (RV1)	[flower--lavender, smells like garlic]
bawóg (n)	to eliminate, get rid of, take away, remove
bayá' (RV3)	to subtract, deduct, take (from)
biróna' lang [idm]	childless; sterile, impotent
pabayá' (CV)	to reclaim, repossess, take back, salvage
	[bamboo spring in a booby trap]
	to ignore
	"Forget it." "Never mind." "It's O.K."
	to let pass, not care about, ignore
	Ro Dyos owá' gapabayá' sa táwong nagahingúha.

pabáya'-báya' (CV)

bayábas [Tag] (n)

báyad (n)

báyad (RV3)

báyan-báyan (n)

bayáni(h) [Tag] (n)

bayanihan [Tag] (n)

báyang (RV1)

mangbáyang it káleon

Bay-ang (n)

Bay-ang (n)

báyaw (RV1)

báyaw (n)

bayáwas (n)

báybay (n)

Báybay (n)

Báybay (n)

báyi(h) (n)

babáyi (n)

binabáyi (RV5)

báyi-báyi (n)

bayente [Sp] (n)

báyle(h) [Sp] (n)

báyle (RV6)

baylehan (n)

báylo(h) (RV1)

kabáylo (n)

báylok (n)

baylokan (n)

báynte (n)

bayó (R)

báyo' [Hil] (n)

bayód (n)

báyolit [Eng] (adj)

bayonita [Sp] (n)

bayóok (n)

/ God does not ignore a person who tries to not care much (about), be half-hearted guava. [tree, fruit] Psidium guajava L. [Alt: bayáwas]

payment, pay

Pilá ring báyad karon? / How much did you pay for it?

to pay (for/off)

Bayári eági ring utang. / Pay your debt right away.

banister, balustrade, railing [along stairway]

hero [Akl: bagáni(h)]

self-help, cooperative project. [Akl: sagibín]

to make [pottery], form earthenware [vessels]

/ pot maker

sitio of Maloko, Ibaday

barrio of Batan

to lift up, hoist; attach [by lifting and then putting into place]

brother-in-law [Cf: hipag / sister-in-law]

guava. [tree, fruit] Psidium guajava L.

beach, seashore; bank [of river]

barrio of Makat

barrio of Tangalan

woman, female

woman, female [Alt: bayi(h)]

to act like a female [said of a male], be effeminate

[dessert made of rice, coconut and sugar]

twenty, 20 [Alt: baynte, veinte]

dance

to dance

dance hall, place for dancing

to change, exchange; trade

exchange, trade [item used in an exchange]

[unit of dry measure--1/2 coconut husk full]

shell used for measuring. [coconut]

twenty, 20 [Alt: bayente, veinte]

to box, hit, pound, pommel

Báywon ta. / I'll box you.

dress, shirt, clothing

[insect--worm-like]

violet [colored] [Syn: lila, bioleta]

bayonet

mumps [disease]

bayóng (n)	huri bag [usually for 1 cavan] [Cf: kabán]
bayuyan (n)	[fish]
biás (n)	joint; notch [of finger] [FE]; [internode of flora-- the part between the joints of flowers and plants]
biaw (n)	clean water [stored for drinking purposes]
biaw (RV1)	to store (water for drinking in some container)
bíba(h) [Sp] (intj)	"hooray" "lóng live" [Alt: viva]
bíba(h) [Sp] (adj)	vivacious, lively, full of life [female]
bíbo (adj)	vivacious, lively, full of life [male]
	Bíbo gid nga umgá' si Rey. / Ray is quite a lively kid.
bibi (n)	[duck]
bi-bi' (n)	edge, steep side [river; tabletop]
	sa bi-bi' it subá' / at the edge of the river
bibig (n)	lip(s)
bibíngka [Tag] (n)	[cake made of rice or cassava, cooked between two fires] [Akl: bingka]-
	Mátsa bibíngka ka. [idm] / You're like a cake cooked between two fires [implying that one is caught in a dilemma].
bibirón [Sp] (n)	baby bottle
bíbo(h) [Sp] (RV5)	to keep the ball in continuous play [volleyball]
bíbo(h) (RV1)	to dribble, bounce (a ball) [basketball]
bíbo (adj)	lively, full of life, vivacious [Cf: bíba(h)]
bébot [Tag, slg] (n)	gal, girl
bíka' (RV1)	to spread the legs apart, do a split
biká(h) (n)	shard, potsherd [broken piece/chip off of earthen- ware vessels]
biká-ka' (RV5)	to squat/sit with the legs far apart (or) open mumps [disease] [Syn: lamparónis]
bíki' (n)	to swell up, become enlarged (or) enflamed
bikil (RV7)	[dessert] [game--stone tossing]
bikó(h) (n)	[bird--crow]
bikúkok (n)	hip [part of body]
bíkoe (n)	victim
biktima [Sp] (n)	victory
biktóri [Eng] (n)	Victory Joe [American soldier who served during the liberation struggle]
"Victory Joe" (n)	clumsy, unskilled, not good at [Opp: sampáton]
bikwáeon (adj)	to chirp, twitter [birds]
bíkwik (RV5)	hero [of story, movie]; main actor
bída(h) [Sp] (n)	[Opp: kontrabida / villain]
bidyó' (RV1)	to go spear-fishing underwater
bídyo' (n)	diving spear

biga' [vul] (n)	sexual excitement (or) feeling [Cf: deag]
bigá-on (adj)	oversexed [female] [Syn: kátlan, ueagan]
Bigá-a (n)	barrio of Lezo
bigki(h) (n)	edge [of any solid surface] [Cf: bi-bi']
bigki (RV2)	to move to the edge
bigkis (n)	sash [piece of cloth wrapped around the waist]
bigóe (RV7)	to swell, get swollen [said of parts of the body]
bigóti(h) [Sp] (n)	moustache
bihag (RV1)	to capture; get the prize [at a cock fight]
bihag (n)	capture, prize [of the winner]/forfeit [of loser]
pamihag (DV)	to invade and capture, take over, seize
	Bilihagán kitá. [expr] / "Winner owns loser." [the winner not only wins his money prize, he also will get the dead rooster for an additional prize]
bihod (n)	fish egg(s), caviar
bichánan (adj)	filled with fish eggs
	bichánan nga pamisáea [idm] /-a phrase pregnant with meaning [AE]
bihon [Ch] (n)	noodles [for pansit]
Viérnes [Sp] (n)	Friday [Alt: Biyernes]
bilang (Dp)	somewhat like, considered as, like [Syn: mátsa]
bilang (RV1)	to consider (as), reckon (as)
	Ginabílang kitá ku Diyos nga limpyo. / God con- siders us clean.
bilánggo' [Tag] (RV1)	to imprison, jail
binilánggo' (adj)	imprisoned
bilanggó-an (n)	prison, jail
biláog (n)	[shell]
bilás (n)	[the relationship of two outside in-laws--such as the wife of one brother to the wife of another bro- ther]
bilásyon [Sp] (n)	wake (or) novena held on the anniversary of death
bilát [vul] (n)	vagina [stf]; female sex organ [gen]; "cunt" [vul] "Bilát iná na." [very vulgar expression]
bilbit [Eng] (n)	velvet
bilí(h) (n)	cost, price, value, worth [Cf: háega, présyo]
	Pilá ro ángang bilí? / How much is it worth?
bilí (RV5)	to be worth, have a value, be priced (at)
bilí' (n)	[tree] <u>Dracontomelum edule.</u>
bilíbid (n)	jail [named after a street in Manila where the famed jail was located]
bilíbid (RV1)	to jail, imprison [Syn: "Munting-lupa"]
bili-bili(h) [Hil] (RV7)	to trickle, run slowly [water] [Cf: dahilíg]
bilid (RV1)	to appraise, examine

	Bídla it mayád bágo bumakáe. / Examine [it] well before you buy.
bilídon (adj)	worthy of examination (or) appraisal
bilídhon (adj)	noteworthy, exemplary, admirable
	[Opp: lilikawan / worthless]
bilin (RV2)	to leave behind; order, request
bilin (n)	order, request
	Kahápon umabót ro ákong bilin sa Manila. / Yesterday my order from Manila arrived.
hiblin (RV2)	to order; notify
iblin (RV6)	to stay behind [to watch or guard], remain behind
iblin (n)	guard, watch [someone left home to watch or take care of the house]
inóghibilin (n)	notification, order; message, request, note
pabilin (CV)	to force to remain, ask to stay (behind)
panagoblin (n)	message, last will, last words, testament; maxim
Belén [Sp] (n)	Bethlehem; creche, a manger scene [Christmas]
Belén (n)	barrio of Libakaw
bilíng (ST4)	to get cramps
bilís [ma] [Tag] (adj)	swift, speedy, fast [Akl: mabákas]
kabilís (adj)	swiftness, speed
mabilís [idm] (adj)	having an accent on the final syllable [grammar]
bilisád-on (n)	proverb, maxim [Cf: bisáea]
	[Syn: silinghánon, hueubáton]
bilo(h) [Sp] (n)	veil
bilo (RV3)	to put on a veil
pabilo (n)	wick [of a lamp or candle]
bilóg (RV1)	to consolidate, unify, make into a single unit
bilóg (n)	unit [AE]; piece [FE] [not usually said in idiomatic American English]
	dáywang bilóg nga manó! / two chickens
sambilog (N. det)	one [originally used for counting animate objects or people, but now alternates with sambato (cf)]
tigsambilog (adv)	one at a time, one by one
bilóg (adj)	solid, entire, whole; full [moon]
	Bilóg ro búean. / The moon is full.
bilóng-bilóng (n)	[fish--thin]
bilós [Sp] (n)	[sailboat--noted for its speed]
bilyánte [Sp] (n)	diamond [Alt: brilyante]
bilyánte négra (n)	black diamond
bilyéte [Sp] (n)	love letter
bilyónes [Sp] (n)	billion(s)
binaeók-an (n)	empty coconut [cut into two]
binángoos (n)	[bolo--named for its shape like the milk fish]

bendísyon [Sp] (RV3)	to bless, give a blessing
bendísyon (n)	blessing
bendíta (h) [Sp] (n)	holy water
bendíta (RV3)	to sprinkle with holy water
benditádo (adj)	sprinkled with holy water, blessed
manogbendíta (n)	[someone authorized to bless with holy water]
bindínggo (n)	[first stomach of cows and other ruminating animals where the cud goes]
bínhi' (n)	seed, grain
pamínhi' (RV5)	to prepare seeds for planting
bínhi' (intj)	"Give up." [said when a riddle cannot be answered]
bínhod (ST4)	to tingle, be numb, "fall asleep" [said of some part of the body that tingles when kept long in one position] Nabínhod raáng sikí. / My foot fell-asleep.
bínfas (n)	section, internode, joint [of plant, finger] [Alt: biás]
biníray (n)	[sailboat--usually three boats tied together during a water festival]
biníray (adj)	hanging, suspended on a line [clothes]
binít (n)	side
pabinít (RV9)	to go to the side
paminít (n)	siding(s)
Binitinan (n)	barrio of Balete [Cf: bitín]
bínlod (n)	smallest particles of winnowed rice [Syn: bintok]
bíno(h) [Sp] (n)	wine
bintáha (h) [Sp] (n)	advantage [Opp: depkto, disbintáha(h)]
kinabintáha (n)	principal advantage, most advantageous thing Kinabintáha nimo ron. / That's your biggest advantage.
bintána' [Sp] (n)	window [Alt: dueungáwan]
bintiladór [Sp] (n)	automatic (or) electric fan [Alt: bentiladór]
bínting (n)	[part of a weaving machine]
bíntok (n)	smallest particles of winnowed rice [Syn: bínlod]
bíntoe (n)	[fish trap]
Venturánza [Sp] (n)	barrio of Banga
bintósa' [Sp] (n)	[vacuum instrument for sucking pus from wound]
bingá(h) (n)	hull(s) [of rice]
bingahón (adj)	having hulls [poorly milled rice]
bingat (RV1)	to pull open, pull apart
bingaw (adj)	gap-toothed, missing a tooth/missing teeth
pamingaw (DV)	to lose teeth [as children, old folks]
bingka(h) (n)	[dessert cake] [Cf: bibíngka(h)]
bingkit (RV1)	to join, unite, tie together [Cf: ángkop]
bingkong (RV7)	to curl up [fingers, paper]

binggae (RV1)	to provoke, bully, go against
binggaróe (n)	bully, someone constrained to provoke another
binggit [Tag] (n)	edge, rim [Akl: binít]
violín [Sp] (n)	violin [musical instrument] [Akl: rabíl]
birá(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to pull [Opp: súlong] [Syn: búlong]
birá (RV3)	to sock, punch, box, hit
biráda (adj)	forced; pulled
birang (n)	wc. en abaca fibres [used to make mosquito nets]
bérbo [Sp] (n)	verb [grammatical term] [Akl: buehátón]
bérde(h) [Sp] (adj)	green
bérde [idm] (adj)	obscene, "dirty"
	bérdeng hámbae / obscene language
bérha [Sp] (n)	grill (or) grating [as on window]
birhin [Sp] (n)	virgin
Birhin (n)	Virgin Mary
biri-biri [Eng] (n)	befi beri [disease caused by lack of thiamine]
birmúda [Eng] (n)	bermuda grass. <u>Cynodon dactylon.</u>
bernakulár [Sp] (n)	vernacular, native language
biróna' lang (intj)	"Never mind." [Ctr: pabáy-i' rúna']
birso [Sp] (n)	verse [of a poem] [Cf: binaeáybay]
bérso [Sp] (n)	explosives, fireworks
birtdey [Eng] (n)	birthday [Akl: kinatawóhan] [Sp: díyas]
birtúd [Sp] (n)	virtue; charm, talisman [Oak: baeá']
birtston [Eng] (n)	birthstone
bisa [Eng] (n)	visa
bisa [Tag] (n)	effect, result
bisá(h) [Sp] (RV3)	to kiss the hand (or) forehead [of one's elders to obtain the parental blessing, done every evening and upon arrival and leavetaking]
	to go to someone for his blessing [Syn: ámen]
pabisá (CV)	word [a single word as opposed to a phrase]
bisáea (') (n)	maxim, short saying worth remembering
bilisád-on (n)	phrase
pamisáea (n)	to speak formally, address, lecture [Sp: diskúrso]
pamisáea (RV2)	hinge [of door]
biságra [Sp] (n)	although, no matter, even if
bisán (conj)	Bisán may hatón-an, owát batásan. / Even if [he is] educated, he has no manners.
bisáya' (n)	Visayas [region]; Visayan [person from Visayas]
binisáya' (RV5)	to speak Visayan; act Visayan; translate to Visayan
	Sin-o ro nagbinisáya' kará? / Who translated this into Visayan?
tagabisáya' (n)	Visayan [a person from the Visayan Region]
bisáyá' (n)	[rice--grown in the Visayas]

bisayas [Sp] (n)	the Visayan Region of the Philippines [Alt: Bisaya']
bisbol [Eng] (n)	baseball [Alt: béysbol]
bisbol (RV5)	to play baseball
biskit [Eng] (n)	biscuit, cookie, cracker [Alt: biskwit]
biskwit [Eng] (n)	biscuit, cookie, cracker. [Alt: biskit]
bisi [Eng] (adj)	busy, having little time [Alt: okupádo]
	Bisi abi' akó nga mayád makardn. / But I'm so-busy now.
bisi [Sp] (n)	vice- [as in vice-governor]
bisiklita [Sp] (n)	bicycle
bisín--- (Dp)	Particle used for quoting other's speech; "according to" "said" [Cf: sunó', kun---]
	Bisináyo? / Who said [it]?
	Bisínakon. / I said it.
bisis [Sp] (n)	time; term, occasion [Sp: vez, veces]
	sambisis malang / just once.
	dáyang bisis lang / just this time
	tátlóng bisis éon / the third time already
bisita(h) [Sp] (n)	visitor
bisita (RV3)	to visit, call on, drop in
bilisita(h) (adj)	always having visitors
bis-oe [Qak] (n)	heavy heart, reluctance
mabis-oe (adj)	heavy-hearted, unwilling, reluctant
	Mabis-oe raing buót gatao. / I give this quite reluctantly.
bisigo (n)	[fish]
bista(h) [Sp] (n)	trial [in court]
bista (RV3)	to try [a case in court]
bilistahan (n)	courtroom
bisti(h) [Sp] (n)	clothing; garment(s) [Akl: naóg] [Cf: flis]
bisti (RV3)	to help someone get dressed, dress [another]
bistido (adj)	dressed, clothed
bisto(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to see clearly, understand, know
	Bistohon ko ánay. / Let me see.
bistádo (adj)	clear, well-known, established, understood
bisto(h) (ST2)	to be discovered, get caught [hiding something]
bisyo [Sp] (n)	bad habit, vice [such as smoking, drinking]
bitá' (n)	[tree--source of quinine] <u>Alstonia scholaris</u> .
bitág (n)	trap for fowl [Syn: kisiw]
bitamina [Sp] (n)	vitamin(s)
bit-ána (irtj)	"Forget it" "Never mind" [Ctr: báy-i it ána]
bifas (RV1)	to slit open, split up; pull apart
bitay (RV1)	to hang, suspend
bilitayán (n)	gallows, place of hanging

bilitayón (adj)
bitbit (RV1)

bitá' (RV7)
bitik (n)
bitin (RV1)

bitin (RV1) [idm]
bitin (n)
beteráno [Sp] (n)
beterináryo [Sp] (n)
bitlag (n)
bétmed [Tag] (n)
bitóg (n)
bilitógan (RV8)
bitúon (n)
bitos (n)
bitsin [Ch] (n)
bitso-bitso [Ch] (n)
biya' (n)
biya' [Hil] (RV3)

biyáhe [Sp] (n)
biyáhe (RV6)
biyáya' [Nab] (n)
Biyérnes [Sp] (n)
biyolín [Sp] (n)
biyúting [Tag] (n)
béysbol [Eng] (RV5)
béysbol (n)
blákb'rd [Eng] (n)
blángkit [Eng] (n)
blángko [Sp] (n)
blúsil [Eng] (adj)
búang [Hil] (n)
búang-búang (n)
búaw (SI4)

boáya [Oak] (n)
bóbin [Eng] (n)
bóbo [Sp] (n)
bóbo (n)
bó-bo' (RV2)

condemned to be hung; deservng to hang
to carry in one's hand [usually by a handle,
like a suitcase or a trunk]
to crackle [in the pan while cooking]. [Alt: buti']
flea [as on dogs]
to pull up; dangle, hang (from) [Cf: bitay]
Nagabítin ro búnga. / The fruit is hanging.
to break a promise, leave stranded (or) hanging
[ánakè--poisonous]
veteran
veterinarian [animal doctor]
split bamboo, bamboo stick(s)
veterinarian [from "veterinary medicine"]
artificial money [for gambling purposes]
to play with/use artificial money
star [general term]
stomach worms; intestinal parasites [Syn: tóod]
monosodium glutamate [a food seasoning]
[rice pastry or dessert]
[the least favored rooster at a cock fight] [dejado]
to abandon, leave behind; quit
Ginbiya-an nána ro ánang pagtuón. / He quit
his studies.
journey, travel, trip
to travel, go on a trip (or) journey
mercy
Friday [Alt: Byérnes] [Sp: Viernes]
violin [Alt: violin] [Akl: rabíl]
homosexual, transvestite [Eng: beauty]
to play baseball [Alt: bísbol]
baseball
blackboard [Sp: pisára]
blanket [Akl: háboe]
blank, empty space
"blue seal" [FE], imported from the U. S. A.
idiot, fool, jerk [Akl: kumárgan]
fool, nut, jerk [somewhat "off"]
to be temporarily blinded [as a result of some
blow or shock] [Cf: búlag, púling]
crocodile
bobbin, spindle [for thread] [Sp: bobina]
simpleton, dullard, fool
[fish trap]
to pour out, dump out [Cf: tayón]

búbog (n)	pieces of broken glass
Búbog (n)	barrio of Numancia
bubón (n)	open well [Cf: artisyán]
búbon-búbon (n)	soft spot (or) crown [of infant's head]
bubóng (n)	inside roof
bubongán (n)	rafters, "attic" [FE], inside area of roof
buká' (RV1)	to open up [something usually that is hinged, like an oyster or can; also lips]
buká' (ST3)	to get opened up [Cf: bukás]
bokábok (n)	[banana] <u>Musa sapientum</u> var. ?
bokabók (n)	particles of dirt that fall during cleaning
bokabuláři [Eng] (n)	vocabulary [word list or all the words known to a person] [Alt: bokabuláryo] [Akl: pamisaeahán]
búkad (RV1)	to unroll, roll open; unwrap
bukádkad (RV7)	to foam up, make currents [as water rushing in the river or above the propeller of a boat] [Alt: alimbúkad]
bukáe (RV7)	to boil [said of heated liquids] Nagbukáe ro anang dugó. / His blood boiled [with rage].
pabúkae (CV)	to boil in water; bring to a boil [Cf: eá-ga']
bukáekág (adj)	not tightly wrapped, loose
bukág (adj)	conceited, proud [Syn: bugaeón]
bokál [Sp] (n)	vowel
búk-an (n)	grub worm
bukás (RV3)	to open up [window, door]
bukás (ST3)	to get opened up [by accident] Bukás ro pwérta. / The door is opened.
búkaw (n)	owl
búkaw [idm] (adj)	having uncombed, messy hair
bukáy (adj)	white, albino [color, skin]
bukáy (n)	[chicken--white]
bokaypláto [Sp] (n)	long-nosed pliers [boca y pato]
búkbayínding [Eng] (n)	bookbinding
búkbayínding (RV5)	to bind books
búkbuk (n)	bamboo gnat; powder (or) dust left by boring of insects
pataktak it búkbuk [idm]	./ open house, house-warming [ceremony]
búkead (RV1)	to open up [as hand] Síge, bukeára ring alíma. / Come on and open up your hand.
búkeas (RV1)	to snatch, grab, seize [quickly]
búkeas (ST3)	to get unloosened and collapse Nabúkeas ro moskitéro. / The mosquito net collapsed.

bukí' (RV1)	to open secretly, try to see
bukí' (adj)	'naive, ignorant, awkward, "green"
bukí-ki' (RV1)	to turn inside out [Syn: baliskad]
bákid (n)	mountain
bukídnón (n)	mountaineer; "hick", "hillbilly" [AE, slg]
kabukíran (n)	mountain range
pagabúkid (RV9)	to go to the mountains, "head for the hills"
tagabúkid (n)	person from the mountains; "hick", "hillbilly" [implying backwardness, said derogatorily]
bukírís (adj)	ignorant, green, awkward [Syn: bukí', bukískis]
bukís (adj)	ignorant, green, awkward [Syn: bukí', bukískis]
bukískis (adj)	ignorant, green, awkward [Rel: bukídnón]
bukó (n)	joint [of bambop], wrist [of hand]
bueobukó (n)	ankle [of foot]
búkod (RV5)	to become robust (or) stocky
kabúkod (n)	strength, robustness
mabúkod (adj)	robust, strong, well-built [body]; healthy
pagabúkod (CV)	to strengthen, cause to become robust
búkoe (n)	very young coconut
bukóe (RV7)	to swell up, protrude, stick out (through) [like a pen underneath a piece of paper] [Syn: bikí]
bukón (Neg)	"not", "no", "it is not" [used to negate nominals and adjectives or similar descriptions]
	Bukón it manggaránon imáw. / He isn't rich.
	Sápat ron?... Bukón. / Is that an animal?... No.
	[Cf: indí', owá', ayáw] [G. 196] [D. 31]
búkót (RV1)	to enclose, encage, gag up
pagabúkót (CV)	to cover up totally with a blanket, sleep completely under the covers [including head]
bukót (Neg)	[Ctr: bukón it] bukót gwápa / not pretty
búksing [Eng]/(n)	boxing
búksing (RV1)	to box, fight with fists
buksingan (n)	boxing arena
buksingíro [Cor] (n)	boxer, fighter
búktot (RV6)	to be hunch-backed, be stoop-shouldered
búktot (adj)	hunch-backed, stoop-shouldered
búkwang (RV1)	to make an opening (in)
búkwang (ST3)	to develop a leak [boat, dike]; break open
	Nabúkwang ro pilápil. / "The dike broke open.
	[jellyfish--causes itching if touched, unedible]
búkyá (n)	to wind up, spindle
búdbud (RV1)	Buddha
Búdhá (h) [Ch] (n)	to betray, commit treason
búdhí (RV1)	treacherous, guilty of treason
mabudhi-on (adj)	

bodíga [Sp] (n)	warehouse, store room
budíng [Lib] (n)	soot, carbon [Alt: bulíng]
búdlay (RV7)	to become harder, get more difficult [Syn: lisód]
búdlay (ST2)	to be exhausted, be overcome
búdlay (ST5)	to find difficult, consider hard, find exhausting Nabudlayán akó karón: / I find that hard.
kabúdlay (n)	hardship, difficulty
kabudlayán (adj)	most difficult, extremely exhausting
kinabudlayán (n)	fruit of one's labor (or) efforts
mabúdlay (adj)	difficult, hard, exhausting [Opp: maeumó]
pangabúdlay (RV5)	to suffer hardships, endure difficulties
buđól-búđol]ma[(adj)	short and stocky [Syn: mabúdot]
búđat]ma[(adj)	short and stocky
búdyong (n)	conch; sea-shell trumpet
bueá' (n)	froth, foam, bubbles [Cf: bueok]
bueá' (RV7)	to form bubbles (or) foam
bueá' [idín] (RV5)	to talk with pride (about oneself or others)
pabueá' (CV)	to talk nonsense, "foam at the mouth" [AE]
bueábod (RV1)	to wind, wreath
bueábod (ST3)	to get entangled
Bueábod (n)	barrio of Malinaw
búeak (n)	flower [generic term]
Búeak (n)	barrio of Batan
búeak-búeak (n)	embellishment [in a speech]; artificial flower(s)
bucád (RV1)	to dry out in the sunshine [Syn: bún-ag]
bueág (RV1)	to separate, disjoin; put/pull apart
bueág (RV4)	to leave one another, separate, go apart
bueahó' (RV5)	to cry aloud, weep loudly
búean (n)	moon; month
binúean (adj)	monthly
	PHASES OF THE MOON
	libóngdueóm new moon
	ligómdueóm new moon [Alt]
	kílap-kílap first sliver
	eati' first crescent
	údt-(h) half moon (waxing)
	paugsarón gibbous (waxing), 2nd quarter
	úgsad full moon
	pauđtohón gibbous (waning), 3rd quarter
	údto half moon (waning)
	pahimatayón last crescent; last quarter
bueáng (n)	blade [used in cock fighting]
búeang (RV2)	to enter [a rooster] into a cock fight
bueángan (n)	gallery, arena, place for a cock fight

bueangos (n)	long beard [Cf: búngot, bárbas]
bueaw (RV6)	to wake up late [after sunrise] [Cf: pueaw]
bueaw (ST4)	to become jaundiced
bueaw (n)	[fish--with yellow stripe]
bueawan (n)	gold
bueawánon (adj)	golden
bueaw-as (adj)	having a bad aim, unable to hit a target, "a lousy shot" [unable to hit even at a close distance]
bueawis (n)	[fish]
bueay (n)	stream, small tributary of a river
bueay (RV7)	to empty into sea water [said of river]
buebue (n)	hair [of animals or people]; feather(s) [of fowl] [Cf: baeahíbo]
bueo (n)	small, thin bamboo [used for torches]
bueo(h) ma (adj)	foul-smelling, having a bad odor, stinks [Syn: báho']
bueo' tag (ST2)	to feel like laughing, be struck by something funny, have something strike one as funny Natagbueo' ako. / [It] struck me funny.
makabueo'-bueo' (adj)	humorous, funny, makes one laugh, hilarious
bue-o' (n)	[the fat of chickens or other fowl near the tail]
bueo'-bueo' (n)	farse cock fight [using immature roosters for fun]
bueo'-bueo' (RV2)	to fight [immature roosters just for fun]
bueok (RV5)	to blow bubbles [Cf: bueá']
bueokan (n)	bladder [urine sack]
bueog (RV1)	to cut (with scissors); give a haircut (to)
pabueog (CV)	to get a hair cut Buega si Emmanuel. / Give Emmanuel a haircut.
bueog (n)	style of haircut Sadya ra bueog. / His haircut is nice.
bueogan (n)	[infected lymph gland; swollen--in crotch area]
bue-og (n)	fool, idiot
kabue-ogan (n)	foolishness, idiocy
pabue-og (CV)	to act like a fool, act crazily [AE]; do foolishness [FE]
bueogtas (RV5)	to overeat, eat too much
bueolilaw (n)	[fish]
bueon (RV6)	to whirl, go in circles; pirouette [said of dancer] [Alt: búyong]
bueon-bueonan it	manók (n) - stomach of a chicken [Cf: búnbun]
bueonlag (RV8)	to separate, split apart (in numbers) [Cf: bueág]
bueong (n)	medicine, cure
bueong (RV1)	to medicate, cure, administer medicine Buega imaw. / Give him [some] medicine.
pabueong (CV)	to go see a doctor; get medicine (or) medication
bueos (RV3)	to change off, alternate, replace

bucós (n)	replacement, substitute, alternate
·búeos-búeos (RV8)	to take turns, alternate with one another
pabueós (CV)	to let a replacement take over, find an alternate (or) substitute
pangbueós [Nab] (n)	pronoun [grammatical term]
Búeosangay (n)	sitio in Libakaw
bueúytan (RV8)	to hold hands [Cf: buyót]
bueúytan (n)	handle, knob; something to grab on to
pamúytan (n)	handle, knob; something to hold on to
búesa [Sp] (n)	pocket
bóesit [Ch] (n)	bad luck, misfortune [Alt: bóysit] [Cf: swérte]
bugá(h) (RV2)	to exhale, blow out [smoke of a cigarette]
búg-ak (adj)	proud, haughty, boastful [Cf: bugáe]
bug-akón (adj)	proud, boastful [without cause, inventing stories]
bugákay [Bkd] (n)	[Philippine bamboo] <u>Schizostachyum lima</u> . [Alt: bagákay]
bugáe (n)	pride, vanity
bugaeón (adj)	proud, vain [with regard to one's accomplishments or abilities] [Cf: búg-ak / proud without reason]
pabugáe (CV)	to cause to be proud; fill with pride
bugáhod (n)	Ikaw hay akong ipabugáe. / I am very proud of you.
'bugána' (ST5)	dirt
bugáng (n)	to be abundant, be plenty
bugáong (n)	[grass--used for making brooms] <u>Phragmites vulgaris</u> .
bugás (n)	[fish]
Bugasongán (n)	uncooked, polished rice
búg-at (RV6)	barrío of Lezo
kabúg-at (n)	to become heavy, get heavier
mabúg-at (adj)	weight, heaviness
búgaw (RV1)	heavy; weighty
bugaw (n)	to shoo, drive away; evict
bugaw (n)	fly whisk
bugáy [Bkd] (RV3)	matchmaker; pimp [person who acts as intermediary to make one person accept the love of another] [can also be a caller for prostitutes, i. e. pimp]
búgbug (RV1)	to give, offer
búgbug (ST2)	to beat to unconsciousness, knock out
búgkos (n)	to get knocked out
búgkos (RV1)	bundle, package
búghat (ST2)	to tie up, bundle, package
búghaw (adj)	to relapse, get sick again
bughók (adj)	having blonde (or) light-colored hair
	proud, vain, conceited, haughty [Alt: búg-ak]

búglit (n)	diarrhea, watery stool
búglit (ST4)	to get/have diarrhea
búgna' (RV3)	to bless; give grace
Magbubúgna' (n)	Grace Giver, God
búgnaw [Hil]]ma] (adj)	cold; fresh [Akl: eamíg] tūgnaw]
búgnay' (n)	[tree, red fruit] <u>Antidesma bunius</u> (L.) Spreng
búgno(h) (RV1)	to greet; strike up a conversation with
búgnot (RV1)	to yank, pull out
buguáy. (n)	one length of rope [Syn: eangkoy]
búg-ok (adj)	proud, conceited [Alt: bughók, búg-ak]
bug-óngan (adj)	plump; fat, stout [usually said of animals]
búgong-búgong (RV5)	to humm, buzz [insects, flies, bees]
búgos [Eng] (adj)	fake, counterfeit, bogos
búg-os (adj)	whole, entire, complete, total. [Opp: eághit]
	. sa búg-os nga probinsya / throughout the entire province
	Búg-os do ákong buót. [idm] / I haven't any doubt.
bugóy (adj)	naughty, nasty, delinquent [Syn: sutil, eahóg]
búgsak (adj)	[worked on by a great number of people at once in order to be finished quickly]
	paddle; oar [for boat]
búgsay (n)	to paddle; row [a boat]
búgsay (RV3)	to be awake [Opp: tdeog] [Syn: matá]
búgtaw (RV6)	wakefulness
búgtaw (n)	to wake up, have someone wake another up
pabúgtaw (CV)	to break, snap
búgto' (RV1)	to give away, snap, get broken
búgto' (ST3)	only child
búgtong (n)	barrio of Ibajay
Búgtong Bató (n)	river in Ibajay
Búgtong Bató (n)	creek in Libakaw
Búgtong Bató (n)	hard, not soft
búgyan (adj)	extravagant, fool-hardy, careless (with money)
buhá-ha' (adj)	to make, do, work; create
búhat [Hil] (RV1)	creature, creation
binúhat (n)	work, deed; verb [part of speech]
bueuháton. (n)	Creator [God]
Magbubúhat (n)	handiwork(s), one's creations
pamueuháton (n)	craftsman, creator
tagbúhat (n)	whirlwind, tornado
buháwi' (n)	to last a long time, endure
búhay (RV6)	long time, duration
kabúhay (n)	long-lasting, enduring; drawn out, takes too long
mabúhay (adj)	to draw out, prolong, make last a long time
pabúhay (CV)	

sa kabuhayan [idm]	in the long run; eventually, ultimately
búhi' (RV1)	to let loose, let out; free
kabúhi' (ST2)	to accidentally get loose; escape
	Nakabúhi' ro manok. / The chicken got out.
pagkabúhi' (n)	escape; freedom
buhí' (adj)	alive, still living [Opp: patáy]
kinabúhi' (n)	life[time]
kinabuhí-an (n)	biography
mamumúhi' (n)	life-giver; someone who keeps others alive [by supporting them, feeding them, etc.]
	those who subsist, subsisters
nabubúhi' (n)	to live
pangabúhi' (RV5)	occupation, livelihood [Syn: pangita']
pangabuhí-an (n)	playboy, Bohemian
bóhimyo [Sp] (n)	to subtract, deduct [Opp: dítang]
búhin (RV3)	subtraction, deduction
búhin (n)	tax
buhís (n)	to impose a tax (on)
buhís (RV3)	hole
búho' (n)	to bore a hole (in)
búho' (RV3)	hair [on head] [Cf: baehíbo, búebue]
buhók (n)	to open a dam, let water out
búhos (RV2)	ball [Alt: bóla]
bol [Eng] (n)	to bowl [Alt: hóling, háwling]
bol [Eng] (RV5)	ball
bóla [Sp] (n)	ball park, ball field
bolahán (n)	to flatter, speak insincerely; pull one's leg [AE]
bóla(h) (RV1) [Sp]	Ayáw akò pagboláha. / Don't flatter me.
	to get taken in, be played for a fool
	Habóla eon si Indáy. / Inday has already been
	played for a fool.
boléra (adj)	flatterer [female]
boléro (adj)	flatterer [male]
Bolábod (n)	barrio of Malinaw
bolákbol [Eng] (adj)	truant, half-hearted, not serious; not having permanent residence, always wandering
	to hang over, suspend overhead
boláda [Sp] (RV1)	an overhang
boláda (n)	kite
boladór [Sp] (n)	to become blind [Cf: búaw, páling]
bulág (ST4)	blind; blinded
bulág (adj)	having light-colored eyes
bulagís (adj)	fortunate, blessed, happy, prosperous
buláhan (adj)	Buláhan ro mgá nagapahúsay... / Blessed are.

	the peacemakers...
kabulahónan (n)	blessedness
bulalákaw (n)	[bird--believed to be carrier of evil spirits] [sup]
bulánglang (n)	[fish]
bulánglang (n)	[a combination of several vegetables which are cooked and served]
bulangóg (adj)	crazy [Syn: káumangón]
búlkán [Sp] (n)	volcano
búlkít [Eng] pa (CV)	to vulcanize; have vulcanized
búldog [Eng] (n)	bulldog
búldog [idm] (adj)	dull-minded, not very sharp
búlgar (adj) [Eng]	vulgar, improper, impolite, indecent
búlgor [Eng] (n)	[type of wheat imported from the U. S. A.] [Alt: búlgorwit]
bulí (h) (n)	palm fibers. <u>Corypha elata</u> .
bulí' (n)	rear, back sa bulí' it dyip / to the rear of the jeep to turn the rear (to)
tabulí' [vul] (RV3)	to wind (around), wind up [Syn: búdbud]
bólibod (RV1)	stunted coconut [nut]
bulíd (n)	a small child with a bloated stomach
bulíd [idm] (n)	to pile up in layers
búlid-búlid (RV5)	to roll around
bulíd-bulíd (RV6)	to help, assist
búlig (RV3)	help, assistance
búlig (n)	helper, assistant
kabúlig (n)	helpful
mabinuligón (adj)	paid helper(s)
mamumúlig (n)	to ask for help, have [someone] assist
pabúlig (CV)	to help out a great deal
pamúlig (DV)	bunch [of bananas or similar fruits]
búlig (n)	dwarfish, tiny
bulílit (adj)	to tie up [by running the string around many times] [Alt: bolíbob] [Opp: bádbad]
bolímbod [Bkd] (RV1)	[fish--very small] útok it bulináw [idm] / dull, stupid, brainless
bulináw (n)	bowling
bóling [Eng] (n)	to bowl, go bowling
bóling (RV5)	bowling alley
bolingán (n)	black stain [from carbon or charcoal]
bulíng (n)	stained, sooty
bulingón (adj)	stubborn, hard-headed [Alt: balingág, búngkoe]
bulingág (adj)	moody, bad-humored [Alt: buringót] [Syn: ingít]
bulingót (adj)	no good, worthless, of very poor quality, "lousy"
bulók (adj)	

bulóng [Tag] (RV2)	to whisper, speak softly [Akl: hutik]
bulóng-bulóngan (n)	rumor, gossip, "whisperings"
búlpén [Eng] (n)	ballpen [FE], ballpoint pen [AE]
búlto [Sp] (n)	package, bundle
búlto [Sp] (n)	statue, image [of saint]
may búto [idm]	has worth, value [things]; has an impressive personality or character [people]
Búlwang (n)	barrio of Numancia
bólyum [Eng] (n)	volume [member of a set of books]
búmba (h) [Sp] (n)	pump [for water, gasoline, etc.]
búmba (RV1)	to pump [water, gas]
bumbéro (n)	Binúmba nána ro túbi. / He pumped the water.
búmba (h) [Sp] (n)	pump man; fireman; fire-truck
búmba (RV3)	bomb
bumbay (n)	to bomb, drop bombs (on)
bumbilya [Sp] (n)	Binumbahán kami sa Tárلاك. / We were bombed at Tarlac.
bunák (adj)	Hindu, Indian
bunák (RV1)	light bulb
bunáe (RV3)	wet, damp [Syn: basá'] [Opp: mamaeá(h)]
bunáe (n)	to moisten, dampen, wet
bueunaeán (RV8)	to beat up, batter
pabúnae (CV)	stick [used for beating]
bún-ag (RV1)	to fight a free for all
binún-ag (n)	to accept a beating
búnbun (n)	to dry in the sunlight [Syn: bueád]
bún-i (n)	things dried in the sun [usually grain]
bunít (n)	young rice seedlings, rice shoots
bunít (RV5)	[white skin disease] ringworm
mamumunít (n)	fish hook [Cf: tigáwnan]
pamunít (DV)	to fish with a hook
bunó' (RV1)	angler [man who fishes with a hook]
bueún-an (RV8)	to go fishing with a hook (and pole)
binún-an (n)	to stab
búnok (RV7)	to stab one another
bunót (n)	a stab wound
bunót (RV3)	to rain heavily, "rain cats and dogs"
Bunsa (n)	coconut husk (or) fibre(s)
bunsiwik (RV5)	to husk [a coconut]
bueunsiwik (RV8)	Búnti ro niyóg. / Husk the coconut.
búntae (n)	barrio of Libakaw
	to squeal, shriek
	to squeal together [like a group of pigs]
	dry buri [used for weaving or mat-making]

buntataf(h) (n)	[tree] <u>Streblus asper</u> Lour
búntis [Tag] (adj)	pregnant [Akl: nábdos]
búnyag (RV3)	to water, sprinkle with water; baptize Bunyagi ro búeak. / Water the flowers.
búnyag (n)	watering, sprinkling; Baptism [sacrament] Hin-unó ro búnyag? / When is the Baptism?
bong (n)	[hide and seek game]
bong (RV5)	to play hide and seek
búnga(h) (n)	fruit
búnga (RV7)	to bear fruit Ro eangka' indí magbúnga it ríma. [max] / The jackfruit will not bear breadfruit.
bungahán [slg] (n)	list of answers for an exam, "cheat sheet" [AE]
mabungáhon (adj)	fruitful
pabúnga (CV)	to let bear fruit
tagbueungá (n)[Bkd]	fruit-bearing season [Alt: tiggbueungá]
tiggbueungá (n)	fruit-bearing season
búnga(h) (n)	betel nut [palm, nut] <u>Areca catechu var. alba</u>
búnga de tsína (n)	[palm] <u>Adonidia merrillii</u> .
bungabilya (n)	bougainvillea [flower]. <u>Bougainvillea spectabilis</u> .
búnga-bungá (n)	[mouse--small] [Cf: eánggam]
bungáéangaeán (adj)	talkative, verbose
bungá-nga' [Tag] (n)	mouth [Akl: bá-ba']
búngat (RV1)	to open
búng-aw (n)	[soft earth underground where termites live]
búngbung (n)	partition; temporary wall; metal ring on handle of a bolo
búngkag (RV1)	to dismantle, take apart, undo [Opp: tukód, bilóg]
búngkag (ST3)	to be disrupted, get taken apart
búngkat (RV5)[Bkd]	to ask for fire. [from others, when the hearth coals die]
búngkod (n)	fat (on the upper neck of animals) [Cf: búngkog]
búngkoe (adj)	stubborn, hard-headed, block-headed, unwilling to listen (to reason)
búngkoe (RV5)	to become stubborn (or) hard-headed
binúngkoe (RV5)	to act stubborn, be block-headed
búngkog (n)	hump [bump on back of some animals]
búngkogan (adj)	having a hump
búnggad (RV3)	to dig out earth [on the surface only], scratch away the topsoil
bunggaló [Eng] (n)	bungalow [type of one-storey house]
bunggo' (RV3)	to bump into, hit [together] [Alt: súnggo'] Binúnggo-án imáw it dyip. / He was hit by a jeep.
búnggod (RV3)	to pout [Syn: súnggod]

bungí' (adj)	having a hairlip [Alt: sungí']
bungó' [Tag] (n)	skull
bungóe (adj)	deaf, unable to hear
bungóe (ST2)	to become deaf
pabungóe (CV)	to act as if deaf, play deaf
bungóean (n)	[banana--long, yellow-green, delicious] <u>Musa sapientum var. suaveolens.</u>
búngog (n)	fool, stupid fellow, jerk
búngot (n)	whisker(s), beard, facial hair [Syn: bárbas]
panghimungót (RV5)	to shave [Syn: pamárbas]
búngsod (n)	small hill, mound
Búngsod (n)	barrio of Tangalan
bdeobúngsod (n)	big ant colony, tall ant hill
búo (n)	unit [of counting applied to foods contained in breakable shells, like eggs or coconuts] [It has no literal idiomatic English equivalent since English only states the number and the noun, not the unit.] sambúong itlog / one egg limáng búong hiyóg / five coconuts
buó' (n)	savings bank [empty coconut, bamboo tube, etc.]
buóe (n)	heel [of foot]
buóe (RV1)	to get; take; fetch Bue-ón ko sambáto. / I'll take one.
búog (n)	ear drainage
buógón (adj)	having a running ear
búong [Hil] (RV1)	to break [Akl: pusá', baság]
búot (RV1)	to put into a container, keep from air, suffocate
buót (n)	one's interior self; psyche
buót (RV1)	to accept [a proposal of marriage] Bút-a imáw. / Accept him. would like Buót ko ipaáthag kinyo... / I would like to make clear to you...
but-ánan (adj)	mature; kind, good
kabubút-on (n)	"heart" [AE]; interior self; deep inside (oneself) halín sa ákong kabubút-on / coming from deep within my heart
mabúot (adj)	good, kind, meek, not quarrelsome [Opp: mafsog]
Magbubúot (n)	Supreme Will, God
ihúot (ST2)	to be sincere; have near one's heart
panimuót (n)	attitude, totality of one's feelings
panghimuót (n)	attitude [Alt: panimuót] Mayád do ánang panghimuót. / He has a good attitude.

Borákay (n)	Boracay Island [off of Malay]
buráhos [Bkd] (ST4)	to get diarrhea, "have the runs" [have one's food pass through without proper digestion]
burbúr [Tag] (n)	semen [stf]; sexual fluids; "scum" [vul]
bórda [Sp] (n)	embroidery
bórda (RV3)	to embroider
	Binordahán ro ay María nga eámbong. / Mary's dress was embroidered.
bordadéra (n)	embroiderer [female]
pamórda (DV)	to embroider
búrdon [Sp] (n)	bass string [thick string of string instruments]
burádon [Sp] (n)	[verticle or oblique braces for roofing]
burí(h) (n)	burí palm [tree, fibers] <u>Corypha elata</u> . [Alt: bulí(h)].
buringót (adj)	bad-humored, moody, out-of-sorts, crabby [Alt: bulingót] [Syn: ingit]
búro(h) (RV1)	to put into salty water
binúro (adj)	salted [fish]
buró' (n)	pig. [Syn: báboy] [used when calling pigs]
Burwángga (h) (n)	Buruanga, one of Aklan's 17 municipalities
Burwangánon (n)	citizen of Buruanga
búrok (RV7)	to bubble, give off bubbles [Alt: búeok]
borúka (RV1)	to complain, shout out [in harsh manner]
bórúka (n)	complaint
borukínto (n)	complainer [male]
borukínta (n)	complainer [female]
búroe (n)	[jellyfish--edible]
buróe (RV2)	to embalm [Syn: embalsamár]
borúha (n) [sup]	evil witch, hag, crone [Sp: brúja]
borúha [idm] (n)	hag, "bitch", crank [person always scolding]
búrot [Hil] (RV5)	to babble, talk nonsense [not worthy of attention]
bos (intj)	"shoo" [sound made to drive away pigs]
bos [Eng] (n)	boss
bus [Eng] (n)	bus [Alt: awtobús]. [Syn: trak]
busá' [Oak] (conj)	therefore, then, thus , consequently [Syn: intónsis] [Cf: ngáni', dáyon]
bús-ak (RV1)	to chop [wood]
busáe (n)	bit, muzzle [for animals]
busáe (RV3)	to muzzle, put a muzzle (or) bit (on)
busáli' (n)	[part of framework of house]
busángsang (adj)	out of order, disorderly, rough, unkempt [Syn: magamó] [Opp: mahimos, madalíno']
busawák (RV7)	to flow, run, gush [with force, said of liquids] [Syn: áwas] [Cf: ágay / flow (slowly)]

búsbu (RV3)	to tear open, puncture, slit open [as with a knife] Ginbusbusán ku manók ro bayóng, ngáni' nauyang ro-pácay. / The chicken tore open the sack, so the rice got scattered.
búskad (RV7)	to open wide [like a flower] Nagbúskad raá bibíg. / His lips opened wide.
búsdik (ST3)	to get ripped/torn (open) Nabúsdik ro maháea'. / The pillow got torn open. Nabúsdik raá tiyán, busá' gunuwa' raá tinái. / His stomach was ripped open so that his entrails came out.
bosina(h) [Sp] (n)	horn [as on motor vehicles]
bosina (RV3)	to blow the horn
búsisaw (n)	[disease--causing frequent urination]
búsi-si' (RV1)	to investigate in detail; mind other's business
búsiéro [cor] (n)	busybody [male]
búsi-era [cor] (n)	busybody [female]
búsla(h) (RV4)	to confront, ask someone if he really gossiped about you, accost Buslahí imáw. / Go and ask him if he said that.
búslot (ST3)	having a rip (or) hole [garments] [Syn: gisi', gábot]
búnga (adj)	having big thick lips
búso (RV1)	to dive for, go sea-diving
búsiro (n)	diver
búsoe (n)	seed [Cf: binhi']
búso (Ch) (ST2)	to be full, satisfied [after eating] Búsi' mabusóg kat-íng kaón. / You might be filled by that [alone].
kabueñsgon (n)	fullness, satisfaction
makabueñsog (adj)	filling, quickly makes one satisfied
búso (n)	jewelry
búson [Sp] (n)	mail box, postal box [Sp: buzon]
bústa(h) (RV3)	to bleach
búswang (RV7)	to erupt, open up. [sore, boil]
Búswang New (n)	barrio of Kalibo
Búswang Old (n)	barrio of Kalibo
búsyad (n)	enlarged (or) inflated stomach, bloated stomach
búsyad (RV5)	to have a bloated stomach [Cf: búy-on]
búta(h) (RV1)	to blind, cause blindness [Cf: bulág]
búta (adj)	blind, blinded
búta-búta (n)	[game] "Blindman's bluff."
bútang (n)	thing, object
bútang (RV2)	to put, place (down, on) Butangán don sa lamésa. / Put it on the table.

butángan (n)	shelf; place for putting things
butáng-bútang (RV3)	to insinuate, falsify, make false accusation(s) Ayaw magbutáng-bútang sa imong isigkatáwo. / Don't lie about your fellow man.
bútay (n)	coconut blossom; [blossom of most palm trees]
pamútay (RV7)	to blossom forth
bútbut- (RV3) [sup]	to treat for a disease [done by a herbolario, during which process stones and/or small pieces of wood are extracted from the infected area]
bútkon (n)	arm; upper arm; sleeve [of shirt, dress]
buthimon [Oak] (n)	project [Ctr: buót himúon]
buthó' [Hil] (RV5)	to attend school, study [Akl: tuón, eskúyla(h)]
bueuthó-an (n)	school
bóti [Sp] (n)	bottle [Alt: bóte]
botliya (n)	small bottle, medicine bottle
bútf' (n) [adj]	popcorn; popped rice [popped]
butf' (n)	[disease--causing swelling on skin or in eye] pemphigus.
buti' (ST4)	to get a swelling of the eye or skin
botika [Sp] (n)	pharmacy, drugstore
botikáryo (n)	pharmacist, drugist
butig- (n)	wart
butig [Hil] (RV1)	to lie, deceive, tell a lie [Akl: puril]
butigón (adj)	deceitful, lying [Akl: purilon]
botiti (n)	[fish--poisonous, with bloated stomach]
botiti (adj)	bloated, swollen, inflated
bútlak [Oak] (RV7)	to shine, send off rays [Cf: sídlak, gilák]
bútlog (adj) [Bkd]	big-eyed [Alt: bútlak] [Syn: mátlag]
bóto(h) [Sp] (RV2, 3)	to vote (for)
bóto' (n)	penis [stf], male organ [gen]; "cock, prick" [vul]
butó (n)	blister
binútwan (adj)	blistered, having blisters
butó (RV7)	to hatch, crack open [eggs]; begin to rot [tree]
butó-butó [Tag] (n)	bone [Akl: tús-an]
butó'-butó' (n)	[ant--large, black] [Cf: tambubúto']
butó'-butó' [idm] (n)	"bootlicker" [AE], sycophant [FE] [someone who effaces himself insincerely in order to get what he needs or wants]
butód (RV7)	to swell up (due to gas), "become bloated [stomach]
butóe (n)	[insect--lice, as found on pigs]
but-óhan (n)	[banana--seedy] <u>Musa errans.</u>
búlong (RV1)	to pull, yank [Opp: dusó', súlong]
súlong-búlong (n)	push and pull
butóng (n)	young green coconut

pamutóng (RV5)	to eat young coconuts
butóng (n)	bamboo [regular]. <u>Bambusa vulgaris.</u>
butót (n)	[mudfish--baby, very young]
butót (n)	tadpole [baby frog]
bútyag [Oak] (n)	knowledge
pabútyag (CV)	to advise, inform (
búwa' [vul] (n)	prolapse [enlarged inner vaginal lips due to straining]
buwás [Hil] (adv)	tomorrow
pabuwás-buwás (CV)	to procrastinate, put off until later, delay.
bówel [Eng] (n)	[Akl: pabuyán-búyan] [Cf: ydeyaw-ánay]
bowilta [Sp] (RV4)	vowel [grammatical term] [Syn: bokál, pátnog]
bowitri [Sp] (n)	to return, come back again; turn around
boy [Eng] (n)	Bowlita ka hin-ága. / Come back tomorrow.
boy. (Intj)	[bird--hawk] [Cf: bánóg; tikwi']
búy-ad (RV6)	boy, houseboy, helper [Syn: sueugo-ón, kabúlig]
bubúy-ad (RV6)	"Boy" "Butch" "Kid" [used for calling boys]
buyágyag (RV2)	to have one's stomach protrude (or) stick out
búyan-búyan pa[(CV)	to have one's stomach protrude (or) stick out a little bit
buyáyaw (RV1)	to expose, reveal, lay open/bare
búybuy (n)	to procrastinate, delay, tarry, waste time
pamúybuy (RV3)	to scold, reprimand [Syn: bágyat, múeay, euyáw]
buyhánan (adj)	[tree--"cotton tree"; used for stuffing pillows and mattresses] <u>Ceiba pentandra L.</u>
pabuyhanán (CV)	to reprimand; advise one by pointing out his past bad deeds
búylog (RV2)	promised, reserved, kept for [someone]
búylog (RV6)	to reserve, set aside; look forward (to)
Buyo (n)	to join; group, put together
búyo' (n)	to join, go together with, accompany
buyó(h) (RV1)	sitio in Libakaw
búyok [Bkd] (RV1)	[leaves for chewing] <u>Piper betle.</u>
búyok [Oak] (ST2)	to deceive (about), conceal one's real intentions
búyod (n)	to tie down, bend downward(s) [Syn: pahápay]
búyog (RV7)	Buyóka ro bútay. / Tie the coconut flower so that it bends downwards.
mabúyog (adj)	to be charmed, convinced [Tag: búyo']
pabúyog (CV)	inflated tummy [of baby]
tambubúyog (n)	to be dizzy, whirl around
buyóg (adj)	dizzy, whirling
buyón (adj)	to cause dizziness; become crazy (or) abnormal [wasp]
	young, unripe [fruit] [Cf: hiláw]
	mute, speechless, dumb

búy-on (n)	bloated stomach, "pot", "beer-belly"
buy-ónan (adj)	having a bloated stomach (or) beer-belly
búyong (RV6)	to spin, turn around and around, go in circles
buyóng (n)	murderer, savage killer; pirate, brigand, bandit
buyót. (RV3)	to grasp, grab, hold (on to)
	Búyti ánay ra. / Please hold this for a second.
bueñytan (RV8)	to hold hands
bóysit [Ch] (n)	bad luck [Alt: bóesit] [Syn: dimálas]
brá [Eng] (n)	brassiere, "bra"
brandílya [Sp] (n)	railing(s) [of stairway] [Alt: barandílya]
bráso [Sp] (n)	upper arm [Akl: bútkon]
brayt. [Eng] (adj)	bright, sharp, intelligent, smart [Akl: maáeam]
brik [Eng] (n)	brake
brik (RV3)	to brake, stop, apply the brakes
brilyánte [Sp] (n)	diamond
Briónes [Sp] (n)	barrio of Kalibo
breyk [Eng] (n)	brake(s) [of a car] [Alt: brik]
bréyslit [Eng] (n)	watchband; bracelet
brokíd. [Eng] (n)	brocade [cloth]
brúha [Sp] (n)	evil witch [Cf, Alt: borúha]
brúndal (n)	[rice]
brónsé [Sp] (n)	bronze; copper [Cf: sawáy, tumbága]
brútsa [Sp] (n)	brush
brútsa(h) (RV1)	to brush (off, on)
Bwenavísta [Sp] (n)	barrio of Ibajay
Bwenavísta (n)	barrio of Nabas
Bwenavístâ (n)	barrio of Buruanga
Bwenafortúna [Sp] (n)	barrio of Nabas
Bwenaswérte [Sp] (n)	barrio of Nabas
bwéno [Sp] (intj)	"Good!" "Fine!" "All right!" [Sp: bueno]
Bwénas Páskwa (intj)	"Merry Christmas."
Byéernes [Sp] (n)	Friday [Alt: Biyéernes] [Sp: Viernes]
byúda(h) [Sp] (n)	widow [Akl: báeo(h)]
byúdo(h) [Sp] (n)	widower [Akl: báeo(h)]

"K" /kah/

"C"

"QU"

ka (T/pro)

ka (Em)

ka--- (pfx)

ka--- (pfx)

ka--- (pfx)

ka (Am)

kaá (Am) (A/pro)

Kaáno (n)

kaáng (h)

kaáng (Am) (A/pro)

kabá (h) (adj)

The third letter of the native Aklanon alphabet, representing the voiceless velar stop /k/. [G. 10]

A borrowed letter used only in the spelling of foreign proper names. When sounded as /k/ it has been reduced alphabetically to the position of "k" in this section. When sounded as /s/, refer to that letter.

A borrowed symbol used only in spelling foreign proper names. When sounded as /k/ or /kw/ it can be found in this section in its proper alphabetical order.

you [singular] [Ctr: ikáw] [G. 157-58]

An enumerative marker used after numbers and question particles of quantity. [G. 190] [D. 29].

limá ka eskúyla / five pupils

Piláng ka baka... / How many cows...

Very productive noun prefix. [G. 138]

katám-is sweetness

kapaeáyan rice field

kasákay fellow passenger

kadag-ánan victories

kamatáyon death

katapúsán end, finale

Actor Focus verb prefix for the ability mode, past time. [Ctr: naka---] [G. 36-37; 66-67]

Kakaón ka eon? / Have you already eaten?

Very productive adjective prefix, indicating a high degree (when standing alone) or the superlative (when with the ---an suffix). [G. 173]

Kagwápo ta kimo. / You are very good looking.

Kaaemán imáw sa tanán. / He is the smartest of all.

Variant of the ku marker.

kaáng / ku ákon

kaá / ku ána

"of his/her" [Ctr: ku ána nga]

Ginbása kaá amíga ro sueát. / Her friend read the letter.

barrio of Kalibo [Derived from: Amerikáno]

earthenware flower pot

"of my" [Ctr: ku ákon nga]

Ginbakáe ron kaáng asáwa. / My wife bought that, too small, won't fit

Kabá kána ro eámbong. / The dress is too small

kabaeán. (adj)	for her.
kabag (ST4) [Tag]	calloused, insensitive to pain, unfeeling
kabágwang (n)	to have gas pains (in stomach), suffer from hyper-
kabán [Sp] (n)	acidity or indigestion. [Akl: habók ra tiyán]
kabán (n)	[white squash] white valencia. <u>Cucumis melo.</u>
kábang (RV1)	cavan [unit of measure--25.gantas]; a sackful of
kabáng (adj)	grain, weighing approximately 100 pounds
Kabangahan (n)	footlocker, trunk [for clothes] [Akl: baóe]
Kabangíla(h) (n)	to pile up, put into clumps or small piles
kabáong (n)	[Opp: saeáma(h)]
kabási (n)	odd (or) uneven colored; having two or more colors
kinabási (n)	barrio of Madalag [Cf: bánga(h)]
Kabatanga (n)	barrio of Altavas
kabatás (intj)	coffin
kabáy (Dp)	[fish]
kabáy pa [idm]	[bolo--having shape of kabasi]
pangabáy (RV2)	barrio of Makatò'
kabáyo' [Sp] (n)	"Never!" "The thought of it!" [said in disbelief
kabayó-on (n)	or dismay] [Cf: batás]
kinabáyo' (RV5)	hopefully, granting that
pangabayó' (RV6)	"May it be..." "Amen." "hopefully" "I wish"
Kabayogan (n)	to request, ask (for), ask a favor
kábkab. (n)	horse [animal]; horse [stand for supporting table]
kábkab. (RV3)	body of a plow;
kaeábkab (n)	to work roughly (or) carelessly
kabeangán (n)	to ride a horse, go horse-back riding
kábi(h) (RV1)	barrio of Malinaw
kábi(h) (adj)	fan [Sp: abaniko] [Cf: bintiladór]
kábig (RV1)	to fan
kabii (adv)	the Southwest Wind
Kabilawan (n)	pathway, "cowpath", small foot path
kabilnggan (n)	to collect one's winnings [in gambling games]
kabilya(h) [Sp] (n)	pigeontoed, with feet turned inwards
kabiníti [Sp.cor] (n)	to accept, consider as one's own [Cf: bílang, áko']
kabisár [Sp] (RV1)	Ginakábig ta nga ungá'. / I consider you my child.
kabisádo (adj)	last night [Cf: gabíi] [Cf: kahápon, kaína]
kabiséra [Sp] (n)	barrio of Madalag
	impediment, obstacle, difficulty [Syn: diperénsya]
	steel reinforcing rod [used for constructing con-
	crete buildings or roads]
	cabinet [political] [Alt: gabinéti]
	to memorize; be sure of [Akl: saueó(h)]
	have memorized, sure of
	head of the table

kabit (RV2)

kabit [vul] (n)
káb-it (RV2)
kábli(h) [Sp] (n)
kablit (RV1)
pangablit (DV)
kábo(h) [Sp] (n)
kabuád (n)
kabó-kabó(h) (n)
kabód (RV4)
kaeábdan. (n)
kabúeay (n)
kabóg (n)
Kabúgaw (n)
Kabúgaw (n)
Kabúgaw (n)
Kabúgaw (n)
kabogwáson (n)
Kabulihan (n)
kabós (RV1)

kákak (RV5)
kakáw [Sp] (n)
kaki(h) [Sp] (adj)
kaki (n)
kákon (R/pro)
káda [Sp] (adj)

kádkad (RV1)
kádhát [ma] (adj)
kadína [Sp] (n)
kadína de amór (n)
kadína perpétwa (n)
kádli (RV2)
kádliom (n)

kádlot (RV4)

kadueót (RV5)

to cling to, hang on to; franchise, collaborate

Ginkabit ko ro ákong bus kay Perálta. / I franchised my bus to Peralta's.

mistress, paramour
to hook, fasten with a hook
cable; very thickly woven abaca fiber rope
to touch lightly (with one's finger)
to continually touch lightly/stroke (with finger)
corporal; foreman
[rice]
lint
to cling to, hold on to
trellis

lima bean. Phaseolus lunatus Linn.

fruit bat. [animal]

barrio of Altavas

barrio of Batan

barrio of Búruanga [Syn: Nazareth]

barrio of Ibajay

morning star

barrio of Malay [Cf: burf(h), bull(h)]

to be short [AF]; run short of, not have enough of [OF#1]

Ginakabós ako it tyempo. / I am running short of time.

to cackle (chicken)

cacao [tree, fruit--used to make chocolate]
Theobroma cacao L.

brown

khaki, brown cloth

to/for me [G.160] [D.13-14, 30]

every [Akl: bálang; báwat]

káda isaeá kánda / every one of them

to scrape, scratch, dig (out)

sharp, acrid [flavor--like cheese]

chain

[flower, vine] [dance--native].

life imprisonment

to mark, draw a line [Syn: gúhit]

[herb--medicinal, aromatic] patchouli. Pogo-

stemon cablin (Blanco) Benth.

to bite into, cut into [Cf: dueót]

indí' kakádlot / cannot bite into

to be cutting into

kádoe-kádoe (RV7)	to wobble, rattle [sound of something loose]
kadyápa(h) (n)	[herb--edible] <u>Celosia argentea</u> L. [kudyápa(h)]
káea' (n)	superfluous talk, blab
makáea' (adj)	talkative, talks too much, blabby
kaeabása(h) [Sp] (n)	[squash--several varieties] <u>Cucurbita</u> : <u>maxima</u> , <u>Cucumis melo</u> , <u>cucurbita pepo</u> .
kaeabása (RV5) [slg]	to make a mistake in performing a dance step; to fail in an examination [Syn: ítlog]
kaeábkab (n)	the Southwest Wind [Cf: kábkab] [Cf: hángin]
kaeá-kaeá(h) (RV7)	to send off heat waves [as a road on a hot day]; refract, evaporate
kaeá'-kaeá' (RV7)	to gurgle, bubble, splash [flowing water's sound]
kaeáeaw (n)	[small, round, flat bamboo basket] [Alt: nigo]
kaeág (n)	soul, spirit; ghost; skeleton
kaeáha' (n)	frying pan [Cf: eáha']
kaeáha' it hitsúra	stone-faced, stern-looking [idm]
kaeám (RV3)	to tickle Kaeáeman akó. / I am very ticklish. ticklish; itchy, itching makaeám it alíma / thief, someone with itchy fingers [idm] makaeám nga babáyi / loose woman
makaeám (adj)	brown sugar
kaeámay (n)	[native dessert]
kaeámay háti' (n)	to quarrel, make trouble [Syn: dógsing]
kaeamúgsing (RV8)	dining room, dining area [Cf: káon]
kaeán-an (n)	to make a crumpling, crackling noise [like fresh paper or dried leaves]
káeas (RV7)	[crab--small]
kaeás-kaeás (n)	to strum, play a guitar
kaeáskas (RV1)	rope (made of abaca fibers)
kaeát (n)	to jingle [sound of coins, metal]
káeay (RV7)	fire
kaeáyo (n)	to put fire underneath; feed the fire; put fuel (under)
kaeáyo (RV3)	Kaeáywi ro tinúg-on. / Put more fuel under the rice.
káeKae (RV1)	to dig up, unearth
káeo' (n)	hat, cap
káeo' (RV3)	to put a cap on
kaeó(h) (RV1)	to ladle, dip for; serve [food, beverage]
kaeéot (n)	tree sap
kaeéot (n)	very close relationship [Cf: eéot]
kaeóg (RV1)	to shake [something--to see if anything is inside]
kaeóng (RV7)	to rattle, shake inside [like a seed in a fruit]

kaednggo	wart
kaeupdup (..)	[fungus growth--on trees, bamboo]
kaeupóg (RV6)	to hustle, shake, move about [to get free]
kaeós (RV1)	to scratch [with claws, nails] [Cf: kaeot].
kaeúskus (n)	[sound produced by vigorous scratching]
kaeúskus (RV1)	to scratch with vigor
káeot (RV1)	to scratch
kaeót (n)	Káeóta rang likód. / Scratch my back.
pangkáeot (n)	scratcher [something used for scratching]
pangáeot (DV)	scratcher [something used for scratching]
kagáng (n) [Bkd]	to scratch [all over/continuously]
kagáng (n)	small twig (or) branch [generic term]
kagát (n)	[Syn: salingsing]
kagát (RV1) [idm]	crawler, leg [of crab]
kágaw (n)	claw, pincher [of crab]
kagáykay (ñ)	to fall for, get taken in by, get sucked in
kágha' (n)	scab [dried blood over a wound] [Cf: ueát, niná(h)]
kágha' (RV2)	[shell--small clam]
kagídkid (n)	sorrow, regret [Cf: nuóe, hindeoe, húya']
kagidkirón (adj)	to regret, feel sorry for, repent (of)
kagíngking (n)	[dirt on skin that peels/rubs off when the body is rubbed] [Syn: kagúekue].
kagískis (a)	dirty, having dirt embedded in one's skin
kagúbkub (n)	twig(s) [Syn: salingsing, kagáng]
kagó-ko' (n)	dead skin [dried, peeling off]
kagúea' (RV3)	rib [Syn: gúsok]
kagúekue (n)	[shell--small]
kágon (RV3)	to be astonished at, be surprised by something new; alarmed
kagós (RV1)	[dirt on skin] [Syn: kagídkid]
kinagós (n)	to threaten, notify of some intended misdeed [especially of theft, as when bandits send an advance note]
káha(h) [Sp] (n)	to scrape clean [Syn: kuskus]
kahanabó' (n)	scrapings
káhang]ma[(adj)[Hil]	safe, money box; box
kahápon (adv)	event, happening; tragedy [Cf: tabó']
kahás]ma[(adj)	"hot", spicy [flavor] [Akl: maháeang]-
pangahás (DV)	yesterday [Cf: hápon] [Cf: kabíi, káina]
káhat]ma[(adj)	daring, bold, aggressive, forward, courageous
kaháti' (n)	to brace oneself; be bold; try one's best
kákhah (RV1)	"hot", spicy [flavor] [Cf: káhang, háeang]
	quarter, one-fourth [of a peso]; ₱0.25
	to scratch at the ground [fowl only]

káhig (RV1)	to push aside, push away [with palm of hand] [Opp: kámkam]
kahíl (n)	native pomelo orange. <u>Citrus maxima</u> . [Cf: súwa']
Kahilo (n)	barrio of Makato'
kahíl-o (adj)	miserable, pitiable, sorry.
kahéro [Sp] (n)	cashier
kahíta' [Sp] (n)	wallet
kahón [Sp] (n)	box; cabinet; square of a rice field or farm land
káhoy (n)	tree [general term]; wood, lumber [Alt: tábla(h)]
kakahóyan (n)	forest, jungle
mangangáhoy (n)	wood gatherer
pangahóy (RV5)	to gather/collect wood
kaína (adv)	earlier, just a little while ago kainang agáhon / (earlier) this morning
kaíng (n)	big basket
kaíngin (RV1)	to burn away [trees, foliage--before planting]
kaíngin (n)	hillside (or) area cleared of trees by fire
kaíngod (n)	neighbor [Cf: íngod] [Alt: kahlápít]
Kaiyang (n)	barrio of Batan
kála(h) (n)	turtle shell
kála(h) (n)	[disease--whiteness of skin]
kaláhon (adj)	whitened, having a skin disease causing whitening
kalabása [Sp] (n)	[squash--several varieties] [Cf. , Alt: kaeabása(h)]
kalabitos [Sp] (n)	small nail
Kalakábyan (n)	barrio of Libakaw
kalá'-kalá' (RV5)	to croak [make sound of a frog]
kalamánsi [Tag] (n)	[small, bitter citrus fruit] <u>Citrus microcarpa</u> . [Akl: simúyaw]
Kalámkan (n)	barrio of Libakaw
Kalámkan (n)	creek in Libakaw
kalamugáw (adj)	mixed up, disorderly, confused
kalamúnggay (n)	[tree; leaves, blossom--edible] <u>Moringa oleifera</u> L. [Alt: kámalúnggay]
kalámpay (n)	[crab--small]
kalán (n)	earthenware stove
Kalántiaw (n)	[name of 3 datus ruling Panay in the 15th century] (Kalantiaw III is noted for writing the famed <u>Code of Kalantiaw</u> , a legal-penal code)
Kalángkang (n)	barrio of Makato'
kalatúnday (n)	[banana--small, yellow-skinned, delicious] <u>Musa sapientum</u> var. <u>cinerea</u> .
kalatsútsi (ñ)	[tree; decorative blossoms] <u>Plumiera acuminata</u> .
kaláw (n)	[bird] hornbill
kaláwat (RV1)	to go to communion [Cf: hostiás, mísa]

kaláykay (n)	rake [tool for gardening]
kalbáryo [Sp] (n)	Calvary; hardship, suffering, "cross", "calvary"
kálbo(h) [Sp] (adj)	bald, hairless
kalbúro(h) [Sp] (n)	carbide [Alt: karbúro(h)]
kaldíro [Sp] (n)	kettle, large metal pot
káldo [Sp] (n)	soup, broth [Akl: sabáw]
kálhit (RV1)	to scatter carelessly
kalibangán (n)	entertainment, hobby; toy; something enjoyable [Cf: libáng] [Cf: hampángan]
kalibkib (n)	coconut meat left in shell
Kalíbo (n)	capital municipality of Aklan Province [Cf: sáng ka líbo]
Kalibónhon (n)	citizen of Kalibo
Kalibónhon (n)	version of Aklanon as spoken in Kalibo
kalikugán (n)	consciousness, awareness, attention, knowledge Owá! sa ákong kalikugán. / I don't pay attention.
kalidád [Sp] (n)	quality, standard [Syn: kláse]
Kalimbayan (n)	barrio of Makato'
kalimútáw (n)	iris [of eye]; eye ball
kalindár [Eng] (n)	calendar [Sp: kalindáryo, almanáki]
kalindáryo [Sp] (n)	calendar [Syn: almanáki]
kalintúra [Sp] (n)	temper, pride, temperament
kaling (n)	handle [of plow or loom]
ka'ingking [Tag] (n)	little finger, "pinky" [Akl: kumaingking]
kalís (RV1)	to level off, flatten, even out, straighten the surface leveling stick
kalís (n)	leveling stick
kalésa [Sp] (n)	carriage; horse-driven rig [Syn: karomáta]
Kaliso' (n)	barrio of Balete' [Cf: líso']
kalit (RV3)	to take advantage of, avail of, use Kalití ninyo ro silak ay bási' hin-ága mag-ueán. / Take advantage of the sunshine since it may rain tomorrow.
kálma [Sp] (adj)	calm, serene, unrattled, undisturbed [Syn: húsay, títong, hípos, línóng]
kalmádo [Sp] (adj)	calm, serene, unrattled [Syn: kálma]
kaló(h) (RV1)	to throw inside a hole [as in a game]
kálo-kálo(h) [Hil] (adj)	roasted [rice] [Akl: sinánlag]
kalóng-kalóng (RV7)	to rattle [said of something loose]
kalóng-kalóng (adj)	dull, slow thinking, dense
kálsó(h) [Sp] (RV3)	to put something under a leg of a table/chair to level it out [Akl: bángil]
kalsonsílyo [Sp] (n)	shorts; bathingtrunks, bathingsuit [man's] [Alt: karsonsílyo] [Syn: syort, bátingtránk]

kálye [Sp] (n)	street [Syn: karsáda(h)]
kályo [Sp] (n)	corn, bunion [on toe]
káma(h) [Sp] (n)	bed, cot [Syn: kátre, eúgban]
kamáda(h) [Sp] (n)	pile [of things]
kamáda. (RV1)	to pile (up)
kamáeos (n)	claw(s) [of fowl]
kamágo (n)	string for a top (or) yoyo [Cf: torúmpo]
kamagóng (n)	[tree; fruit--red, edible] <u>Diospyrus discolor</u> . [lumber made from this tree is very durable]
kamaíngking (n)	little finger, "pinky" [Alt: kumaíngking]
kamálig (n)	grain house (or) shed
Kamaligán (n)	barrio of Batan
kamalúnggay (n)	[tree] [Cf., Alt: kalamúnggay]
kamamangi' (n)	[crab--tiny, one pincher is bigger than the other]
kamána (adj)	similar (to); just like, the same (as) [Cf: mána] kamána ku sápat / just like an animal. [Syn: paréhas, parého]
kamaníro [Sp. cor] (n)	roadman, roadworker [Alt: kaminéro]
kamánsi(h) (n)	camansi [tree, fruit--resembling jackfruit] <u>Artocarpus camansi</u> . barrio of Batan
Kamánsi (n)	barrio of Numancia
Kamánsi Norte (n)	barrio of Numancia
Kamánsi Sur (n)	barrio of Numancia
kamánsili (n)	kamachile [tree, fruit--bean-like] <u>Pithecolobium dulce</u> . [Alt: kamánsil] [shrimp--whitish, fresh-water, caught during flood]
kamantáha' (n)	[flower] <u>Impatiens balsamina</u> .
kamantigi' (n)	to crawl [on all fours]
kámang (RV6)	to have intercourse (with) [gen]; "fuck" [vul]
kámang [vul] (RV1)	flint, fine stone used for sharpening razor
kamangá(h) (n)	back of hand
kamafo [Bkd] (n)	Congress [Syn: kongrésó, asambleyá]
kamará [Sp] (n)	cabin [on a ship]
kamaróti(h) [Sp] (n)	[chicken]
kamasóhon (n)	tomato. <u>Lycopersicum esculentum</u> Mill.
kamátis [Sp] (n)	unequal, unevenly colored [Alt: kabáng]
kámbarang (adj)	[chicken--covered with thick feathers]
kambúha(h) (n)	long-haired, having long hair
kambúha (adj)	cocker spaniel [dog]
kambúha(h) (n)	to shift [gears on a motor] [Akl: báylo(h)]
kámbyo(h) [Sp] (RV3)	gear [motor, vehicle]
kambyáda (n)	changed; shifty, changeable
kambyádo (adj)	Kambyádo eon daá ueo. / He already changed his mind.

kámkam (RV1)	to grasp, take, pull over [with palm of hand] [Opp: káhig]
kámeot (RV1)	to touch [with one's fingers] [Cf: káwkaw, tabing]
kami (T/pro)	we [exclusive of listener] [G. 157-58] [D. 10, 30]
kámil [Eng] (n)	camel [Sp: kámélyo]
kámélyo [Sp] (n)	camel
kaminár [Sp] (RV1)	to win over; covet [Alt: enkaminár]
kaminéro [Sp] (n)	roadman, road worker, road repairman
kámira [Eng] (n)	camera [Syn: °kodák]
kamisita [Sp] (n)	undershirt, T-shirt
kamisón [Sp] (n)	chemise [woman's one-piece undergarment]
kamó (T/pro)	you [plural] [G. 157-58] [D. 10, 30]
kamóe (RV1)	to scratch [said of monkey, cat]
pangamóe (DV)	to scratch away, scratch [many things]
kamumdong (n)	wasp [insect--poisonous, large] [Alt: amumdong]
kámon (R/pro)	to/by us [G. 160] [D. 13-14, 30]
kamúning (n)	[tree] <u>Murraya paniculata</u> .
kámnsil (n)	kamachile [tree, bean] [Cf., Alt: kamansili]
kamurós (n)	[rice]
kamústa (h) [Sp] (expr)	"How are you?" "How is/are...?" [Alt: komústa(h)]
pakamústa (CV)	to greet, say hello (to), send greetings
kamót [Hil] (n)	hand [Akl: alíma]
kamóti (n)	sweet potato. <u>Ipomoea batatas</u> L. Poir
pangamóti (RV5)	to gather sweet potatoes
kamóting káhoy (n)	cassava [shrub, tubercule] <u>Manihot esculenta</u> .
kampanilyá [Sp] (n)	campanilla [flower]. <u>Allamanda cathartica</u> .
kampánéro [Sp] (n)	campanero [yellow flower]. <u>Thevetia peruviana</u> .
kampánya (h) [Sp] (n)	campaign [election]
kampánya (RV3)	to campaign (for)
kámpi (h) [Sp] (n)	side; location, site [Akl: dapít]
kámpi (RV3)	to take sides, side (with/for)
kampilan (n)	long Muslim sword
kámpit (n)	small carving knife
kinámpit. (n)	bolo
kámpo (h) [Sp] (n)	camp
kámpod (REL. v)	to be cousins
igkámpod (n)	cousin
kamporál [Sp] (n)	camp out, jamborette [Boy Scouts]
kámpyon [Sp] (n)	champion
kámya [Sp] (n)	camia [flower--white]
kána (R/pro)	with/to/by her/him [G. 160] [D. 13-14, 30] Idto kána. / It is with him.
makána (adj)	like him/her, similar to him (or) her

kaná' (R/dem)	that, to that [Ctr: karanha'] [G. 163] [D. 14, 30]
kaná' (loc)	Ikáw ro nag-óbra kaná' / Did you make that?
kaná' [Sp] (n)	over there [Ctr: rikaná'] [G. 186] [D. 30]
kanáe [Sp] (n)	American [female] [Ctr: amerikána] [Cf: kanó']
kanáe (RV3)	sewer; canal, channel
kanápáy (n)	to dig a sewer (or) canal
Kan-áwan (n)	[tree] <u>Cyathocalyx globosus</u> Merr.
kanáway (n)	barrio of Libakaw
kánbas [Eng] (RV1)	the North Wind- [Cf: hángin]
kanbasíng (n)	to canvass [Sp: eskrutíno(h)]
kánbas [Eng] (n)	canvassing
kándá (R/pro)	canvas
kandába(h) (n)	to/by them [Cf: sánda] [G. 160] [D. 13-14, 30]
kandádo(h) [Sp] (n)	[cotton tree/bush]
kandádo (RV3)	padlock
kandáng (n)	to lock up
kánday (Rm)	barbed wire
	Referent marker for plural names of persons or
	pets. [G. 145; 153-54] [D. 13-14, 29]
	Gintaó ko kánday David ro pábo. / I gave the
	turkey to David [and his family]:
kandidáto (n) [Sp]	candidate [male]
kandidáta (n)	candidate [female]
kandíla' [Sp] (n)	candle
Candelária [Sp] (n)	barrio of New Washington
kánding (n)	goat
kándoe (n)	cucumber [white]. <u>Cucumis melo.</u>
kándoe-kándoe (n)	[vine--edible fruit]
kandohágan. (adj)	impromptu, with no formality, informal
kándos (RV1)	to ladle out
kánhot [ma] (adj)	having a moldy smell, smells moldy
kaníla(h) [Sp] (n)	cinnamon
kaninipot (n)	firefly [Alt: aninipot]
kanó' [Sp] (n)	American [male] [Ctr: amerikáno] [Cf: kaná']
kán-o (Qp)	when [in the past]? [G. 193] [D. 17, 31].
	Kán-o nimo ig-úli' ron? / When did you return it?
	"What a waste!" "What a shame!"
kanúgon (intj)	Kanúgon ro ímong kabúday. / Your efforts are
	wasted.
kanunuót (adv)	barely, hardly, with difficulty, almost unable
	Kanunuót akó kaági. / I passed through with
	great difficulty. Kanunuót akó katápus ku akong
	pagtuón ay owá' akó it kwárta. / I was barely able
	to finish my studies due to lack of funds.

kánsil [Eng] (RV2)	to cancel, blacken out; stop
kánsér [Eng] (n)	cancer [disease]
kánta (h) [Sp] (n)	song [Oak: húning] [Hil: ámba(h)]
kánta (RV1)	to sing
pakánta (CV)	to have [someone] sing, let sing, ask to sing
kánta (RV1) [idm]	to "sing", divulge secret(s)
kantidád [Sp] (n)	quantity, amount [Akl: kaabó']
kantíl [Sp] (n)	quick drop-off [said of shore]
kantiládo (adj)	quickly gets deep [water]
kantina [Sp] (n)	canteen, snack bar
kantíro [Sp] (n)	stonemason
kánto (h) [Sp] (n)	corner; song
kántón [Ch] (n)	noodles, pasta
kantonís [Eng] (n)	[chicken--Chinese species]
kantóra [Sp] (n)	singer [female]
kántor (n)	singer [male], cantor
kántóris (n)	singers; chorus
kantítay (n)	[vine] <i>Paederia foetida</i> Linn.
kanyamó (h) [Sp] (n)	hem, cloth [type of cloth, brown in color]
kányo (Qp) (R/pro)	to whom?, for whom? [Cf: sín-o]
kányon [Sp] (n)	cannon [weapon]
kanyúte (n)	wick holder in lamp [Cf: mítsa]
kang	"of my" [Ctr: ku ákon nga] [Alt: kaáng]
kángay (n)	guest [invited] [Opp: sanóng]; invitation
kángay (RV1)	to invite [Syn: imbitár, envitár]
kángay-kángay (RV1)	to invite insincerely; to extend an invitation which one hopes will not be accepted [Syn: pamaeahúba]
kángkang (RV1)	to stretch (or) spread out one's feet
kángga (h) (n)	sled, sledge
kánggrina [Sp] (n)	gangrene poisoning
káon (RV1)	to eat Kán-a ró ságing. / Eat the banana.
kaeán-an (n)	dining room; dining table; place for eating
kaean-onon (n)	food, edibles; things to be eaten
kán-on (n)	rice; staple food
pakáon (CV)	to feed Pakán-a ro eápsag. / Feed the baby.
paeakáon (adj)	always eating, fond of eating
pagkáon (n)	food
pangkáon (n)	utensils [for eating]
pangináon (RV5)	to have an appetite, eat well
mañináon (adj)	Sa dúrong kalisód, índi' akó kapangináon. / Due to so many problems, I have no appetite to eat.
káon [idm] (RV1)	voracious eater; glutton
	to take [in chess], jump [in checkers]
	Kináon ka raá kwen. / I took his queen.

kauyákot (RV3)	to give patient attention (to)
kauyáktan (n)	diligence, attention, dedication
kápa(h) [Sp] (n)	cape, cloak
kapasidád [Sp] (n)	capacity, limit
Kapatága (n)	barrio of Malinaw
kapatás [Sp] (n)	foreman [Akl: agáeon, ámo(h)]
kápaw (RV1)	to heap, make above the level
kápay (n)	propeller [on ship]
kápay (RV3)	to propel, paddle [boat]
kapáya' [Sp] (n)	papaya [tree, fruit] <u>Carica papaya</u> L.
kápkap (RV3)	to feel (a person's clothing) for hidden objects [such as when searching for a weapon or stolen goods] [Syn: hulíkap]
kápi [Sp] (n)	coffee [bean; beverage] <u>Coffea arabica</u> L.
kapé [Eng] (n)	café, restaurant, snack bar
kápid (n)	twin(s)
Kapilíhan (n)	barrio of Ibajay [Cf: píli(h)]
kapín (Dp)	more so, all the more, especially [Syn: eabi] May ánda nga ginatsismis ngáni' kákon nga owá' akó it ginábra; kapín pa gid kon may saeá' man akó. / Well, they gossip about me when I don't do anything, and all the more when I do make a mis- take.
kapinán (n)	[clam shell]
Capiz (n)	Capiz Province /kapis/ (related to kápid [Nab])
Capiznon (n)	citizen of Capiz; the dialect of Capiz [related to Ilonggo or Hiligaynon]
kápis-kápis (n)	[shell--used for decorations]. Capiz shell.
kápit [Tag] (n)	privilege; pull, influence [Syn: kápyot]
kápit (RV3)	tò ching tó, adhere to
kapítal [Eng] (n)	capital, principal; money for a business investment
kapítal [Eng] (n)	capital city; capital letter
kapitán [Sp] (n)	captain
Capitán Tazan (n)	barrio of Banga
kapetéra [Sp] (n)	coffee pot, perculator
kapitírya [Eng] (n)	cafeteria [Syn: kapíhan]
kapitól [Eng] (n)	capitol [building]
kapón (RV1)	to castrate
kapón (adj)	castrated
kapós [Tag] (RV1)	to run short (of) [Akl: kúeang, kabós]
kapúti(h) [Sp] (n)	raincoat
kapúti(h) (RV1)	to win every game; have a lucky streak
kápri (n) [sup]	legendary giant [usually invisible]
kapsóla [Sp] (n)	capsule, tablet [of medicine]

kápyot (RV3)	to cling to, grasp on to
kára(h) [Sp] (n)	"heads", head [of a coin]
cára y cruz (n)	[gambling game]
kará (R/dem)	this, to this [Ctr: karáya] [G. 163] [D. 14, 30]
	Nafla' ka kará? / Do you like this?
kará (loc)	over here [Ctr: rikará] [G. 186] [D. 30]
	Kará imong ibutang. / Put [it] over here.
karaktir [Eng] (n)	character, manners; personality; figure [of a mahjong piece]
karág (n)	[ant--big, red]
kárambúla [Sp] (n)	carom [shot in billiards]
karambúla (RV8)	to have a free for all, to have many people fighting at one time; to fight many cocks all at once
karamilo [Sp] (n)	caramel
karánday (adv)	recently, lately, of late [Ctr: kurondáya]
karanhá' (R/dem)	that, to that [Cf: ranhá'] [G. 163] [Ctr: kaná']
karánhon (adj)	old, old-fashioned [custom, habit] [Opp: bag-ghan]
kárang (n)	bamboo sled, sledge
kárang (RV6)	to crawl
karát (adj)	flirtatious [Syn: lándi']
karáti (h) [Jap] (RV1)	to use karate, hit with a karate blow
karató (R/dem)	that, to that [Cf: rató] [G. 163] [Ctr: kató]
Karató anay [idm]	once upon a time [Alt: kató anay]
karátola(h) [Sp] (n)	placard, billboard
karáya (R/dem)	this, to this [Cf: ráya] [G. 163] [Ctr: kará]
kárbín [Eng] (n)	carbine [gun]
kárbón [Eng] (n)	lampblack, carbon; carbon paper; carbon copy
karbúro [Sp] (n)	carbide
kard [Eng] (n)	card; report card; card [Syn: baráha]
kárga(h) [Sp] (n)	load
kárga (RV1)	to carry on the shoulders
kargádo (adj)	loaded
kargamíto (n)	freight, cargo, load
karí(h) (n)	curry [spice]
karíbal [Sp] (n)	rival [in love]; foe, enemy
káril (n)	nicotine stain [on teeth]; yellow stain
kárinyo(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to charm; caress in order to get attention
karinyósa (adj)	loving, affectionate [female]
karinyóso (adj)	loving, affectionate [male]
karíra [Sp] (n)	degree, career; race
karirahán (n)	race track, race course
karírit (n)	[rice]
karíti [Sp] (n)	spindle of sewing machine
karitéla [Sp] (n)	carriage, cart

karitis [Sp] (n)	rolled fibers
karito [Sp] (n)	cart
karitón [Sp] (n)	wheel
karnabál [Sp] (n)	carnival
kárne [Sp] (n)	meat [particularly beef]; flesh [Akl: unód]
kárneng báboy (n)	perk
kárneng báka (n)	
karnéro [Sp] (n)	sheep, lamb
káro(h) [Sp] (n)	parade float; carriage [used in processions]
karóe (RV7)	to make a dragging sound [wood on floor]
Karúgdug (n)	barrio of Banga
Karúgdug (n)	barrio of Lezo
karomáta [Sp] (n)	horse-drawn two-wheeled cart
karón (R/dem)	that, to that [Cf: rúyon] [G. 163] [D. 14, 30]
	Nanáw-ay akó karón. / I don't like that.
karón (loc)	over there [Ctr: rikarón] [G. 186] [D. 30]
	Karón lang imáw pálingkóron. / Just have him sit over there.
karósa [Sp] (n)	two-wheeled cart [for a carabao, horse]
karoséro (n)	driver [of a two-wheeled horse-cart]
károt [Eng] (n)	carrot [vegetable] <u>Daucus carota.</u>
karúyon (R/dem)	that, to that [Cf: rúyon] [G. 163] [Ctr: karón]
karpentéro [Sp] (n)	carpenter [Akl: pánday]
kársáda [Sp] (n)	road, street
kársil [Sp] (n)	cell, jail
karsonsilyo [Sp] (n)	shorts, underwear [men's]; swimming trunks
kartíro [Sp] (n)	mailman, courier, letter carrier
kárton [Eng] (n)	box, cardboard box, carton
karwáhi [Sp] (n)	wagon [Syn: kótse]
kas [Eng] (n)	cash, money
kas (RV2)	to cash, change [Syn: báylo(h)]
kása (intj)	"Hurry up!" "Quickly" [Cf: bakas]
kás-a (adv)	once, once in a while [Ctr: kaisaeá] [Alt: kás-a]
kasába púding (n)	cassava pudding [dessert]
kasába' (RV3)	to sue, file suit (against)
kasába' (n)	lawsuit, suit
kasáe [Sp] (n)	wedding [Syn: áras]
kasáe (RV1)	to wed, be married
	Kaslón kami hin-ága. / We will be married tomorrow.
kaesáeon (adj)	engaged, about to be married
pakasáe (CV)	to get married [have an official court or church wedding]
kaság (n)	[crab--spotted]

kasár [Sp] (RV3)	to bet, wager (op) [Syn: pústa']
kásaw (n)	frame [of roof, umbrella]
káskas (RV1)	to strum, play [guitar]; to scrape with fingernails
kásko [Sp] (n)	body [of boat or ship]
kasikád (n)	[rice]
kásí-kási (n)	pinwheel [toy]
kasilyas [Sp] (n)	toilet, lavatory
kasing--- (pfx)	Adjective prefix denoting similarity. [G. 177]
	kasimbahóe / the same size
	kasingtáas / the same height
kásing-kásing [Hil] (n)	heart; core [Akl: tagipusó-on]
kasira(h) [Sp] (n)	boarder
kasirahan (n)	boarding house
pangasira (RV5)	to board
Kasít-an (n)	barrio of Libakaw
káso(h) [Sp] (n)	case; matter; importance
owát káso [idm]	never mind; it doesn't matter
kasóy (n)	cashew [nut, tree] <u>Anacardium occidentale</u> Linn.
káspa [Sp] (n)	dandruff [Akl: dalíkdik]
kastigo(h) [Sp] (n)	punishment, castigation; whip
kastigo (RV1)	to punish, castigate; whip [Akl: silot]
kastila' [Sp] (n)	Spaniard [Alt: katsíla']
kinastíla' (RV5)	to act like a Spaniard; to speak Spanish
kastilyo [Sp] (n)	castle, palace
Castillo (n)	barrio of Makato'
kastúli (n)	[herb--medicinal] <u>Abelmoschus moscatus</u> Medic.
káswal [Eng] (adv)	seldom, casual(ly), temporarily
káswal (n)	a casual laborer, temporary worker
kaswalidád [Sp] (n)	by chance; a mere happening, chance happening
kaswalidád (adj)	improbable, accidental, chance; hard to believe
kat (conj)	then, when, at that time, when
	kat nagapangidáron imáw it dyes / when he was
	at the age of ten [Cf: kató]
kat--- (pfx)	Nominalizing prefix with the force of a demonstrative: [Cf: ro/do] [Syn: tag---] [G. 140]
	kat-asúl / that blue one
	katginbuóe nímo / the one which you took
Katabána (n)	barrio of Madalag
kataká [Tag] (n)	surprise
katáe (adj)	not tightly fastened, loose [Opp: sígo]
kataeágman (n)	premonition, foreboding; fate, doom [Cf: tágam]
katalóg [Eng] (n)	catalog [Alt: katalógó]
Katán [Bkd] (n)	God [Ate word for the deity]
katáw (n)	mermaid, merman

kátay (RV2)	to scatter, spread [Syn: wátay, káhit, wígit]
kátay (Tag) (RV1)	to slaughter, kill [animals]
káti' (RV1)	to decoy, entice [like using one chicken to catch another]
kati-án (n)	decoy; "stool-pigeon" [AE]
katikismo [Sp] (n)	catechism
Katiklán (n)	barrio of Malay
kátig (n)	outrigger [of a boat]
kátin (n)	[waning crescent of the moon]
kátin-kátin (RV6)	to sit idly with one's feet dangling
katisismo [Sp] (n)	catechism [Alt: katikismo]
kátmon (n)	[tree, fruit] <u>Dillenia philippinensis</u> .
Kátmon (n)	barrio of Altavas
kátnog [Nab] (n)	consonant [grammatical term] [Cf: katínog]
kató (R/dem)	that, to that [Ctr: karató] [G. 163] [D. 14, 30]
	Nalla' imáw kató. / He liked that.
kató ány (adv)	once upon a time; a long time ago
kató (loc)	over there, yonder [Ctr: rikató] [G. 186] [D. 30]
	Kató ro áyang asáwa. / There's his wife.
kató (adv)	then (in the past)
katók [Tag] (n)	insanity
	May katók imáw sa úeo. / He's crazy.
katóe]ma[(adj)	itchy
katóe (n)	[disease--having an itchy head]
kátlan (adj) [vul]	oversexed, sex-crazy [female]
katueánga (n)	[flower--red] <u>Hibiscus mutabilis</u> Linn.
katúmbae (n)	green pepper. <u>Capsicum annum</u> Linn.
káton (R/pro)	to/by us [G. 160]
katúnggan (n)	mangrove swamp, swamp
katungganon (adj)	found in mangrove swamps [trees, shells]
pangatúnggan (RV6)	to go to a mangrove swamp
katúray [Tag] (n)	[tree--with edible blossoms] <u>Sesbania grandiflora</u> . [Akl: gáway-gáway]
katórse [Sp] (n)	fourteen, 14
kátri [Sp] (n)	bed [Syn: káma] [Akl: eúgban]
kats (intj)	"Catch!" [used in playing ball] [Akl: sáepa]
kátsa(h) [Sp] (n)	flour sack; small cloth bag
katsila' [Sp] (n)	Spaniard
kinatsilá' (RV5)	to act like a Spaniard; to speak Spanish
katsítsas [slg] (n)	foot odor
katsubóng (n)	[plant--medicinal] <u>Datura metel</u> Linn.
kátsop [Eng] (n)	catsup
katsúri' (n)	[animal] shrew.
káwa' (n)	large skillet

kawas (RV6)	to get off [vehicle]. [Akl: panáog]
kawátan (n)	concubine, adulterer; a common law spouse
mangawatán (n)	concubine, habitual adulterer
pangawatán (RV3)	to engage in adultery (with)
kawayán (n)	[bamboo] <u>Dendrocalamus merrillianus</u> .
Kawayan (n)	barrio of New Washington
Kawayan Tugbongai (n)	barrio of New Washington [Cf: túgbong]
kawboy [Eng] (n)	cowboy; rugged-looking person
kináwboy (RV5)	to act/look/dress rugged
káwkaw (RV1)	to touch with one's finger [Syn: kámeot]
káwhat (RV1)	to reach up, snatch from below
kawíl (n)	[long deep sea fishing line with reel]
mangangawíl (n)	deep-sea fisherman
paingawíl (RV5)	to go deep-sea fishing
káwing [vul] (RV1)	to have intercourse with [gen]; "fuck" [vul]
káwing (RV6)	to draw near (to), approach
kawít (n)	bamboo container (carried on one's shoulder)
káw-it (n)	hook
káw-it (RV3)	to hook
kawipláwir [Eng] (n)	cauliflower [vegetable] <u>Brassica oleracea</u> Linn. var. <u>Botrytis</u> L.
káwnsil [Eng] (n)	council, advisory board, legislature [usually of municipal government] [Cf: konsehális]
kawót (RV6)	to bend over
kawót (adj)	bent
kay (Rm)	Referent marker for singular names of persons or pets to indicate indirect object, location, bene- ficiary or other goal. [G. 145; 152-54] [D. 13-14] Itaó ra kay María. / Give this to Mary.
kayá' (adj)	face up, lying on one's back [Opp: kueób]
pakayá' (CV)	to turn over; turn right side up Pakáy-a ring pínggan. / Turn your plate over.
káyab (n)	ascension
káyab (RV6)	to ascend, go up
káy-ag (RV1)	to scatter, spread out [Opp: típon]
kayámas (n)	feet [of crabs], crawler(s); claw(s) [of cats]
Kayangwan (n)	barrio of Makato'
káykay [Bkd] (RV1)	to smooth out, spread out [with hand or rake] [as grains drying out in the sunlight] [Alt: úkay]
kayú kay [Lib] (RV5)	to remove weeds [from a camote field]; to weed
kayóg (n)	empty shell
pangayóg (n)	blade used for cutting palay
kayumánggi' [Tag] (adj)	light brown [skin color]
kayunós (RV7)	to wrinkle [said of skin; cloth]

káyos- (RV1)	to climb, go up, ascend [Syn: sáka']
káywa (adv)	twice; second [time] [Ctr: ikáywa] [Cf: dáywa(h)]
kiay-kiay (RV6)	to sway back and forth [as in dance motion]
kíbkib (RV1)	to encroach, undermine (land) [said of river]
kíbig (RV6)	to shiver, tremble [Syn: kúrog, kúekog]
kíboe (n)	callus, hard (or) callous skin
kíbot (ST2)	to start; jump, twitch [with surprise]
kíki(h) (RV1)	to whisk away
kí-ki' (n)	tartar [on teeth]; "tooth crud" [vul]
kíkə(h) [Sp] (n)	clown, jester
kídkid (RV1)	to grate, scrape [in order to get smaller pieces; like coconuts or papayas--for salads, desserts, etc.]
kídlap (RV7)	to shine, glitter, twinkle [Syn: gilák]---
kídlat (n) [Tag]	flash of lightning [Alt: kilát] [Cf: línti', daeúgdug]
kíd-oe [ma] (adj)	easy to chew (or) eat, having a fine texture [neither hard nor soft]
kígí (RV1)	to strip (abaca)
	Kigya ro átong eánot. / Strip our abaca.
kíha(h) [Sp] (RV2)	to file charges (against), file complaint (against)
kíhad [Hil] (RV1)	to slice [Akl: síad]
kihát (adj)	slightly unbalanced (eyes)
kíng (Am)(A/pro)	[Ctr: ku ímo nga] "of your" "by your" "your"
	Pilá ro mánghod kíng asáwa? / How many younger brothers and sisters does your wife have?
kiláea(h) (REL. v)	to be acquainted, get introduced
	Máγκiláea eági kami. / We are already acquainted.
kakiláea (n)	acquaintance, friend
manógpakiláea (n)	emcee, master of ceremonies; introducer
pakiláea (CV)	to introduce, acquaint
	Pakiláeahan akó kána. / Introduce me to her.
kiláea (n)	[bush, shrub]
kilán (RV7)	to be shiny, glitter
	Nagakilán raá sandúko'. / His bólo is glittering.
kilás [ma] (adj)	unbalanced, off-center [boat]
makilás [idm] (adj)	easy, impure, not chaste, indecent [woman]
	Makilás si María ngarón. / That Mary is an easy woman.
kilát (n)	flash of lightning, lightning-bolt [Alt: kídlat]
pangilát (RV7)	to be lightning [Cf: línti', daeúgdug]
kilátis [Sp] (n)	carat [unit of weight for precious stones]
kilátis [idm] (n)	pedigree
	Matáas ro kilátis ni Juan. / John has an impressive pedigree.
kilátis [Tag] (RV1)	to scrutinize, put under scrutiny

·kilaw (RV1)	to marinate in vinegar [and serve raw]
·kinilaw (n)	[meat or fish--marinated and served raw]
kilay (n)	eyebrow(s)
pangilay (RV5)	to raise one's eyebrows [in greeting, acknowledgment or when giving permission] [Cf: kındat]
kilkil (RV1)	to scrape
kilhat [ma] (adj)[Bkd]	sharp, acrid [flavor] [Alt: kádhát]
kili-kili [Tag] (n)	underarm(s) [Akl: ildkon]
kilid (n)	side
takilid (RV9)	to turn to one's side
takilid (RV3)	to put aside; turn one's side to; set aside Gintakídan nána akó. / He put me aside.
kiling-kiling (RV1)	to ring (a bell)
kilís (RV3)	to rinse out [rice] Kilísi it mayád do bugás. / Rinse out the rice thoroughly.
kilo(h) (n)	kilo [unit of measure]
kilo (RV1)	to weigh [for kilos]
kilohán (n)	scale. [in kilo measure]
kiló (n)	[fish]
kiló'-kiló' (RV7)	to flicker [said of candle, lights]; to have a tic [in one's eyes] (spasm) Gakiló'-kiló' rang matá. / My eyes have a tic.
/kíma' (RV1)	to nibble
pangíma'-kíma' (adj)	always eating
·kimí' (adj)	shy
kím-ing (RV1)	to pick up (with two fingers); to take with a delicate motion of the hand [using only thumb and one other finger]
kímo (R/pro)	to you, for you [singular] [Cf: ikaw] [G. 160]
kimúna [Jap] (n)	blouse [native]
kimpang (adj)	out of balance (or) measure [like a chair with one leg shorter than the others]
kimpay (adj)	twisted out of shape and stunted [crippled hand]
·kimpit (n)	tweezers, tongs; clothespin
kimpit (RV1)	to pinch together; to press (or) hold between two things
kiná--- (pfx)	IF verb prefix for accidental or ability mode. [G. 95] [D. 22] [G. 66-67] Kinasúgid mo eon do balíta'? / Have you told the news yet?
kiná--- (pfx)	Standard noun prefix. [G. 138] kinahángéan / need, necessity kinadipirénsya / basic problem (or) fault

kinadman (n)	power (or) charm of invulnerability [magic power making the possessor immune to weapons] [Syn: ánting-ánting]
kinabón (RV8)	to gather, group together, meet
kinabón (n)	group, gathering, get-together, meeting
kinág--- (pfx)	Instrumental Focus verb prefix. [Alt: kiná---] Kinagtig-an ko eon rang baeáy. / I already have promised my house [to another].
kinahágean (n)	need, necessity
kinahágean (V. det)	must; it is necessary Kinahágean nga mag-ádto ka. / You must go.
kinahágean (RV1)	to need Gakinahágean akót bálpen. / I need a ball point pen.
Kinalangay Viejo (n)	barrio of Malinaw
Kinalangay Nuevo (n)	barrio of Malinaw
kindáhat [Bkd] (RV1)	to wink [Alt: kindat, pangíndat]
kindat (n)	raising of one or both eyebrows [sign of greeting or affirmation] [Cf: kílay] Sa kindat king matá, nasayóran ko ro ímpong paghigúma. / From the way you raise your eyebrows I know about your love.
pangíndat (RV5)	to raise one or both eyebrows
kínhod (ST4)	to twitch, jerk, jump, start [Syn: kibót]
pangínhod (DV)	to convulse; twitch, start
kínhoe (RV6)	to be willing to move, make an effort
pangínhoe (DV)	to be willing to move, make some effort, try to get going
owá' nangínhoe [idm]	"played dumb", didn't even try, didn't budge
kíni']ma[(adj)	rare, scarce, a little at a time Makíni' ro tubód ku túbi'. / The water is dripping just a little at a time.
kíno(h) (RV1)	to gather together [in preparation]; to prepare [Muslim boat]
kinúmpit (n)	
kinót (RV1)	to be thrifty, save (on), economize [Opp: hákog]
kinse [Sp] (n)	fifteen, 15
kintab]ma[(adj) [Tag]	sparkling, shiny [Akl: gilák, ídlap]
kínyo (R/pro)	to you, for you [plural] [G. 160] [Cf: kamó] Mayád-áyad nga hápon kínyo tanán. / Good afternoon to all of you.
king (Am) (A/pro)	"of your; by your; your" [singular] [Ctr: ku ímo nga] ro asáwa king maéstro / the wife of your teacher
kíngki(h) (n)	kerosene (or) gasoline lamp [usually small]
kíngking (RV6)	to hop on [on one foot]

kingpíscr [Eng] (n)	kingfisher [bird] [Akl: dikueót]
kióm (RV1)	to close (one's mouth) [Opp: ngangá(h)]
kipo' (RV1)	to close, fold (up/together) [like hand] Kipó-a ring páyong. / Fold up your umbrella.
kipot (RV1)	to close, shut; tighten (up)
kipót (adj)	tight, not loose [Opp: haeugá']
kirhat, ma[(adj) [Bkd]	sharp, acrid [flavor] [Syn: kádhat]-[Alt: kilhat]
kiri']sang[(adj)	little, few [Opp: abó']
sangkiri' (n)	a little, bit, few Sangkiri' eang ro habilín. / Just a little bit is left.
kiri'-kiri' (RV6)	to wiggle the hips; shake the body [as in dancing]; to tremble in mock fear [Cf: kúrog]
kerída [Sp] (n)	mistress, paramour, lover; adultress
kerido (n)	paramour, lover [male]; adulterer
kiríng-kiríng (RV3)	[to] do a mating dance--said of a rooster hopping around a hen] [Cf: pangutó]
kis-a [Hil] (adv)	once in a while
kon kis-a (adv)	every now and then [Akl: kon amát]
kisami (n)	ceiling
kisaw-kisaw (RV5)	to flicker, have a tic [said of one's eyes]
kisáy (RV6)	to writhe; gesticulate, move about
kisáy-kisáy (RV6)	to twitch, jerk, have a spasm [usually at verge of death] [Cf: sulíp]
kiskis (RV1)	to scrape, shave [with a blade]. [Syn: kúskus]
kisiw (n)	trap [for fowl]
késo(h) [Sp] (n)	cheese
kita' (ST4)	to see Nakita' ko ikaw. / I saw you.
kita' (RV1)	to meet with, see, confer (with); earn Pilá ring kita'? / How much did you earn?
pakita' (CV)	to demonstrate, show; appear
pangita' (n)	job, occupation
pangita' [Hil] (RV1)	to look for [Akl: ásoy]
kilfta' (RV8)	to see one another
kita' (REC.v)	to confer with, meet with. Gústo kong pakigkita'-an sánda. / I want to confer with them.
kitá (T/pro)	we [inclusive], you and I [G. 157-58] [D. 10, 30]
kitáng (n)	deep fishing line with hooks [Cf: kawíl]
pangitáng (DV)	to fish with a long line having many hooks
kitkit (RV1)	to chew on, nibble on; bite little by little
kiti-kiti [Tag]	mosquito larva, mosquito wiggler [Akl: pitik-pitik]
kitid (RV1)	to narrow-(down)
makitid (adj)	narrow [Opp: maeápad]

[ldm]		Makitid raá paino-ino. / He is narrow-minded.
kitín (RV3)		to cut the tendon [near the foot]
kitín (n)		ankle; tendon [located near the ankle]
		Kitnan ko ring báka. / I'll cut the tendons of
		your cow.
kiwa' (n)		slice, cut
kiwa' (RV1)		to cut, slice
kiliwa-án (n)		'slicing board [Syn: dapaeán]
kiwa'-kiwa' (n)		[large butterfly]
kiwáe (RV1)		to hold the sheath of a bolo [in preparation for a
		fight]
kiwang-kiwang (RV7)		to wobble, be unsteady (or) unstable
kiwig (n)		[insect]
kiwit' (adj)		crooked, bent, off to one side, unstable
kiwit (RV5)		to pull one's mouth to one side
pangiwit-kiwit (DV)		to look wryly, show displeasure [by pulling one's
		mouth to one side]
kiwót (n)		[honeybee]
kiyamót [Bkd] (n)		claw [of a cat]; pincher [of a crab] [Cf: kamáeos,
		kayámas]
		[bird]
kiyaw (n)		to exorcise, perform the ceremony of exorcism [to
kiyáw-kiyáw (RV3)		free one of evil spirits]
		to have an exorcism performed
pakiyáw-kiyáw (CV)		cake [Akl: mamón] [Alt: kek]
keyk [Eng] (n)		skeleton [of whole body] [Alt: kalabéra]
klabéra [Sp] (n)		tick, tock [sound of a clock]
klak (n)		clang [sound of a bell, ringing metals]
klang [Eng] (n)		clear, evident [Akl: áthagi]
kláro(h) [Sp] (adj)		to clarify, make clear (or) plain
kláro (RV1)		indí maklarohán / cannot be made out (or)
		figured out
klási(h) [Sp] (n)		type, kind, class
kaklási (n)		classmate
klási (RV1)		to classify, sort out
klási (RV5)		to hold class(es)
klats [Eng] (n)		clutch [of motor vehicle]
klik [Eng] (n)		click [sound of a metal object hitting another]
klíma (n) [Sp] (n)		climate, weather [Alt: tyémpo]
klínika [Sp] (n)		clinic
klíniks [Eng] (n)		kleenex, facial tissue [any brand]
klip [Eng] (n)		clip [Syn: igpit]
klípto [Eng] (n)		kleptomaniac; thief
klítsi [Eng] (n)		cut, picture in/for a newspaper

klub [Eng] (n)	club, group, organization
ko (A/pro)	my, mine; I [G. 160] Nabakáe ko eón. / I already bought [it]. baeáy ko / my house
ku (Am)	Associate marker used for common nouns to show unemphasized subjects, goals, or instruments of an action. [G. 144; 151-52] Shows past time. baeáy ku manggaránon / the house of the rich man Ginkíwa' ku matansíro ro'kárne. / The butcher sliced the meat. [D. 11; 29] ku Lúnes / last Monday
kuán [expr]	[A filler word used when one forgets a term, verb, or fact. Cf: kuwán]
kúbae [vul] (adj)	dirty (referring to one's penis)
Kubay (n)	barrio of Malay
kubí(h) (n)	[tree--product used to make chewing gum] <u>Artocarpus cumingiana.</u>
kubít (RV1)	to bite (bait), nibble (at) Ginkubít ro paón. / The bait was nibbled.
kubós (adj)	lowly, humble kueábos it páead [idm] / unlucky
kóbra(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to get one's salary, pick up one's due [Cf: sukót]
kóbra [Eng] (n)	cobra [snake] [Cf: sawá(h)]
Kòk [Eng] (n)	Coke, Coca-Cola
Kóka [Eng] (n)	Coke, Còca-Cola
kúkis [Eng] (n)	cooky, cookies
kukú(h) (n)	finger nail; toenail
kúkok (n)	[bird]
kukokuráw (n)	[bird]
kukód (n)	hoof [of horse, carabao]; toenail, claw [of mammal]
kukót. (RV1)	to nibble, break open (with one's teeth) [as done by birds, or people eating nuts or seeds]
kúkwa [Eng] (n)	cocoá, hot chocolate
kodák [Eng] (n)	camera [in general] [Syn: kamerá]
kodák (RV1)	to take a picture (of) [Syn: ritráto(h)] Kodaká kamí. / Take our picture.
kúdkud. (RV1)	to scrape (with blade) [Syn: kúskus, kádkad]
kodigó [Sp] (n)	code, charter
kodigó [idm] (RV1)	to cheat, take for a fool Hakodigó akó. / I was cheated.
kúdlis (n)	linē (in palm); scratch, scar [Syn: kúdlit]
kúdlit (n)	line; scratch; apostrophe [punctuation mark]
kúdlit (RV3)	to line, draw lines (oa)
pangúdlit (n)	pointed, sharp writing stick

kudyápa (h) (n)	[herb--edible] <u>Celosia argentea</u> L. [Alt: kadyápa]
kueá (h) (RV1)	to stun, surprise, take by surprise, scare
kueábos (RV1)	to run short of [supplies, stock] [Cf: kabós]
kueági (RV3)	to clean out (with a bamboo stick) [for tuba'] Kueagyí ro saeód agód matám-is ro tubá'. / Clean out the receptacle so that the tuba' will be sweet.
kueági (n)	bamboo cleaning stick
koeámog (n)	soft coconut meat [found on surface and easily scraped out]
koeámog [idm]	the child-of
kúeang (adj)	short, missing, not enough; "lacking" [FE]
kúeang (RV1)	to run short of, not have enough of
kakueangán (n)	shortcomings
kueáng-kueáng [idm]	crazy, abnormal, demented
koeápot (RV7)	to stick together, become sticky [Alt: koyápot]
kueás (RV6)	to flee, run away, up and run [in order to avoid danger]; to run for one's life
kueátong (RV1)	to bang, beat, knock [using instrument] Ayáw pagkueatóna ro tádyaw, básí' mapusá'. / Don't bang on the big jar, it might break.
kúeba' (n)	fear, timidity
kúeba' (ST5)	to be afraid, tremble Ginakueba-án akó. / I'm trembling with fear.
pakúeba' (CV)	to feel nervous; feel/be afraid
kúekue (RV1)	to hold upright (next to one's chest) Kuekúea ro ungá'. / Hold up the child.
kúekog (RV6)	to tremble [with fear or cold], shake [Syn: kúrog]
kúehad (n)	huri strip [used for weaving]
kúehad (RV1)	to strip (huri)
kueó (h) (RV1)	to bear (on head), carry on head [Syn: tús-on] [Cf: daeá(h)]
kueó' (RV7)	to shrink
kueó' (n)	[disease--epilepsy]
kueób (adj)	face down(wards), lying on one's face/front
pakueób (CV)	to turn face down [Opp: kayá']
kúeokutóy (adj)	undernourished, stunted, dwarfed [vine, plant]
kúeon (n)	earthenware pot [for cooking]
kueóng (adj)	curled, curly [hair] [Syn: kulót, kulitót]
kueót (n)	[tubercule]
kúeoy-kúeoy (RV6)	to be in spasms [due to pain or a blow]
kúepa' (RV6)	to decrease in size, height (or) volume [Cf: kúpos]
kugán (n)	scab, crusted lesion

kúgbo (RV6)	to jerk, start moving abruptly
kúgbot (RV1)	to surprise, frighten
kúgita (n)	octopus
kúgmat (RV1)	to repeat (oneself); come out (or) back again, return Nagkúgmat ro á nang dáting maeáin nga pamatásan. / His old bad habits came back again.
kúgon (n)	[tall grass] <u>Imperata cylindrica</u> ; <u>Imperata exaltata</u>
kinúgon (n)	[bolo]
Kúgon (n)	barrio of Lezo
Kúgon (n)	barrio of Malinaw
níngas kúgon [idm]	"burning grasses" [referring to the habit of starting out strong but then giving up without finishing]
kugóng (n)	midrib of coconut, leaf [used for making brooms] [midrib of most palms]
kúgos [Hil] (RV1)	to hold in one's arms [Akl: kúekue]
kúgtong (n)	[fish]
kuhit (n)	pole
kuhit (RV1)	to reach (or) touch with a pole
kulá(h) [Sp] (n)	glue, paste
kulá (RV1)	to glue, paste
kulá(h) (RV1)	to bleach, buck
kuládo (adj)	partially bleached [so as to have a multi-shaded effect]
kúlam (RV1)	to hex, bewitch, inflict disease (through magic)
mangkukúlam (n)	witch doctor, voodoo expert
kulántro (n)	[nut--medicinal]
kulápot (n)	[shell]
kulás (n)	braggart, boaster, swell-head
kulás (adj)	self-praising, egoistic Kulás, hápit ány. [max] / "Hey swell-head, drop in." [used to tone down a braggart]
kuláta(h) [Sp] (n)	butt (of gun)
kuláta (RV1)	to pistolwhip, hit with the butt of a gun
kúlay [Tag] (n)	color [Syn: kolór]
makúlay (adj)	colorful
kúli' (RV6)	to be hard to find, be in demand, be scarce
makúli' (adj)	rare, scarce, hard to find, in demand
kolibát (RV1)	to mishandle, to handle carelessly
kolikad (RV1)	to ladle out
kolikag (RV1)	to rotate, twist (one's finger) [as in cleaning out one's ear]
kolikog (n)	ear swab, something used to clean out one's ear
kolikog (RV1)	to clean out one's ear
kolikot (RV1)	to enlarge a hole by inserting [something] and

koléкта(h) [Sp] (RV1)	rubbing it around
koléktor [Eng] (n)	to collect, gather
kólids [Eng] (n)	collector, gatherer
koléhyo [Sp] (n)	college [Syn: koléhyo]
kulift (RV5)	college [Syn: kolids]
kulili [Eng] (n)	to grimace [from pain]
kulintas (n)	ukulele, small guitar
kulintas (RV3)	necklace, medallion and chain
kulingling (n)	to put a necklace on
	ring [sound of a bell, telephone] [Cf: bagting]
	[Syn: kilng-kilng]
kolipót (n)	[shell]
kúlis (RV3)	to mark up, scratch
kulísga! (RV5)	to fret, worry, suffer hardship(s), be tormented (by one's thoughts)
	to frown
kulisóng (RV5)	[leafy vegetable] <u>kulitis</u> , "spinach" [FE] <u>Amaranthus viridis</u> (edible); <u>Amaranthus spinosus</u> (weed)
kulítis [Eng] (n)	very curly, completely twisted (around)
kolitót (adj)	[Syn: kueong, balikutot]
kolíwag (RV1)	to stir; rotate (or) twist (with one's hand)
kulóng (RV1)	to imprison
kulongán (n)	prison; cage; hatchery, chicken house
kulóng (adj)	curled, curly [Alt: kueóng]
kulóng (RV1)	to encircle, surround; imprison
Kulóng-kulóng (n)	barrio of Ibañay
kolór [Sp] (n)	color
dekolór (adj)	colored, colorful [Tag: makúlay]
kulót [Hil] (adj)	curled, curly [hair] [Akl: kueóng]
kúma [Sp] (n)	comma [punctuation mark]
komádre [Sp] (n)	godmother of one's child (or) mother of one's god-child [relationship term, non-existent in English]; co-godparents, co-sponsors [Alt: komáre, máre] [Cf: kompádre, kompáre, páre]
kumaeágko' (n)	thumb [Cf: eágko', túdlo']
kumágo (n)	string for a top [Alt: kamágo]
kumaíngking (n)	pinky, fifth (or) little finger [Cf: túdlo', íngking]
kumaiyaw (n)	fourth (or) ring finger [Cf: túdlo', silingsíngan]
Kumaláskas (n)	barrio of Nabas
kumalíbbikí (n)	[tree--thorny]
kumangón (n)	idiot, moron; fool, jerk [Cf: úmang] [Alt: kaumangón]
komáre [Sp] (n)	[relationship term--cf: komádre]
kumaripas (adj)	very-swift, very fast

kumaw (n)	kumaripas it daeagan / swift running
kombento [Sp] (n)	[crab--red-eyed] rectory; convent [house of religious priests or nuns] [residence of the parish priest]
kumbo [Eng] (n)	combo, orchestra, band
kumbo' (n)	banana fritters, fried banana chips
kumkum (RV1)	to hold (one's hand) closed; to close (one's hand) [Opp: bukead] [Syn: kuóm]
komika [Sp] (adj)	funny, humorous [Akl: kabueó']
komika (n)	comics, comic book
komikero (n) [cor]	comedian
komediante [Sp] (n)	comedian
komedor [Sp] (n)	dining room; eatery [Akl: kaeán-an] [Cf: kaón]
komilyas [Sp] (n)	quotation mark(s) [punctuation mark]
komendasyon [Sp] (n)	commendation, testimonial [Akl: dayaw]
komersyal [Eng] (n)	general store, commercial store; commercial [on television, radio], advertisement
komersyante [Sp] (n)	merchant, dealer, businessman
kumita(h) [Sp] (n)	comet
kómo [Sp] (conj)	because, inasmuch as Kómo indi' akó hiádto, magapasál-i akó kay Belén. / Inasmuch as I might not go, I will send Belén as a substitute. [Akl: tungód, bangó, dahíl]
kumod (RV5)	to murmur, mutter (in anger)
kumí-od (adj)	shy, inferior-feeling
komunista [Sp] (n)	Communist
kumos (RV1)	to squeeze (with hand); crumple, crush
komusta(h) [Sp] (Qp)	how? in what condition? be well? [Alt: kamusta] Komustá ka? / How are you? to greet, wish well; send (or) give one's regards Pakomustahí si Pédro. / Give my regards to Pedro.
pakomusta (CV)	cape, coat
kumót (n)	godfather of one's child (or) father of one's godchild [relationship term, non-existent in English]; co-godparents, co-sponsors [Alt: kompare, páre]
kompadre [Sp] (n)	[Cf: komádre, komáre, máre]
kompánia(h) [Sp] (n)	company, partnership, corporation
komparar [Sp] (RV2)	to compare; take instead [Akl: pasonáid]
komparado (adj)	compared
komparasyon (n)	comparison
kompare [Sp] (n)	[relationship term--cf: kompádre]
kumpas [Eng] (n)	compass
kumpas [Sp] (RV6)	to gesture, move one's hands [while talking]; wave hand in time with music, conduct

kúmpay (n)	fodder, grass or food (for cattle)
kúmpay (RV3)	to feed (cattle)
kompisár [Sp] (RV2)	to confess [Alt: konfesár]
kompesyonáryo (n)	confessional box
kúmpit (n)	[swift, sleek Muslim boat]
kúmpoe (adj)	blunt, cut off, severed [finger]
kompórmi (h) [Sp] (adj)	conforming, in agreement, in conformity; like Kompórmi akó sa imong hámbae. / I agree with what you say.
kompórmi (conj)	just the same, similarly, alike Kompórmi ro límpak, imáw man do sápsap. [max] / The chip looks the same way it was chopped.
kompormiso [Sp] (n)	compromise; promise [Alt: kompromiso]
kompúso (h) [Sp] (RV1)	to compose, make up [poem, music]
kompromiso [Sp] (n)	promise; compromise [Alt: kompormiso]
kompromiso (RV2)	to promise, commit, make a commitment
kompýansa (n) [Sp]	confidence, faith, trust
kon [Sp] (conj)	when, if [future] [Alt: kung]
kon amát [idm]	sometimes, from time to time, occasionally
kon sa bágay [idm]	"well, anyway" "if it matters" "incidentally"
kon saráng [idm]	if possible; please
kunáy [Ibj] (Dp)	said; was said by [Syn: sináy] Kunáy Juan hay nakapánaw eon kamó. / John said that you had already left.
kónde [Sp] (n)	count, earl
kondésa (n)	countess, earl
kundi' (conj)	unless, if not [Ctr: kon indi'] Kundi' ka, akó lang. / If you won't, I will.
kundíman [Tag] (n)	[song--about love]
kundíman (n)	red cloth [very rough, usually used for decorations or costumes]
kondenár [Sp] (RV1)	to condemn, sentence [to death or punishment]
kondenádo (adj)	condemned, sentenced
kondensáda [Sp] (adj)	condensed [milk]
kúnding (RV1)	to twist one's ear
kondúktor [Sp] (n)	conductor, steward
kondúktóra (n)	conductress, stewardess
kúndoe (n)	waxgourd [vegetable] <u>Benincasa hispida.</u>
kondosir [Sp] (RV2)	to bring tuba' to a customer
kongrésó [Sp] (n)	congress [Akl: katipon]
kongresista (n)	congressman, congresswoman
kúnla (h) (RV1)	to rinse (or) sterilize with hot water [as pouring hot water on food to kill germs but not cook it] "it is said" "they say" "it is believed" [quoting
kunó (Dp)	

	particle] [Syn: mána] [G.202]
	Manggaránon kunó imáw. / They say that she's rich.
kúno-kúno (RV1)	to rumor, spread a rumor [usually about superstitious matters]
	Ginakúno-kúno imáw nga áswang. / She is rumored to be a witch.
kúno-kúno (n)	rumor, hearsay
kunóe (RV6)	to pull back, shrink, reduce in length
pakunóe [idm] (CV)	to not pay attention, shrink back (or) withdraw from a conversation
kunós-kunós (RV7)	to drizzle intermittently
kunót (RV7)	to crumple; wrinkle [Syn: kurínót]
	Gakunót da dahí. / He is worrying about his problems. [idm]
kunót (RV3)	to put ruffles into; crush [clothing materials], wrinkle, crumple
kúnoy (RV6)	to cower, tremble (with fear)
paeangúnoy (DV)	to tremble with fear
pangúnoy-kúnoy (DV)	to shake, shiver
konfesár [Sp] (RV2)	to confess (one's sins) [Alt: kompisár]
konfesyónáryo (n)	confessional
pakonfesár (CV)	to hear confession(s)
konsiderár [Sp] (adj)	considerate, thoughtful [Akl: mapinatugsilíngon]
konsiderár (RV1)	to consider, think of, ponder (ón); be considerate, be thoughtful, practice consideration
konsehál [Sp] (n)	councilor; councilman, councilwoman
konsehális [pl] (n)	councilors
konsín-o [idm]	big shot, highbrow, "somebody", blueblood
	Mátsa konsín-o imáw. / He acts like a big shot.
konsínsya [Sp] (n)	conscience; good feeling [Akl: inogbaéti']
konsentir [Sp] (RV3)	to consent (to), allow, permit [wrong-doings]
konsentidór (adj)	blind to faults [in the bad sense], permissive
kónsul [Sp] (n)	consul
konsumisyón [Sp] (n)	problems, worries
konsumisyón (RV3)	to worry about
konsumido (adj)	worried, miserable
konsumo (h) [Sp] (n)	supply, stock
konsumo (RV1)	to consume, use up [goods]
konsonánte [Sp] (n)	consonant [grammatical term] [Nab: kátnog]
kunsorsilyo [cor] (n)	underpants [for men] [Syn: kalsonsilyo, wóker]
konsórti (h) [Sp] (n)	escort, partner
konsórti (RV3)	to escort, be partner to
	Konsortíhi akó. / Escort me.

- konstabuláryo [Sp] (n) constabulary; constable [Syn: písi]
 konsyérto [Sp] (n) concert, musical performance
 kúnta' (Dp) [Particle expressing a strong hope, desire or wish]
 "would" "hopefully" "if only" [G. 207]
 Tapís eon kúnta' daíng obra. / I wish my work
 were already finished.
- kontadór [Sp] (n) meter [for measuring consumption]; water meter,
 electric meter
 kontadór publikó (n) public accountant
 konténto [Sp] (adj) content, contented, satisfied [Syn: kompóirmi]
 kúntis [Eng] (n) contest, competition, struggle
 kúntis (RV1) to compete (with), have a contest
 kontódo [Sp] (expr) "after all" "considering everything" "with all"
 Kontódo nga ginpakón imáw riya sa baeáy, ána pa
 akó nga libakón. / After all I fed him here in the
 house, he still goes and slanders me.
- kóntra(h) [Sp] (n) enemy, foe [Akl: kaáway]
 kóntra (REL. v) to be enemies
 kóntra (RV1) to become enemies; stand against, oppose
 kontrabándo [Sp] (n) contraband, smuggled goods [Cf: ismágo]
 kontrabandista (n) smuggler
 kontrabida [Sp] (n) villainess
 kontrabido (n) villain, fiend
 kontramismo [Sp] (adv) against one's will, reluctant(ly)
 kontrasinyas [Sp] (n) countersign
 kontrasinyas (RV3) to give a countersign (to)
 kontráto(h) [Sp] (RV1) to contract, arrange for
 kontráta (n) contract, agreement
 kontratádo (adj) contracted, arranged
 kontról [Eng] (RV1) to control [Cf: gahóm]
 kontroládo [Sp] (adj) controlled, under control
 kúnyag (ST4) to shiver, tremble, shake
 kung (conj) if, when, whenever [Alt: kon]
 kung (Am) "of, by, with" [associate marker, Alt: ku]
 [G. 79; 144; 151-52]. [D. 11, 29]
 kóngkong (RV1) to curl (inwards) [one's toes] [Opp: úntay]
 kúob (RV6) to lie low, "hit the dirt" [AE], duck
 Kúob, básí' hitáma' ikáw it bála. / Get down,
 you might be hit by a bullet.
- kuóe (n) [shell--in ricefield]
 pakuóe-kuóe [slg] (CV) to kiss lips to lips [referring to the way one would
 suck the meat of a shell]
 kuóm (RV1) to clench, hold one's hands closed [Syn: kumkum]
 kúop (RV3) to embrace, squeeze tightly, hold tightly [warmth]

kuóp (adj)	enclosed * [Cf: kúpkup]
kúot (RV1)	to reach inside and grab, insert hand into [to get]
kúot [vul] (RV1)	to touch the clitoris
kúot-kúot [vul]	to continually touch the clitoris [so as to produce orgasm in a woman]
pangúot (DV) [vul]	to "feel up", touch (or) massage the clitoris
kópa (h) [Sp] (n)	goblet, wine cup
kopíta (n)	small goblet, cup
Kupang (n)	barrio of Banga
kúpas (RV7)	to fade [color], lose color [Cf: sueóng]
kúpas [Sp] (n)	cup [figure on old Spanish playing cards]
	[Cf: óros, espáda, bástos]
kúpkup (RV3)	to embrace, hug
kúpit (RV1)	to pick pocket; to embezzle a small amount
kúpit (n)	a small amount which was embezzled
kupón [Sp] (n)	paper, stationery
kúpos (RV6)	to shrink, reduce in size
kupós (adj)	shrunken, diminished
kópra [Eng] (n)	dried out coconut meat, copra [Akl: língkad]
kópraks [Sp] (n)	dried out coconut meat, copra
kúra (h) [Sp] (n)	curate, priest [Syn: pári']
kúra.pardko (n)	parish priest, pastor
kuráe [Sp] (n)	fence
kuráe (RV3)	to fence in, put a fence (up/around)
kurandéra [Sp] (n)	healer, medicine woman
kurandéro (n)	healer, medicine man
kuranhá' (A/dec)	of that, by that [Cf: ku, ranhá'] [G. 163] [D. 12]
korasonáda (h) [Sp. cor] (RV3)	to single out, pick out; pick on
	[Alt: korsonáda(h)]
kurató (A/dec)	of that, by that [yonder] [Cf: ku, rató] [G. 163][D. 12]
kurátsa (h) [Sp] (n)	cockroach
kuráy (n)	[crab--small]
kuráya (A/dec)	of this, by this [G. 163] [Cf: ku, ráya] [D. 12]
kúrba [Sp] (n)	curve; curb [Syn: háwod, tikó'] [Opp: tádlong]
korbáta [Sp] (n)	necktie, tie
kúrdon [Sp] (n)	large electric cord [plug and wire]
kurí']ma{ (adj)	scarce, rare, hard to obtain (or) find
kakurí' (n)	want; scarcity, rarity
sàngkirí' (adj)	few, very little, a bit
kurík [Eng] (RV3)	to correct
	Kurík rong iksámin. ✓ Correct the exams.
koridór [Sp] (n)	corridor; alley; aisle
korinót (adj)	wrinkled, unsmooth; frowning [Opp: mádalino']
kuring (n)	cat
koripot [Tag] (adj)	cheap, stingy, miserly, penny-pinching

kárit (RV3)	to mark up, make line(s) in [Syn: kális, kádlit]
kárit (n)	line, mark, scratch
káuro [Sp] (n)	chorus, choir
kurohán (n)	choir loft, choir
korúkay (RV1)	to call chickens, "here chickee, chickee"
kurokúkok (n)	[bird] [Alt: kúkok]
korúdo (h) [Sp] (n)	crude oil, diesel fuel
kúrog (RV6)	to shake, tremble, shiver [Syn: kdekog]
koróna (h) [Sp] (n)	crown
koróna (RV3)	to crown, put a crown on [Syn: púrong-púrong]
kúros [Eng] (n)	chorus; song, musical number; choir [Cf: kúro]
kurós [Eng] (n)	cross [Alt: kros]
kurót (RV1)	to pinch
	Ayáw imáw pagkúda. / Don't pinch him.
sangkurót [idm] (adj)	little, few; little bit, just a little
kurúyon (A/dec)	of that, by that [Cf: kú, rúyon] [G. 163] [D. 12]
Corrudo [Sp] (n)	barrio of Banga
korsáda [cor] (n)	road, highway [Alt: karsáda] [Syn: dáean]
kúrso (h) [Sp] (n)	course; subject [of study]
kúrso (h) [Sp] (ST4)	to have diarrhea
korsonáda (h) [Sp. cor] (RV3)	to choose, single out, corner, pick out/on
	Kinorsonadáhan nákon imáw. / I singled her out.
kúrta [Sp] (n)	pocket knife
kúrtaplúma (n)	penknife
kurtál (n)	[medicine] Cortal
kórte [Sp. cor] (n)	court, courthouse [Syn: husgádo]
Kórte Supréma (n)	Supreme Court
kórti (h) [Sp] (n)	shape, design, cut [of clothing], contour
kórti (RV3)	to design, cut [according to a given design]
kórti (n)	[one full length for a pair of trousers]
kortína (h) [Sp] (n)	curtain, drape(s)
Córtes [Sp] (n)	barrio of Baleté
kórtó (h) [Sp] (adj)	curt, short-tempered
	Si Pedro kórto it buót. / Peter is short[tempered.
kuryénte [Sp] (n)	electric wire; current [electricity]
kuryénte [vul] (n)	venereal disease
kuryénte (adj)	current, ordinary, common, not select
kosámod (RV5)	to fry/n [Alt: kúsmod]
kúskus (RV1)	to scrape out, shred, grate [Syn: kiskis]
kuskusán (n)	soraper; shredder, grater [blade or utensil]
kúsi' (RV1)	to pinch, squeeze (with fingers)
pángúsi' (DV)	to always pinch, be fond of pinching
kusína (h) [Sp] (n)	kitchen
kusínilya (n)	stove

kusiníro (n)	cook [male]
kusiníra (n)	cook [female]
kusipád (RV1)	to tear into pieces [with fingers] [Cf: kuyót-kuyót]
kúsmođ (RV5)	to frown [Alt: kosámod]
kúsmos [Sp] (n)	[flower] cosmo.
kúsnót (RV1)	to playfully grab at another, snatch at
kúso' (RV1)	to crumple, crush; rub together [as when doing laundry]
kusóe (n)	[herb--medicinal] <u>Kaempferia galanga</u> L.
kusóg (n)	biceps; strength, vigor, power
makúsog (adj)	strong, powerful, mighty
kusóg (adj)	dry, underdeveloped [plant] [Opp: eángbo']
kúsót (n)	sawdust
kúspaw [Hil] (RV1)	to grab at jokingly, snatch playfully [Ak]: kúsnót]
kústal [Sp] (n)	cloth sack
kostómbre [Sp] (n)	customs, mannerisms, ritual(s)
kostumér [Eng] (n)	customer [Syn: parukyáno, súki']
kúta' (n)	jail, prison [Syn: kársil]
kúta' (RV3)	to put into jail, imprison
kútab (RV1)	to sever, cut off
kuták-kuták (RV5)	to cackle [sound of chickens] [Alt: kutkuták]
kutána (RV1)	to ask, question, inquire, query [someone]
	Kután-on ko imáw. / I'll ask him.
pangutána (n)	question, inquiry
pangutána (DV)	to ask questions, interrogate
kotápti (n)	hornet
kotápto (n)	winged pea.
kútaw (RV1)	to dip one's hand (into water), immerse one's hand
	Ayáw pagkutáwa ro túbi' ngarón, básí' mahigko-án.
	/ Don't put your hand into that water, you might get it dirty.
kútkut (n)	hole, excavation
kútkut (RV3)	to dig, excavate; gnaw (at) [said of rats]
kutkuták (RV5)	to cackle [sound of chickens]
kutí(h) [ma] (adj)	intricate; meticulous
kútib (RV5)	to mutter [Syn: múeo-múeo(h)]
kótikót (n)	chili pepper. <u>Capsicum frutescens</u> L.
kótiks (n)	nail polish, Cutex
kótik(s) (RV3)	to put on nail polish
	Kótiki akó. / Put nail polish on my fingernails.
kotiháe [Sp] (RV1)	to work aimlessly, putter around, fiddle around
kútis [Sp] (n)	complexion, skin coloration [Cf: pánit]
kútlab (RV1)	to slash, rip apart
kúto (n)	louse / lice

hingutó (RV3)	to take out lice [from someone's hair] Hingútwi akó. / Remove the lice from my hair.
kútob (prep)	from, originating at [Syn: halín, gikan] kútob díya túbtub dikarón / from here to there
kútob (n)	premonition, foreboding [Syn: kúeba']
kútob (ST5)	to have a premonition (or) foreboding, be worried
kutó-kutó (n)	[water bug]
kutód (n)	boundary, -limit
kutód (RV3)	to put a boundary (on)
kutóe (RV1)	to cut off the top [of plants]
kueútlán (n)	stump, stub [of plants]
kútom]ma[(adj)	intense, deep, dark [of color] 'makútom nga pueá / deep red
kútom (RV1)	to darken, intensify [color]
kútoy (ST4)	to get dysentery
kutsára [Sp] (n)	tablespoon
kutsaríta (n)	teaspoon
kótse [Sp] (n)	car, auto, automobile [Syn: áwto] Nakabakáe imáw it kótse. / He bought a car.
kutsilyo [Sp] (n)	knife, tableknife, butter knife
kutsilyádo (adj)	shaped like a knife
kutsinta' [Sp] (n)	rice bread [Akl: póto]
kútsing [Ch] (n)	smallest denomination: 1/2 centavo worth [Alt: kusing] [Cf: marabilís]
kutsiro [Sp] (n)	coachman, driver for a horse carriage
kútso-kútso(h) (RV1)	to depreciate, speak derogatorily (of/about)
kútso-kútso (n)	gossip, rumor [Cf: libák, intrimis]
kútsón [Sp] (n)	cushion, pillow
kuwáko [Ch] (n)	pipe [for smoking]
kuwádro [Sp] (n)	picture frame; frame [Alt: kwádro]
kuwán (expr)	[A filler word used when one forgets or does not know the word intended. It can be used as any part of speech and usually has no AE equivalent.] the whatchamacallit; the gizmo; thingamajig "What's his name?" "Have you done 'ah'...?" "the most 'ah'..."
ro kuwán (n)	
si Kuwán	
Nakakuwán ka? (v)	
pinakámakewán (adj)	
kuyám-kuyám (RV1)	to snack; take a snack [AE], merienda [FE] [Syn: pamáhaw]
kuyáp (ST5)	to be nervous, get the jitters [due to fear]
kueuyapán (adj)	high-strung, nervous; hysterical
kuyápnit (n)	[bat--small, insect-eating] [Cf: kabóg]
kúyog [Bkd] (RV8)	to assemble, congregate, group together
kueuyogán (n)	place of assembly, meeting grounds

kuyóg (n)
kuyót-kuyót (RV1)

kraş [Eng] (n)

kras (RV3)
krayóla [Eng] (n)
krédit [Eng] (n)
krimin [Sp] (n)
kriminal [Sp] (n)
kring (n)
krisis [Sp] (n)
krísmas [Eng] (n)

krístal [Eng] (n)
kristyáno [Sp] (n)
kros [Sp] (n)
krúsing [Eng] (n)
krusipiho [Sp] (n)
kwadérno [Sp] (n)
kwádro [Sp] (n)
kwan (expr)
kwarínta [Sp] (n)
kwarísmá [Sp] (n)
kwárta (h) [Sp] (n)

kwártahan (adj)
mangwárta (adv)
nangwárta (DV)

kwártilyo [Sp] (adj)
kwártilyo [Oak] (n)

line [of print] [Syn: íras]
to shred, tear into very small pieces [with fingers]
[Cf: kuspád]

crush, puppylove

May kraş imáw kimo. / She has a crush on you.
to have a crush (on)

crayon, crayola
credit; debt [Cf: utang]
crime [Akl: saeá']

criminal
ring [sound of bell, alarm clock]
crisis

Christmas [Sp: páskwa]
Méri krísmas. / Merry Christmas.

cristal, glassware
Christian [Pl: kristyános]

cross [Alt: kurós]
crossing, intersection
crucifix

notebook
frame, picture frame
[Filler term--cf: kuwán]

forty, 40
Lent [40 days of fasting before Easter]
money [in general]; centavo

May kwarta ka? / Do you have any money?
sang kwarta eang / just one centavo
moneyed, rich, wealthy
worth one centavo

to "gold-dig", swindle

****TYPES OF MONEY--OLD AND NEW****

píşos	peso, pesos
salapí'	50 centavos
kaháti'	25 centavos [Oak]
pesétas	20 centavos
sikápat	12-1/2 centavos [Oak]
dyes	10 centavos
sikwaeó	6 centavos [Oak]
bakód	5 centavos
kwártilyo	3 centavos [Oak]
sangkwárta	1 centavo
marabílis	1/2 centavo

one-fourth, 1/4
[piece of money worth about 3 centavos]

kwártir [Eng] (n)	quarter [Cf: kwárto, kwartilyo]
kwárto [Sp] (n)	room, bedroom, quarters [Akl: sueóp]
kwárto [Sp] (n)	quarter, one-fourth
	minus kwárto pára alás syéte / quarter to seven
kwátro [Sp] (n)	four, 4 [used for counting time and money]
kwayr [Eng] (n)	choir, chorus [Syn: kúro, kúros]
kwéba(h) [Sp] (n)	cave, cavern [Akl: eungib]
kwilyo [Sp] (n)	collar
kwinápol [Eng] (n)	zapote [tree, fruit] <u>Diospyrus ebenaster</u> .
kwénta(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to settle (money matters); count, list [Akl: húsay]
kwénta (n)	value, worth [Akl: pueós, kapusláhan]
	owát kwénta / worthless
kwirandirá [Sp.cor] (n)	healer, medicine woman [Alt: kurandéra]
kwirandíro [Sp.cor] (n)	healer, medicine man [Alt: kurandéro]
kwírdas [Sp] (n)	guitar string
kyut [Eng] (adj)	cute, petite, small but good-looking

"D" /dah/

"J"

da (Tm) (A/pro)

da (T/dem)

dáan (adj)

kinadaán (adj)

daáng (Tm) (A/pro)

daáng (RV1)

dabá (n)

dabá-dabá (n)

dabá-dabá (RV7)

dábdab (RV7)

dábong]ma[(adj)

dáka' (n)

dinaká' (RV5)

madáka' (adj)

dakí(h) (n)

dakhón (adj)

dakóp (RV1)

dakóp [idm] (RV3)

The fourth letter of the native Aklanon alphabet, representing the voiced dental stop /d/. [G. 9]

A borrowed letter and sound in Aklanon, usually used in the spelling of proper names and names of places not yet vernacularized. Most often the sound and letters are reduced to the combination "dy"; please see /dy/ for all listings.

his/her [Ctr: do ána nga]

this [Ctr: dáya] [Alt: ra]

older, ancient; the former

very old, ancient

my [Ctr: do ákon nga] [Alt: raáng]

to warm up a bit, heat up

a large pot [Cf: kúeon]

flame [Syn: dábdab]

to be aflame; flare up, get stronger [fire]

to be aflame; catch fire, flare up

prolific, abundant, growing well [Opp: makinót]

dirty language, foul talk [Cf: bástos]

to speak with dirty language, be gross

gross, dirty, fond of using dirty language/words

dandruff [Syn: dalíkdik]

having dandruff

to capture, catch [Opp: búhi']

Dákpa ro áyam. / Catch the dog.

to catch, capture [people]

	Owá' nákon imáw hidákpi. / I wasn't able to catch him. Sín hidákpan ro isdá' kundí' sa bá-ba'?
	/ Where else do you catch the fish but by the mouth?
dá-da' (ST3)	to stop, control, put under control
	Indí' madá-da' ro bá-ba'. / The mouth cannot be controlled.
dádi [Eng] (n)	daddy, father [Akl: tátay]
dáea(h) (ST2)	to learn one's lesson, see the bad in [Syn: mádla']
	Nadáea éon imáw it hinámpang' sa karsáda. / He has seen the danger in playing in the street.
daeá(h) (RV1)	to bring, carry, take
	Dáeha kákon ro repórt. / Bring me the report.
padaeá (CV)	to send, mail
padaeá-dáea [idm]	to be led on; fall for
	Pérmi nagapadaeá-dáea imáw sa tsísmis. / He always falls for gossip.
tagpadaeá (n)	sender
daeág (n)	a dry field
daeág]ma[(adj)	yellow, muddy-colored [water]; murky
Madalág (n)	Madalag, one of Aklan's 17 municipalities
daeága (n)	girl, young lady, young unmarried woman; maiden
daeágan (RV6)	to run [on foot] [Cf: ándar]
daeagángan (adj)	powerful, mighty, exceedingly strong; Herculean
daeágko' (pl. adj)	huge, big, large [in size--said of many items] [Alt: maeágko']. [Opp: maintok]
Daeagsáan (n)	barrio of Libakaw [Alt: Dalagsáan]
daeáhig (RV1)	to involve, bring in(to)
daeamasá' (RV1)	to treat rudely, take for granted
dáean (n)	road, way, (path, trail, street
dáean (ST2)	to be carried away (by), be led by; almost forget [something else]
	Nadáean akó ku ákong inóbra. / I was carried away by my work.
daeána' (ñ)	scaffolding
daeántay]pa[(CV)	to expect help; collect/ receive a favor [in return] [Alt: daeángtay]
daeángin [Oak] (n)	eulogy, praise
daeángtay]pa[(CV)	to expect help; collect/ receive a favor [in return]
daeáura' (n)	cumulus [clouds]
daeápi' (n)	eczema [skin disease]
daeapián (n)	feeler [of a crayfish]
daeapingan (n)	[fish] [Alt: daeupíngan]
daeás]ma[(adv)	often, frequently [Syn: masígin]
daeáwat (RV1)	to buy (grain products)
padaeáwat (CV)	to sell (grain products)

panacáwat (DV)	to buy grain products in bulk
daeáwdaw (RV7)	to regenerate, grow anew
daeáy (adj)	endearing; sniveling [said of children who use charm or tears to get their way]
padaeáy (CV)	to snivel (or) simper [in order to get one's way]
daeáyday [Oak] (RV1)	to compose poetry or formal prose
dinaeáyday (n)	poetry [Cf: binaeáybay]
panaeaydáyan [Nab] (n)	Poetry
dáedae (RV3)	to strike (with) intermittently [Alt: dáedag]
dáedae (n)	something used for intermittent striking
dáedag (RV3)	to strike (with) intermittently; use a pick-axe
dáedag (n)	pick-axe [carpenter's tool]
dáehog (n)	[leaves of certain vegetables, like sweet potatoes]
daeók]ma[(adj)	dirty [Syn: híkko']
daeók (ST5)	to feel uneasy because of dirt (iness)
daeogbrtáng (n)	[fish]
daeúgdug (n)	rumbling of thunder [Cf: línti', kílát]
daeúgdug (RV7)	to thunder; rumble [like thunder]
panaeúgdug (DV)	to be thundering
dáeom (RV7)	to get deep(er)
kadáeom (n)	depth
kaidadáeman (n)	the very bottom
idáeom (n)	below, bottom, underneath
	sa idáeom ít baeáy / underneath the house
madáeom (adj)	deep
	madáeom nga bisáyá' [ídm] / archaic Visayan words (or) language
paidáeom (RV9)	to go below
paidáeom (CV)	to sink; let go deep (or) down
daeúpi' (RV1)	to smooth out and make stronger; reinforce [the outside wall of a nipa house]
dáe-os' (ST3)	to get burned [flesh]
dáe-os (ST3)	to slip, fall [Alt: dúe-os]
daewa(h) [Oak] (n)	two [Cf: dáywa(h)]
dāga(h) [Sp] (n)	dagger, knife
dāga' (RV3)	to sacrifice [an animal for good luck]
daga-án (n)	altar of sacrifice
dagá' (n)	clay [used for earthenware vessels]
dagá' [Tag] (n)	rat [Ald: eággam]
dagábdab (RV7)	to flare up [with a big flame] [Cf: dábdab]
dagákan (RV7)	to be abundant (or) plentiful [Cf: ábak-ábak]
dāga-dāga (n)	[winged insect--like a flying ant]
dagámi (n)	rice stalk, straw [from rice]
daganás (RV7)	to hiss, rush [sound of running water]

dagasanán (n)	rapids, shallow part of river with swift current
dagándan (RV6)	to stumble (or) tumble down [stairs]
dagangkáhoy (n)	[tree] <u>Aniseptera thurifera.</u>
Dagangkáhoy [Nab] (n)	February [archaic name for the month]
dagás (adj)	fallen leaves or fruits
dagasanán (n)	part of river where the current is strong; rapids. [Cf: daganás]
dágat (n)	salt water; sea
karagátan (n)	open sea; ocean [Alt: kadagátan]
kadagátan (n)	open sea; ocean
dagát (ST4)	to get motion sickness; get seasick, carsick (or) airsick
dagáya' (adj)	many, multitudinous, plenty [Cf: abó']
daginot [Hil] (RV1)	to go slowly (on), use up slowly, economize [Akl: ámat-ámat]
dágit (RV1)	to pounce upon, swoop down and seize [said of birds seizing prey] Dinágit ku agilá ro manók. / The chicken was seized by the eagle.
Dagitan (n)	barrio of Banga
Dagitan (n)	sitio in Madalag [not barrio]
Dumágit (n)	barrio of New Washington
daguldulan (n)	[fish]
dágom (n)	needle [sewing] Paghalín díya, dágom; pag-abót ídto wásay, [max] / It may leave here as a needle, but it arrives there as an axe. [referring to the way a rumor can grow] year [Syn: ányos]
dág-on (n)	season; time [in general] [Syn: óras]
panág-on (n)	to make a thunderous sound (or) noise
dagúno' (RV7)	to wrestle (with)
dagunót (RV3)	to growl, make a gurgling noise [said of stomach]
daguók (RV7)	[rice dessert] [Cf: súman] (rice and coconut oil cooked inside banana leaves)
dagúsdus (n)	to fall flat on one's face [Cf: kueób] [Syn: dúsmo']
dágpa' (ST3)	inner lining [of clothing] [Syn: apúro(h)]
dágpak (n)	to slap [as when killing a mosquito] [Syn: dapák]
dágpí' (RV1)	to get washed ashore
dágsa' (ST3)	stain, blemish
dágtá' (n)	to stain, put a blemish (on)
dágtá' (RV3)	feature, shape, characteristic
dágway (n)	free labor [Akl: sagibín] [Tag: bayanhan]
dágyaw [Hil] (n)	barrio of Banga
Dáha' (n)	to be careless (with)
dahák-dahák (RV1)	

madahák-dahák (adj)	careless, clumsy
dáhan (RV3)	to be careful (with), be wary, go cautiously
dáhan (RV1)	to invite someone to eat
dahás-dahás (RV1)	to be rude (or) ill-mannered [with]
dahi' (n)	forehead
dáhil (conj)	because
kadahilánan (n)	reason, cause
dahili' (n)	[dwarf coconut tree]
dahilig (RV7)	to drip, trickle, flow (downwards) [water]
dáhog (RV1)	to create a demand (for)
madáhog (adj)	in demand, fast-selling, "hot" [AE]
dáhom-dáhom (RV1)	to imagine
padáhom-dáhom (CV)	to inspire; let imagine
dáhon (n)	leaf, leaves
dáhon (RV7)	to produce leaves
dahón-dahón (n)	grass snake
daigon (RV5)	to go Christmas carolling
daisdis [Bkd] (n)	contest, competition [Syn: paíndis-índis]
dáit (n)	[buri fibres]
dáit (RV1)	to weave buri fibres
dáit [hi] (RV6) [Oak]	to have a consensus, cooperate; empathize
paghidáit (n)	rapport; solidarity; cooperation
dalá' (adj)	pampered, spoiled, bratty [Cf: daeáy]
padalá'-dalá' (CV)	to act like a brat; simper [in order to get what one wants]
dalagingding (n)	young girl, teenager [female] (about 10-15 years)
Dalagsá-an (n)	barrio of Libakaw [Alt: Daeagsáan]
dáldal (RV5)	to speak nonsense, prattle, talk nonsense
dáldal (n)	prattle, foolish talk. [Syn: dándan]
daldaléra [cor] (n)	prattler, foolish talker [female]
daldaléro [cor] (n)	prattler, foolish talker [male]
dali' (RV1)	to hurry up, go quickly [Opp: búhay]
kadali' (n)	hurry, rush, quickness, speed
hináli' (adv)	suddenly, immediately
madali' (adj)	quick, fast, hurried, rushed [Cf: masáko']
madali' (adv)	soon, quickly; easily [Cf: maeumó(h)]
	Maeaká' hikít-an, madali' hilipátán. [max] /
	"Out of sight, out of mind." [AE]
dalíkdik (n)	dandruff [Sp: káspa] [Syn: dak(h)]
dalikúeot (n)	[bird] kingfisher
dálf-dáli (n)	[fish]
dalimánok (n)	[bird]
dalimáso' (n)	yaws [skin eruption] [Syn: gúeos]
-dalín-as (ST3)	to slip, slide [as on mud or slippery floor]

dalino']ma[(adj)	smooth, fine, refined, polished
dalinuán. (n)	[fish--small]
dalingding [Bkd] (n)	[nipa--as used for walls or shingles]
dalingdingan (n)	[tree, lumber] gisok. <u>Shorea gisok.</u>
daliús-us (RV6)	to slide down
Dalípdip (n)	barrio of Altavas
dalípi' (n)	stone, boulder [hard, large]
dalipungót (adj)	frustrated, discouraged; out of sorts, crabby [Alt: alipungót] [Syn: sá-b-an]
dalísay (adj)	pure, genuine; saturated through and through; strong [flavor] [Cf: túnay, eúnsay]
dalísdís (RV3)	to hit off-center, graze, skin, glance
dalísúnsun (n)	uterine fluids, watery afterbirth
dálit (n)	venom, poison
dalitán (adj)	venomous, poisonous
dáma(h) (n)	barrel, large wood (or) clay container
damá(h) [Sp] (n)	Spanish checkers, king checkers [game]
damá (RV5)	to play checkers [Spanish style]
damahán (n)	checkerboard
dáma de 'nótse [Sp] (n)	[flower]
damáng (n)	cobweb, spider web [Alt: eamáng]
damátan [Tag] (adj)	old, elderly [people] [Akl: magúeang]
dámay [Tag] (ST2)	to be involved (in) [Akl: daeáhig]
dámeot (RV3)	to lick, lap up [Syn: támsok]
dámgo(h) (RV1)	to dream (of)
damgohánon (n)	aspiration(s), ambition, dreams
panámgo (DV)	to dream [frequently; many dreams]
pananángo (n)	dream
dámhag (ST2)	to stumble [Syn: dáphag, dúsmo']
dámhag (RV3)	to trip, cause to stumble
dámrit (RV1)	to always talk about, constantly mention
dámo' [Hil] (adj)	much, many [Akl: abó']
dámoe (RV7)	to get thick(er)
kadámoe (n)	thickness.
madámoe (adj)	thick madámoe ra uyahón [idm] / thick-skinned [AE]; he doesn't care what people will say
damóg (n)	fodder, pig food [Syn: bahóg]
dámp'ae (RV1)	to take large amounts of food with one's hands
dámpae (n)	handful [a large handful]
dámpilás (RV1)	to trip, cause [someone] to stumble [Cf: dámhag]
dámpilás (ST2)	to slip, trip; *make a slip of the tongue [idm]
[idm]	Hadámpilás akó it hámbae. / I made a little slip of the tongue.
dámpilók (ST5)	to doze off [Alt: dupilók]

dampióg (RV3)	to lean on [with one's elbow]
daná' (T/dem)	that [Alt: danhá', raná'] [G. 161] [D. 11, 30]
danáw (n)	lake, pond [Cf: baeanáw]
dándan (RV2)	to gibber; chatter, gab, babble [Cf: dáldal]
danhá' (T/dem)	that [Alt: ranhá', daná'] [G. 161] [D. 11, 30]
danián (RV6)	to waste away, suffer from a long illness
dánlog (ST2, 3)	to slip, slide
madánlog (adj)	slippery [Opp: masápnct] [Cf: mapilit]
dánóe' (n)	[fish]
dánog (RV6)	to echo; sound, make a sound
madánog (adj)	echoing; noisy
dang (Tm) (A/pro)	my [Ctr: do ákon nga] [Alt: rang]
dánga-dangá (RV5)	to pant, breathe quickly [Cf: hápo']
dánga-dangá (n)	hot, heavy air
dangáe (adj)	blunt, worn out [blade] [Opp: mataeóm]
dángat [Hil] (RV1)	to get, obtain, acquire [Syn: sámpot, paabót]
dángaw (n)	handsbreadth [unit of measure about 8 inches long]
dángkae (n)	the length of one's foot [relative unit of measure]
dangkáean (n)	[tree] Palo Maria. <u>Calophyllum inophyllum</u> L.
Dangkáean (n)	barrio of Malinaw
dangkúeos (RV3)	to embrace from below, hug [as a little child does]
dángdang (RV1)	to warm up, put near the fire, heat up
dángga]ma[(adj)	hot and humid, stifling [weather]
dánggit (n)	[fish--small] [Cf: múbead]
dángop (RV3)	to take refuge, seek help, go for help
daeángpan (n)	place of refuge
dángya (ST3)	to wash ashore, drift ashore [Syn: dágsa]
daóg (RV1)	to win, beat, overpower [Opp: pérde(h)]
	Dág-on ka ni Pédro. / Peter will beat you.
	-Si, Juan Indi' kadaóg kay Sámmy. / John can't beat Sammy.
daóg (adj)	beaten, vanquished, overpowered; "under" [AE]
	Daóg ka ni Pedro. / You're not up to Peter.
daóg-dáog (RV1)	to prevail; want to be on top (or) be the best
kadág-ánan (n)	victory, conquest
padaóg-dáog (CV)	to let win; be afraid of; not be up to; be a quitter
	Ayáw magpadaóg-dáog. / Don't be a quitter. [AE]
pagkamadinaeág-on (n)	luck; case of being lucky
dapá' [Tag] (RV1)	to lie downwards, lie on one's face [/:kl: kueŋb]
dapák (RV1)	to slap lightly, pat
dapá-dapá (n)	sole [of the foot]
dapae (n)	slice, cut [unit of measure about 5-inches long]
dapaeán (n)	cutting board [used for slicing foods]
dapáe (adj)	having short legs [said of people, chickens]

dapál (n)	mouthful [o. food]
dápat (RV2)	to use, utilize; make use of
kadapatónan (n)	use(s)
dápat (V, det)	should, ought to; it would be best (to)
	Dápat nga ikáw mag-ádto. / You should go.
dapátan (n)	use [Syn: pueós, kapuslánan]
	May dapátan da? / Does this have any more use?
igdáepát (n)	tool, utensil
panápat (DV)	to use [in bulk]
panápton (n)	remnants, excess textile(s) or clothing materials
dápaw (n)	germ(s), bacterium, bacteria, virus [any minute things causing disease--originally the name of a very, very tiny insect]
	[tree]
dápdap (n)	barrio of Tangalan
Dápdap (n)	to flip over; turn over; flatten (out)
dápea (RV1)	Dapea-á ro kwárta ay básí maghári'. / Flip the coin, it might come up heads. [AE] [Actually, in the Filipino game, the coin is not flipped in the air but rather spun and then slapped or flattened.]
	flat, level, curveless
dápea (adj)	to shinny up, climb [without braces or footholds]
dápeas (RV1)	to get scratched
dápeas (ST2)	to slide down [as down the railing of a stairway];
dápeos (RV6)	to slip down (unable to take hold)
dáphag (ST3)	to stumble, fall flat on one's face
dáphag (RV3)	to push someone down (on his face)
dápit (RV1)	to ferry across
daeapítan (n)	ferry landing
Dapítan (n)	barrio of Banga
dapít (adv)	sítuated, located [Rel: eapít]
	Sín dapít? / "Where at?" [AE] (or) "Near what?"
	sa subá' dapít / located by the river
dápli' [Lib] (n)	mistress, paramour [Syn: kerida]
dáplis. (adj)	grazed, scratched, having an abrasion, slightly cut
dápo' (RV1)	to gather together, assemble with
daeápo' (RV8)	to assemble, gather in numbers
daeapó-an (n)	place of assembly, gathering place
dápoe (adj)	inaccurate, nonsensical; absent-minded
padápoe (CV)	to talk nonsense; be inaccurate
dápo g [Tag] (n)	dirtless seed bed [for planting according to modern techniques]
dapóg (n)	stove, hearth
dáp-ong (n)	bonfire, trash fire

dacap-ongan (n)	place where trash is usually burned
darás (n)	flat pickaxe
darigold [Eng] (n)	[brand of milk] Darigold.
dárling [Eng] (n)	darling [term of endearment] [Akl: paráyaw]
dásae [pa] (CV)	to gibber; gab, yak, talk nonsense
dáskae [Sp] (adj)(n)	mischievous, naughty; rascal [Alt: eáskae]
dáskal [Sp] (adj)(n)	mischievous, naughty; rascal [Cf: ráskal, dáskae]
dásig (RV1)	to speed up, go fast(er) [Syn: bákas, dali']
	Dasígon ta. / Let's go faster.
kadásig (n)	speed
madásig (adj)	fast, speedy, swift
dasók (RV3)	to insert, put in
pamáskan [sup]	[to be afflicted with a curse which results in having pieces of wood or stone embedded in the body; the remedy for this is through "butbut"]
	to press together, compact
dasók (RV1)	to support, endorse
dáson [Lib] (RV3)	consequently, thereafter, thereupon [Akl: dáyon]
dasón [Hil] (Dp)	next, following, consequent
madason (adj)	dustpan
dáspan [Eng] (n)	housedress, duster
dáster [Eng] (n)	report, information, news, data
dáta(h) [Eng] (n)	to report, give information (or) data
dáta (RV2)	useless, good for nothing
owát dáta [idm]	to reach, touch, arrive at
datáe (RV4)	open field, plain; prairie [AE]
datág (n)	old, ancient; previous, former
dáti(h) [Tag] (adj)	previous, former
datihan (adj)	the former
kat dáti [idm]	Bási' mabalík imáw sa dáti. / He might revert to his old ways.
datilis (n)	[berry tree] <u>Muntingia calabura</u> Linn.
	[Alt: garatilis]
dató (T/dem)	that [yonder] [Cf: idto] [Alt: rató] [G. 161] [D. 11, 30]
dátu' (n)	datu, ruler, king
dátu' (adj)	rich, wealthy, powerful [through money]
dát-oe (RV3)	to use as a stand or surface [for cutting, writing]
dat-óan (n)	board or any surface used to write or cut on
padát-oe [idm] (CV)	to give up, let oneself be beaten; "to let others walk all over oneself" [AE, slg]
dát-on [slg] (RV2)	to set food out [usually for animals; when referring to feeding people it is insulting]
	Pag-abót nimo, madirétso ka eági sa dát-on. / When you arrive, you rush for the dog food. [AE]

dáwa(h) (n)	[grass]
dáwa(h) (n)	[rice grain dessert preparation]
dáwat (RV1)	to take, receive, get from above
dáwat (RV2)	to pass, give
	Dawatán ro asín. / Pass the salt.
dáwi(h) (n)	catch [of fish]
dáwntawñ [Eng] (n)	downtown [Syn: bánwa; poblasyón]
day (n) [intj]	"Miss" [common term of address for ladies/girls]
	Day, gabalígya' kamó it moskitéro? / Miss, do you sell mosquito nets?
dáya (T/dem)	this [Cf: iyá] [Alt: ráya] [G. 161] [D. 11, 30]
dáya' (RV1, 3)	to cheat, deceive [someone]
dinayá' (n)	deceit, cheating
madáya' (adj)	deceitful, cheating, lying
dayág (adj)	open, not hidden, exposed, unsecluded
padayág (CV)	to reveal, expose
dáyan-dáyan (RV3)	to be sluggish, do things slowly, take time
dayarí [Eng] (n)	diary, journal [Syn; mémó]
dáyaw (RV1)	to praise, honor, laud
	Gindáyaw ka nána. / He praised you.
paráyaw (n)	favorite, "pet" [amongst one's children/friends]
d'ayáw [ma] (adj)	meticulous, neat, "flashy" [dresser]
dáyhard [Eng] (adj)	loyal; diehard
dayók (n)	salted shrimp
dayúkdúk (n)	fine powder (from rice husk)
dáyon (Dp)	then, consequently, thereupon, thereafter [G. 201]
	Pag-abót nána, mapánaw dáyon kitá sa sine. / When he arrives, [then] we'll leave for the show.
dáyon (RV3)	to dwell, live (with/at), stay [Cf: eubóg]
	Sín kamó nagdáyon? / Where did you stay?
daeayónan (n)	residence; someplace to stay
dáyon (RV1)	to go on, carry on; push through [FE]
dayón (ST3)	to get pushed through, be carried on
padáyon (CV)	to continue, push through [a plan]
	owá' nakapadáyon / wasn't able to continue
pagapadayónan (adj)	to be continued
dayúyon (n)	tidal wave
days [Eng] (n)	dice
dáywa(h) (n)	two, 2
dáywa (RV1)	to make into two, raise (or) lower to two
tigúdwa (adv)	two by two, two at a time [Alt: tigdáywa]
tigdáywa (adv)	two by two, two at a time [Alt: tigúdwa]
di' (Neg)	no, not. [G: 195] [D. 31]
	di' náton masáyan / we cannot know

dibersyon [Sp] (n)	diversion [Alt: dibersyon] [Akl: kalibangan]
dibisyon [Eng] (n)	division; divider, wall.
dibisyon (RV3)	to put up a wall (or) divider; to divide
debú [Eng] (n)	debut
dibího(h) [Sp] (n)	drawing, sketch
dibího (RV1)	to draw, sketch; paint [a portrait, scene]
dibúr'syo(h) [Sp] (n)	divorce, legal separation
dibúr'syo (RV3)	to divorce, separate (from)
dibósyon [Eng] (n)	devotion, dedication
dibóynas [Sp] (n)	good luck, fortune [Alt: dibwénas]
dikaná' (loc)	over there, that way [Cf: inhá'] [G. 186] [D. 14, 30]
dikanhá' (loc)	[Alt: rikaná'] [Alt: dikanhá']
dikará' (loc)	over there, that way [Cf: inhá'] [Cf: dikaná']
dikarón (loc)	over here, this way [Cf: iyá'] [G. 186] [D. 14, 30]
dikató' (loc)	[Alt: rikará]
dikdik [Lib] (RV1)	over there, that way [Cf: úná'] [Alt: rikarón]
dikueót (n)	over there [yonder] [Cf: idto] [Alt: rikató]
dekolór [Sp] (adj)	to winnow, sift out [Syn: tahóp]
"De Colóres" (expr)	[bird--kingfisher]
dekorasyon [Eng] (n)	colored, colorful [Tag: makúlay] [Cf: kolór]
dekuryente [Sp] (adj)	[password and themesong of those who attended the
dikóy [Eng] (n)	Cursillo--a three day course in Catholicism]
diksyonáryo [Sp] (n)	[RV3] decoration; [decorate, adorn] [Cf: pumí(h)]
dikta(h) [Sp] (RV2)	electric
padikta (CV)	decoy, bait [Akl: paón]
didál [Sp] (n)	dictionary, vocabulary, word list
dídi (n)	to dictate
dedikét [Eng] (RV3)	to be ruled; let oneself be dominated (or) dictated
dedikésyon (n)	thimble
díga(h) [Sp] (RV3)	nipple, tit [child's term] [Cf: sóso, ayúlong]
díga [Tag] (RV3)	to dedicate (to)
digámi (n)	dedication; souvenir autograph
digámo(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to tell, relate [to someone] [Akl: ásoy]
digámo [slg] (RV1)	to profess one's feelings of love (to)
dígdig (RV1)	spices, condiments [food flavorings]
dígwa' (RV5)	to take care of; gather, clean up; prepare
dihádo(h) [Sp] (adj)	to steal, "clean out" [AE, slg]
dího' [Oak] (n)	to herd, drive [animals into their pen] [Syn: tabog]
pandího' (RV5)	to gag, rasp, almost vomit
pandihó-an (n)	outbetted, outpointed, abandoned [gambling term]; "a sure loser" [AE]
	bowel movement
	to move one's bowels [gen]; "shit" [vul]
	toilet

tandiho' (ST2)	to feel like moving one's bowels; need to go to the bathroom [gen]; "feel like shitting" [vul]
dila' (n)	tongue
dilaan (adj)	sharp-tongued [referring to a gossip]
pangdilá' dilá' (DV)	to stick out one's tongue (at) [in a taunting manner]
dilag (RV7)	to begin to shine; rise Ro ádlaw nagadilag sa sidlángan. / The sun rises in the east.
diláng (expr)	"Don't." "Never mind." [Ctr: indi' eónlang]
dilap (RV3)	to lick; [Syn: dilot]
deláta [Sp] (adj)	canned [foods, goods] [Cf: láta(h)] delátang isda' / canned fish
dildil (RV1)	to pound [in order to make fine or into a powder]. gadlil it asín / undergoing financial difficulty
[idm]	fragile; delicate, touchy [easily angered or upset]
delikádo [Sp] (adj)	etiquette; decency
delikadésa [Sp] (n)	to sprinkle, throw water on
dilig (RV1)	delegate, representative
diligádo [Sp] (n)	[fish]
diligiti (n)	to lick up, lap up [Syn: dilap]
dilot (RV3)	to lick up, lap up [in great quantity]
panlot (DV)	sloppy, messy, carelessly arranged [room]
dimák (adj)	sloppy, messy, careless [person]
dimák-dimakón (adj)	to be or act sloppy with one's things
dinimák (RV5)	bad luck, misfortune [Opp: dibóynas] [Cf: swérte]
dimálas [Sp] (n)	right [opposite of left] [Akl: tuó] [Opp: waeá, disliya]
dimáno [Sp] (n)	stingy, miserly [Opp: maatág] [Syn: koripot]
dimót (adj)	dimple
dimpol [Eng] (n)	over there [Cf: inhá'] [Alt: riná'] [G. 185]
dinhá' (loc)	line [of a poem] [Cf: dáean]
dinfean (n)	dynamite
dinamita(h) [Sp] (n)	to dynamite, blow up with dynamite
dinamita (RV1)	barrio of Altavas
Dináot (n)	over there [Cf: inhá'] [Alt: rinhá'] G. 185]
dinhá' (loc)	generator [machine making electricity]
diniritor [Eng] (n)	dentist
dentista [Sp] (n)	your [Ctr: do imo nga] [Alt: ring]
ding (Tm) (A/pro)	wall
dingding (n)	framework of/for a wall
paningdingan (n)	barrio of Banga
Dingli' (n)	to take [good] care of, pay attention to
dipára(h) [Sp] (RV1)	defect, fault, flaw
dipíkto(h) [Sp] (n)	it depends, depending
depénde [Sp] (V. det)	to defend
depéndi(h) [Sp] (RV3)	

diperénsya [Sp] (n)	difference; fault, problem [Oak: kabilínggan]
kinadiperénsya (n)	basic problem, fault (or) defect [of a person/thing] Duyon gid ro kinadiperénsya kimo. / That's precisely the whole problem with you.
diperensyoso (n)	a fault finder, critic
diplóma [Sp] (n)	diploma, certificate
diputado [Sp] (n)	deputy; Congressman
diriksyón [Sp] (n)	direction; direction(s), instruction(s)
diriksyón postal (n)	postal address [Cf: Norte, Sur, Este, Oeste; hángin; ilawód, ilayá, suebátan, katueúndan]
dirékta(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to direct, guide
dirékta (adj)	direct, straight, to the point
dirítso (h) [Sp] (adv)	straight ahead, direct(ly)
dirítso (RV1)	to go straight (ahead)
dirítso (n)	right, privilege; law
estudiante de derécho	(n) student of law
disbintáha [Sp] (n)	disadvantage
kinadisbintáha (n)	main disadvantage, crucial problem
diskárga(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to unload; discard, get rid of [Opp: kárga(h)]
diskárti(h)-[Sp] (RV3)	to profess one's love. [Tag: díga(h)]
diskóbrea(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to discover [Akl: tukí]
diskompyádo [Sp] (adj)	doubtful, suspicious, not confident
diskúrso (h) [Sp] (n)	speech, discourse, talk
diskúrso (RV2)	to speak (on), talk (about), give a lecture (about/on)
diskúsyon [Sp] (n)	discussion, conversation; argument
diskutír (RV3)	to discuss, argue (with)
diliskutír (RV8)	to argue with one another, discuss
disgústo [Sp] (n)	quarrel, misunderstanding
disgústo(h) (RV3)	to quarrel, argue (with)
disgustádo (adj)	disgusted, discontented, fed up
disgrásya [Sp] (n)	tragedy, disaster, unfortunate happening (or) event.
disgrásya (ST2)	to encounter a tragedy (or) disaster
disilya [Sp] (n)	left [opposite of right] [Opp: máno, dimáno] [Akl: waeá(h)]
disimulár [Sp] (RV1)	to hide, dissimulate one's true feelings
desénte [Sp] (adj)	decent, pure, wholesome; "great" "neat" [AE]
disipuló [Sp] (n)	disciple, follower [Akl: sumueúnod]
dismáyo, [Sp] (ST2)	to faint
dís-og. (RV2)	to push aside, push away [Syn: dísduis]
dispálko(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to embezzle, cheat
dispalkador (n)	embezzler, cheater
disponir [Sp] (RV3)	to help; fulfill [Syn: patigayon]
disposisyón [Sp] (n)	disposition

disposisyon (RV3)	to find means, be resourceful
disputádo [Sp. cor] (n)	deputy, Congressman [Alt: diputádo]
dispwís [Sp] (conj)	afterwards, then, and then Maádto akó áñay sa báyli, dispwís mahápit akó sa baráka. / I'll go to the dance first, and then I'll stop at the store.
distánsya [Sp] (n)	distance
destino. [Sp] (n)	destination
destino (ST2)	to be destined, assigned, designated
destinádo (adj)	destined, assigned, fated
disturniyador [Sp. cor] (n)	screwdriver [Alt: disturnilyador]
distúrbo(h) [Sp, Eng] (n)	disturbance, nuisance [Alt: estúrbo(h)]
distúrbo (RV1)	to disturb, annoy
disturbádor (n)	disturber, nuisance
disturnilyador [Sp] (n)	screwdriver
distrúnga(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to take off [hinges, door]
distrungkadór (n)	screwdriver
Disyembre [Sp] (n)	December [Alt: Diciembre]
Dit-ana (n)	sitio in Madalag
ditáng (Neg)	"I will not." "I won't." [Ctr: indí' it ákon]
ditó (loc)	over there, yonder [Cf: ídto] [Alt: ritó] [G. 185]
ditoe (adj)	talkative, verbose
diwáe (RV1)	to stick out (one's tongue)
diwáta [Oak] (n) [sup]	the lesser gods; spirit(s), sprite
diwáta. (n)	[sickness]
diyá (loc)	here [Cf: iyá] [Alt: riyá] [G. 185]
do (Tm)	Marks topic position for common nouns: "the..." [Alt: ro] [D. 10, 28-29] [G. 75-83; 141-44] Sín do ándang baeáy? / Where is their house?
dúaw (RV1)	to call on, visit (the sick)
dóble [Sp] (adj)	double
dúkduk (n)	flying lizard
dúkeat (RV1)	to loosen [in order to insert something in between]
dúkeat (n)	insertion [something used to make a small division or separation between]
dúkeong (ST2)	to relapse, get sick again [Syn: búghat]
dúki [Sp] (n)	dúke
dúkit (RV1)	to insert, put into
dúkit (n)	court docket, registry
padúkit [slg] (CV)	to dance cheek to cheek
dúkmoe (RV1)	to grab
dúko' (RV6)	to bend, stoop down [Opp: tánga'] [Syn: dungók]
dukó' (n)	[bird—found in mangroves, with long legs]
dukóe (RV1)	to punch, hit lightly (with knuckles) [Cf: súntok]

dokumento(h) [Sp] (n)	document, legal papers; contract
dokumento (RV3)	to prepare legal papers
dúkot (RV7)	to stick together
padúkot [slg] (CV)	to dance close together
dúkot [Tag] (RV1)	to pick someone's pocket [Akl: kúot]
mandurúkot (n)[Tag]	thief, pickpocket
manogdúkot (n)	thief, pickpocket
dukót (n)	hard cooked rice at the bottom of the pot [Syn: itip]
dukót (RV6)	to stick to, cling to
dukót [slg] (ST5)	to get pregnant Hadúktan imáw. / She got pregnant.
dóktor [Sp] (n)	doctor [male] [Akl: manogbúeong, medikó]
doktóra (n)	doctor, [female]
dúda(h) [Sp] (RV3)	to doubt; hesitate
dúda (n)	doubt
dó-do' (RV2)	to dab, daub; dip (into liquid), dunk [Syn: túsmog]
dúea' (RV1)	to lose
dúea' (ST2, 3)	to get lost Nadúea' rang kwárta. / My money got lost.
kadúea' (RV6)	to be lost
dúea' (ST5)	to suffer the loss of Nadueá-an sánda it ungá'. / They suffered the loss of a child.
dúeang (n)	large [wooden] bowl [Syn: batiya']
dueás (ST2)	to slip
madueás (adj)	slippery Madueás pa imáw sa sili. / He is as slippery as an eel.
dueáw (adj)	yellow
dueáwhon (n)	the yellow race
dueáw (n)	[herb--medicinal] tumeric. <u>Curcuma longa.</u>
dúedue (RV1)	to press with solid salt [using a piece of rock salt to pound down food]
dúedue (n)	block of salt
dúehog (RV6)	to go down[wards] (as down a mountain) [Opp: tukád] to descend
dueó (RV7)	to shed shell or skin [like snakes or crabs] [Syn: eunó]
dúeok [Bkd] (RV5)	to clear away the stumps of trees and other vege- tation in order to plant.
dúeog (RV2)	to present a problem [for counseling]
dueúgwak (n)	[large bird--brown (heron)]
dueóm (RV7)	to get dark(er)
dueóm (ST5)	to be in the dark, not be able to comprehend

kadudíeman (n)	Nadudíman imáw. / He cannot understand
madueóm (adj)	darkness
pangindueóm (RV7)	dark [not brightly lit]; blind [eyes] to get temporarily blinded [said of one's eyes] Nagpangindueóm ro á nang matá. / His vision darkened.
dúe on (RV6)	to be neighbors, have land next to each other, share a boundary; bound on boundary
dueónan (n)	neighbor; owner of neighboring land
kadúeon (n)	to choke on one's food; cough from fast eating
dueón (ST5)	Hadúnlan imáw. / He choked on his food.
dueón-dueón (RV5)	to eat voraciously, wolf one's food down
dúeong (n)	bow, front [of ship] [Opp: ulín]
dueúnggan (n)	ear [Rel: dúngog]
dúeot. (RV2)	to give freely and with love
dúeot (n)	gift [Sp: regalo(h)]
dueót (RV3)	to cut through indi' madútilan / cannot be cut through
madúeot (adj)	sharp [Opp: dangáe]
dúepa' (n)	repeated bad luck, one bad incident following after others [Syn: disgrásya]
madúepa' (adj)	unlucky, tragic [Syn: dimálas]
dúga' (RV7)	to become/get liquidy, be wet (or) juicy
dúga' (n)	liquid [particularly liquids derived from plants]
dúga' [vul] (n)	semen
padúga' (CV)	to let liquify, make into liquid(s)
dugaling (RV1)	to be independent; work independently; do for oneself; be on one's own [Syn: isasaeánhon] [Cf: isaeá]
dugalingon (adj)	one's very own; independent
matsigdugaling (DV)	to work totally independently of each other; to have each doing his own job
pangdugalingon (adj)	personal, proper [to oneself]; pertinent, pertaining
dúgang (RV2)	to add, put more Idúgang ko ra? / Shall I add this? Dugángi it asín. / Put more salt in[to it].
dúgkae (RV1)	to pound, pommel, beat
dúgdug (RV3)	to change (or) repair a roof; put new shingles (on a roof).
dúghan (n)	chest, breast
dúghang (RV1)	to snap at, lunge in and bite quickly [as animals do]
duging (RV5)	to enter into a fight, take sides
dumuging (n)	someone who enters into a squabble
dúgmon (n)	nest or mat for a pig

dúgō (RV6)	to meet at right angles 'owá' gadúgo / does not meet at right angles; is not squared off
kárdgwan (n)	corner, angle [the inside of an angle] [Cf: kánto]
dugó' (RV7)	to bleed
dugó' (n)	blood
dinugo-án (n)	[a Filipino dish made from the blood and intestines of pigs, chickens, etc.]
padugó' (CV)	to bleed, let bleed
dugós (n)	honey [Cf: lasáw]
dúgsang (RV7)	to fight [said of animals] [Cf: dúgsing]
dúgsing (RV1)	to fight, wrestle playfully with
dúgtong [Tag] (RV3)	to lengthen, put on, add on to [Akl: súgpon]
dúha-dúha (h) (RV3)	to doubt, be hesitant; delay, hesitate
dúha-dúha (n)	hesitation, doubt; fear
dúhoe (RV2)	to elevate, raise up [Opp: túntun]
dúhong (RV3)	to stop working, pause; lie idle
dúling (RV6)	to stagger [Syn: dúpas]
dúlis (n)	shooting star
dúlsi [Sp] (n)	candy
dúlstra (n)	dessert bowl, dessert dish
pandúlsi (n)	dessert
dumáca (h) (RV3)	to lead, be the head (of) [Rel: daeá(h)]
manógdumáca (n)	leader, overseer
dumacága (n)	[hen, not yet a layer] pullet [Cf: manók]
Dumágit (n)	barrio of New Washington [Cf: dágit]
Dumatad (n)	barrio of Tangalan
dúmdum (RV1)	to remember, keep in mind
padúmdum (CV)	to remind (of)
pánúmdum (DV)	to ponder, think, concentrate [Cf: pafno-ino]
dúmdum (n)	very small bead
Dumga (n)	barrio of Makato'
dumili' [Hil] (RV3)	to prohibit, forbid [Opp: túgot] [Cf: báwae, ayáw]
domingo [Sp] (n)	Sunday; week [7 days]
dúm-ók (RV2)	to press
dum-ok [idm] (RV3)	to put someone down, pass the buck (to), make a scapegoat of
dúmog' (RV1)	to wrestle, grapple
dueumogán (RV8)	to wrestle with one another
dúmog [vul] (RV1)	to rape [a woman]
dumót (RV3)	to hate, detest, bear a grudge
madúmot (adj)	vindictive, revengeful
dúmpoe (adj)	blunt [edge] [Opp: matalíwis]
don (T/dem)	that [Ctr: dúyon] [Alt: ron] [G. 161]

Don [Sp] (ñ)	Sir, the Honorable [title of respect for a man, with no actual English equivalent]
Doña (ñ)	Madame [title of respect for a lady, with no actual English equivalent] /dónya/
dúna' (loc)	there [Cf: úna'] [Alt: rúna'] [G. 185]
donár [Sp] (RV2)	to donate, contribute, give [Akl: háead]
dúnis (RV3)	to give a nickname (or) pet name to Gindunisan ko imáw nga "Gugs". / I nicknamed him "Gugs".
dúnong [Tag] (n)	wisdom, knowledge [Akl: kaaeamán]
dunsilya (h) [Sp] (n)	virgin [Akl: úeay]
dunsilya [idm] (RV1)	to strip a girl of her virginity
dong (Tm)	[Topic marker] [Alt: do, rong, ro]
dungán (adv)	together, simultaneously
dungán (RV3)	to be together, do simultaneously Hakibót imáw; hábe-an-imáw it dungán. / He was taken by surprise and became totally unnerved.
dúngan-dúngan (n)	temple [side of one's head]
dúngaw (RV1)	to look down from above; look lazily at the world as it passes by
dueungáwan [Oak] (n)	window [Syn: bintána']
dúngka' (RV1)	to dock, land a boat (on shore)
dungká-an (n)	dock, wharf; landing
dúngdung (RV7)	to be overcast, be cloudy [but not stormy]
dúnggò' (ST4)	to undergo the first phase or attack of a disease
dúngis (RV3)	to give a nickname (or) pet name to [Alt: dúnis]
dungis (adj)	sloppy, dirty [usually on one's face]
dungók (RV1)	to bow (one's head) [Opp: tangá'] Dúngka ring teo. / Bow your head.
dungóe (n)	inattention, lack of attention
dúngéan (adj)	ignoring, not paying attention; stubborn
pádungóe (CV)	to ignore, not pay attention (to)
dúngog [Oak, Hil] (RV1)	to listen to, hear, give ear to Dúngga kami, O Dyos. / Hear us, O God.
dueúnggan (n)	ear
dungóg (n)	fame, honor, reputation
kadunggánan (n)	honor, fame, repute
dunggánon (adj)	honorable, celebrated, popular
pádungóg (CV)	to honor, celebrate, give honor (to)
Dúngon (n)	barrio of Numancia
dúok (n)	dark corner; remote part
dúoe (n)	[soft, light wood or lumber]
dúoe (n)	filter; cork
dúoe (RV3)	to put a fingermark on, dab with one's finger

dúom (RV1)	to chew [like gum] Dím-a ro bugás. / Chew the rice.
dúong (RV7)	to land on shore [said of a boat--intransitive] [Cf: dúngka' / land (transitive)]
dúot (RV3)	to push together, press against, put side by side, leave no space [Opp: ántad] Gindút-an si Agnes ni Juan. / John pushed himself against Agnes.
dupá(h) (n) dupá (RV5)	armsbreadth, armspan [unit of measure] to stretch out one's arms, hold one's arms out sideways
dúpas (RV6)	to stagger [Syn: dúling]
dupilók (ST2)	to fall asleep, doze off [Alt: dampilók]
dúpong (n)	[fish]
dorádo [Sp] (n)	[fish]
dorádo (adj)	golden
dúro [Sp] (adj)	plenty, a lot (of) [Akl: abó!]
dúro (A. det)	Dúro ro átong kalipay. / Our joy is complete. extremely, very (much so) punó' it dúro / very, very full
dúryan (n)	[fruit, tree] durian. <u>Durio zibethinus</u> Murr.
dos [Sp] (n)	two, 2
dusak (RV1)	to thrust, jab
dúsdus (RV2)	to push, shove [Syn: ús-og]
dóse [Sp] (n)	twelve, 12
doséna [Sp] (n)	dozen
dúsmo' (ST3)	to fall down
dusó' (RV2)	to push, shove [Opp: bútong] [Syn: súlong]
dútdut (RV1)	to tighten, squeeze together (usually by pushing)
dúyan (n)	hammock; cradle
dúyan (RV1)	to rock [a baby] to sleep
dúyan-dúyan (RV6)	to rock back and forth
dúylang (RV7)	to melt [in heat] and spread out [like tar]
dúylon (RV6)	to slide down(wards)
duyóg (ST1)	to be sleepy, drowsy [Cf: gáoy / tired]
kadueygon (n)	sleepiness, drowsiness
makadueyog (adj)	sleep-inducing, makes one sleepy, soporific
Mandúyog (n)	[mountain in Banga] "the sleepy one"
dúyon (T/dem)	that [Cf: úna!] [Alt: rúyon] [G. 161] [D. 11, 30]
dúyon-dúyon (RV8)	to get together, gather, assemble
Kadúyon-dúyon (n)	constant companion, "sidekick" [AE, slg]
dram [Eng] (n)	drum [Akl: támbøe]
drama [Sp] (n)	drama, play
dril [Eng] (n)	drill [Alt: díri!]

dréser [Eng] (n)	dresser, cabinet
drówing [Eng] (RV1)	to draw, sketch [like an artist] [Syn: dibúho(h)]
drówer [Eng] (n)	drawer
dwindá [Sp] (n)	evil spirit; dwarf, elf, leperchaun
dyab [Eng] (n)	work, job [Syn: óbra, trabáho, pangíta']
dyab (RV5), [Eng]	to jab, deliver a blow (or) short punch
dyáblo [Sp] (n)	devil, demon; the Devil [Syn: demónyo]
dyak [Eng] (n)	jack [figure on playing cards or mechanics' tool]
dyáki(h) [Eng] (n)	jockey [shorts, briefs--for men]
dyákit [Eng] (n)	jacket
dyads [Eng] (n)	judge [Syn: huwís] [Cf: húkom]
dyam [Eng] (n)	jam, jelly
dyamánti [Sp] (n)	diamond, jewel
dyamp [Eng] (RV3)	to jump [move in chess or checkers] [Akl: káon]
dyána [Sp] (RV5)	to serenade in the early morning to wake up people
dyánitór [Eng] (n)	janitor
dyáryo [Sp] (n)	diary; periodical, newspaper
dyas [Eng] (n)	jazz
dyel [Eng] (n)	jail, prison cell [Cf: bilánggo', priso(h)]
dyéli [Eng] (n)	jelly [Syn: haliya]
dyeliról [Eng] (n)	jellyroll
dyélo [Eng] (n)	jello, gelatin
dyélos [Eng] (adj)	jealous [Akl: maímon] [Also: dyelosí (n)]
dyiltid [Eng] (adj)	jilted; left by one's lover
dyíngol [Eng] (n)	jingle [sound of bells]
dyíngol [idm] (RV5)	to "tinkle" [AE], urinate, "peepee"
dyip [Eng] (n)	jeep, jeepney
dyip (RV5)	to take a jeep, ride a jeep
dyes [Sp] (n)	ten, 10; ten centavo piece
dyet [Eng] (n)	jet [airplane]
Dyo [Eng] (n)	"Joe" [common nickname for Americans--usually considered an insult by Americans, although often intended to be a friendly greeting by Filipinos]
Dyu [Eng] (n)	Jew [member of Jewish religion or race]
Dyúis (adj)	Jewish
dyúbos [Eng] (n)	dye, tint, coloring; shoe paste
dyúdo [Jap] (n)	judo
dyúdo(h) (RV1)	to hit with a judo blow
dyúler [Eng] (n)	jeweler [Syn: alahéro]
dyórní [Eng] (n)	journey, travel [Syn: biyáhe]
Dyos [Sp] (n)	God; god
dyóson (adj)	godly; pious, religious
dyosánon (adj)	always relying on God
makidyós (adj)	overly-religious, always mentioning God
dyoyn [Eng] (RV3)	to join, enter (into) [Cf: búylog, iba, sueód, kámpi]

"E" /gah/

eáas (RV3)

eáay (adj)

eabá(h) [Sp] (RV3)

labáda (n)

labáda(h) (RV3)

labábo (n)

labadó (n)

labandéra (n)

linabahán (n)

manogeabá (n)

eabáab]ma[(adj)

eabád (RV6)

eabád-eabad (RV6)

eába-eába (n)

eabáng (adj)

eáb-as (adj)

eabáw (adj)

eabáw (RV3)

eumabáw (n)

paebáw (CV)

eábay (RV3)

eábay (RV1)

eabáy [Oak] (Intj)

eáb-ay]ma[(adj)

eábeab (RV1)

eabí (RV3)

The fifth letter of the native Aklanon alphabet, representing the voiced velar fricative /g/ or /g̊/. The Spanish introduced the symbol "e" for this sound, which confuses it with the vowel sound, also spelled "e". See page 35, rule #2 for pronunciation and spelling rules. The borrowed mid front vowel /e/ is reduced alphabetically to the position of "I" in this dictionary. Please refer to "I" for all occurrences of an /e/-vowel sound. [G. 14-15]

to run away [without permission]; leave

Owát sáyod ró gaeáas. Magpatuón sa ginikánan. / Running away is worthless. Inform your parents. withered, dry, dried out [plant]

to launder, wash [clothes]

dirty laundry [Akl: umóg]

to launder

sink, wash basin [Syn: basín]

wash basin [Syn: planggána]

washer woman, laundry lady

[clean] laundry

launderer

Eábhi ánay ró sáewae. / Wash the pants first.

lukewarm [liquid] [Syn: maeáb-ay]

to speed up and pass by quickly [in order to avoid being near any longer than necessary] [Cf: ági]

to pass by [back and forth]

[seaweed--green, edible]

almost full [about 75%] [Cf: punó']

fresh, newly gotten; moist [fish], crisp [leaves]

extra, excessive; better, higher, greater

to be higher, better or more distinguished (than)

Eumabáw imáw sa iksámin. / He got the highest on the test.

the third of middle finger [Cf: túdo']

to excel, beyond [expected] dimensions

to fence in (with a rope), enclose inside a rope

to strike, hit

"by the way" "incidentally" [used when changing the topic of a conversation]

Eabáy man do ákon... / By the way, I...

lukewarm, insipid [Syn: maeabáab]

to cut (or) slit open [Syn: gúhab]

to be special, be singled out

Nahaeábyan imáw. / He was singled out.

eabí gid (Dp)	especially, in particular, particularly
paebabí (CV)	to try to be preferred, singled out (or) chosen;
palabí-labí (adj)	to put on airs [Opp: paobús]; give preference (to)
eabigán	pretentious, haughty, aristocratic, proud
eabitóg (RV7)	[shrub--medicinal] <u>Blumea balsamifera</u> .
eábnog (n)	to bulge out, protrude [like a wallet in pocket]
eábnos (adj)	[Alt: eabutóg, libutóg]
eábo (SF3)	[shrub--medicinal] Hauili. <u>Ficus hauili</u> Blanco.
eabó (h)]ma (adj)	[Cf: hawli']
eabó (RV1)	tender [leaf]
linabóan (RV6)	to get totally submerged
linabo-án (n)	having a soft, starchy dry flavor [like an apple]
pangeábó (n)	to chop, hack, stab [with blade]
Linábwan Nórté (n)	Sige, eab-á. / Go ahead and hack away.
Linábwan Sur (n)	to hack (or) stab one another
eábod (n)	stab wound; bolo mark
eabód (n)	bolo
eabód (RV3)	barrio of Kalibo [so named because of a feud fought out with bolos]
eábog (n)	barrio of Banga
eábog-eábog (n)	sediment, dregs, lees [Syn: eántong]
eábong (RV7)	welt, bruise
eábot (n)	to get (or) put a welt (on) [Cf: bukóe]
pasilabót (RV3)	Hampakón mo ring ánwang, ring alíma man lang rong eábdan: [max] / Hit your carabao, but your hand alone has the bruise.
eaká (RV1)	[spiny vine used as sour spice] <u>Hibiscus surattensis</u> .
maeaká (adj) (adv)	[beetle--brown]
eákad (RV3)	to grow steadily, multiply, expand, be prolific
	[Rel: gábong] [Syn: eámbo']
	affair, concern, business
	ánano ring-eábot? / What business is it of yours?
	Owá' kat-ímo hieábot. / It's none of your business.
	to mind someone else's business, snoop, nose about
	Áyaw sánda pagpasilábtí. / Don't snoop into their affairs.
	to put an interval, space, keep distance, make sparse [Opp: íkit]
	Eaka-á ring tanóm. // Plant at greater intervals.
	sparse, infrequent
	Maeaká' hikít-an, maeumó hilipátan. / Seldom seen, easily forgotten. (or) "Out of sight, out of mind." [AE, max]
	to step over (with big steps) [Syn: eákbang]

eák-ang (RV6)	to walk with big steps, take long strides
eakás [ma] (adj)	excessive, too much [Syn: sóbra(h), masyádo] Eakás ka man kon maghángae. / When you joke, you go too far.
eakáw (RV6)	to amble, go around [Alt: lakáw]
eakbang (RV1)	to go beyond a boundary, include someone else's property [within one's fence]; to step over something with large steps [Syn: eákad]
eákdang (RV3)	to step over [Cf: eákad, eákbang]
eákgak (adj)	very loose, not well-fitted, baggy, not tight [Opp: maplot]
eáki (n)	man, male [Syn, Alt: eaeáki]
eákin-on (adj)	mannish
linaeaki (RV5)	to act like a man [said of a woman]
eakíp (RV2)	to include, add (to) [Syn: tapóe, eákwit] [Opp: bueág]
eákman (n)	"a little something", petty gift, offering
pangaeákman (RV1)	to take advantage of, accept, make the most of
eáknót (RV2)	to mention, include, take into account [Cf: sámbit]
eakót (RV2)	to mix [Syn: eahúgay]
eakót (RV3)	to include, put in, join (up)
eákpon (n)	woven container for clothes
eáktaw (RV3)	to omit, skip, leave out
eáktod (RV1)	to take a short cut, cut across corners [Cf: eát-as]
eaktóran (n)	short cut
mángaéktod (DV)	to take a short cut [frequently]
eákwis [Bkd] (RV2)	to include, add to [Alt: eákwit]
eákwit (RV2)	to include, add to [Cf: eakót]
eáea (RV7)	to smart, hurt [referring to a wound]
maeáea (adj)	smarting, hurting, painful Linád-an ro ánang síki. / His foot was in great pain.
eaeá(h) (RV1)	to weave [mats]
eá-ea' (ST3)	to get split open (or) slit [as a wound between the fingers]
Eaeáb (n)	sitio in Madalag
eaeáki (n)	man; male [Opp: babáyí] [Alt: eáki]
eaeang [ma] (adj)	untrustworthy, using (or) taking things without permission, "someone you can't leave alone" [Syn: atrebído]
eaeáng (RV1)	to will; find ways or means [to do something]
eaeaw (RV3)	to mourn (for) [Syn: lúto(h)]

eaeóng (adj)	unconscious [due to a serious injury or accident]
eagá' [Bkd] (adj)	red, reddish
eá-ga' (RV1)	to boil in water
liná-ga' (adj)	boiled
eagádlad]ma[(adj)	flat-tasting, tasteless [vegetables] [Opp: eabó]
eagápok (RV7)	to hud [make a dull, hollow noise--like a falling bamboo-pole]
eagári' [Sp] (n)	saw
eagári' (RV1)	to saw
eagás (RV1)	to chase, run after, pursue [Syn: eítos]
linágsan (RV8)	to run after one another [as in a game of tag]
eagatik (RV7)	to tap [sound of finger tapping on table]; snap [sound of a rat trap] [Alt: eágtik]
Eagatik (n)	old name of the municipality of New Washington
eagáy [vul] (n)	testicle(s) [stf]; gonad [gen]; "balls, jewels" [AE, vul] "eggs" [FE, vul] [Syn: eásog, ítlog]
eágbong (RV7)	to fall [Syn: hdeog]
eágbong (RV3)	to drop, let fall
eágkit]ma[(adj)[n]	sticky, glutinous [rice] (used for desserts)
eágko' (RV8)	to get big together, grow larger together
maeágko' (pl. adj)	large, big, huge [plural only] [Opp: maíntok] [Syn: daeágko']
eáгда' [Bkd] (RV3)	to speak in an obscure manner, to be subtle [Syn: paeubót-eabot]
eágdas (n)	lowest position of the tide [Cf: hunás] [Opp: eántong]
eágdos]ma[(adj)	uncooked, undercooked [rice]
eághid (adj)	grazing, brushing, just touching; scraping against lightly [Alt: sághid]
paeághid-eághid (CV)	to imply, insinuate, just touch upon [in one's speech]
eághit (RV1)	to scatter, spread [Opp: típon]
eághong]ma[(adj)	bass, low in pitch [Syn: báho] [Opp: gamáy]
eági (Dp) [G. 202]	"right away" "quickly" "from the very beginning" [Particle which indicates the action should or will occur immediately, or had occurred long ago prior to another.] Káon eági kita. / Let's eat right away. Nagkiláea eági kami. / We were already acquainted.
eági (adj)	old, ancient [Syn: dátí] Ayáw pagbákea, eági ábi' ron. / Don't buy that since it's already old.
eág-id (RV1)	to rub (against)
eágít (RV7)	to squeak [make a squeaking noise--like an opening door with old, unolléd hinges]
eáginí' (n)	[rice--with reddish husks]
eág-it (adj)	untrustworthy, short of one's expectations; insincere

eág-it (n)	a small stick
eagitit (RV7)	to squeak
eágnat (ST4)	to get a fever, have a temperature
eágnat (n)	fever, temperature. [Cf: eangáang]
	Matáas ra eágnat. / "He has a high temperature.
eágnaw (RV7)	to be(come) thin, soupy, watery [AE]; "light" [FE]
	[Cf: sapúnok]
maeágnaw (adj)	thin, watery, soupy [AE]; light [FE]
	Maeágnaw ring tina', sapunóka. / Your dye is too
	watery, thicken it.
eágó (n)	[earthworm]
eágó' (ST2)	to be half-satisfied, half-full
eág-ok (RV1)	to swallow, gulp [liquids] [Cf: tueón]
eág-ok (n)	'swallow, gulp
eágumba (RV6)	to jump up and down
eágumba (RV7)	to thump [make the noise of jumping up and down]
eágúok (RV7)	to rumble, growl [said of one's stomach]
	[Alt: dagúok]
eágot (RV5)	to crunch [the sound of food being chewed], make
	a crunching noise
eágot-eágot (RV5)	to grind one's teeth, gnash [teeth]
eágpak (RV7)	to make a slapping sound
eágpak (RV1) [slg]	to fail [in an examination] [Syn: hteog]
eágpang (RV1)	to cook in vinegar
linágpang (adj)	cooked in vinegar
eágpát (RV1)	to guess
paeágpát (CV)	to let guess, have guess
eágpít (n)	mouse trap, rat trap
eágpít (RV1)	to set a mouse trap; catch in a mouse trap
eágpok (RV7)	to clap [make a clapping sound]
eágsak (RV7)	to clink [sound of dropped coin or metal object]
eágtang (n)	[vine--used for fish poison] <u>Anamirta cocculus</u> .
eágtik (RV7)	to tap, snap [make sound of rat trap, or finger
	tapping on table]
eágting (RV7)	to make a sharp, clear sound [like violin string]
mæágting (adj)	tight, well-tempered; having a sharp, clear sound
eágtok (n)	sound of cracking joints or knuckles
eágtok (RV7)	to crack
paeágtok (CV)	to crack one's knuckles
eágtong (adj)	ripe [Syn: eúto]
eagwáyan (n)	long-legged person
eáha' (RV1, 2)	to cook, prepare (food)
eáha' (adj)	cooked, ready, prepared (food)
kaeáha' (n)	frying pan

manogedha' (n)	cook [Syn: kusiérog]
eaháy (RV5)	[For types of cooking, cf: adóbo(h), asáe, kilaw, kúnla(h), eá-ga', eápwa', gisá(h), híkot, húrno(h), fhaw, pírito(h), sáing, témpla(h), ttea', tóg-on]
eáhi' (n)	to bark, yelp [dogs]
eáhin (n)	descendancy, family, household; group
eáhob (RV1)	eáhi' ni David / the house of David
Eáhog. (n)	an old coconut
eahóg]ma[(adj)	to put green leaves over a fire [to soften them]
eahóg (RV1)	barrio of Altavas
linahóg (RV5)	naughty, mischievous, misbehaved [Opp: him-ong]
eahúgay (RV1)	to disturb, interrupt
eáhon [Oak] (RV1)	to misbehave, be naughty (or) mischievous
eahón [Oak] (n)	to mix with, mingle with [Alt: haéugay]
eahóng (n)	to seize, snatch, take [Syn: sábnit]
eáin (RV7)	gender, sex
eáin (RV1)	Angóng eahóna ro eápsag? / What sex is the baby?
kaeáinan (n)	an old hollow tree [believed to contain spirits]
maeáin (adj)	to get worse
eáin (RV6)	to take in a bad light, misconstrue, misinterpret
eáin (adj)	evil, bad(ness)
kaeáin (RV8)	Bawí-on mo kamí sa kaeáinan. / Deliver us from evil.
kaeáinan (n)	bad, evil, mean [Opp: mayád, masádyá']
paeáin (CV)	Maeáin dang památýag. / I feel bad [sick]:
eáli(h) (n)	to be different
ealig (n)	different, other [Syn: íbá(h)] [Opp: paréhas]
ealíp (n)	to be different from one another
eális (RV1)	difference, otherness [Syn: diperénsya]
maeáison (adj)	to separate, set apart
eamá' (RV1)	[fish]
índi eám-on (adj)	a very premature coconut [Alt: walíg] ^c
eamáag (n)	[fish]
eámang (Dp)	to disobey [Opp: sunód, túman]
eámang (n)	disobedient [Opp: masinuéúndon]
pangeámang (n)	to clarify, make clear [Syn: áthag, háyag] [Cf: hílmon]
	unclear, not so obvious
	[white fungus--glows at night]
	"just" "only" [limiting particle] [G. 203]
	Sangkurót eámang ro nakaabót. / Just a few were able to arrive. [Alt: eang, lang, lámang]
	spider [generic term]
	[skin disease--itchy reddish spots; allergy]

eáimat (n)	hymen [symbol of a woman's virginity]
eámay (n)	dried banana leaves
eámay [ka] (n)	brown sugar
eámay (RV1)	to work overtime (at) [Alt: dámay] [Cf: puká]
eámbang (RV3)	to blockade, stup up; ambush [Syn: ábang] Ayáw sánda pageambangí. / Don't blockade them.
eámbat (n)	[fishing net] [Alt: lámbat]
eámbi' (RV1)	to massacre, slaughter, murder
pangeámbi' (n)	mass-murder, massacre, slaughter
eámbid (RV1)	to entwine, twist together, intertwine [Syn: sabód]
eámbing (RV1)	to do together, have/get many at one time-
eámbing (adj)	many at a time, plenty Pagdáwi ko ku ísda' hay eámbing. / I caught plenty of fish in one catch.
eámbing [Tag] (adj)	feminine, graceful, soft-spoken, mild-mannered [Alt: lambing] [Akl: daeáy]
eámbob (h) (RV1)	to fish from a small boat
eámbobán' (n)	small fishing boat
eámbob' (adj)	prolific [Syn: eábong, gábong] [Alt: eángbo']
eámbog [Bkd] (n)	[tree] [Syn: markúpa]
eámbong (n)	shirt; blouse; dress
eámbong (RV1)	to make a shirt (or) dress out of [cloth]
eámbong (RV2)	to wear a shirt (or) dress Eámbongán ro pueá. / Wear the red dress.
eámbot (RV4)	to reach, arrive at, get to [Alt: eángbot] [Syn: abót]
eámeam (RV1)	to covet; take/get a bigger share
eámháron (adj)	young, immature; "teen áger"
eámhay (RV2)	to put fish or meat into a vegetable preparation
eámi' [Oák] (RV3)	to treat roughly, bruskiy or harshly
índi' maeami-án (expr)	fragile, cannot be treated roughly, sensitive
eámig (RV7)	to get cold [in real or figurative sense] Nageámig ro ángang higúgma. / His love grew cold.
eámig (ST5)	to feel cold [especially after being embarrassed]
kaeámig (n)	cold, coldness
maeámig (adj)	cold
maeámig-eámig (adj)	cool
paeámig (CV)	to refrigerate; cool, make cold
paeámig [ldm] (CV)	to cool off, take something cool [like soft drinks]
pangeámig (n)	something worn to keep warm; clothing for cold weather
eámigas [Sp] (n)	seed(s) [Syn: bíñhi'] [Cf: búsoe]
eámo' (RV1)	to touch unnecessarily, soil with one's hands
eámó' (adj)	soiled, dirtied Eámó' ro báyi. [vul] / The woman is no longer a

eamukod (RV5)	to overstuff one's mouth with food
eámon (RV1)	to eat [said of an animal]
eámon. [slg] (RV1)	to eat like a pig [AE], eat voraciously and sloppily
paeámon (CV)	to feed (an animal) [also used insultingly of people]
eámpas (RV3)	to overtake, pass up, get ahead [Alt: éampás]
eámpitá' (RV5)	to stutter, stammer
eámpías (RV3)	to overtake, get ahead of, bypass [Cf: eapáw]
eámpunáya (n)	[herb--medicinal] <u>Coleus blumei</u> Benth.
eámpos (RV3)	to hit, strike [with a downward motion] [Syn: eápdos]
eána' (n)	oil [obtained from fruits or vegetables]
eanáb (RV7)	to flood a little bit, overflow a little
eanáb-eanáb (RV7)	to rise [said of the river's water level]
eán-ag (n)	athlete's foot [skin disease]
eán-ag (ST4)	to get athlete's foot
eanás (n)	rice field, low rice land
eánay	to melt, dissolve
eándas [Oak] (RV3)	to temper, strengthen [blacksmith's term]; discover, encompass, deal with
	Indí' nimo eandasán ro kaaéamán ku mga magúang. [max.] / You cannot encompass the wisdom of the old folks.
eándong (n)	influence, shadow [Alt: aníno]
eánib (adj)	covered; filled [Cf: eántip]
	eánib it tanóm / covered with vegetation
eánóg (adj)	bruised, having a soft spot [fruits] [Alt: hanóg]
eanós (n)	a somewhat old coconut [Cf: eahín]
eánot (n)	[abaca fiber]
kaeanótan (n)	abaca plantation
eánsang (n)	nail
eánsang (RV1)	to nail
eántas (RV1)	to cut through, sever [Cf: eapós]
eántaw (RV1)	to look at [Syn: tán-aw] [Cf: kíta']
maeántaw (adj)	visible, clear
eánting [Oak] (adj)	well-stretched; high-pitched [voice]
eántip (adj)	entirely covered [with plants]; saturated [water] [Alt: eántop] [Cf: eánib]
eántip [Bkd] (adj)	extremely sharp [Cf: mataeóm]
eantubigón (adj)	watery, having too much water
eántong (n)	highest position of tide [when water is very calm] [Cf: táob] [Opp: eágdas]
eántong (n)	settlings, dregs, sediment
pasánton (CV)	to settle down to the bottom; let settle down
eang (Dp)	"just" "only" [Cf, Alt: eámang] [G. 203]

eangáng]ma[(adj)	slightly feverish; developing a fever [Cf: eágnat]
eangás]ma[(adj)	naughty, misbehaved [Syn: eáhóg] [Opp: hím-ong]
linangás (RV6)	to be misbehaved, act naughty
eangát-eangát]ma[(adj)	hazy, doubtful, unsure
eangaw (n)	fly [general term for this family of insects] [Cf: agíndan, pitók]
eángbo']ma[(adj)	over-developed, large; easily growing, prolific
eángbot (RV4)	to reach, arrive at [Alt: eámbot]
paeángbot (CV)	to expect, wait for [someone's] arrival
eángka' (n)	jackfruit. <u>Artocarpus heterophyllus</u> Lam.
eángkag (ST2)	to be serious, take things to heart; be fearful (or) pessimistic
eangkawás (n)	[spicy plant] <u>Curcuma zedoaria</u> .
eánkay (adj)	completely dried out, parched
eánkob (RV3)	to join together, cover a gap, connect, fasten Eánkob' ro bubungán. / Join the roof together [fill in the gap]. [Syn: tákeob]
eangkugá' (n)	[dessert--made with bananas, sweet potatoes, and coconut milk]
eanguháw (n)	bier; bamboo coffin
eánkoy (adj)	continuous, complete, entire
eánkoy (n)	any [standardized] length dáywang ka eánkoy / two lengths
eánkoy (n)	one piece rope [Syn: bugday]
eánggab (RV1)	to take extra [land], encroach upon [Syn: eákbang]
eánggam (n)	rat; mouse [Cf: bungá-bungá, katsúri]
eanggári' [Bkd] (n)	saw [Alt: eágári']
eanggaw (n)	vinegar
eanggaw [adm] (ST2)	to get used to, develop a habit (of)
eanggaw (RV3)	to immerse in vinegar
eánggot-eánggot (n)	[fungus--reddish, edible] [Alt: eángot-eángot]
eánghay]ma[(adj)	lifeless, "dry", "dead" [party, affair, meeting] [Opp: masáya(h)]
eangi-ngi' (n)	[vine] <u>Cayratia trifolia</u> .
eángit (n)	sky, heaven
kaeangitan (n)	the heavens; Heaven
eangimor (adj)	heavenly
eáng-og (adj)	having the smell of stagnant water
eángop (RV4)	to be destined, go towards
paeángop (n)	to have a destination, head for destination
paeángpan (n)	about to come, coming soon, soon to arrive
paángápon (adj)	
eángot-eángot (n)	[fungus--reddish, edible] [Alt: eánggot-eánggot]
eángoy (RV1)	to swim (after/the length of)

eángsa(h)]ma[(adj)	fishy-smelling, having a fishy odor
eángsi']ma[(adj)	pale, yellow, jaundiced
eángto]ma[(adj)	rotten-smelling, smelling rotten-
eáog (n)	vagabond, wanderer [Cf: wárang]
eáom (RV3)	to think hard; hope (for)
	baeangáw it pageáom / a rainbow of hope
eáom ko (expr)	I thought...
eaón (adj)	old [rice; maid]
eaón (n)	spinster, spinstress
eaóng (RV2)	to request permission, ask for, ask permission
eáop (adj)	totally immersed, completely embedded [nail]
eaós (adj)	hoarse, having a raspy voice
eáot (RV1)	to become bad; get worse; be near death
	Nageáot eon do masakít. / The sick man is now at the point of death.
eaót (adj)	not up to par, bad, poor
eápak (RV1)	to step on, grind out (with one's foot); trample
	Gineápak nána si Juan. [dm] / He ruined the reputation of John. [Cf: tápak, eták]
eápad]ma[(adj)	broad, wide, expansive [Opp: kitíd]
kaeápad (n)	width
eapád (RV1)	to hit with the broad side [of a knife, bolo]
eapáni' (n)	[tree, fruit] camanse [when ripe]
eápas (RV1)	to go against, violate
eapát (n)	rags, worthless clothing
eapat-eápat (n)	tendon
eapáw (RV3)	to surpass, exceed, excel
paepaw (CV)	to exaggerate
eápay (RV1)	to cook vegetables in just a little water
eápay (n)	[preparation of small shrimps that are pounded to almost a paste]
eapáy (n)	[bird] [Alt: dapáy]
eápdos (RV3)	to strike (with a downward motion) [Syn: eámpos]
eapeáag (RV6)	to scamper away, scatter [Syn: kálhit, eághit]
eapeap (n)	[fish] [Alt: táplap]
eapeáp (RV1)	to slice, chop
eápid (RV1)	to join, unite, put together
eápis (RV1)	to do two things at once
	linápis ko [dm] / "I killed two birds with one stone." [AE, slg]
eapít (RV2)	to approach, get near, get close [Opp: eayó']
kahlapít (n)	neighbor
kahlápitan (n)	neighborhood
hilápít (RV6)	to be very close, be very near

maeapít (adj)	near, close, nearby
paeapít (RV9)	to approach, get closer
eápit butóng [Bkd] (adj)	closely spaced [said of houses]
eapnáag (RV7)	to spread, scatter [like a skin rash] [Cf: kálhit]
eápnag (n)	wide field, [good for planting corn]
eapnág (adj)	spreading, expanded, expansive
eápok (n)	soil, earth [Cf: eúgta']
eáp-ok (n)	[internal skin eruption containing watery fluid]
eápóg (RV2)	to throw [a stone]; reject, discard
eapóg (RV1)	to stone
eapós (adj)	went through, passed through [Syn: eántas]
paeápos (CV)	to push through, let pierce completely
paeápos [slg] (CV)	to smuggle (in)
eápot]ma[(adj)	sticky, pasty [Syn: maeapúyot]
eapóy (adj)	wilted, shriveled, withered [plant]
eapóy (RV7)	to wither away, shrivel up [Opp: eáb-as]
eapúyot]ma[(adj)	sticky, pasty, thick [Opp: eágnaw]
eápsag (n)	baby, infant [Cf: ungá']
PHASES OF BABY'S ACTIONS	
kayá'	lying down, face up: 0-2 months
tíkeob	turn on one's stomach: 3-6 mos.
kárang	crawling: about 7 months
língkod	sitting: 7-8 months
pangubáybad	holding on for support: 8-9 mos.
tákang	tottering: 9-10 months
tikáng	walking: 11-12 months
eápsaw]ma[(adj)	thin, soupy, watery [Opp: maeágnaw]
eápta(h) (RV1)	to scatter [Syn: kálhit, eághit] [Opp: típon]
eápwa(h) (RV3)	to blanch, put hot water over [foods]
linapwahán (adj)	blanched
earás (RV3)	to cut through [water, cloth]; to tailor
lináras (n)	left over cloth, scraps, rags
eása' (RV1)	to slaughter, butcher [Cf: matánsa(h)]
easá']ma[(adj)	muddy, sticky; stale, not fresh [fish]
eásang]ma[(adj)	noisy [Syn: sángag, lingaw] [Opp: línong, tínong]
eás-ang]ma[(adj)	flavorless, lost its flavor [due to age]; "flat" "dry"
eásaw]ma[(adj)	not sticky, liquidy, watery [Syn: eágnaw]
eás-ay]ma[(adj)	flat, needing seasoning, flavorless
eáskae [Eng] (n)	rascal [Syn: sutil] [Opp: matárong]
eáskit (n) [slg]	guy, young boy [Cf: bágnit/gal]
eáseas (RV1)	to cut sharply, tear
eásgas (RV3)	to scratch, put a scratch (or) scar on
eásgas (ST3)	to get scratched; get dented [car]
	Indí' maeásgás ro plástik. The plastic cannot

eáso(h) [Sp] (RV1)	get scratched.
eásog [vul] (n)	to lasso, rope, catch with a rope
eásgon (adj)	testicle [Syn: eagáy]
eátag (RV2)	having enlarged testicles
eát-as (RV6)	to bleach in the sun(light) [Cf: datág]
	to try to get to some place by a strange route
	[not ordinarily taken] [Cf: eáktod]
pangeát-asín (n)	shortcut; "untravalled road"
eátay (RV6)	to cross a small bamboo bridge
eátayín (n)	river-crossing, small bamboo bridge
eáti (n)	field [for farming]
eáti' (n)	the new moon [first crescent]
paeati-ón (adv)	almost time of the new moon
eátok (n)	short native table [Cf: lamésa]
eátom (adj)	absorbent, able to absorb; (become) saturated
	Eátom imáw ku maeáin nga pamatásan. / He
	readily absorbs bad habits.
eáwa' (n)	[spider]
eawá'-eáwá' (n)	cobweb, spider web
eawág (ST2)	to get what one deserves [Syn: mirísi]
eáw-ag (A. det)	much, extremely, very
	eáw-ag nga hígko' / very dirty
eáw-ag (ST5)	to find excessive, feel that [something] is too much
paeáw-ag (CV)	to exceed, go beyond
eáwas (n)	body
eawás (RV1)	to go in person
	Gineawás ko to pag-ádto. / I went in person.
kaeawásan (n)	body; health
	kaeawásan nga mayád [idm] / good health
hilawas (RV1) [vul]	to engage in sexual intercourse
tigeawás (RV3)	to see in person
tigeawás (n)	representative, congressman
eáway (RV5)	to salivate, froth at the mouth
eáway (n)	saliva [Syn: pilá']
eáw-ay (RV6)	to be indecent; become/get ugly
eáw-ay (ST5)	to find indecent, consider ugly
kaeáw-ay (n)	indecency, ugliness
maeáw-ay (adj)	ugly, indecent
máhinaw-áyon (adj)	fault-finding, cynical, critical, eásily finds faults
eáwig]ma[(adj)	long, extensive; drawn out [Opp: tág-od]
eaeawígan (n)	expanse; province
	eaeawígat Akeán / the Province of Aklan
eáwod]ma[(adj)	far-away, distant [Opp: eapít] [Syn: eayó']
eawód (n)	ocean, sea

ilawód (n)	[the seaward part of any town] [Cf: Ilayá]
pailawód (RV9)	to go seawards
eáya (n)	[fish net]
eayá [Oak] (n)	dry land
Ilayá (n)	[the inland part of any town] [Cf: Ilawód]
pailayá (RV9)	to go inland
eayá! (RV7)	to dry out
eayág (n)	sail [of boat]
eayang]ma[(adj)	wide, roomy, spacious [skirt] [Opp: pítot, kitid]
eayang-eayang (n)	porch
eaygay (RV3)	to advise, counsel, give good advice (to) Eaygayí ánay akó. / Please advise me.
eayó' (RV2)	to put far away, put a distance between [Opp: eapít]
kaeayó' (n)	distance
maeayó'	far, distant
paeayó'	to go far away
eáyog (adj)	Ipahilayó' it Dyos! [máx] / "God forbid!" long-range; high, very high, tall [Cf: táas] Pulós eon eáyog ro niyóg. / All the coconut trees are already very tall.
eáyog-eáyog (RV7)	to bounce up and down [like a bamboo bridge or a narrow wooden walkway when people cross] [Alt: eáyod-eáyod] [Syn: táy-og]
eáyong (RV3)	to carry on a pole between two people
eayóng (adj)	withered
eúak (RV1)	to disjoint, take apart
eúad (RV2)	to spit out [food]
eúad (ST1)	to be nauseated, nauseous
kaeuarón (n)	nausea
makaueuad (adj)	nauseating
eúat (ST3)	to get sprained, twisted [ankle]
eúbak (RV1)	to hasten maturation
eúbak-eúbak [Bkd] (n)	hole(s) in the road [Syn: bátsi(h)]
eúbád (RV1)	to untie
eubáron (n)	[game--untying string]; riddle [Cf: túgma(h)]
eubád (RV7)	to run [said of colors] [Cf: sueóg, kúpas]
eúbag (RV1)	to twist, wring out [like wet clothing]
eúbát (ST1)	to be afflicted with rheumatism [Cf: rayúma(h)]
eúbáy]ma[(adj)	soft, pliant, resilient [hair] [Opp: bákod]
paeubáy (CV)	to make soft (or) pliant
eúbkon (n)	pigeon
eúbub (n)	small hole in the ground
eúbid (n)	string, twine [Cf: kaeát]
eúbid (RV1)	to make into twine

eubók (RV1)	to pound [grain] Eubká ro páeay. / Pound the rice.
eúb-ok (adj)	rotting, decaying [fish]
eubóg (RV4)	to lie down; "stay" [AE]. Sín ka nageubóg kabíi? / Where did you stay last night?
eúgban (n)	resting place; place for sleeping; bed
eumbóg	[Ctr: eumubóg] [Syn: nageubóg]
eubóg]ma[(adj)	murky, clouded, dirty [water]
eubóng (RV2)	to bury, inter.
eubóng (adj)	buried; low, lowly eubóng gid nga táwo / a very lowly person
eubngánan (n)	tomb, sepulchre
eúbos (adj)	deep, sincere, true
eubós [sup] (RV1)	to acquire magic healing powers
eubót (RV3)	to understand; sympathize with Kaeubót ka eon? / Do you understand now? understanding
hileubtánan (n)	to understand one another
híubot (RV8)	to insinuate, imply
paeubot-úlot (CV)	to get punctured, get a hole [Syn: gabot]
eubót (ST3)	snag, tree stump(s) rooted in a river
euká(h) (n)	to get uprooted
eúka (ST3)	[covering of blossom on a palm tree]
eúkab (n)	to dig (or) take out, scrape clean; operate (on)
eukád (RV1)	Eúka ro niyóg. / Scrape out the coconut [meat]. to have one's hair stand on end [Alt: baéukag]
eúkag (RV6)	gift [brought home for friends after a journey]
eukás (n)	to give a souvenir-gift
eukás (RV2)	to redeem, ransom, pay the price for [as in pawning]
eukát (RV1)	palm leaves [generic term] [Alt: lukáy]
eukáy (n)	back part of the knee
eúkrán (n)	to bend, twist (about/around)
eúko' (RV1)	to rest, recline [said of animals or people]
eúko (RV6)	to trick, fool, cheat [as in a card game] [Cf: dáya']
eukób (RV1)	Ayáw akó pageúka. / Don't trick me. to coil [something] (up)
eúkom (RV1)	prawn [large shrimp] [Syn: súppo'] [Alt: lukón]
eukón [Bkd, Hil] (n)	[squid]
eúkos (n)	to submerge, put into liquid [Opp: háw-as]
eúkot (RV1)	mourning [Syn: eáeaw, lúto(h)]
eúksa (n)	to jump (over) [Syn: eúmpat]
eúksa(h) (RV1)	Abót ko, euksohón. [idm] / "I'll cross that bridge when I get to it." [AE, max]

eúkton (n)	[small locust] [Cf: apán]
eúgdod (RV3)	to scrub down well [with a stone while bathing]
angeúgdod (n)	scrubbing stone; bath stone
eúean (RV2)	to load (up)
eó-eo! (RV1)	to cut the neck [with a knife]
eúeod (n)	shin [part of leg]
eúeot (REL.v)	to be intimate, close, warm
maeúeot (adj)	close, warm, intimate
kaeúeot (n)	closeness, warmth, intimacy
eúgad (RV6)	to lie down [on the ground, carelessly]
eogaeóg (RV6)	to wallow [Cf: eugán-eugán]
	* Ro ánwang nagaogaeóg sa eugán-eugán. [tongue-twister] / The carabaó is wallowing in the mudhole.
eugán-eugán (n)	mudhole, wallow
eugás (n)	texture [of cloth]
	-mapino ro eugás / the cloth is fine-textured
	-mabahóe ro eugás / the cloth is coarse
eúgaw (RV1)	to make rice broth, cook porridge
linúgaw (n)	porridge [rice soup]
eúgdang (RV6)	to settle down [in water], sink, go to the bottom
eúgdang (ST3)	to sink, go under, settle to the bottom [Opp: eutáw]
eúgday (RV1)	to soften, sweeten (one's voice)
maeúgday (adj)	soft, sweet, gentle [voice]
eúgmok (adj)	compact, tightly packed (together)
eúgnas (ST3)	to get worn down (or) worn out, decompose
	[Syn: bátas]
eúgo(h) [Sp][Bkd] (n)	yoke [of work animal] [Alt: yúgo(h)]
eú-go (RV1)	to shake (water; liquid) inside a container
eúgom (RV2)	to soak in a dye [Cf: tina']
eúgos (RV1)	to seize, take by force; rape
eúgpay (RV1)	to placate; subside
maeúgpay (adj)	soft-spoken, gentle, kind, meek
eúgta (n)	land, property; ground, plot, yard; dirt
eúha (n)	tear [drop]
euhá (RV5)	to shed tears, water [said of the eyes]
euháng (adj)	empty, having a gap
euhód (RV6)	to kneel
eúghan (n)	kneeler, kneeling bench
eúh [ma] (adj)	treacherous, unscrupulous [Alt: maeúhbon]
eunibáw (n)	the third or middle finger [Cf: túdlo, eabáw]
euman (Dp)	"again", "once more", "once again" [Ctr: eon man]
eumat (RV1)	to be addicted to, accustomed to
eumáy (n)	love potion, aphrodisiac
eumba'eumba (n)	dolphin, porpoise
eumbáy (n)	[a very young, tender leaf]

eúmbo-eúmbo (RV7)	to be bouncy/bumpy [road] [Alt: rúmbo-rúmbo]
eúmeum (RV3)	to incubate, nestle (on), hatch [eggs] [Cf: butó]
eúmid (RV5)	to urinate [by accident], wet [in bed, pants]
eumó (h) (ST5)	to consider easy, find easy [Opp: lisód]
	Naeumohán akó ku leksyón. / I found the lesson quite easy.
kaeumohán (n)	easiness, facility
maeumó (adj)	easy, not hard
eúmon [sup] (n)	household spirit; gnome, dwarf [Syn: ingkán]
eúmon (RV3)	to live with (or) dwell with as an outsider
eumós (RV3)	to drown [intentionally--transitive]
	Glieúmsan na ra kaáway. / He drowned his enemy.
eumós (ST2)	to drown, get drowned [accidentally]
eúmot (n)	[moss, algae--growing in sea]
linúmot (adj)	covered with algae
eumpád	[Ctr: eumpád; cf: eupád]
eúmpat. (RV3)	to jump, dive (for) [Syn: eúksó(h)]
e-on (Dp)	[Particle showing that an action has begun and/or is enduring.] "now", "already", "just" [G. 201]
	Nakakaón eon kamó? / Have you already eaten?
	Gakaón eon kami. / We're eating now.
	[Cf: makarón]
eúnang (n)	mud, slime, mire. [Cf: eútay]
maeúnang (adj)	slimy, very muddy
eunáw (RV1)	to look down from above [Alt: dúngaw] [Syn: gáwa]
	[Opp: tángda']
jeúneun (RV1)	to eat foods without eating any rice; "to eat viands with no staple" [EE]
eúnip (RV1)	to dive head first (for)
eunó(h) (RV7)	to change or shed skin or shell [like snakes]
eúnob (RV3)	to replace seeds that didn't sprout
	Eúmbi ro tanóm. / Replace the unsprouted seeds.
eúnok (n)	rice broth
eúnod (ST 2, 3)	to sink, go under water [Cf: eumós]
eunót (adj)	overripe, rotten [fruit]
eúnsay (A. det)	pure, genuine, true, through and through, thoroughly
	eúnsay nga maányag / thoroughly charming
eúnsong (RV6)	to be together in one place; do together at one time
eúnsong (RV1)	to do two-in-one; overlap [Cf: eápis]
eungá (n)	[herb] sesame. <u>Sesamum orientale.</u>
eongáeog [Ib] (RV6)	to wallow [Akl: eogaeög]
eongaeogán (n)	mudhole, wallow [Akl: eugán-eugán]
eúngáy (RV1)	to look down (at) [Opp: tángda']
eúngi (RV1)	to wring, twist [Syn: báli']

eungib (n)	grotto, cave [Syn: kwéba]
eúngsod (n)	hill [Syn: búngsod, búkid]
euó (adj) (ST3)	withered, decayed
eúob (RV6)	to sit on, nestle, settle down [as hen on eggs]
eúób (RV3)	to finish off/with, complete, terminate
	Nakaeuób eon kami ku ámong tanomán. / We have already finished off our planting.
euók (RV1)	to choke, strangle, squeeze one's neck
	Edk-a imáw. / Strangle him.
eúong (RV1)	to look into the mouth of a jar
eúoy (n)	pity, compassion
kaeúoy (RV3)	to pity, feel compassion for, feel sorry for
	Ayáw akó pagkaeúoyi. / Don't feel sorry for me.
makaueúoy (adj)	pitiable, readily inspires one's pity, sorry
eúpak (RV1)	to mash [Syn: eápak, tápak]
eúpak (n)	[cooked bananas pounded and mixed with coconut meat and sugar] [Syn: tinúmo]
eúpak (n)	[caterpillar--with spines that cause itching]
eupád (RV1)	to fly away, fly (to) [said of birds, airplanes]
eupáop [ka] (n)	[fungus--edible]
eupí (ST3)	to get bent, crushed [Alt: yupí]
eupig (RV1)	to bully, lord it over
maeupig (adj)	bullying, dominating, domineering [Alt: maeupigon]
maneueupig [Oak] (n)	bully; dictator
eúpit (adj)	well-armed
Eúpit (n)	a barrio of Batán
eupó (ST2)	to reveal one's ignorance
eupó (n)	[fish--fresh water, poisonous]
eupók (RV7)	to explode, burst, blow up
eupók [idm] (RV5)	"to blow up", lose one's temper
maeupók (adj)	explosive, easily explodes
paeupók (CV)	to explode, fire, make burst [transitive, active]
eupó'-eupó' (n)	[vegetable]
eúpog (ST2)	paralyzed, unable to move
eupón (RV3)	to patch, mend, repair
	Eúpi ro kamisadéntro. / Mend the shirt.
eupós (n)	[fish, vegetable or shrimp put into a soup/broth]
eupós (RV3)	to put fish, vegetables or shrimps into a broth
	[Syn: eámhay]
eúpsi' [ma] (adj)	pale, anemic [Syn: eángsi']
-pángeúpsi' (RV5)	to turn pale, lose one's natural color; show signs of anemia
európ (RV3)	to dive [into water] for [Syn: eúnip]
eusá' (n)	nit, louse egg [about to hatch]

eúsak (RV1)	to stamp [one's foot]; stamp out, trample (over) [Syn: tápak; pís-ang]
eúsag (RV7)	to spread, get worse [disease, rash]
eúsát (n)	hole in the floor
eúsát (ST2)	to get one's foot stuck in a hole in the floor [especially in bamboo flooring]
eúskad (ST3)	wrinkled [due to overexposure to water]
eúseus (RV1)	to massage the stomach with one's hands [Syn: eútok]
eúsob (RV1)	to go down, descend
eúsók (adj)	Eusóba ro subá. / Go down to the river: deepset, deeply inset [eyes]
eús-on (RV2)	to put on top of fire, cook, heat up [Opp: háon]
eúsóng (n)	mortar, "pounding dish" [Cf: almiris, háe-o]
eúsót (ST3)	to get stuck [in the mud]
eúsót [idm] (RV6)	to pass/get through (barely) Nakaesusót gid imáw sa'eksámin. / He just passed on the exam.
eúspad [ma] (adj)	pale, jaundiced, yellow [Cf: eángsi']
eutá' (adj)	well-stocked with fish
eót-a (Dp)	"already", "just", "now" [Ctr: eon itáana]
eót-ang (Dp)	Tápus eót-a? / Is it finished now? "I... already..." [Ctr: eon itákon]
eúta-eúta (n)	Kasimba eót-ang. / I already went to church.
eút-an (adj)	Indi' eót-ang. [idm] / "I give up:" [AE] [said when completely frustrated]
eutáw (adj)	back of knee
[idm]	susceptible, sensitive, delicate [constitution]
eutáw (RV7)	floating, adrift, drifting [Opp: eúgdang]
pautáw (CV)	eutáw nga pamílya [idm] / well-to-do family
eútay (n)	to be afloat, float, drift
eútgot (RV1)	to set adrift; keep afloat
eúto' (adj)	muddy soil [Cf: eúnang]
eúto' (RV7)	to cut with a knife
eúto' (RV1)	ripe, ready to eat [fruit] [Opp: hiláw, buyóg]
eúto' (RV1)	to ripen, get ripe
eúw (n)	to press the stomach with one's hand [Cf: eúsaus]
eúw (RV1)	to run after, chase, pursue [Syn: eagás]
eúw (RV1)	ladle, large spoon
eúw (RV1)	to ladle (out), spoon (out)
eúwas (n)	outside [Syn: liwan, guwá']
eúwas (RV1)	to save from [troubles/evil]; free, liberate
eúwas (prep)	aside front, outside of
eúya(h) [ma] (adj)	weak, feeble, not strong [Opp: bákod, básog]
eúy-a (n)	ginger. <u>Zingiber officinale.</u>

euyápad (Bkd) (n)	riceland, rice field
euyát (adj)	soft, tender [Cf: hayát, kupós]
euyáw (RV1)	to shout at, scream, holler at; scold; slander
pangeuyáw (RV8)	to scream at, fight [orally]
euyáwan (RV8)	to slander one another
eúylay (RV7)	to hang, suspend
euyó (n)	side [Syn: [ping]
sa euyó [idm]	Iyá sa ákong euyó. / Here, by my side, alongside
"G" /gah/	The sixth letter of the native Aklanon alphabet, representing the voiced velar stop /g/. [G. 10]
ga--- (pfx)	Actor Focus verb prefix denoting imperfective aspect. [G. 95] [D. 16, 22]
gaás [Sp] (n)	Sín ka ga-ágo? / Where are you going?
gaáto [Ibj] (Dp)	Owá' gid imáw gabakáe karón. / He never buys that.
gába' (n)	kerosene [Alt: gas]
gába' (RV3)	"perhaps" "maybe" "might" [Akl: giáto]
gabáng (RV1)	divine punishment, curse from above [for one's sins]
gabáng (adj)	to be cursed from above, receive divine punishment
gabáy (RV3)	Bási' ginagabá-an ka sa ímong eáging saeá'. / Maybe you are being punished for your past sins:
gabayan (n)	to make almost full, fill very near the brim
gabhang (n)	almost full [Cf: eabáng]
gábi (n)	to buoy up, keep afloat [by using buoyant material]
gabii (n)	buoy; floating materials, floaters; life preserver
kabii (adv)	large rice husk. [Alt: ogábhang]
kagah-ihon (n)	taro [vegetable grown for its starch root]
gabinéte [Sp] (n)	<u>Colocasia esculenta.</u>
gabók (RV7)	evening, night(time)
magagabók (adj)	last night, yesterday evening
gabot (n)	evening
gabot (RV1)	cabinet [political] [Alt: kabúnti]
gabót (n)	to rot, become rotten
gabót (RV3)	rotten
gabót (ST3)	pull, play, turn, move [in games like cards, mah-jong, chess, etc.]
	to pull (out); take one's turn in a game
	hole [in anything except the ground]
	to make a hole in
	to get a hole (in)

gaki(h) [Oak] (RV1)	to tempt, entice
gakit (n)	[wild duck]
gakód (adj)	well-protected [from robbers]
gakód (RV3)	to protect, strengthen, reinforce
gaeab (RV1)	to scythe, cut with a sickle [in a horizontal direction while holding on to the tops of the stems] [Cf: gaeó', gáhit]
gaeamay (n)	tentacle [on squid or octopus] [Alt: gámay]
gaeang (n)	[fruit, tree] <u>Averrhoa carambola</u> .
gaeás]ma[(adj)	rough, unsmooth, rugged [surface] [Opp: dalno']
gaeay (RV1)	to bundle together [into a circle]
gaeó' (RV1)	to cut down dead rice after a harvest; cut down tall grass [Cf: gáhit]
gaeók (n) [sup]	an evil spirit taking the form of certain animals [said to call out people's names, and anyone who answers dies] [Syn: táyho']
gae-om (n)	rain cloud; nimbus [cloud]
magae-om (adj)	heavily overcast; about to rain
gága [Sp] (adj)	foolish, silly, stupid [woman] [Cf: gágo]
gá-gá']pa[(CV)	to ask for more, require more
gág [Sp] (adj)	foolish, silly, stupid [male] [Cf: gága]
gaháb (adj)	torn, having a big hole [clothing] [Syn: gisí']
gahab (ST3)	to get torn, get a hole
gáhit (RV1)	to mow, cut [grass] [Syn: gaeó']
gahók (adj)	rotten, having a hole [Syn: gabók]
gáhod]ma[[Hil] (adj)	noisy, agitated, turbulent [Akl: sángag] [Opp: linóng]
gahóm (n)	force, power; authority
gahóm (RV3)	to govern, rule, direct
kagahóman (n)	powers-that-be; authority
gamhánan (adj)	powerful, forceful, strong
Makagagáhom (n)	God; Eternal Power
Mangagagáhom [Oak] (n)	God; the Ruling Forces of the Universe
gáid (RV2)	to tie (up), bind Gairán ro báboy. / Tie up the pig.
galá'-galá']pa[(CV)	to attract attention, be noticeable, make oneself stand out
galí' (Dp)	[Particle expressing surprise at having been reminded of something (already known)] "Ah yes, that's right." [G. 204] [also used when correcting oneself or acknowledging a correction] Imáw galí'. / Oh, it <u>was</u> him, after all. Duyón galí' ro táma'. / Ah yes, <u>that</u> was the correct one. Ap-at sánda... hay, limá' galí'. / There are four

galing (RV1)	of them, no, five.
galingán (n)	to grind, mill
galís]ma[(adj)	grinder, mill
Galicia [Sp] (n)	making a sharp noise or grating sound
galít (n)	barrio of Madalag /galísyá(h)/
galón [Eng] (n)	ringworm [fungus infection of the skin]
gámay (n)	gallon [unit of liquid measurement]
gamáy]ma[(adj)	tentacle [on squid or octopus] [Alt: galámay]
gámbak]ma[(adj)	slender, thin, small; high in pitch [guitar string]
gamhánan (adj)	flaring [said of skirt]
gamít (RV1)	[Cf: gahóm]
gamít (n)	to use, utilize, employ, make use of [Cf: dápat]
kagamítán (n)	article, thing [Cf: bágay, igdaëapát]
gamó(h) (n)	tool, utensil? [Syn: igdaëapát]
magamó (adj)	mess; quarrel [Opp: húsay, linóng]
gam-ok (n)	messy, out of order; noisy, "hot", disturbed
gamón (ST2)	dirt, litter, rubbish, trash [Syn: hígko']
gamós (RV1)	to get accustomed to, used to, develop a habit
	[Opp: mádlá']
	to salt
	Gámsá ro kárne. / Salt the meat.
ginamós (n) (adj)	salted [fish]
gamót (n)	root
gána [Sp] (n)	appetite, taste for, desire
gána (ST5)	to develop a taste or appetite for; enjoy, like
	Naganáhan eon akó sa ákong óbra. / I enjoy my work now.
magána (adj)	appetizing
ganádo [Sp, Hil] (adj)	inspired [Akl: naganáhan]
ganár [Sp] (RV5)	to gain, profit
ganánsya (n)	gain, profit [Alt: ginánsya]
ganánsya (RV1)	to gain, profit [from]
gánit (RV1)	to pull [young seedlings for transplanting]
ganít]ma[- (adj)	tough, hard to chew
gán-it (RV1)	to pull out with force, jerk out
gánsa [Sp]	goose, gander
gansilyo(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to crochet
ginansilyo (n)	crocheted materials
gánta [Sp] (n)	ganta [unit of measure, generally for grain products]
gántang [Sp] (n)	ganta [unit of dry measure] [Alt: gá]
	sanggántang bugás / one ganta of rice
gantangan (n)	a ganta measuring box
gangát (n)	the tip of bamboó
gángga [Sp] (n)	a "deal", a good or cheap offer
gángha' (n)	gap

gángha" (RV1)	to make/leave a gap
ganhá-an (n) [Oak]	doorway
gángo (n)	[fish trap]
gaób (RV5)	to become black and blue [from sickness]
gaób (n)	bruise [black and blue mark on skin]
pahggáob (DV)	to get all black and blue
gáod (n)	paddle; oar
gaód (RV3)	to paddle; to row [a boat]
	Gaorí ro baróto. / Paddle the canoe.
gáop]ma[(adj)	cloudy, overcast [slightly] [Cf: gáe-om]
gáoy (ST1)	to be tired, exhausted
	Owá' akó gigaóya. / I'm not tired.
malogaeáoy (adj)	tiring, tiresome, exhausting
gápa']ma[(adj)	bushy, having plenty of leaves, full
gápos (RV1)	to tie up, bind
gapós (n)	twine, rope
gápya']ma[(adj)	flat
garáe-garáe (adj)	tremulous, quivering [said of one's voice when about to cry]
garáhi [Sp] (n)	garage
garápa [Sp] (n)	bottle, jar
garapíta (n)	small bottle, little jar
garapón [Sp] (n)	large bottle (or) jar [Cf: garápa]
garatilis (n)	[fruit, tree] <u>Muntingia calabura</u> L. [Syn: datilis]
garisón [Eng] (n)	garrison, headquarters
garsolina [Sp.cor] (n)	gasoline [Alt: gasolína]
gárter [Eng] (n)	garter
gas [Sp] (n)	kerosene; tanked gas [not gasoline]
gása [Sp] (n)	guaze (or) wick of a lamp
gásgas (n)	dent
gásgas (RV3)	to dent, put a dent (in)
gasúl [Eng] (n)	tanked gas [butane mixture]
gasolína (h) [Sp] (n)	gasoline
gasolinahán (n)	gas station
gasolinéra (n)	small gas tank
gasolinéro (n)	gasoline boy, service station attendant
gáspang]ma[. [Tag] (adj)	rough, coarse, unsmooth; impolite crude [Syn: bástos]
gásto(h) [Sp] (n)	expense(s), expenditure
	Pilá ring gásto? / How much did you spend?
gásto (RV1)	to spend, expend
magásto (adj)	expensive, costly
pagásto (CV)	to have others spend money on oneself
gástos [Sp] (n)	expenses, expenditures [Alt: gásto]

gata' (n)	[white coconut sap] [Syn: pinayok]
gata' (RV3)	to use coconut sap
gatas (n)	milk
gatas (RV3)	to milk
	Gatasí ro ánwang. / Milk the carabao.
gato(h) [Sp] (n)	trigger [of a gun]
gatóng (n)	fuel, wood for a fire, firewood
gatóng (RV3)	to use as fuel (or) firewood
gatós (n)	hundred, 100
	limáng gatós / five hundred, 500
gawa(h) (RV1)	to look out [of window, door, any opening]
gaeawahán (n)	window; opening
gawad [Hil] (RV1)	to redeem [from mortgage or pawn] [Akl: eukát]
gawáng [Bkd] (n)	door
gawás (n)	leg bone
gawás [Ib] (n)	arm [the whole arm, including the hand]
gaway (n)	[venereal disease]
gaway (n)	loose thread or fiber; splinter [at edge of cloth or mat]
gaway-gaway (n)	[tree--with edible blossoms] <u>Sesbania grandiflora</u> .
gawgaw (n)	raw starch
gawhang (RV3)	to make an opening (in)
	Gawhangí ro pilápil. / Make an opening in the dike.
gawi' (n)	ways, habits, customs [Cf: batásan]
gawid (n)	clothesline
gawód (n)	young coconut [Cf: niyóg]
gaya' (adj)	many, most [Alt: dagaya'] [Syn: abó', dúro]
kagayaan (n)	the majority, most
gayód (adv)	soon, immediately [Syn: eági-eági]
gi--- (pfx)	[Prefix used on verbs denoting present negative or present conditioned actions] [D. 17, 22]
	owá' gigútma / not hungry
	owa gieábhi / not being laundered
	sín gibákea:.. / where... is being bought?
giáto (Dp)	[Particle expressing some doubt as to the probability of a statement] "maybe", "possibly", "might" [G. 207] Maeayó' pa giáto. / It may still be far away.
Gibón (n)	barrio of Nabas
Gibón (n)	river in Nabas
gibúngan (n)	mouth of a river [Cf: gibwang] [Alt: gibwángan]
gibwang (RV7)	to let out, empty [into the ocean]
	Nagagibwang ro Akeán sa Bakhaw. / The Aklan River empties into the ocean at Bakhaw.
gibwángan (n)	mouth of a river; outlet of a pool

gikab (n)	'grotto, small cave [Cf: eungib]
gikan [Hil] (prep)	from [G.166] [Akl: halin]
gikan (RV6)	to come from, start from, hail from [Cf: tagá---]
ginikánan (n)	parents; elders
gin-gikánan [Oak] (n)	origin. [Syn: ginhalinán]
gikas (RV3)	to strip, trim, cut
gid (Dp)	[Particle used for emphasis, underlining or expressing the great degree of something.] [G.203-04]
	"very", "too", "extremely", "excessively"
	Nafila' gid akó-kána. / I like her very much.
	Maáeam gid imáw. / He is most intelligent.
	Mátám-is gid ra. / This is too sweet.
gid-a (expr)	"indeed" "truly" "most certainly" [Ctr: gid it ána]
gidláng. (expr)	"just because" [expression used when one does not really want to answer the question "why?"]
	Hám-an nag-áto ka kabí? Gidláng. / Why did you go last night?... Just-because.
gigil (RV5) [Tag]	to gnash one's teeth [out of frustration] [Cf: bág-id]
gihápon (adv)	usually, regularly; just the same
	maw man gihápon [idm] / just the same
sa gihápon (expr)	as usual
gihit (RV1)	to transfer, move [cattle to greener pastures]
	Gihíta ro ánwang. / Move the carabao (to another spot),
	[tree]
giho [Sp] (n)	to move, be in motion [Akl: húéag]
giho [Hil] (RV6)	to glitter, shine
gilák (RV7)	shiny, glittering, radiant
magilák (adj)	to earmark [cattle]; cut off part or all of the ear partly or completely missing [ear]
giláng (RV3)	crack(s) [in dry soil] [Cf: báil] [Syn: gítak]
giláng (adj)	gilette; razor blade
gil-ang (n)	a rough, scratchy, abrasive surface
gilít [Eng] (n)	having an abrasive surface
gilok (n)	crack- [in pottery]
gilókon (adj)	to get cracked
giltak (n)	to peep out, stick out, protrude a little
gítak (ST3)	Nagagimáw ro ikog ku katsuri'. / The shrew's tail is protruding (from the hole).
gimáw (RV6)	Nagagimáw eon do tubo-án. / The baby coconuts are just beginning to sprout.
gin--- (pfx)	[Object Focus verb prefix for perfective aspects.] [G.95] [D.16, 22] [Alt: ging---, -in---, ing---]
	Ginbakáe na ro baeáy. / He bought the house.

giná---	(pfx)	[Prefix for Object Focus imperfective aspects in the positive.] [G. 95] [D. 16, 22] [Cf: gi---#]
ginánsya	[Sp. cor] (n)	gain, profit [Cf: ganár] [Alt: ganánsya]
ginang	[Oak] (n)	Mrs., Madame, Lady, Mistress [Cf: ginúo, gning]
Ginatúan	(n)	barrio of Madalag
Ginbaliwan	(n)	barrio of New Washington
Ginhalinan	(n)	river in Ibayay [Cf: halin]
ginháwa(h)	(RV2)	to breathe (in)
	[idm]	Nakaginháwa eon imáw. [idm] / He is now free of all his burdens. (or) "Now he can breathe again."
ginháwa	(n)	breath; health
		Maeáin dang ginháwa. / I feel sick.
Giníktan	(n)	barrio of Altavas
gining	[Oak] (n)	Miss, Mademoiselle [Cf: ginúo, ginhang]
ginúo	(n)	Mister; sir; Lord [old title of respect]
	Ginúo ko (intj)	"My Lord!"
gin-ot	[ma] [Hil] (adj)	hot and humid [Cf: dangga(h)]
ginsong	[ma] (adj)	noisy, loud, boisterous [Syn: sangag, lingaw]
gingá	(n)	tiny rice particle(s)
gingaw	(n)	[fish]
glok	(RV1)	to thresh [rice] (with one's feet)
gipós	(n)	runt; an undernourished child (or) animal
girilya	[Sp] (n)	guerrilla, warrior
giring	(n)	milled edge [of coin]; indented, ridged or corrugated edge
giring-giring	(n)	ruffled (or) rippled edge [of anything]; milled edge [of a coin]; drunkard [idm]
gisá(h)	[Sp] (RV1)	to sauté
gisádo	(n) [adj]	a saute [food preparation]; [sauteed]
giska	[ma] (adj)	dried out [rice]; hard and dry [due to too little water] [Opp: hukoe]
gisi'	(RV1) [ST3]	to rip, tear, tear out; [get torn, tattered]
Gisi	(n)	barrio of Altavas
gitára	[Sp] (n)	guitar
	gitára (RV5)	to play the guitar
gitgit	(n)	[bird]
ginítgit	(n)	[type of kite] [Cf: boladór]
giti'	[vul] (n)	clitoris [stf]; "clit" [vul]
gitlit	(n)	scar
gitlo'	(RV1)	to break into pieces
giwhánan	(adj)	heavenly, celestial; spacious
giya(h)	[Sp] (RV1)	to guide, lead
giya	(n)	guide, leader
giyon	[Sp] (n)	dash, hyphen

glóbo [Sp] (n)	globe, sphere
gwántes [Sp] (n)	glove(s) [Alt: gwántis]
gwápa [Sp] (adj)	beautiful, pretty, good-looking [female] [Alt: gwápa]
gwápo (adj)	handsome, good-looking [male] [Alt: gwápo]
gubá (RV1)	to damage, destroy, annihilate
gubá' (adj) [St.]	destroyed, damaged; annihilated
gúbat (RV1)	to challenge, assault
manggugúbat, [Oak] (n)	challenger, assailant
gubáy (RV3)	to assist in walking, support in walking [Alt: agubáy]
gubók (RV3)	to aid, succor, come to help
	Gin-gúbkan imáw ku ámong kahalápit. / He was aided by our neighbors.
gubyérno [Sp] (n)	government; rule
gubernador (n)	governor
gúkop [Oak] (n)	purple ink
gúdgud (RV3)	to work faithfully (or) assiduously (at)
gueámos (RV1)	to squeeze
gúeang (RV6)	to get older
kagueangan (n)	forest
kagueangan (n)	eldest, oldest
magúeang (adj)	old, elder
magueang (n)	elder sister/brother; elder sibling
minagueang (adj)	relating to older people or ways; "of the older generation", "adult [way]"
gueó (h) (RV1)	to mess up, get out of order [Cf: guló(h)]
mageó (adj)	mixed up, messed up, jumbled; noisy [meeting]
gúeos (n)	abrasion; rash, skin disease; scabbies
gúeot (RV1)	to hack, scythe with a downward motion [as when cutting down banana leaves] [Alt: bágeot]
gó-go' (n)	[tree--bark used as shampoo] <u>Entada phaseoloides</u> (Linn) Merr. [and] <u>Ganophyllum falcatum</u> Blume.
gúhit (n)	small line, mark, dash, hyphen
gúhit (RV1)	to make a mark
panggúhit (n)	quill, pen
guláman (n)	gelatin [made from seaweed]
gúl-it]ma[(adj)	old [Syn: gúeang]
gulítok [vul] (RV1)	to insert one's finger into the vagina
guló]ma[(adj)	messy, out of order; noisy, having a quarrelsome atmosphere
kaeagúlo (RV8)	to quarrel with one another
gúlpí(h) [Sp] (adj)	sudden(ly), quick(ly), without warning
gúlpí (ST5)	to be taken aback, surprised, be a victim of a sudden act
	Nagulpíhan akó ku ímong pag-abót. / I was taken

góma [Sp] (n)	aback by your arrival.
gumamíla [Sp] (n)	rubber; tire
gumáñkon (n)	[flower] <u>Hibiscus rosasinensis</u> L.
gúmok (RV1) [ST3]	niece / nephew
gumó'-gumó' (n)	to crush [to get crushed, crumpled]
gumón (RV1)	a hideaway behind shrubs or foliage
guná' (adj)	to make disorderly, put out of place, mix up
gúnaw (n)	[Opp: hásay, táw'hay] [Syn: guló(h)]
gúnaw (RV1)	cracked/abraded and about to fall apart [rubber]
guni-guni(h) (n)	end of the world (by flood); the Flood [Genesis]
gunít (adj)	to send a deluge, end the world (by flood)
gúnót (n)	nightmare [Syn: bangúgot]
gúnting (n)	tattered and torn, beyond repair
gúnting (RV1)	[fibrous protection of each branch on palm trees]
gúnting (n)	scissors, shears
gúnggung (n)	to cut with scissors (or) shears
gúos (RV1)	[type of bolo]
góra [Sp] (n)	fool, dope, dullard [Cf: gágo]
guramá (n)	to tie up
gúro [Sp] (Dp)	Gús-a ro halgi. / Tie up the post.
guró'-guró' (adj)	hat, cap [Akl: káeo]
guróe-guróe (adj)	[fish]
gusáno [Sp] (n)	probably; maybe [Ctr: sigúro]
gusáw (n)	scratchy; unsmooth [surface] [Opp: dalíno']
gúso(h) [Sp] (n)	rough, unsmooth; uneven [Opp: dalíno']
gúsok (n)	thread
gústo(h) [Sp] (n)	[fish]
gústo (ST5)	sung prayer, psalm, canticle
gúta (n)	rib [bone]
gúta(h) (RV3)	wish, desire, liking
gútab (RV1)	to like, want, desire, crave
gútang (RV6)	rain, bridle; pull rope; rope for plow
gutáng-gutáng (n)	to put a rein (or) bridle on; steer
gutáw (n)	to cut down, mow
gútgut (RV3)	Gutába ro halimonón. / Cut the grass down.
gútlab (RV3)	to get stuck in [mud], get bogged down
gúflab (RV1)	[skin disease--dry, cracked skin]
gutók (adj)	taro. <u>Colocasia esculenta</u> . [Syn: gábi]
gutóm (ST1)	to be disgusted, have regret(s); feel bad (about)
gútom (n)	to cut out
	to cut off the excess fibres [after finishing weaving]
	tight, compact, hard to pass through
	to be hungry
	famine, hunger

	Namatáy sánda sa gútom. / They died of starvation.
kagutómon (n)	hunger
makagueútom (adj)	readily makes one hungry
tiggueútom (n)	famine, hunger
guwá' (RV6)	to leave, go out, exit
guwá' (RV1)	to go out [in order to entertain]
	Gúw-a ro ímong bisíta. / Entertain your visitor.
guwá' (RV3)	to come out in spurts [Syn: súmpit]
guwá' (ST5) [vul]	to experience orgasm [usually male orgasm only]
	Gingúw-an akó. / I came to orgasm.
guwá' (n)	living room [Syn: sála] [Opp: sueód, kwárto]
paguwá' (n)	exit
paguwá' (CV)	tó let out, show [one's way] out; kick out
pagguwá' (n)	performance
	May pagguwá' ro kóros. / The choir had a performance.
gúyod' (RV1)	to drag, pull along [the ground] [Opp: dusó']
gúyom (n)	[ant--black, very fast]
grábas [Sp] (n)	gravel
grabasán (n)	gravel truck
grábi [Sp] (adj)	serious, grave, mortal
	grábing sakít / serious disease
	grábing saeá' / mortal sin
grábi [Eng] (n)	gravity [Cf: sabáw]
grádo(h) [Sp] (n)	grade [in school or degree]
	Sa anó ka nga grádo? / What grade are you in?
	Mabáskog ro grádo ku ímong antipára? / Is the grade of your eyeglasses strong?
grádwar [Sp] (RV6)	to graduate
gradwádo (adj)	graduated, graded
grámar [Eng] (n)	grammar [Akl: baeanháyan]
granáda [Sp] (n)	grenade [bomb]
granáda [Sp] (n)	pomegranate [fruit] <u>Punica granatum.</u>
graníl [Sp] (n)	gauge for making lines
grása(h) [Sp] (n)	grease
grásya(h) [Sp] (n)	grace; reward [special; spiritual]
grásya (ST5)	to be rewarded, be blessed
grasyahán (adj)	blessed, full of grace [Akl: buláhan]
grátis [Sp] (adj)	free of charge, no payment necessary [Syn: libre]
grípo [Sp] (n)	faucet
grúpo [Sp] (n)	group
-grúpo (RV8)	to form a group, group together [Syn: búylog]
	[Opp: tágtag]
Guadalúpe [Sp] (n)	barrio of Libakaw - /gwadalupi(h)/

gwántis [Sp] (n)
gwántis (RV5)
Gwángko (n)
gwápa [Sp] (adj)
gwápo [Sp] (adj)

glove(s) [Alt: gwántis]
to wear gloves
barrio of Balete
beautiful, pretty, good-looking [female]
handsome, good-looking [male] [Opp: maeaw-ay]

"H" /hah/

The seventh letter of the native Aklanon alphabet, representing the voiceless glottal fricative /h/. [G. 15-16] The letter is rarely written by Aklanons at the end of words, although the sound is often quite clearly pronounced, as in:

"amo" /'ámoh/
"basa" /básah/
"daea" /dagáh/

However, the sound occurs finally and medially in such words as:

"múhmuh" spilled rice [crumbs]
"páhpah" steps on a coconut tree
"kák kah" to scratch with claws [chicken]

Also, the sound is clearly pronounced and spelled when root words containing the sound in final position get affixed, as in:

"daehon" will be brought
"simbahan" church

ha (Dp)

[Tag particle used to urge another's response.]

"Isn't that so?" "All right?" "O.K.?"

ha --- (pfx)

Táw-i man akó, ha? / Give me [some] too, O.K.?

[Object Focus and Stative Verb prefix.] [Alt: nahá---]

Hatáma' imáw it bála. / He was hit by a bullet.

Haulíhi akó sa kláse. / I was late for my class.

[G. 66-67, 95; 121-127] [D. 18, 22]

hába' (RV7)

to get long(ér) [Opp: tág-od]

kahába' (n)

length

mahába' (adj)

long; elongated

pahába' (CV)

to lengthen, make longer

hábae |pang| (RV7)

to become itchy (and/or) swollen

hábae (adj)

just about ripe [Cf: 'éuto', hiláw]

panghabae (DV)

to ripen

habá gat (n)

the South Wind [Cf: hángin]

Habána [Sp] (n)

barrio of Buruanga

Habána (n)

barrio of Nabas

hábeon (n)

loom [for weaving] (all prepared for work)

[Cf: tánhága]

hábbab (RV1)	to eat sloppily and hurriedly. [Syn: dueón-dueón]
habíl-hábil (RV7)	to dangle, hang (by a thread) [Syn: hábit-hábit]
hábit-hábit. (RV7)	to dangle, hang (by a thread) [Syn: hábil-hábil]
hábla(h) (RV2)	to file suit [in court] [Syn: kíha(h)]
hábok (RV7)	to swell, become inflated
hábok (adj)	swollen, swelled [with gas; pride] Hábok ra úeo. / He is swell-headed.
hábok-hábok (n)	braggart, swell-head
páhábok (n)	balloon [Syn: lóbo]
páhábok (CV)	to cause to swell, inflate, blow up [balloon]
háboe (n)	blanket
háboe (RV5)	to use a blanket
háboe (RV1)	to weave Hábea ro eámbong. / Weave the dress.
hábeon (n)	loom [for weaving] [Syn: tanhága]
manóghabóe (n)	weaver
hábog (RV1)	to swing back and forth [Syn: tábfog]
hábon [Sp] (n)	soap [Sp: jabón] [Alt: sabón]
hábon (RV2)	to put aside, put away temporarily; hide
háboy (RV2)	to throw [overhand] [Cf: itsa(h) / throw underhand]
hábyog (RV2)	to get leverage, "wind up" [AE], swing back and forth [in order to throw something further]
háka [Tag] (n)	idea, opinion [Akl: ísip, húná'-húná', pafno-ino]
hákat (ST2)	to care (about), be concerned (for/about) Owá' akó nahákat. / I don't care.
hákdan [Bkd] (n)	stairs [Alt., Cf: hágdan]
hákeap (RV3)	to spread; cover [Cf: tábon]
hákeop (RV3)	to cover (up); to patch (up), paste (on/up)
hakíd (RV1)	to take cooked food from the pot; serve
hákmæ (RV1)	to grab, snatch
hakóe [pang] (DV)	to sigh
inoghakóe [Oak] (n)	exclamation mark
hakóg. (RV1)	to take [food] greedily
mahákog (adj)	greedy, taking a lot for oneself
hákop (n)	handful, fistful
hákop (RV1)	to take by the handful
hakós (RV1)	to embrace, hold around the waist
hakós (RV3)	to fasten around the waist; belt
hakós (n)	belt [Syn: páha(h)]; sash
hákot (RV1)	to get, gather, bundle up
hákot-hákot (n)	[insect--bee-like, building nests of mud]
hákwat (RV1)	to hoist, lift up, raise up [Syn: álsa(h), bátak]
hádhad (RV2)	to expose, put out [Alt: yádyad]
hádi' [sup] (ST4)	to be afflicted with spirits, be possessed [infants]

hádlök (S1'2)	to fear, be afraid (of); be frightened (by); fear, fright
· kahádlök (n)	fearsome, frightening, scary
· makaháedlök (adj)	easily frightened, "fraidy-cat" [AE, slg], cowardly
· mahinadlökön (adj)	[Syn: matáeaw] [Opp: maisog] to chatter, chat; discuss
haeá' (RV2)	a talker, chatterbox [Syn: makáea']
· páehaeá' (n)	to yak, chatter, prattle
· hináea' (RV5)	to graze, eat grass [Alt: hángeab]
háeab [Bkd] (RV1)	to guffaw, laugh very loud
· haeákhak (RV5)	to give, grant, offer
háeab (RV2)	gift, offering
· háead' (n)	loose, not compact, not tight [Cf: haeugá']
· haeághag (adj)	to be shocked by one's strong words or opinion;
· háeang (ST5)	to find hot and spicy
· maháeang (adj)	spicy, hot [referring to flavor, not temperature]
· haeángdon (adj)	honorable, respected [Syn: taehóron]
· háeas (RV1)	to wind up (around), twine [Alt: áeas]
· haeás (n)	[tree] <u>Ganophyllum falcatum</u> .
· Jalás (n)	barrio of New Washington [Cf: Halás]
· háeaw (RV1)	to wind up carefully [string, twine, not clock]
· haeáy (RV2)	to hang (out) [laundry]
· haeayán (n)	line for drying out clothes, clothesline
· háega(h) (n)	price, asking price [Cf: bílí(h)]
· háega (RV3)	to quote a price [not fixed, but subject to reduction]
· háehae (adj)	loose-fitting, not tight [Syn: haeugá']
· haeó(h) (n)	[lizard--large, eats chickens]
· haeó [adm] (adj)	dull, ignorant, innocent, hard of hearing
· háe-o (n)	pestle, pounding stick [Cf: almiris, eúsóng]
· haeuán (n)	[mud fish]
· háeok (RV7)	to swell (up)
· haeók, (adj)	swollen
· haeók [Bkd] (RV3)	to kiss [Alt: halók] [Akl: haró']
· háeog (RV1)	to stab (through something) [like through floorboards]
· haeugá' (adj)	loose, uncrowded, having more room (left)
· haeúgay (RV1)	[Opp: piot, hugót]
· haeóghog (RV3)	to mix (up), mingle (together) [Alt: eahúgay]
· háeong (RV3)	to put into, insert [like garter into seam of dress]
· maháeong (adj)	to treat carefully/with respect, be careful (or)
· háeos (Dp)	cautious (with) [Cf: ándam, dáhan]
	careful, respectful
	[Particle expressing a small degree of likelihood or
	amount] "almost" "barely" "just about" "hardly"
	Wa' háeos it habilín. / Hardly anything is left.

háeot (RV3)	to strip down, whittle (away) [smooth]
haeóthot (RV1)	to sew with a big running stitch
hágak (adj)	bragging, boastful, proud, overexaggerating
hágak (RV5)	to wheeze, breathe noisily and with difficulty
hágak (RV1)	to punish, penalize [for losing a game]
hágad (RV1)	to do one's best, struggle, force oneself; coax; to chase [after]
hágad (n)	motorcycle policeman, motorcop
hágad pa (expr)	"the thought of it!" "just imagine" [said in shock]
hagáe (n) [vul]	playboy
hagáe (adj) [vul]	over-sexed, lacking self-control [said of men]
haganás (RV7)	to make a rushing sound [as rain or running river]
hagán-hágan]ma[(adj)	reasonable; within reach, peaceful; normal. [Opp: eáw-ag]
hágard [cor] (n)	motorcade escort; motorcycle policeman [Cf: hágad]
hágdán (n)	stair(s), step(s)
hágdánan (n)	stairway, stairwell
hágeok (RV5)	to wheeze, breathe with difficulty [Cf: hágak]
hághag (RV1)	to shake dirt off of plants (or) roots
hághik (n)	[tree]
hághit (n)	[tree]
hágyo's (RV7)	to zoom, make the sound of rushing by quickly
hágmang (RV6)	to lie on one's belly, lie prostrate [almost lifeless]
hagnáya (h) (n)	[vine--used as twine] <u>Nephrólépis hirsutula</u> .
hágnoe]ma[(adj)	not crisp or crunchy, rubbery [texture] [Opp: ágto']*
hághok (n)	[insect--small, flying]
hágom (RV2)	to soak, marinate [for a long time]
hágonng (RV7)	to whir, hum [sound of machine]; whisper, murmur [sound of the wind]
hágonng (RV5)	to groan, moan [due to severe pain or sickness]
hágonng (adj)	in death throes due to disease; dead due to some sickness [said of animals and the meat they have]
	Ayáw it káon ay hágonng ron. / Don't eat it because the animal died of sickness.
hágupit (n)	[tree--fruits eaten by children] <u>Ficus ulmifolia</u> .
hágyám-ot (n)	mixed green vegetables [preparation]
hágtob (adj)	saturated
hágyo' (adj)	light; subtle
há-ha' (RV1)	to pull out, take out of enclosure (or) box [in one piece and with one effort]
hála(h) [Sp] (expr)	"Hey" "Go ahead" "All right." [Syn: síge]
hálagasi(h) (n)	[tree] <u>Leucosyke capitellata</u> . [Alt: hanlagasi(h)]
Halás (n)	barrio of New Washington [Alt: Jalás] [Cf: haeás]
háligi(h) (n)	column; post, mainstay, support [of house]

halí-halí (n)	Si Nánay ro halígi ku átong baeáy. / Mother is the mainstay of our home. [idm]
halímaw [Tag] (n)	[snail--edible] monster, beast
halím-ay (RV1)	to nurse, take care of a sick person [Alt: hamín-ay]
hálimbáwa' [Tag] (n)	example, illustration
hálimbáwa' (ex)	for example; such as [Akl: pananglitan]
halimonón (n)	grass; weed(s) [Cf: hila món] [Alt: hila mónón]
halímtang (n)	step [of stairs]; grade [in school] [Alt: halímtang]
hálin (RV1)	to transfer, move to another place [Cf: húbo'] Halín dána'. / Go away.
halín (RV6)	to come from; originate, move (from) Sín ka maghalín? / Where have you been? [AE]
halín (prep)	from, out of, out from halín sa ákong kabubút-on [idm] / from deep with- in my heart halín sa bánwa hásta sa búkid / from the town to the mountain(s) origin(s)
ginhalinán (n)	step [of stairs]; grade [in school] [Alt: halímtang]
halíntang (n)	to start [a fire] [Syn: dábok]
háling (RV3)	to ruin, destroy
hálit (RV1)	to soak [usually in a solution, like lime water, etc.]
hálit (RV3)	to mix, mingle, intermix [Syn: eahúgay]
hálo' [Tag] (RV1)	mixture, admixture Ro á nang Inínglis may hálo' nga binisayá'. / His English has an admixture of Visayan.
hálo' (n)	mixed up, assorted, varied [iced dessert made of mixed fruits and milk]
hálo'-hálo' (adj)	hollow block(s), bricks.
hálo'-hálo' (n)	to kiss [Akl: haró'] [Bkd: haeók]
haloblák [Eng] (n)	[Particle used for strong emphasis or stress.] "very, very..." "exceptionally"
halók [Hil] (RV3)	hámak nga kabúhay / so very, very long
hámak (A. det)	hámak nga binálik-bálik / so very, very many repetitions to be wasteful, careless, extravagant (with) "just imagine!" "think of it!" [in shock or surprise]
hámak]pa[(CV)	Hámak, Juán, may nagsúgd... / Just imagine, John, someone told...
hámak [Oak] (intj)	why? [usually followed by the marker it] Hám-an it makarón? / Why like that? [Cf: pá-m-an, hám-at]
hám-an (Qp)	[tree--medicinal uses]
hamángae (n)	

- hámáy-hámáy (adj) light, not deep, not serious [Opp: hamflok]
 Hámáy-hámáy ako mágkatueóg. / I sleep very
 lightly. Hámáy-hámáy eang imáw kón ga-óbra.
 / He doesn't take his work seriously.
- hámbae (RV1) to speak (to), tell [someone] [Opp: hípos]
 hámbae (RV2) to say, speak, tell [something]
 Ihámbae ko ra. / I will say this.
 Hambaeón ko imáw. / I will speak to him.
- kahámbae (n) fellow speaker, someone you talk(ed) to
 hilinámbae (RV8) to speak to one another, talk together
 hueohámbae (n) chit-chat, chat; a brief talk
 sihámbae (RV8) to interrupt one another [while speaking], to speak
 at one and the same time [Syn: hilinámbae]
 hámbae [ídm] (RV3) to counsel, advise
 hambuáya (n) [tree] Fagraea racemosa.
- hámbog (adj) proud, swell-headed, boastful [Syn: bugaeón]
 hámbol [Eng] (adj) humble; lowly, poor [Akl: mapainubsánon]
 hámeos (RV1) to pet
 hamín-ay (RV1) to nurse, take care of (a sick person) [Alt: halím-ay]
 hámno' (RV1) to put away, keep inside [Syn: tágo']
 Hamno-á ro eámbong agód índi' himansahán. / Put
 away the shirt so that it won't get soiled.
- hamó(h) (n) cloth used for baby's diaper
 hamó (RV3) to swaddle, diaper, put on a diaper
 hamó' (RV1) to "oil", "milk" [AE], get a favor (from)
 hamúad (RV7) to be abundant, be prosperous [Opp: makinót]
 hámok [Eng] (n) hammock [Akl: dúyan]
 hamue-áwon (n) [tree, lumber] molave. Vitex parviflora Juss.
 hamóg (RV3) to sprinkle clothes before-ironing [Cf: wisik]
 hám-og (n) dew [Syn: tún-óg]
 mahám-og (adj) dewy
 hamóg-hamóg (n) [grass--tañ, vinelike]
 hamúgni' (n) [tree]
 hamó'-hamó' (RV1) to pacify, appease, be on good terms [Cf: hamó']
 [Cf: úeog-úeog, áeam-áeam]
 hamón [Sp] (n) ham
 hamungáya' (adj) comfortable, peaceful, secure, stable.
 kahamungayán (n) peaceful state (due to security) [emotional, financial]
 hamuók (adj) deep, sound [sleep] [Cf: múok] [Opp: hápaw]
 Hamuók ro á nang katueógon. / He is in a deep sleep.
 hamúot (adj) sincere; near to one's heart, heart-felt [Cf: buót]
 hamút-an (adj) beloved, close to one's heart, very dear
 hamút-an kong ábyan / my beloved friend
 pahamúot (CV) to endear oneself [to another]

hámos [ma] (adj)	neat, clean [Syn: hámos, malipson] [Opp: magamó]
hámpak (RV1)	to beat, belt, spank, slap [Cf: búnae, púdlós]
hámpak (n)	weapon for beating
hámpang (RV2)	to play (a game)
kahámpang (n)	playmate
hámpang (RV3)	to play (with)
haeampangan (n)	Hampangi ring mángnod. / Play with your brother.
hámpangan (n)	playroom; playground, place for playing
hámtak (n)	toy, plaything
hámtang (ST3)	[bean--long] <u>Vigna sesquipedalis</u>
	to be situated, located, placed
	Ro ilhan nahántang sa eúgta' ngá mataás. / The
	place is situated on high land.
haeamtangan (n)	location, situation
hámtang (conj)	while, meanwhile [Alt: sámtang]
	Mabása ány akó hámtang ówá' pa imáw. / I will
	read while waiting for him. [AE]
hámtik (n)	[wasp--small]
hámtong (adj)	physically and mentally mature
haná' (dem)	"there is" [Ctr: hay raná'] [G: 162] [Cf: iná']
	[speaker-oriented demonstrative] [Alt: hanhá']
	Haná' ro imo. / That over there is yours.
hanágdong (n)	[tree] <u>Trema orientalis</u> L.
hanalibon (n)	[shrub--medicinal] <u>Blumea balsamifera</u> (L) DC.
hanás (adj)	well-trained, careful, well taken care of
hanás (RV1)	to train well, take good care of
hanáyhay (adj)	gently sloping, slightly inclined [Cf: pátag]
hándom (n)	goal, ambition, desire, wish, expectation [Cf: dámgó]
hándom (RV1)	to cherish, dream of, aspire, hope for
handomanan (n)	remembrance, souvenir
hándong (n)	shade, shadow
mahándong (adj)	shady, shaded
mahuehándong (adj)	somewhat shady; cooler
handuráwan [Bkd] (n)	picture [Syn: laráwan]
hándos (RV1)	to thrust, jab [a sword] [Syn: bunó']
hanhá' (dem)	"there is" [G: 162] [Cf: haná']
haníg (n)	pan liner, shield between bottom of pot and rice
	cooking inside [such as a banana leaf]
	to put a shield or liner (between)
haníg (RV3)	Haníg imáw sa impyéno. / He is at the bottom
[idm]	of hell.
haning (adj) [Oak]	the late, the deceased, the former
	si Haning Juan / the late John...
haning (adj)	such, of such a sort, <u>that</u> kind [always meant with

	derogatory implications]
	Owá' akó náíla' ku haníng mga táwo ngárón. / I don't at all like that sort of people.
hanlagasi (n)	[tree] <u>Leucosyke capitellata</u> . [Alt: halagási]
Hánlod (n)	barrio of Libakaw [Alt: Jánlud]
hánog (ST3)	to get bruised [said of fruits]
hanóg (adj)	bruised and rotten [fruits]
hanúgot (n)	consent, agreement
pahanúgot (CV)	to come to an agreement; consent (to) Si Juan nagpahanúgot nga ra ungr' hay káslon hin-ága. / John consented that his daughter would be married tomorrow.
hanungód (prep)	concerning, about Naghámbae imáw hanungód sa á nang ginhalínán. / He spoke about his origins.
pahanungód (CV)	to apply to, include (or) put with Ipahanungód ko sa ímong utang. / I'll apply this to your debts.
pahanúngdan (n)	subject; commemoration
hánot (RV1)	to beat [with a stick]
hanót (n)	stick [for beating]
hántong (adj)	grown up, physically and mentally matured
hántop (prep)	deep within, from deep down hántop sa á nang tagipusó-on / from deep within his heart
pahántop (CV)	to let originate deep (within one's heart)
hánga' [Tag] (RV3)	to admire, marvel (at) [Akl: ngáwa(h)]
hangád (RV1)	to intend, try, aspire (for/to) [Cf: hinguhá']
pahangád-hangád (CV)	to be unyielding, make another try very hard [before finally giving in or giving permission]
hángaé (n)	joke, trick
hángaé (RV3)	to joke with, trick, fool (around/with) Indi' kunó imáw mahangáean. / They say that he cannot be joked with.
haeangaeán (RV8)	to joke with one another
hángdan (adj)	few, not many [Alt: hánggan] [Syn: pílang báto]
hángaab (RV1)	to graze, eat grass/fodder
[idm]	Náno ring gústo hangeábon? / What are you trying to say?
pahángaab (CV)	to put to pasture, set out to pasture
hánggan (adj)	few, not many Hánggan pa eang ro táwo sa eskuylahán. / There are just a few people at the school.
hánggod (adj)	large, big [Syn: mabahóe] [Opp: maístan]

hánggop (RV1)	to inhale [smoke] [Opp: bugá(h)] [Syn: hígop]
hanggóp (n)	[fish]
hánghang]ma[(adj)	thirsty, parched, dried out [Syn: thaw]
[idm]	Mahánghang raíng pagginháwa. / I can hardly breathe.
hángin (n)	air; wind
[idm]	May hángin dá úeo. / He is crazy.
hanginon (adj)	pretentious, boastful; crazy, foolish
mahángin (adj)	windy; stormy
pahángin (CV)	to let fresh air blow over [something]
pahángin-hángin (RV6)	to go out for some fresh air, get a breath of fresh air Mapahángin-hángin akó. / I'll go out for a breath of fresh air. [AE]
	THE NAMES OF THE WINDS
	amíhañ Northeast Wind
	kaeábkab West/Southwest Wind
	kanáway North Wind
	habágat South Wind
	saeátan Southeast Wind
	tímog East Wind
hángér [Eng] (n)	hanger [for clothes] [Akl: saeabe'yan]
hángér (RV2)	to hang up [on a clothes hanger]
hángit (ST2)	to be irritated, provoked, angry
makahaeángit (adj)	irritating, irksome
mahángiton (adj)	irritable
hangó' (adj)	loose [tooth]
hangó' (RV1)	to loosen, make loose
hángop (RV1)	to aspire, wish, hope (for); plan
mahinaeángpon (adj)	ambitious, optimistic, always aspiring [Alt: mahinangpánon]
hángos (RV5)	to pant [from loss of breath]
hángos (adj)	breathless
haóm (ST3)(ST2)	to be ready, prepared [said of person or thing]
haóm (adj)	all set, prepared, ready
paháom (CV)	to prepare, get ready Pahaóma ro kwárto pára sa bisíta. / Prepare the room for the visitor.
háon (RV1)	to take off from the fire [Opp: eús-on]
hapá' (adj)	flat on one's front side, prostrate [Opp: kayá']
hapá' (RV4)	to lie down flat (over); cover (with one's body) Ginháp-an nána ra mánghod pageupók ku dinamíta. / He covered his younger brother with his body when the dynamite exploded.
hapák (adj)	careless, messy [person] [Opp: máámilig]

hápag [Tag] (n)	table [Akl: pápag]
hápaw (RV1)	to fill to the brim
hápaw-hápaw (adj)	not quite to the brim; barely enough [sleep]
hápay (RV6)	to bend, lean over [Opp: tírso(h), títlong]
hápay (adj)	bent over, leaning
hápay-hápay (RV7)	to wave back and forth
pahápay (CV)	to bend over, cause to lean over
hápdí' (RV7)	to cause pain, smart, hurt a lot [Cf: hápdos]
hápdí' (ST5)	to be in pain, feel a smarting pain
	Nahapdi-án akó ku asín sa ákong niná. / I was in pain from the salt [that got] into my wound.
mahápdí' (adj)	smarting, painful, hurting [Syn: maeáea]
hápdos (RV7)	to hurt a little, be painful
mahápdos (adj)	painful, irritating [Cf: hápdí']
hápgot (RV1)	to whip, lash
hápin (RV3)	to put something underneath [to protect the bottom surface from heat, dirt or the like]
	Hapíni agód dí' ka hípáso'. / Put something under it so that you won't get burned.
hapín (n)	cover, covering, placemat [something put under a dirty or hot object to keep it from soiling or burning anything else]
hápit (RV1)	to stop for, pick up—[while on one's way]
hápit (RV2)	to deliver, drop off [while on one's way]
	Hapíta, akó it alás says. / Pick me up at 6 o'clock.
	Hapítan kána ra. / Deliver this to him [on your way].
hápit (RV6)	to stop in, drop in, drop by for a visit
	Hápit ány. [idm] / Drop in for a minute.
háplit (RV1)	to whip, lash [Syn: hápgot]
háplít (RV2)	to paste, attach, put up
háplít (adj)	pasted; flat, form-fitting
hápnig (RV1)	to carefully place one layer on top of another, pile up carefully one by one
hápo' (ST1)	to pant, breathe fast
hápo' (RV5)	to wheeze, be asthmatic
hápo' (n)	asthma [disease]
mahápo' (adj)	exhausting, causing one to breathe fast [Alt: makahaeápo']
hapuháp (RV1)	to feel around, feel for [something--as when searching a thief for something stolen or for a weapon]
hápon (n)	afternoon
kahápon (adv)	yesterday [Cf: kahápon]
kahaponánon (n)	dusk, late afternoon
ihápon (n)	supper, evening meal [Cf: ihápon]

hápon (RV6)	to roost, go to-roost, perch, settle down [birds]
hapónan (n)	perching rod or twig, roost
Hapón (n)	Japan; Japanese [person]
hinapón (RV5)	to speak or act Japanese
hinapón (n)	Japanese [language]
hapón-hapón (n)	[mushroom]
hára(h) [Sp] (n)	dart, blowdart [for blowgun] [Cf: sumpit]
hárá (dem)	"here is" [Ctr: hay ráya] [G. 162] [Cf: iyá]
	[speaker-oriented demonstrative] [Alt: háyra]
	Háyra sánda tanán. / Here they are all together.
harána(h) [Sp] (n)	serenade
harána (RV3)	to serenade
	Ginaharanáhan imáw káda gabli. / She is serenaded every evening.
harapón (adj)	nearly blind, near-sighted, myopic, can hardly see
harás-harás (adj)	rough, wild, irresponsible, careless [Opp: hanás]
háray-háray (RV6)	to be happy-go-lucky, not have a care in the world
hárbor [Eng] (n)	harbor [Sp: pwerto]
hárdih [Sp] (n)	garden
hardinéro (n)	gardener [Syn: hortiláño]
hári' (n)	king; the head-[of a coin]
ginharí-an (n)	kingdom, domain
hári' (RV3)	to govern, rule, dominate, control
hari-ánon (adj)	of royal blood, of regal descent
harína(h) [Sp] (n)	flour
haró' (RV4)	to kiss [Hil: halók]
	Ayáw imáw pagharo-i. / Don't kiss her.
haró' (n)	kiss
harón (dem)	"there is" "over there" [Ctr: hay rúyon] [G. 162]
	[speaker-oriented demonstrative] [Cf: uná']
	Harón do imong hueáy. / There is your share.
hása'-hása' (n)	[fish]
hásang (n)	gill [of fish]
háshas (RV1)	to fan, blow [the fire]
hashasán (n)	bellows, blower
hásló' (adj)	no good, useless [Syn: bulók, owát pueós]
háso' [vul] (RV1)	to masturbate
háso' [slg] (RV1)	to screw, make a sucker of [someone]
háso' (adj)	foolish, silly, crazy, worthless [person]
hásta [Sp] (prep)	until, to, up to [Oak: tubtub]
hásta (conj)	until, up to-that time when [Alt: ásta]
hátag [Hil] (RV2)	to give [something] [Akl: taó]
hátkek [Eng] (n)	hot cake, pancake
háthat (RV1)	to spread out [Opp: balilin]

ható (dem)	"there is" "over there" [Ctr: hay rató] [G. 162] [speaker-oriented demonstrative] [Alt: harató] Ható ro ándang bacáy. / That's their house over there. [Cf: 1dto]
hatód (RV2)	to escort, take, deliver safely, conduct [Syn: dñe-ong]- Hátan imáw. / Escort him.
hátóe (RV3)	to judge, render judgment [Syn: senténsiya(h)]
háwa' (RV3)	to give way (to), make room (for)
háwa' (RV1)	to push apart, separate [Cf: bueág] Ginháwa' nána ro nagaáway. / He separated the fighters.
háwak (n)	waist Tagaháwak ro túbi'. / The water is up to one's waist.
háwag (ST2)	to be anxious, worried
háwag (RV3)	to be anxious (for), worried (about) Ayáw magháwag ay wat piligró. / Don't worry, there's no danger.
háwan (RV3)	to clear up, clean up, make open [Opp: magamó]
maháwan (adj)	clear, having no obstructions, expansive
háw-as (RV1)	to take out (from container)
háw-as [idm] (RV1)	to be free (of), be rid (of) Haw-asá kamí sa kalisdánan. / Free us of our problems.
hawáy (RV6)	to hover, float in the air [Syn: ántad] [Opp: díot]
háwid (RV3)	to restrain, retain, hold back, hold (on to); make stay Ginháwiran akó nánda. / They wouldn't let me leave.
háwid (n)	share, portion [something kept or retained] Dáya ro ímong háwid. / This is your share.
hawili' (n)	[tree] <u>Ficus haufli</u> .
Jawili' (n)	barrio of Tangalan [noted for its waterfall and seven natural basins; excursion spot] /hawili'/
háwla [Sp] (n)	cafe, jail
hawók (RV1)	to test, get a taste beforehand [said of sampling food]
háwod (RV7)	to bend over [due to excessive weight]
hawód (adj)	bent [Opp: tádlong, tándos]
hay (Tp)	[Particle showing the predicate or "news" of a sentence, particularly when the word order is reversed or changed about; often translated by English "is" or other form of verb "to be", though such translation is not idiomatic on all occasions.] Imáw hay wa' gatuón. / He does not study. Rondáya hay ímo. / This is yours. [Imo' rondáya.] Ro síngsing háy maháe. / The ring is expensive.

hay (intj)	[The sound of a sigh.] "ah" "oh"
pangháyhay (n)	Hay, dimálas akó. / Oh, I'm so unlucky.
pangháyhay (RV5)	sigh
hay' (Dp) (intj)	to sigh [usually a sign of boredom or sadness]
	"well" "so" "oh" [particle usually expressing anticipation, requiring further information] /híáí'/
	Hay', náno eon? / Well, what now?
	Hay', iyá ka galí'. / Well, so you're here [too].
háyag (RV7)	to burn [lamp, lantern]; to be on [electric light]
kaháyag (n)	brilliance, radiance, light
hayág (adj)	proven, clear, established
maháyag (adj)	bright, brilliant [Opp: madueóm] [Syn: maáthag]
paháyag (CV)	to light (up) [a lamp], turn on (light); illustrate, enlighten, clarify
	Pahayaga ány ro iwág. / Please turn on the light.
	.Ginpaháyag nána ro balíta'. / He clarified the news.
pahayagán (n)	periodical, journal
hayáhay [Oak] (n)	flag [Syn: bandéra]
hayáng (RV6)	to lie on one's back [Syn: kayá']
háylo (h) [Oak] (RV2)	to adopt, take up [a plan of action]
hayó' (n)	nickname, pet name
hayumá (h) (n)	bamboo blade [for cutting fibers]
háyop (n)	mammal(s); cattle [Cf: sápat]
kahayópan (n)	herd [Syn: manára']
háyra (dem)	"here is" "over here" [G. 162] [Cf: hará]
háyron (dem)	"there is" "over there" [G. 162] [Cf: harón]
háytō (dem)	"there is" "over there" [G. 162] [Cf: ható]
hi--- (pfx)	[Prefix for verbs in accidental or happenstance mode] [G. 67-68] [D. 19, 22]
	Bási' híádto ka. / You might get a chance to go.
	Hikáon sabón do pandúlsí bágo mag-ihapón. / The dessert might get eaten before dinner begins.
hibayág (RV3)	to laugh (at)
	Ayáw akó paghibáygi. / Don't laugh at me.
hueóhibayág (RV3)	to laugh a little, snicker (at)
pahibayág (CV)	to make [someone] laugh
hibí' [Hil] (RV5)	to cry, whimper [Akl: tángis]
hibo' (RV1)	to rub, smear (in/on) [like a medicine] [Syn: bányos]
híka' [Tag] (n)	asthma [Akl: hápo']
hiká-on (adj)	asthmatic
híkaw (RV3)	to be envious, jealous (of); be possessive, greedy
híkaw (ST2)	to be jealous, envious
mahíkaw (adj)	stingy, greedy, miserly
mahilikáwon (adj)	very jealous, extremely envious [by nature]

híkay (RV3)	to despise, begrudge, grumble (about); belittle
híkdo' (RV6)	to gasp for breath [after crying]
híkot (RV1)	to cook, prepare (food) [Syn: eáha', híwat]
hidáit (RV6)	to be/live in peace
paghidáit (n)	peace and quiet, peacefulness
hidlaw (ST1)	to long for, miss; be homesick
kahidlawon (n)	longing; homesickness
makahidlaw (adj)	causing one to be(come) homesick or filled with longing
higánti (h) [Sp] (n)	giant [sup] [Cf: kápri, hueárog] [Opp: enáno]
hígko' (n)	dirt [Cf: tapá-tapá]
mahígko' (adj)	dirty [Syn: madaeók] [Opp: límpyo, matínlo']
hígi' (RV7)	to be dirty, have dirt
higúgma (n)	love [Alt: gúgma] [Opp: kanáw-ay]
higúgma (RV1)	to love, be in love (with) [Syn: maháe]
hinigúgma (adj)	Ginahigúgma ko ikáw. / I love you. beloved
mahigugma-on (adj)	hinigúgma kong ginikánan / my beloved parents loving [Alt: mahinigugma-on]
higop (RV1)	to inhale; sip [Cf: yúpyup; súpsup] [Syn: súyop]
higot (RV3)	to tie up
higót (n)	Higti ány ron. / Please tie that up. string [for tying]
hila(h) [Tag] (RV1)	to pull [Akl: bútong, birá(h)]
hilab (ST5)	to get an upset stomach [due to starchy, fatty foods] Nahilában akó it báboy. / Pork gives me an upset stomach.
mahilab, (adj)	starchy, greasy, fatty [foods]
hilak, (ST2)	to be unwilling, hesitant, reserved; have reservations (about)
kahilak (RV3)	to be stingy, overcautious [Opp: átag]
mahilak (adj)	hesitant; stingy
	Ayáw mahilak sing kabúdlay sa pagtábang siing isigkatáwo. / Don't be stingy in your struggles to assist your fellowman.
hilágis (RV3)	to strip, scrape (down) [with blade]
hilahís (RV4)	to rub against [like a cow scratching itself against a tree or fence]
[idm]	Nagáhiniláhis gid it-a imáw. / She is flirting.
hilamón (RV3)	to pull grass out, pull weeds
hilamonón (n)	Hilámni ráyang páte. / Pull out the grass here. grass [Alt: halimonón]
pahilamón (CV)	to have the grass/weeds pulled (out)
hilám-os (RV3)	to wash one's face [Alt: panghilám-os]

híláp (RV1)	to slice, cut [meats, fruits]; to skin [an animal]
híláp (n)	slice, cut
híláp (RV1)	Táw-i akót sang híláp. / Give me one slice.
híláp (n)	raw, uncooked; unripe [Opp: eahá'; edto']
híláp (RV1)	Híláp pa ro kárne. / The meat is still raw.
híláp (n)	Híláp pa ro ságing. / The banana is not ripe yet.
manginglaw [sup] (n)	cannibalistic-ogre(s)
híláy (RV6)	to lean (over) [Syn: sándig]
pahíláy-híláy (CV)	to rest on one's side, put into leaning position.
pahíláy-híláy [idm]	to rest a while, lie down for a short nap
hílba [Sp] (n)	[herb--medicinal] [Sp: hierba]
hílba bwéna (n)	mint. <u>Mentha arvensis</u> L.
hílba mahiyóng (n)	[herb--medicinal]
híli--- (pfx)	[Verb prefix showing collectivity or togetherness,]
híliáno (n)	híliáno / getting to know one another
híliáno (RV8)	híliáno / mutual understanding.
hílig [ma] (adj)	mutual understanding, agreement [Alt: híliáno]
hílig (n)	to seek to understand one another
híli-hi' (RV5)	fond of, inclined to, having a liking for
hílit (n)	hobby
híliw-as (RV5)	to snicker, cackle
hélmet [Eng] (n)	corner, /side [Syn: binft]
hílmón (ST2, 3)	to exclude oneself from any responsibility or correction; "pass the buck" [AE, slg]
hílo (ST2)	helmet
hílo [Sp] (n)	to be noticeable
hílo' (n)	Wa' paghílmóná ro mánsa. / The stain wasn't noticeable.
hílo' (RV3)	hílo' / hílmón / unnoticeable
makahílo' (adj)	to become dizzy, feel faint [Cf: dismáyo]
hílo-o(h) (RV1, 3)	thread [for sewing]
hílo-ob (RV1)	poison
hílong (adj)	to poison [someone]
makahílong (adj)	poisonous
paeahílong (n)	to help one another, exchange services [free of charge] [Cf: sagibín]
hílot (RV1)	to finish (off), complete
manóghílot (n)	Hil-obá ro pag-arádo. / Finish off the plowing.
híloway [ma] (adj)	drunk, intoxicated [gen]; "pickled", "bombed" [slg]
kahílowayan (n)	intoxicating, quickly makes one drunk
	drunkard
	to restore a broken bone; massage [Cf: masáhi(h)]
	masseur/masseuse; chiropractor, bone setter
	untroubled, prosperous, free (from troubles)
	freedom, prosperity, peace of mind

híma' (n)	black dirt line [in groin and other joints of body]
himakóg (RV3)	to debone, bone [Cf: bákog]
himáeo' (RV5)	to remark, mention, utter a word Ayáw maghimáeo', bási' maákgig sánda. / Don't make any remarks, they might get angry.
himáya' (n)	glory [Opp: katisod]
himáya' (RV3)	to give glory (to)
mahimayá-on (adj)	glorious
himayáng [Oak] (ST)	to be at rest
indi' himayáng [idm]	restless, uneasy
himbis (n)	scale [of fish]
himbis (RV3)	to take off the scales, scale
himbisón (adj)	full of scales
Himbis (n)	sitio in Batan
Jiméno [Sp] (n)	[the old name for the town of Altavas, Aklan]
pahimíno [idm] (RV9)	to travel far and wide; "have smooth sailing on a long journey" [AE] Sádyá' ro ámong biyáhé; mat nagpahimíno eang kami. / We had a fine journey, as if we only went to Jimeno.
himo' (RV1)	to do, make, work (on), produce Náno ro ámong himó-on kará? / What shall we do in this instance? "possible" "may" "can be" if possible [Syn: kon pwéde, kon saráng]
mahímo' (Dp)	act(s), deed(s)
kon mahímo' [idm]	to persuade, convince [Syn: kombinyo; pílit]
hilimó-on (n)	to worry (about)
hímok [Tag] (RV1)	to try (one's best), strive (for better)
himúd-os (RV3)	Himueáti nga maghamúad ro ímong pangabúhi'. / Try to be prosperous in your life.
himúeat (RV3)	Naghimúeat gid imáw nga mag-abogádo. / He tried his very best to become a lawyer.
himúebue (RV3)	to pluck [hairs, feathers], defeather; pull out, depilate [Cf: búebue]
himunóng (RV6)	to settle down, relax [gen]; "cool it" [slg, AE]
hím-ong (RV6)	to be still, not move [Opp: húeag] Kon maánad rong ueáng sa kánit kung bága, naga-hím-ong. [max] / When the shrimp gets used to the heat of the coals, then he is still.
himúngnan (n)	address
pahimúngnan (n)	residence
himos (RV1)	to clean up, tidy up, put away [one's things] [Opp: kálhit]

himot (RV3)	to have a desire, wish, plan (for) [Syn: hándor]
himót (n)	grudge
himót (RV4)	to bear a grudge; plot (against)
himpít [Oak] (adj)	earnest, sincere, true, deep, eager
hímtang [Oak] (ST3)	to be situated, given a place [Alt: hámtang]
kahímtangan (n)	position, situation; way of life; status
hina']ma[[Tag] (adj)	slow, behind the times, not up to par, not as good as expected, "dragging" [AE, slg] [Akl: hínay]
hinabít (RV3)	to mention, speak of
	Ginahinabtan ka pérmí ní Nánay. / Mother is always mentioning your name.
panaeabítón (n)	saying, maxim, motto
hinakí (n)	coconut oil shampoo
hinaking káhoy (n)	[bark of tree—used as a shampoo] [Cf: g6-go']
hínakit (RV4) [Oak]	to sympathize with [somebody's loss] [Cf: sakít]
hínakit (RV4) [Tag]	to have ill feeling(s) toward, feel bad about
[note]	[Tagalog use seems to be overriding the older Aklanon meaning in current Aklanon.]
hin-ága (adv)	tomorrow [Cf: ága]
hináli' (adv)	suddenly, immediately [Cf: dalí'] [Syn: gúlpí(h)]
híndli' (ST5)	to be shocked [by bad news]; be taken aback
hinángiban (n)	weapon, arm(s) [Cf: ármás, wípoñ]
hínay (RV1)	to go slowly (or) softly, not be loud (or) fast [Opp: dásig, hákas, háskog] [Syn: húsay]
	Hínaya ring hámbae, bási' may gapamatí'. / Lower your voice, someone may be listening.
mahínay (adj)	soft, quiet [for voice, radio]; slow [pace, speed]
hindúna' (adv)	later on; in a little while, soon [Opp: kafna]
	hindúnang hápon / later on this afternoon
hínhin (RV7)	to separate and tangle together [said of fibers]
hínhin]ma[[Tag] (adj)	feminine, lady-like, modest [Akl: malígdong]
hinébra [Sp] (n)	gin [liquor] [Syn: kwátro kántos]
híníng-híníng (RV7)	to be very shiny/brilliant [surface] [Syn: gilák]
henerál [Sp] (n)	general
hínis (RV3)	to wipe clean [like using a piece of bread to clean off a plate]
	the day after tomorrow
hín-isá (adv)	kind-hearted, "soft" [AE, slg]
hinukeógon]ma[(adj)	to repent (of), regret, feel sorry (for) [sins]
hindesoe (RV2)	Nagahíndesoe imáw ku ánang kasae-ánan. / He feels sorry for his sins.
hínúgae (Neg)	"stop" "don't" [used in commands] [Cf: ayáw]
	Hínúgay it hinángae kákon. / Stop joking me.
	Hínúgay karón. / Stop that.

hinolibyás (RV8)	to miss [one another] along the way, pass without seeing, not meet [Opp: sábeang]
[idm]	Naghinolibyás ro ándang páno-íno. / There was no meeting of their minds.
hin-unó (Qp)	when [in the future]? [Opp: kán-o / when (past)]
	Hin-unó kitá mapánaw? / When will we leave?
	[G. 193] [used with future forms of the verb]
hínta-hínta (RV5)	to pant; breathe heavily [from being very full after eating] Nagahínta-hínta akó sa kabueágon. / I'm panting from being so full.
híntágot [Tag, Hil] (CV)	[pa] to give permission, allow [Akl: sugót]
hényo [Sp] (n)	looks, face; character [Sp: génio]
hínyo' (RV1)	to request, ask
hing---	[generative verb prefix found in many derivations]
	hingabót / be hard on; prosecute
	panghinakít / sympathize (with)
híngah (Dp)	[Particle used to express some likelihood] "likely" "almost" "closely" [Alt: mahíngan] [G. 203]
	Makarón híngan. / Almost like that.
híngbis (n)	scale [of fish] [Alt: hímbis]
híngúha' (RV1)	to attempt, try, make an effort (to) [Alt: tinguhá']
híngyo' [Lib] (RV1)	to ask, request [Alt: hínyo']
híod (RV1)	to stretch (out) [like stretching the body]
hípag (n)	sister-in-law [Cf: bayáw / brother-in-law]
hípi [Sp] (n)	chief of police; major; leader [Sp: jéfe]
hípi [Eng] (n)	hippy; social revolutionary
hípid (RV3)	to be careful (with one's things), be neat (with)
mahípid (adj)	neat, clean, meticulous, careful [Opp: buhá-ha']
hípig [ma] [Bkd] (adj)	neat, clean, meticulous [Alt: mahípid]
hípno' (RV1, 3)	to fill up
hipnótisme (h) [Sp] (RV1)	to hypnotize [Akl: patáog]
hípon (n)	[shrimp--small]
hípos (RV6)	to keep silence, be quiet [Opp: lingáw]
kahípos (n)	silence, quietness, quietude
mahípos (adj)	silent, quiet
pahípos (CV)	to silence, have keep quiet
hípos (RV3)	to keep secret
hírae (adj)	dull, not sharp
hírae (RV1)	to blunt, make dull
hiráw (n)	[bird]
hérban [Eng] (n)	hair band, hair ribbon [Akl: higót sa buhók]
hirí-hi' (RV6)	to giggle [Syn: ngísngis]
hermitányo [Sp] (n)	hermit [Cf: ermíta] [Alt: ermitányo]
híro [Eng] (n)	hero [Alt: híros] [Akl: bagáni(h)]

hírop [ma] (adj)	friendly, loving, warm [Syn: edeot]
hárpin [Eng] (n)	hairpin, bobby pin [Akl: sipít]
hísa' (RV3)	to envy; betray [due to envy]
mahísa' (adj)	envious, selfish, possessive [Cf: híkaw]
heswitas [Sp] (n)	Jesuit [priest]
híta' (n)	crotch, groin
hítgat (n)	[a string joining both feet and used as support when climbing a tree] (also RV3)
híthit [Tag] (RV1)	to take a long drag [of a cigarette] [Cf: yúpyup]
hító' (n)	[fish] [Alt: íto']
hító'-hító' [pa] (CV)	to be resourceful, have ways and means [to get things done]
hitsúra (n)	face, looks, appearance
hitsúra lang' [Tag] [slg]	"Never mind." "Cool it." [teenage expression of disgust or dismissal]
híwi' [Hil] (adj)	uneven, ascance, off to one side [Akl: kiwít]
hiyá (intj)	"giddiyap" [cry to a horse to get it moving].
hiyá' [Tag] (n)	one's pride, one's face [Akl: huyá']
hiyas [Oak] (n)	seed; idea, thought, pensee [Syn: bínihi']
hiyás [Tag] (n)	jewels, treasures [Akl: mútya']
hiyod (RV1)	to squeeze
hiyo-hiyo (n)	[insect--tiny, harmless, lives below houses in sand]
hiyóm-hiyóm (RV5)	to smile [Hil: yóhom-yóhom]
ho' (Dp)	[Tag particle used to attract another's attention, always put at the end of a sentence.] "see", "here", "look" Abí ány, ho. / Here, give it to me. Idto imáw, ho. / There he is, see. Háyra, ho. / Look, here it is.
ho (intj)	"ho" [cry to stop a horse] [Cf: hiyá]
húbád (RV1)	to unravel, untie, unwind [Opp: higót]
hubág [Hil] (adj)	swollen [Akl: haeók]
hubág-húbag (n)	salted fish [not very dry] [Syn: lamayó]
húbas (RV1)	to take all, gather completely [without leftovers]
hubás (n)	low tide [Alt: hunás] [Opp: táob]
húbat' [Oak] (RV2)	to say
hueubáton (n)	saying, maxim
húbeag (RV1)	to make a commotion, rattle, shake
húbeas (adj)	naked, unclothed
hóben [Sp, Hil] (adj)	young [Akl: báta']
húbo' (RV1)	to transfer residence, move (out/to)
huk [Tag] (n)	[a member of the Hukbalahap movement--Filipino Communist or revolutionary]
húkas (RV1)	to take off, unhitch
	Húksa ro kortína. / Take off the curtain.

húkas it eñcaw [idm]	ccase mourning
húkás (adj)	unhitched, taken off
húkeog (ST2)	to empathize with
mahínukeogon (adj)	sympathetic, compassionate, kind-hearted, warm
húkhuk (RV1)	to eat sloppily and hungrily
húkip (RV3)	to bribe, tip [given quietly]
húkoe]ma[(adj)	soft and wet [said of cooked rice] [Opp: gíska]
húkom (RV3)	to judge, give a decision
húkóm (n)	judge [Syn: huwís]
húkmánan (n)	court room
húdlot [Bkd] (RV6)	to have a running nose [Alt: údlot]
hoe (intj)	[cry to stop a carabao]
hueá [Oak] (adj)	premature, unripe, immature
hue-ab (RV1)	to take off [like a tile off the wall] [Opp: dukót]
hueábas (n)	prickly heat [skin disease]
hueák [Bkd] (n)	trap [Syn: kísiw]
hueag (RV1)	to move, make a move/motion
mahueag (adj)	always moving, mischievous; flirtatious [woman]
panghueag (n)	poise; one's movements (or) way of moving/acting
hueagók (RV5)	to snore
hueágpos (RV6)	to escape, manage to run away [Cf: paeagiw]
hueám (RV1)	to borrow
	Hueamón ko ring libro. / I'll borrow your book.
pahueám (CV)	to lend
	Pahueamá ánay akó it kwárta. / Please lend me
	some money.
hueámang (n)	[vine]
hueánog (RV1)	to do frequently (or) often
hueárog [Bkd] (n)	giant [sup], genie [Cf: higánti, kápri]
húeas (n)	sweat, perspiration
húeas (RV5)	to sweat, perspire
húeas (RV7)	to get condensation on [like a cold glass of water]
	Nagahúeas ro báso. / Water vapor is condensing
	on the glass.
húeas (ST5)	to work at with vigor/devotion; sweat (over)
pinahueásan (n)	fruit of one's labor/hard efforts
	Ro kwárta nga pinahueásan manogdaóg sa sugáe;
	ro tinakawan mapilerdihon. / Money earned the hard
	way is generally lucky at gambling; stolen money is
	usually jinxed. [Aklanon maxim among gamblers]
hueát (RV1)	to wait (for)
	Hueatón ko ikáw. / I'll wait for you.
hueueátan (n)	waiting station
húeaw (RV7)	to stop raining, "let up" [rain only]

hueáy (RV1)	to share, divide, split
hueáey (RV8)	to share with one another
	Hueueáya ron. / Share that among yourselves.
hueáy (n)	share, portion [Syn: háwid]
hueayág (n)	temporary shelter
hóehoe (RV1)	to command, ask to do something in an imposing or domineering manner; drive away by saying "hoe"
hueubáton (n)	proverb, saying, maxim [Cf: hábat]
húeog (RV2)	to drop [something]; mail [a letter]
húeog (ST3)	to fall, get dropped
húeog (ST2) [idm]	to fail [a course of study]
kahueogán (n)	meaning
	Náno ro kahueogán it "aeokait"? / What is the meaning of "aeokait"?
hueóg (n)	woof, weft [cross threads in weaving] [Cf: lúndog]
húeom (RV2)	to soak [in a liquid]; marinate [Syn: hág-om]
hueóng [ma] (adj)	dizzy, spinning [usually said of one's head]
hueóng (RV2)	to move, suggest, make a motion [at a meeting]
hueót (n)	room divider, partition, division
hueóy (n)	tantalizing eye
mahueóy (adj)	tempting, tantalizing
pahueóy-húeoy (CV)	to give a tantalizing eye (to)
hugá' (RV7)	to become hard, difficult [said of life] [Syn: lisód]
kahuga-án (n)	lack of prosperity, hard times
kahueúg-an (n)	misery
mahugá' (adj)	in poor condition, difficult, unprosperous
húgas (RV3)	to rinse, wash (off)
Hugás (n)	barrio of New Washington [Alt: Jugás]
húgnit (RV1)	to snatch, seize, grab [Syn: sábnit]
húgod (RV6)	to be (come) industrious
húgod (ST5)	to feel industrious; be obliged (to)
	Nahúgdan akó sa pag-ariya kimo. / I felt obliged to come to you. [AE]
kahúgod (n)	industry, hard effort(s), exertion
mahúgod (adj)	industrious, hard-working
húgom (RV1)	to smell, sniff, detect an odor
húgom (n)	odor, smell [neither good nor bad]
húgon-húgon (RV3)	to plan, scheme (against)
húgong (n)	[fish]
húgong-húgong (n)	rumors [Syn: bati'-bati']
húgop (RV1)	to domesticate, train
mahugóp (adj)	domesticated; house-trained [Opp: mailá(h)]
húgos (ST3)	to fall in great quantity
húgót (RV1)	to tighten, make firm

hugót (adj) tight, firm, well-fastened [Opp: haegá']
 húgoy-húgoy (n) breeze, zephyr, slight wind
 húgoy-húgoy (RV7) to blow gently [said of the wind]
 húgpong (RV1) to gather, cluster, group (together)
 húgpong (n) bundle; group
 húgyaw (RV5) to make merry, shout for joy [Syn: pangalípay]
 hó-ho' (RV1) to loosen, make loose
 hulíkap (RV1) to pet, feel around [the body]
 húlid (RV3) to sleep with, share a bed with, be in bed with
 kahúlid (n) bedmate, bed partner
 húlin (n) marble(s), glass bauble(s)
 húlip (RV2) to insert (something into) [a woven thing]; replace
 woven strips

Hulípan ninyo ro átong mga bayóng nga gisi'. /
 Replace the buri strips on our torn sacks.

hulipyong (RV3) to squint [in disagreement]
 panghulipyong (DV) to squint in disagreement
 Julitá (n) barrio of Libakaw /hulítah/
 húlster [Eng] (n) holster [for a gun]
 Húlyo (n) July [the month] [Sp: Júlio]
 húma (h) (RV5) to moo [said of cow, carabao]
 [idm] wa' gid-nakahúma / wasn't able to say a word
 humán (RV1, ST3) to finish, complete [Cf: tapús]
 humán (adj) finished, completed
 humáng (adv) (Dp) already [Syn: eági]
 humáng imoe / already poor
 Humaráp (n) barrio of Banga
 humáy (n) cooked rice (ready to be eaten) [Syn: kán-on]
 húmbak (n) wave, crest [Syn: baeód]
 mahúmbak (adj) wavy, stormy, rough [sea]
 humákay (RV6) to rock [said of a rocking chair]
 húmok (RV7) to get tender (or) soft [Opp: tíg-a(h)]
 mahúmok (adj) tender, soft
 pahúmok (CV) to tenderize, soften
 húmon (adj) ripe and ready (to eat) [fruit] [Syn: eúto'] [Opp: buyóg]
 húmos [Bkd] (RV1) to crush, crumple [paper] [Alt: kúmos]
 humót (RV1) to smell, sniff, take a whiff [Cf: húgom]
 Húmta ro sueá'. / Smell that food.
 mahumót (adj) fragrant, good-smelling
 hómsted [Eng] (n) homestead
 húna'-húna' (RV1) to speculate, think of, consider [Syn: bána'-bána']
 húna'-húna' (n) speculation, idea, thought, consideration
 hunás (n) low tide, ebb tide [Opp: táob]
 hunás (RV7) to ebb [Syn: hubás]

hunf(h) (RV5) to chirp, sing [like birds or crickets]; to blow [said of whistle or siren]
 huning [Oak] (RV1) to sing [Akl: kanta(h)] [Hil: amba(h)]
 huning-huning (RV1) to give the tone (before beginning to sing)
 panghuning-huningon (n) [Nab] ballad
 hunit]ma[(adj) durable, long-lasting [cloth, clothing] [Opp: tapok]
 húnod (n) [very fertile wet soil] [quicksand; quickmud]
 húnos (RV1) to pull (out); draw [gun]
 húnos-húnos (RV1) to jerk (back and forth), push and pull
 hunós (adj) impolite, ill-mannered, no good
 Húnyo [Sp] (n) June [month] [Sp: Junio]
 húngag (RV1) to twitch [the nose]
 hungág (adj) roomy, loose, baggy, not tight fitting [clothing]
 [idm] [Opp: kipót]
 hungkay-húngkay (n) [shell] Hungág ra ilóng. / His nose is huge.
 húngkoy (n) bellows [for fanning fire]; blower
 húngit (RV1) to feed [with spoon or hand]
 Hungíta ro eápsag. / Feed the baby.
 hungód (RV1) to intend, do deliberately/intentionally
 hungód (adj) deliberate, intentional
 húngot (n) [one full coconut shell cup—with only part of the top removed] [Cf: bagóe / 1/2 coconut shell full]
 Hungotón (n) barrio of Altavas
 hío (intj) "yes" [used quite differently than the English equivalent—the Aklanon "yes" can mean "the former" or "yes, your statement (in the negative) is true"]
 Pueá ó bérde?... Hío. / Red or green?... Red/
 The former.
 Indi' ka mag-ágo?... Hío. / Aren't you going?...
 No, I'm not. [AE]
 huót (RV7) to be tight, pass through with difficulty
 huót (adj) tight-fitting [Syn: gutók] [Opp: haegá']
 paeanghuót (DV) to be extremely crowded (with people), tightly packed together
 hupa' (ST1) to have a nightmare, have a bad dream [Syn: tupáy]
 hupá' (RV7) to subside, go down [said of water level] [Alt: hupáy]
 hupáy (RV7) to subside, go down [water] [Syn: hubás]
 húpít]ma[(adj) careful, tidy, neat
 húpít]ma[(adj) free-flowing, having little or no resistance
 Mahupít ro balpen ngará. / This ballpoint pen writes smoothly. [AE]
 hupót. [Oak] (RV3) to adopt, take upon oneself [Opp: sikway]
 Húptí ro mayád nga batásan ag isikway ro maeán.



	/ Adopt the good habits and let go of the bad.
hópya' [Ch] (n)	[a pastry filled with sweetmeats and vegetables]
húring-húring (RV2)	to whisper [Syn: hütik-hütik]
hórma(h) [Sp] (n)	form, shape, mold, imprint
hórma (RV3)	to shape, form, mold
hormáhan (n)	mold
hórno(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to bake
hornóhan (n)	oven
hurubáton [Bkd] (n)	proverb, saying [Alt: hueubáton] [Syn: bilisád-on]
huróng (adj)	tough, bullying, "wise" [guy] [AE, slg] [Syn: buyóng]
hurós (RV7)	to slip (off), become loose
hortiláno [Sp] (n)	gardiner
hós (expr)	[term used to sic a dog on another person] [Cf: páis-is]
húsa' (n)	obstruction, obstacle
owát húsa' [idm]	clear, visible; obvious
húsay (RV1)	to become/get slower
húsay [idm] (RV1)	to patch up, pacify, clear one's debts
kahúsay (n)	peacefulness, peace, quiet
mahúsay (adj)	slow, quiet, peaceful
pahúsay (CV)	to let [other's] come to an agreement; pacify
húsgar [Sp] (RV3)	to judge [Akl: hukóm]
hugádo (n)	court
huwís (n)	judge
húshús (RV1)	to miscarry, abort [naturally]
húshus (ST5)	to have a miscarriage
pahúshus (CV)	to abort, have an abortion
húslog (ST2)	to fall down [steps] [Syn: húeog]
hospitábli [Eng. cor]	(adj) hospitable, friendly, warm
hospitál [Sp] (n)	hospital
hustísyá [Sp] (n)	justice [Akl: kataróngan]; peace officer
hústó [Sp] (adj)	right, enough, correct, sufficient [Syn: táma']
hutík (RV2)	to whisper
hueutíkan (RV8)	to whisper to one another
hutík-hütik (n)	rumor
hotél [Eng] (n)	hotel
hotuhót (RV1)	to try one's best, strive [Syn: hingúha', tinguhá']
huwád (RV1)	to copy, imitate
hueuwarán (n)	"cheat sheet" [AE, slg] [something used to copy from in an exam]
hueuwarán (n)	pattern, model
huwáso [Sp] (adj)	not thorough, careless
huwís [Sp] (n)	judge
hoy (intj)	[expression used to call the attention of another] "Hey (there)" [Alt: oy] [Sp: oy']

hoy (expr)	[term used to drive a dog away or stop it from barking or biting another] [Cf: hos]
huyá' (n)	face, pride; shame
huyá' (ST2)	to be shy, bashful, embarrassed [AE]; to be "ashamed" [FE]
	Nahuyá' akó sa mga daeága. / I'm shy with girls.
	Nahuyá' akó kimo. / I feel shy with you. [AE] (or) "I'm ashamed to you." [FE]
huyá' (ST5)	to be disgraced, be shamed
	Nahúy-an akó ku ímong gin-óbra. / I was disgraced by what you did.
húya'-húya' (RV5)	to act shy, be bashful, be reserved
	Ayáw it húya'-húya'. / Don't be bashful.
makahuhúya' (adj)	shameful, disgraceful; upsetting
mahuey-on (adj)	shy, bashful
pakahuyá' (ST2)	to lose face, be totally disgraced
owát huyá' [idm]	shameless, no sense of guilt/shame, faceless [the worst insult that can be leveled at another]
húy-ab (RV5)	to yawn
panghúy-ab (n)	yawn (ing)
huyáb-huyáb (RV6)	to tremble, cower, shake
huyá'-huyá' (n)	[herb--sensitive to touch] <u>Mimosa pudica</u> L. and <u>Biophytum sensitivum</u> . [Cf: huyá']
húyang (RV1)	to shake, rattle [Alt: húyong] [Opp: líg-on]
mahuyáng (adj)	shaky
huyáp (RV1)	to count, enumerate
Huyaw-huyaw (n)	barrio of Numancia
húylog (RV1)	to shake. (a tree) [in order to get fruits] [Alt: húyong]
húyog (RV1)	to lean against, lean on to
panghúyog [Nab] (n)	verb [part of speech]
húyong (RV1)	to shake, rattle [Alt: húylog, húyang]
huyóp (RV1)	to blow [air] (on)
	Húya ro/kaeáyo. / Blow the fire.
Hwébes [Sp] (9)	Thursday [day of week] [Sp: Juéves]

"I" /'iy/

"E" /'eh/ or /'ih/

The eighth letter of the native Aklanon alphabet, representing the high front vowel sound /i/. [G. 25] A borrowed vowel symbol in Aklanon, which is also [and more often] used to represent a consonant--the voiced velar fricative /g/. The true /e/ sound did not exist in native Aklanon words, but can be found now as an actual phoneme with such minimal pairs:

/helóh/	"hello"	/híloh/	"thread"
/'ésoh/	"Esso"	/'ísóh/	"chalk"

i--- (pfx)

i--- [oak] (pfx)

---i (sfx)

iba(h) (RV8)

kaibahan (n)

iba' (n)

ibá(h) (RV3)

ibá(h) (adj)

kaibá (REL. v)

ibábaw (n)

kaibabawan (n)

ibábaw (ST2, 3)

paibábaw (CV)

Ibajáy (n)

Ibajáy (n)

Ibaw (n)

ibid (n)

ibid [idm] (n)

ibid-ibid (RV3)

ibilin (n)

ibilin' (RV6)

Ebing (n)

ibis (n)

ibód (adj)

ibog (ST2)

paibog-ibog (CV)

ibos (n)

ibót [Ibj] (ST2)

ibyo: (n)

iká--- (pfx)

which distinguish it clearly from the /i/. If and when it is pronounced clearly, it is the mid front vowel /e/. [G. 25-26]

[Prefix for future and command verb forms in the Instrument Focus.] [G. 95] [D. 16, 22]

ibaligya' ro baéy. / Sell the house.

Ibueád na ro linabahán. / He will hang the laundry.

[Classic noun prefix used to show locations.]

ibábaw. above; upstairs

idáeom below; underneath

ilawód seawards

[Suffix for Referent Focus command and conditioned forms.] [G. 95] [D. 17; 19-20; 22]

Balibári imáw. / Refuse him.

Ayáw imáw paghibáygi. / Don't laugh at him.

to go together, be companions

companion

[tree, fruit--very sour] Averrhoa bilimbi L.

to accompany, go along (with) Ibhi imáw. / Go with him.

different, other, another [Cf.: ean]

to be different, differ

top, uppermost part; upstairs; above

peak, topmost part [Alt: kaibabawan]

to be on top [accidentally] [Cf.: alipúngto]

to always [try to] be on top

Ibajay, one of Aklan's 17 municipalities /'ibaháy/

river in Ibajay, Aklan

barrio of Lezo

iguana. [Cf.: háeo]

idiot, fool

to be together with, always accompany [Syn: munót]

guard, watch, watcher, watchman [Cf.: bilin]

to remain at home, stay to watch, guard

Eve [Cf.: Adán] [Alt: Epa]

any small fish [Cf.: isda]

irresponsible, lacking good judgment

to be attracted to, desire, like

to tantalize, tempt; get [someone] to like

[dessert made of rice packed in coconut leaves]

to be jealous, envious (of) [Akl: híkaw]

[palm fern]. sugar palm. Arenga pinnata (Wurmb.)

[Prefix for Instrument Focus, ability form; also

for certain adjectives and adverbs of enumeration]

Ro makiná indi' eon ika-usár. The machine can not be used any more.

ikat (RV6)	Imáw ro ikátlong unḡá'. / He is the third child.
ikáw (T/pro)	to walk slowly (with legs apart) [as if in pain]
ik-ik (RV5)	you [singular] [Alt: ka] [G. 157-58] [D. 10]
ikit]ma[(adj)	to cheep, chatter [sound of animal--like monkey]
ikdt (RV1)	close, narrow [Opp: maántad]
iko [Eng] (n)	to put close together [Opp: eaká]
ikog (n)	ec [Akl: dánog]
ikog [slg] (RV1)	tail [of any creature] [Cf: iw1(h)]
ikot [Tag] (RV6)	to follow, trail behind; "tail" [AE, slg]
ikrot (RV6)	to go around; revolve [Akl: t̄iyog, líyong]
ikrótan (adj)	to dilly-dally, "monkey around" [AE, slg]
iksámin [Sp] (n)	dilly-dallying, fond of monkeying around
iksámin (RV1)	examination, exam
iksibisyon [Eng] (n)	to examine
iksre [Eng] (n)	exhibition, display
pa-iksre. (CV)	x-ray [machine]
ikstra [Eng] (adj)	to have an x-ray taken
ektárya [Sp] (n)	extra [Syn: dúgang, sóbra(h)]
idád [Sp] (n)	hectare [unit of land measurement]
[idm]	age [of people, animals]
pangidáron (RV6)	Pilá eon ing idád? / How old are you?
	May idád eon imaw. / He is old enough.
	to be at a [certain] age
	Kat nagapangidáron imáw it dyes. / When he was
	at the age of ten.
idáeom (n)	under, underneath; below [Cf: dáeom]
	sa idáeom it baeáy / Below the house
kaidadaéman (n)	bottom, the very bottom
paidáeom (CV)	to subordinate, abnegate [Opp: paibábaw, patáas]
id-id]ma[(adj)	always asking for payment [Syn: masúkot]
id-id]ma[(adj)	clean, orderly
idiya [Eng] (n)	idea [Akl: patikang]
idlap (RV7)	to shine, glow [Syn: síga]
edukár [Sp] (RV5)	to educate, give instruction
edukádo (adj)	educated, instructed
idto (dec)	there [far away, yonder] [far from both the listener
	and the speaker] [G. 185-87] [Cf: ádto, kató, rató,
	rikató, dikató] [Alt: igto] [Cf: iyá, uná', inhá']
	Idto sa pihák. / Over there on the other side.
ieóg--- [Oak] (pfx)	[Instrument Focus verb prefix for expected or inten-
	ded actions.] "plan to" "will shortly"
	Ieóghindesoe it kasae-ánan. / It is high time to re-
	pent of your sinfulness. [Laserna's <u>SUNGKAAN</u>]
ig--- (pfx)	[IF prefix for conditioned aspects.] [G. 94-95][D. 22]

	Ayáw igbutáng ro libro sa siya. / Don't put the book on the chair.
íga--- (pfx)	[IF verb prefix for the future.] [G. 94-95] [D. 16, 22]
	Ro kwárta ngará igabáyad it utang. / This money will be used to pay the debts.
ígat (n)	[eel]
igbatá' (n)	relative, relation [Cf: bátá'] [Syn: igkámpos]
igdaeapát (n)	tool, utensil; equipment [Cf: dápat]
ígi (n)	[seashell]
ígit (n)	diarrhea [small, liquidy stool/feces] [Cf: táí]
Iglésia ni Kristo (n)	[a church--a Philippine offshoot of Roman Catholicism, founded by Manalo]
igmánghod (n)	brother / sister; sibling [Cf: mánghod]
ignoránte [Sp] (adj)	ignorant
ígo' (RV1)	to hit, strike [Syn: táma']
ígó' (adj)	sufficient (for), exact, enough, fit(s) into
paigó' (CV)	to make sure there is/will be enough
ígod (RV6)	to crawl on one's rear end, crawl in sitting position
Igoróte [Sp] (n)	Igorot [native of Mountain Province]
ígot (RV7)	to squeak
	Nag-ígot ro siya. / The chair squeaked.
ígót (n)	coxis, tail bone
ígpát (RV7)	to flicker [said of candle, lights]
ígpit (RV1)	to clip, catch/hold between two things
pang-ígpit (n)	clip, hairpin; something used to keep things in place
ígúon (n)	"godbrother / godsister" [the relationship of the god-children to the real children of the godparents]
ígto' [Bkd] (dec)	there [far away] [Alt., Cf: ídto]
ihádo [Sp] (n)	godchild [Akl: anak]
ihápon (n)	supper, dinner [the evening meal] [Cf: hápon]
ihapón (RV1)	to eat supper
paihapón (CV)	to feed [someone] supper
	Náno ro ántong'ipaihápon sa bisíta? / What shall we feed our visitor for supper?
ihaw (RV1)	to barbecue, cook on a spit [Cf: asáe]
inhaw (n)	[any barbecued food preparation]
íhi(h) [Sp] (n)	shaft; axle [Sp: eje]
	íhi it reló / watch shaft
íhi' (n)	urine [gen]; "piss" [vul]
íhi' (RV5)	to urinate [stf]; go to the bathroom [gen]; "piss", "take a leak" [vul]
	urinal; place to urinate
íhihán (n)	to feel like urinating; have to go to the bathroom
tag-íhi' (ST2)	to oust, exclude, reject
íhig (RV1)	

ihó [Sp] (n)	child [Sp: hijo] [Akl: unḡá']
ihó nga bastárido	bastard [person with no recognized father]
ihó nga natural	illegitimate child [person conceived before marriage, but who eventually has a father through marriage]
ifto (n)	[fish] [Alt: ito]
-il-- (ifx)	[Infix generally denoting pluralized or extended action.] [G. 118-19] [Alt: -gV1-- infix]
	tigsililák sunny season; summertime
	bilisíta to visit one another
ila' (ST2)	to like; love [Cf: gústo, maháe, gúgma]
	Nailá' akó kimo. / I like you.
kalla' (n)	liking; love
kalla' (RV3)	to court
	Ginakailá-an nána si Nelly. / He is courting Nelly.
paekalla' (adj)	flirtatious; "a show off" [girl]
pailá'-ilá' (CV)	to flirt; show off
ilá(h)]ma[(adj)	wild, untame, undomesticated [fowl] [Opp: hugóp]
ilábas (n)	lunch [noon meal]
ilabás (RV1)	to eat-(for) lunch
pallabás (CV)	to feed lunch (to), invite for lunch
iláda(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to put on ice, refrigerate [Cf: yeló]
ilagá' [Hil] (n)	[rat] [Akl: eággam]
iláhas (adj)	wild, untamed [fowl] [Cf: ilá(h)] [Opp: mahugóp]
ilang-ilang (n)	[tree--fragrant blossoms] <u>Cananga odorata</u>
ilawód (n)	seaward [section of town] [Cf: eawód] [Opp: ilayá]
ilayá (n)	inland [section of town] [Cf: eayá] [Opp: ilawód]
elebétor [Eng] (n)	elevator
ilik-ik (RV6)	to giggle, snicker [Syn: hili-hi']
eléksyon [Eng] (n)	election [Akl: pilili-án]
elektrisidád [Sp] (n)	electricity; electric light [when lit] [Cf: kuryénte]
ilig (RV7)	to flow (downstream); to flow, drop
	Nagailig ro ánang edha'. / Her tears are flowing.
	to go downstream. [Opp: pasubá']
pailig (RV9)	elegant, fancy
elegánte [Sp] (adj)	place, location [Syn: lugar, kahimtárgan]
ilihán [Oak] (n)	to lullaby
ili-ili (RV1)	[Infix generally intensifying and emphasizing an action or state.] [G. 119].
-ilin-- (ifx)	hilinámbaé to talk continuously
	ilinúean to "rain cats and dogs" [AE, slg]
elepánte [Sp] (n)	elephant
ilis (RV3)	to change, exchange
	Isli ring eámbong. / Change your shirt.

	Isli eon ring pag-inogali' nga maeáin. / Now is the time to change your bad habits.
ilíslan (n)	clothing; change [of clothes]; dressing room
iliw (RV5)	to make the high sound that chickens make [like when they nestle on eggs]
ilo(h) (n)	orphan
ilo (ST2)	to be left an orphan
iló. (n)	["wild cat"--fox-like animal, sometimes called a "squirrel" in FE]
iló' [Oak] (RV5)	to offer one's services in order to earn a favor
ilákon (n)	underarm(s), armpit
ilóg (RV7)	to flow [Alt: ilíg]
ilóng (n)	nose
[idm]	mahimok it ilóng / gullible; believes anything
[idm]	matáas ra-ilóng / "blind" [AE], cannot see something which is right in front of one's eyes
ilongán (n)	[fish]
ilúngay [slg] (n)	[someone who trails another person around aimlessly]
ilós (RV1)	to ladle out
[idm]	kúeang it sang ilós / "crazy", "nuts"
ilwak (RV7)	to spill over, splash out
ilwak-ilwak (RV7)	to splash out a little bit, run over the sides
palwak (CV)	to cause to spill over, fill to overflowing
imaw (RV8)	to come together, come in numbers, be together [Opp: anggísód]
imáw (T/pro)	he/she [G. 157-58] [D. 10]
embalsamár [Sp] (RV1)	to embalm
embalsamadór (n)	embalmer, mortician
imbárgo(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to confiscate, seize, dispossess, embargo
imbargádo (adj)	confiscated
imbaw (n)	[shell--clam]
imbénto(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to invent
imbénsyon [Eng] (n)	invention
imbis [Sp] (conj)	instead of, in lieu of, in place of. [Sp: en vez de]
	Imbis kápí, kóka ro ákon. / Instead of coffee, I'll have Coke.
imbúdo [Sp] (n)	funnel
imbórnal [Sp] (n)	culvert, drain, gutter, aqueduct
imo (A/pro)	your [singular]; you [G. 158-59]
	Sín do imong asáwa? / Where's your wife?
imó [cor] (T/pro)	he/she [Child's-variant of "imáw"]
imõe (adj)	poor, destitute, lowly [Opp: manggaránon]
imon (RV4)	to be possessive (of), hold on to; "mother" [AE, slg]
kaímon (n)	possessiveness, jealousy

- maímon (adj) possessive, overly protective, selfish
 pangimón (DV) to be possessive (of), jealously protect/keep miserly, thrifty, penny-pinching [Syn: dimót]
 imót [Hil] (adj) to pay in full, clear one's account
 impas (RV3) paid in full; cleared
 impas (adj) safety pin [Also (RV1)]
 imperdible [Sp] (n) to begin, start [Alt: umpisá(h)] [Opp: tapús]
 impisá(h) [Sp] (RV3) impetus
 impitó [Sp] (n) to employ, hire [Akl: pasueód sa trabáho]
 empleyár [Sp] (RV1) employed, hired
 empleyádo (adj) employee
 empleyádo (n)
 impon (RV1) to mingle, mix (with)
 impon (ST3) to consist of
 naimpon it mga masunód / consisting of the following
 to mix with one another, mingle together
 pakig-impon (REC. v) to gather, mingle (with)
 Gústo imáw makig-impon káton. / He wants to mingle with us.
 imponir [Sp] (RV3) to impose (upon)
 imprinta(h) [Sp] (RV1) to print
 imprinta (n) printing press
 impyérno [Sp] (n) hell [Sp: infierno]
 -in-- (ifx) [Very common OF and intensive infix][G. 95;114;118]
 iná (n) Binaligya' nánda ro ságo'. / They sold the prawns.
 ina-ina (n) Inakeanón nga hambae / the Aklanon language
 inánggúeang (n) Nagkináon sánda sa sáeo-sáeo. / They ate and ate at the banquet.
 mag-iná (REL. v) mother
 iná' (dec) foster mother; step mother
 grandmother
 to be mother and child [relationship]
 there [near the listener, but far from the speaker]
 [G. 185-87] [Cf: ariná', raná', kafna, rikaná']
 [Cf: iyá, umá', idio] [Alt: inhá']
 Iná' sa lamésa. / Over there [near you] on the table.
 inanáy (adv) gradually, little by little [Opp: gúlpí(h)] [Alt: ananáy]
 enáno [Sp] (n) midget, dwarf
 ináto(h) (RV1) to notice, recognize; recall; pay attention
 Wa' akó kána gaináto. / I don't pay him any attention.
 inkánto [Sp] (n) spirit, sprite, fairy, poltergeist [Alt: ingkánto]
 inkantáda (adj) enchanted, bewitched [fémale]
 inkantádo (adj) enchanted, bewitched [male]

indáhat (RV6)	to look upwards
pag-indáhat (n)	optimism, forward looking
pangindáhat (n)	progress
indámyo [Sp] (n)	ramp, gangplank [Alt: andámyò]
índang (n)	[tree] <u>Artocarpus cumingiana</u> Trec.
Inday (n)	"Miss" [common term of address for girls and ladies] [Alt: "Day"]
inday-inday (n)	[dessert made from rice and coconut meat]
indi' (Neg)	no, not [used for negative future statements and for negative commands] [Cf: ayáw, bukón, owá']
	Indi' akó antígo. / I don't know how.
	Indi' akó mag-ádto. / I will not go.
	Indi' magtobáko'. / Don't smoke.
indéksyon [Eng.cor] (RV3)	to inject [someone] [(RV2)-something]
indeksyonár [Sp.cor] (RV3)	to inject [someone] [(RV2)-something]
indis-indis (n)	contest; competition
paindis-indis (CV)	to be fickle, "be wishy-washy" [AE, slg]
endonár [Sp] (RV1)	to gamble, risk [life, property] [Akl: pústa']
índong-índong (n)	[eel]
índyan [Eng] (n)	Indian; an Indian-giver [a person who gives or promises something and then never fulfills the expectations because he takes it back] [Opp: káwboy]
índyan mánggo [Eng] (n)	"Indian mango" [fruit of mango family]
inhá' (dec)	there [near the listener, but far from the speaker] [G.185-87] [Cf: arinhá', ranhá', rikanhá', makanhá'] [Cf: iyá, uná', ídto] [Alt: iná']
	Inhá' kímo ro kwárta, anó? / The money is with you, isn't it?
inhinyíro [Sp] (n)	engineer
iníd (n)	[fish]
inígsan (n)	residue of coconut oil [edible]
inígsan (RV5)	to make coconut oil
iníras [Sp] (n)	line(s)
Enéro [Sp] (n)	January [month]
ínit (RV1)	to heat, make hot
	Iníta ro túbi'. / Heat the water.
kafnit (n)	heat
máfnit (adj)	hot
mainít-inít (adj)	warm
inog--- (pfx)	[General noun prefix showing an instrument or use.]
	inogbaeáti' conscience
	inoghínínga toothpick
	inogtúro' index finger
inóg--- (pfx)	[IF verb prefix for expected actions or participles.]

	Inogkaláwat eon, dápat kitá magkonfesár ány. / Being the time now to go to c6mmunion, we should first go to confession.
inogurásyon [Eng] (n)	inauguration
inóm (RV1)	to drink (up)
	Imna ro bue6ng. / Drink the medicine.
ilimnan (n)	bar; place for drinking
ilimnon (n)	drink, beverage [something to drink]
painóm (CV)	to give to drink
	-Paimna ro bisita. / Give the visitor something to drink.-
inúnlan (n)	afterbirth, placenta
inot (RV3)	to save (up), be thrifty (with)
kaínot (n)	thrift, economy [Cf: imot, dímot, korípot]
maínot (adj)	thrifty, economical [in good sense] [Opp: buhá-ha']
·influénsya [Sp] (n)	influence [Akl: kápít]
·insáyo(h) [Sp] (n)	practice, rehearsal
insáyo (RV1)	to practice, rehearse
insik (n)	Chinese, Chinaman
inínsik (RV5)	to act (or) speak Chinese
inínsik (n)	Chinese [language]
inséкто [Sp] (n)	insect; bug
insigan [pa] (CV)	to compete, let each do his own
painsigan (n)	competition, contest, each to his own
insigida [Sp] (adv)	immediately, urgently, without delay [Akl: eági]
insimáda [Sp] (n)	bun, roll [usually sweet]
insenyánsa [Sp] (n)	teachings; rumors; announcements
insúlto(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to insult, offend
inspáyrd [Eng] (adj)	·inspired, "carried away" [AE, slg]
inspiksyon [Eng] (n)	inspection, investigation
inspiksyon (RV1)	to inspect
·institút [Eng] (n)	institute, institution [Alt: inštityút]
entabládo [Sp] (n)	stage, platform
intán (n)	[type of rice]
intíndi(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to understand; pay attention to [Akl: eubót]
	Indi' nákon maintindahán. / I cannot understand.
intíro(h) [Sp] (adj)	entire, whole, complete [Akl: bilóg]
intíryor [Eng] (n)	interior
intiyamís (n)	[bird--very small] [Alt: antayamís]
into' (RV1)	to "oil", "butter [someone] up" [AE, idm]; to praise [someone] insincerely, say the opposite of what one believes (in order to convince the other or get something from him); to wheedle
ilint6-on (adj)	sycophantic, flattering, wheedling

intok (RV3)	to become/get small(er), shrink (in size)
maíntok [pl. adj]	small, short, tiny [said of many things] [Opp: eágko'] [Cf: isót, istan]
	Maeágko' do ámon nga manók, ogáling maíntok ro ánda. / Our chickens are huge, however theirs are tiny.
intónsis [Sp] (conj)	then, therefore, as a consequence, consequently [Oak: busá']
intra(h) [Sp] (RV3)	to get into, join, enter [a club, group]
paintra (CV)	to enroll, enter [someone] into, have join (up) Paintrahá imáw sa "Choir". / Enroll him in the Choir.
inránti(h) [Sp] (n)	nuisance, interference
inránti (RV3)	to interfere (with), be a nuisance (about/over)
intribír [Sp] (RV3)	to interfere with, mind someone else's business Ayáw pag-intribihí ro ákong obra. / Don't interfere with my work. [Sp: entrevér]
intribída (n)	one who interferes [female], busy-body
intribído (n)	one who interferes [male], busy-body
intrigár [Sp] (RV2)	to deliver; delegate [responsibility]
intrigo(h) [Sp] (RV2)	to deliver, give (over)
intrigo (n)	delivery
intrigádo (adj)	given, delivered
intrimis [Sp] (RV1)	to tease, insult, ridicule, mock Ayáw imáw pag-intrimisa. / Don't mock him.
inyam (n)	[tree]
inyo (A/pro)	your; you [plural] [Cf: kamó] [G. 158-59] Inyo ro baeáy ngató? / Is that house yours?
inga' (RV3)	to admonish, prohibit, warn
ingá' (RV5)	to bellow [said of a carabao]
ingát (RV3)	to pull one's eyelid down in disbelief; to ridicule
ingáw (RV5)	to meow, mew [said of cat]
ingkánto [Sp] (n)	sprite, spirit, fairy, poltergeist [Alt: inkánto]
ingkantáda (adj)	enchanted, bewitched [female]
ingkantádo (adj)	enchanted, bewitched [male]
ingkasó [Sp. cor] (conj)	just in case, supposing, granting, what if Ingkásó nga índi' rondáya makaabot, hay i-úli' eang kákon. / In case this cannot arrive, well, return it to me.
ingking [Oak] (adj)	trifling, trivial, insignificant
kumáingking (n)	little finger, "pinky" [AE, slg] [Cf: tádlo']
ingkoy* (n)	back of neck, nape [Syn: tangkúgo']
inggányo(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to deceive, persuade falsely, mislead
inggatán (n)	[fish]

inggo (n)	[medicine--bitter]
ingit (ST1)	to be crabby, out of sorts, in a bad mood
paingit (CV)	to look for trouble
inglis [Eng] (n)	English [person; language]
innglis (RV5)	to speak English
innglis (n)	English [language]
ingók (RV5)	to grunt [like a pig]
[idm]	owa' kaingók / remained speechless
ingod [Hil] (RV6)	to near, approach, draw near to [Akl: eapít]
kaingod (n)	neighbor [Akl: kahilápit]
ingos (RV5)	to moan in sadness; purr
ingsáкто [Sp] (adj)	exact, precise
ípa--- (pfx)	[Causative verb prefix used in giving commands about direct objects.] [G. 101-04] [D. 26].
	Ipakáon ro mumón sa bisíta. / Feed the cake to the visitor.
ipil (n)	[tree] <u>Intsia bijuga</u> .
Ipil (n)	barrio of Batan
iping (RV3)	to be side by side (with), be next (to) [Opp: ántad]
kaiping (n)	[someone or something right next to another]
	Sin-o ring kaiping? / Who's that next to you?
ipó' (RV1)	to pick [fruits] [Syn: pó-po']
ilipóan (n)	stem [which holds fruit on to the tree][Alt: alipúan]
ipót. (n)	feces, stool (usually of animals) [stf]; "shit", "terd"
	"crap" [vul]
ipót (RV5)	to move [one's] bowels; "shit", "crap" [vul] [Cf: tái]
iras (RV1, 3)	to farrow, make rows [in a garden]; fall in line
iniras (n)	farrow, row; line
	Irasi ro kámpo. / Farrow the field.
eridár [Sp] (RV1)	to inherit [Akl: panunód]
eridéra (n)	heiress
eridéro (n)	heir
irigásyon [Sp] (n)	irrigation [Akl: patúbi']
irihis [Sp] (n)	atheist; agnostic [person who doesn't believe in God]
ermita [Sp] (n)	chapel; hermitage
ermitánya (n)	hermit [female]
ermitányo (n)	hermit [male]
irong-irong (RV8)	to line up one after another; follow one another
eropláno [Sp] (n)	airplane
iros (RV5)	to insist [on going, in asking for something]
érport [Eng] (n)	airport [Syn: landíngan]
irrid [Eng] (n)	air raid shelter
isák (RV5)	to cheep [make the sound of a baby chick calling its mother]

isaef (n)	one, 1; a/an; some [generally used in actual counting, but never as an adjective] [Cf: sambáto, sambilog, sambúo]
isasaef (RV6)	to be alone; work independently, act as an individual
isasaefnon (adj)	independent, individual [Syn: dugalingon]
kat isaef [idm]	that one [used in pointing or illustrating]
káda isaef [idm]	each and every one
isaef pa [idm] (conj)	"furthermore" "and also" "besides" "another thing"
iskála (h) [Sp] (RV6)	to stop briefly at, make a whistle stop
iskála (n)	stopover, brief stopoff, whistle stop
eskaléra [Sp] (n)	stairs, steps
eskandaló (h) [Sp] (n)	scandal
eskandalósa (adj)	scandalous, immoral [female]
eskandalóso (adj)	scandalous, immoral [male]
iskapar (RV1) [Sp]	to escape, get out
iskapí-iskapí (n)	exhaust pipe, muffler [of machines, autos]
iskaparáti [Sp] (n)	cupboard (with glass doors); a section of such a cupboard (with its own door)
iskápe (h) [Sp] (RV1)	to work, do [Cf: óbra(h), trabáho, hímó, búhat]
eskarlata [Sp] (n)	[flower]
eskarlata (adj)	scarlet, red [color]
eskina [Sp] (n)	corner [at intersection of two roads/streets]
eskinita [Sp] (n)	sidewalk; a very narrow street, alleyway
Escuála [Sp] (n)	barrio of Ibajay [Alt: Aquino] /'eskwálah/
iskúba [Sp] (n)	shoe brush
iskopita [Sp] (n)	shotgun
iskúrsyon [Eng] (n)	excursion; "picnic" [AE]
eskúyla [Sp] (n)	student, pupil [Alt: eskwéla]
eskuylahán (n)	school [Alt: eskwelahán]
iskrób [Eng] (n)	scrubbing husk [coconut husk used for polishing]
iskrób (RV3)	to scrub [the floor]; polish [by scrubbing]
iskwála [Sp] (n)	try-square
isda' (n)	fish [generic term] [Cf: ibís /-small fish]
manogísda' (n)	fisherman [Alt: mangingísda']
mangingísda' (n)	fisherman
pangísda' (DV)	to fish, go fishing
isdog (RV2)	to slide over, move over [Syn: iswag]
	Isdog anay. / Please move over a little:
isi (h) [Sp] (n)	[an "S"-shaped sword]
isi (h) [Eng] (adj)	easy, simple [Akl: maeumó(h)]
isigka--- (pfx)	[Noun prefix denoting one's fellow at something.]
	isigkatáwo fellowman
	isigkamaestra co-teacher
isi-isi (h) [Sp] (RV6)	to stagger, walk in "S" lines, walk like a drunk

isip]ma[(adj)
kaisip (n)

isip [Tag] (RV1)

isip (n)

isiw (n)

ismágo[[Eng] (RV1)

ismágo[[Eng] (n)

ismid (RV3)

isnap [Eng] (n)

iso [Sp] (n)

isoe (RV6)

paísoe (CV)

isóg]ma[(adj)

kaisog (n)

pakaisog (CV)

pangisóg (RV3)

isót (RV6)

isót (Dp)

kaisót (n)

maisót (adj)

maístan (adj)

espáda [Sp] (n)

ispádin [Sp] (n)

ispanyól [Sp] (n)

ispanyóla (n)

espanyóla [Sp] (n)

espanyóla [Sp] (n)

ispího(h) [Sp] (n)

pangispího (RV5)

ispili(h) [Sp] (n)

isperyénsya [Sp] (n)

ispisyal [Eng] (adj)

egoistic, selfish, always considering oneself
egoism, selfishness, self-consideration

Maísip gid nga táwo ron. / He's a very selfish
person. [Cf: sueók, hkwaw] [Opp: maíttag]

to think (of), consider, reckon, ponder

Isipon ko it mayád. / I'll think [it] over carefully.
thought, consideration [Cf: bána'-bána', páno-ino]

sa akong isip [idm] / in my way of thinking...
chick, baby chicken

to smuggle [Cf: kontrabándo]

rubber slippers/sandals, zoris

to pout; sneer (at)

snap bean--"Kentucky Wonder" or "Bountiful"

chalk [Syn: tisa]

to move backward(s)

to back up [someone, something], have move back

brave, bold, daring; belligerent, fierce [Opp: buót]

bravery, daring; belligerence

to consider [oneself] brave; become brave; fortify
oneself Si Pédro nagapakaísog kon dúro ro ángang

kaápin, péro kon sólo imáw, matáeaw. / Peter acts
bold enough when he has a lot of supporters, but

when he's alone, he's a coward.

to scold, reprimand

Hám-at ginpangisgan nimo akó? / Why did you
scold me?

to become/get small(er) [Opp: bahóe]

almost, barely, nearly [also (V. det)]

Isót akó hiligsa' it áwto. / I was almost hit by a car.

littleness, tininess; triviality

little, tiny, small

quite small, tiny

maístan nga unga' / a little child

sword--figure on old Spanish playing cards

small spade

Spaniard [male]; Spanish [language] [Cf: kastíla]

Spaniard [female]

[banana--small, seed-bearing]

[flower]

mirror

to look at oneself in a mirror [Cf: tokadó]

common pin, straight pin [also (RV1)]

experience [Akl: pinanifran]

special [Akl: pinasahí]

ispungháwo [Sp] (adj)	slightly curled [hair] [Syn: kulitót]
ispúnga [Sp] (n)	powder puff; sponge
istámpa [Sp] (n)	ikon, framed picture of a saint
istampita [Sp] (n)	small pictures of saints; holy cards
istan (RV1)	to make small(er), diminish [Opp: bahóe]
maistan (adj)	small, tiny, cute [Cf: isót]
maistayóti' (adj)	tiny, minute, infinitesimal, very small
istánbay [Eng] (n)	a good for nothing, stand-by, juvenile delinquent [Syn: kánto boy]
istánbay (RV6)	to stand around doing nothing [Alt: istámbay]
Estáncia [Sp] (n)	barrío of Kalibo / 'estánsyah/
istánti(h) [Sp] (n)	shelf, cabinet [on wall] [Syn: aparádór, iskáparáti]
estár [Sp] (RV4)	to dwell, live (at) Sín ka ga-estár? / Where do you live?
ilistáhan (n)	dwelling, lodging, residence
istayóti']ma[(adj)	minute, tiny, infinitesimal [Cf: istán]
Este [Sp] (n)	East [direction]
istibidór [Eng] (n)	stevedore
isti-isti]pa[(CV)	to play hard to get
istúki(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to maneuver
estudyánte [Sp] (n)	student
estúdyo(h) [Sp] (n)	studio [room]
estúdyo (RV3)	to study, observe [to determine a course of action]
estranghéro [Sp] (n)	stranger; foreigner [Oak: dayóhan]
iswad (RV5)	to wiggle the buttocks
iswag (RV2)	to slide over, move over; move on [Syn: isdog]
iswil (n)	fickleness, changeability
iswilan (adj)	fickle, changeable, hard to manage
it (Om)	[Particle marking the direct object or goal of an action, particularly when indefinite, like "a/an"; it also shows possessors, like "of"; and links adverbs to the verbs they modify.] Tuón it mayád. / Study hard. Gabakáe sánda it áwto. / They're buying a car. baedy it manggaránon / house of rich people [G. 145-46; 152-53; 155; 165f; 182] [D. 12-13, 29] [Suffix used to denote smallness or littleness.] kutsára / kutsaríta kása / kasíta Cármen / Cármeníta
---fta [Sp] (sfx)	
it-a (Dp)	[Idiomatíc or parenthetical expression referring to something already spoken about or known; "it" "that" "it".] [Ctr: it ána] Akong malíta, úna' pat-á. / My suitcase... Is it still there? Tuod it-a? / Is that really true?

---iti (sfx) [Sp]	[Suffix used to denote smallness.] sangkurót / sangkiriti tóre / toriti
iti (n)	guano; feces [of fowl] [Cf: tái, ípot]
ilityan (n)	ground covered with guano
itik (RV1)	to tickle
paaitik (adj)	tickler, fond of tickling others
pangitik (DV)	to tickle away, be in the habit of tickling
itik (n)	[duck]
itik-itik (n)	[folk dance--in imitation of ducks]
itip (n)	hard-cooked rice (at the bottom of the pot) [Cf: dukót]
itlog (n)	egg
ítlog (RV5)	to lay eggs Manóg-ítlog ro mańók. / The chicken is about to lay an egg
ítlog [vul] (n)	testicles [stf]; "jewels", "rocks" [vul, AE], "eggs" [FE]
ítlog [slg] (RV5)	to "lay an egg", make a serious mistake, "goof" [AE]
ító (n)	[fish] [Alt: ito]
---ító [Sp] (sfx)	[Suffix used to denote smallness, particularly with names.]
	Pábló / Pablito káro / karito
ítúm (adj)	black; dark [colored] Ítúm ro áńang-páńit. / Her skin is dark.
ítúm (RV6)	to become black; get darker in color [said of skin when exposed to sunlight for a long period]
ítúman (adj)	blackened naturally
kaitúm (n)	black, blackness
maitúm (adj)	black; dark-colored
ítúm (RV1)	to blacken, make black
ítot [vul] (RV1)	to engage in sexual intercourse, have intercourse; "fuck", "screw" [AE, vul]
ítot (n)	coitus [stf]; intercourse [gen]; "fucking" [vul]
ilitotán (n)	brothel; place for sexual intercourse
iwád (RV6)	to walk with one's rear end sticking out
iwág (n)	light, lamp [when lit] [Cf: bombilya, kingki(h), elektrisidád, lampará(h), ploresén]
iwág (RV3)	to enlighten; illuminate; light (up)
iwang (RV3)	to wipe oneself [after defecating]
pang-iwang (n)	toilet paper; anything used to wipe oneself [banana leaves, newspaper, etc.] [Alt: iwáng]
iway [pa] (CV)	to give way, sacrifice, give up (for) [with disguised reluctance] Ipaíway ro ímong dúlsi. / Offer your candy (to the others).

iwi(h) (n)
 iwik (RV5)
 iwi'-iwi' (n)
 iwóg-iwóg (RV6)
 iyá (dec)
 iyót [vul] (int)

"L" /lah/

la (n)
 la (expr)

lába [Eng] (n)
 labábo [Sp] (n)
 labákára [Sp] (n)
 labáda(h) [Sp] (n)
 labáda (RV3)
 labadór [Sp] (n)
 labáña [Sp] (n)
 labandéera [Sp] (n)
 labandéro (n)
 labár [pang] (RV5)
 labatíba(h) [Sp] (n)
 labatíba (RV1)
 lakatán (n)

Lakawon (n)
 láki-láki (n)
 láklak (RV5)
 ládo (n)
 lagatók (RV7)
 lágaw (RV4)

tail (of fowl) [Cf: ikog]
 to squeal, howl [said of a pig] [Alt: bünswik]
 [insect, black--stings]
 to waddle, move one's rear back and forth
 here [near the speaker] [G. 185-87] [Cf: ariya,
 raya, makará, rikará] [Cf: uná', iná', idto]
 "fuck" [vul, AE] [very strong term of anger or
 disgust]

The ninth letter of the native Aklanon alphabet, representing the voiced alveolar lateral /l/. Folk linguistics in nearby provinces (and sometimes in Aklan itself) sometimes maintains that Aklanon has no /l/, only the "e" or fricative /g/. This can be refuted by some minimal pairs: [G. 20-21]

/lánah/ wool	/gánah/ coconut oil
/lápís/ pencil	/gápís/ do two things at once
/bulág/ blind	/bugág/ separated
/bukál/ vowel	/bukág/ to boil

grandma. [Ctr: lóla]
 "la" [syllable used for singing when words are not known or available]

lava
 sink
 washcloth, face towel
 soiled clothes, dirty laundry [to be washed] [Cf: umóg]
 to launder, wash dirty clothes
 basin, washbasin [Syn: batiya', palanggána]
 razor, straight razor [Sp: navája]
 laundry woman, laundress, washer woman
 laundry man, washer man
 to wash one's face
 enema
 to give an enema (to)
 [banana--small, yellow] Musa sapientum var. lacatan.
 sitio in Madalag
 splint
 to gab, talk and talk, prattle
 mandarine orange. Citrus nobilis.
 to snap [make a sharp, short noise], crack, smash
 [Alt: eagatók]
 to go around, travel about [Cf: libot-libot]

lagáy [Tag] (n)	brife, kickback, under-the-table deal
Lagingbánwa (n)	barrio of Ibajay [Cf: eági, bánwa]
Laginbánwa (n)	barrio of Numancia
lág-it (adj)	mischievous, fond of joking/fooling others
lágtang (RV3)	to poison fish
lágtang (n)	[tree, fruit--poisonous]
lágway (adj)	lean, very tall and thin
lagwáyan (adj)	having long legs; tall and slender [person]
lagwirta [Sp] (n)	playground, yard
láhi' (n)	inherited trait; habit(s) [Syn: pinanunód]
Laláb (n)	barrio of Batan [Cf: eaeáb]
lális (adj)	stubborn, hard-headed [Syn: búngkoe] [Alt: eális]
lamáno (h) [Sp] (RV1)	to shake hands (with)
lámang (Dp)	"just" "only" [G. 203] [Alt: eámang, lang, eang]
lámay (RV3)	to work overtime [Syn: puká]
lambanóg [Tag] (n)	rice brandy/whiskey
lámbat [Tag] (n)	net
lámbat (RV1)	to catch in a net
lámbon (n)	shack, shanty, small shelter [Cf: payág]
linámbon (adj)	shack-like, like a shanty [Cf: eángbon]
lámbot-lma [Tag] (adj)	soft, not hard [Akl: húmok] [Opp: tíg-a]
lamésa [Sp] (n)	table
lamisíta (n)	small table
lámelamésa (n)	makeshift table
lamonsito [Sp] (n)	[shrub with red fruits] <u>Triphasia trifolia.</u>
lampagák (adj)	not becoming, awkward, out of place
lampará (h) [Sp] (n)	oil lamp [open container with wick]
lamparónis [Sp] (n)	mumps [disease] [Akl: bikí']
lampáso (h) [Sp] (RV3)	to mop, wash [a floor]
lampáso (n)	mop
lámpin (n)	diaper [Syn: hamó]
lámsót (RV7)	to pop [make a popping sound due to breaking a vacuum--like when pulling a cork out of a bottle]
	'Naglámso't ro tídlo' pagbué sa bóti. / The finger made a popping noise when withdrawn from the bottle.
lána (h) [Sp] (n)	wool
lándi' [Tag] (adj)	frivolous; sex-crazed [female]
lánding [Eng] (RV4)	to dock [a ship]; land [an airplane]
landíngan (n)	port, harbor; airport
lándo-lándo (RV6)	to wander, travel about aimlessly
Lanípga (n)	barrio of Tangalan
lánsa [Sp] (n)	launch, small ship
lansadéra [Sp] (n)	bobbín [on a sewing machine]
lansíta [Sp] (n)	pocket knife

lansónis (n)	[tree, fruit] lansones. <u>Lansium domesticum</u> Correa.
lantón (n)	[native reed instrument]
lantot [vul] (RV1)	"fuck", "screw" [AE, vul]; engage in intercourse
lantot (n)	sexual intercourse [gen]; "fucking" [vul]
láng-i' (adj)	spoiled, bratty; immature [due to spoiling]
langó-langó (adj)	crazy, foolish, "nuts" [AE]
lángya' [ma] (adj)	pretty, beautiful
lapád [slg] (n)	small, flat-sided bottle; any alcoholic beverage [because frequently contained in such a bottle]
	Mabakáe kitát lapád. / Let's buy some liquor.
lapád (RV1)	to hit with the broad side of a bolo [Alt: eapád]
lapás (adj) [Sp]	obsolete, past, passé [Syn: eaón]
lapidá(h) [Sp] (n)	tombstone, gravemarker
lápís [Sp] (n)	pencil
láplap (n)	[fish--small]
Lápnag (n)	barrio of Banga
lapu-lapu (n)	[fish--very delicious] lapu-lapu.
laranghita [Sp] (n)	tangerine. <u>Citrus nobilis</u> . [Sp: naranjita]
laráwan [Tag] (n)	portrait, picture; photograph
paráwan [Akl] (CV)	to offer thanks [to God] after escaping from some serious accident, disease or problem
larga(h) [Sp] (RV4)	to leave. [on some sort of vehicle] [Cf: pánaaw, sakáy]
largariti [Sp] (n)	fishing boat
lása [Tag] (n)	flavor [Syn: namáe, sabór]
owát lása [idm]	flavorless; lousy, worthless; poor [joke]
lasáng (adj)	confused, unsound; foolish, stupid
lasaw (n)	syrup
lasing [Tag] (adj)	drunk, inebriated [Akl: hilóng]
laso [Sp] (n)	lace; ribbon
lasóy [Tag] [vul] (n)	intercourse [gen]; "fucking", "screwing" [vul]
lastikó [Sp] (n)	rubber band; elastic
láta(h) [Sp] (n)	tin can, can; tin
latéro (n)	tinsmith
latá' [Tag] (ST2)	to suspect; reveal, "read" [slg] [Akl: túngkad] Wa' nákon imáw mahalatá'. / I didn't suspect him.
látag (RV1)	to bleach, expose to sunlight [laundry] [Alt: eátag]
latik (n)	[sweetened rice with sugar and coconut]
latigó(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to whip, lash [also (n)]
latín [Sp] (n)	Latin; prayers in Latin [used by herbolarios]
lawáan (n)	[tree]
Lawáan (n)	barrio of New Washington
lawín (n)	hawk [Cf: banóg, tikwi']
lawiswis kawáyan (n) [Tagalog song]	
lawlaw (RV2)	to talk nonsense

layaw (RV6)	to go free, be free
kalayawan (n)	freedom
laygay (RV3)	to give good advice, advise, inform [Alt: eaygay]
liad (RV7)	to bend backwards, bend over backwards
liay (n)	dried coconut leaves
libak (n)	malicious gossip, slander; backbiting [FE]
libak (RV1)	to slander, talk behind one's back; backbite [FE]
Libakaw (n)	Libakaw, one of Aklan's 17 municipalities
libag (adv)	dissonant, off-key; awkward(ly) [sound, tone]
libagon (adj)	off-key, dissonant [person]; awkward
talibag (RV1)	to put out of order/line
	Ayaw pagtalibaga ro haligi it kurae. / Don't put
	the fence posts out of line.
libanaw [pa] (RV5)	to wash one's hands/feet
panlibanaw (DV)	to wash one's hands/feet
panlibanwan (n)	wash basin, wash bowl
libang (RV1)	to take care (of), babysit; console
kalibangan (n)	activity, hobby [something to help while away time]
panglibang-libang (DV)	to pass away the time; while away the hours
Libang (n)	barrio of Makato
Libas (n)	barrio of Banga
Libas (n)	sitio in Madalag
libat (adj)	cross-eyed
palibat (CV)	to cross one's eyes; to look out of the corner of
	one's eye [in observation]
libhang (RV3)	to dilute, weaken the strength (of a liquid); to mix
	in order to increase the volume of a liquid
libintador [Sp] (n)	fire cracker [Sp: reventador]
Libertad [Sp] (n)	barrio of Nabas
libo (n)	thousand, 1000 [Sp: mil]
	dayang libo / 2000
Kalibo (n)	Kalibo [capitol municipality of Aklan] (named after
	the baptism of 1000 natives by the Spanish mission-
	ary, Padre Legaspi]
Libo-an (n)	sitio in Malinaw
libod (RV6)	to go around, wander
libod (RV1)	to go from one place to another [one at a time]
	Libora sanda tanan. / Go around to all of them.
libod-libod (RV6)	to wander aimlessly
libod-libod (n)	vagabond, wanderer [Syn: watid]
paelibod (adj)	wandering, nomadic, fond of going around and rarely
	returning home
libod-libod (n)	[snail shell]
libog [ma] [Tag] (adj)	over-sexed, having strong sexual desires [Cf: ueag]

libóg (RV7)

palibog (CV)

paaligban (n)

libóg (ST2)

makalilibog (adj)

libon (n)

libón (adj)

libúnog, jma (adj)

palibúnog (CV)

libongdueóm (n)

libúo (adj)

libúo (n)

libot (n)

kalibótan (n)

libot (RV1)

libot (RV6)

libot-libot (RV6)

libre(h) [Sp] (adj)

libre (RV4)

libre (RV1)

libro [Sp] (n)

libró [Sp] (n)

libtong (adj)

libtong (n)

likáw (RV3)

likáya jma [Bkd] (adj)

likdos [Nab] (adj)

likin (RV1)

likisán (n)

palikís-likis (CV) [idm] to get [someone] mixed up, confuse.

likó' (RV6)

likoán (n)

maliko' (adj)

paliko' (CV)

likód (n)

to be confused, be in a quandary, "spin" [said of one's head]

to cause problems, cause one to ponder over (or) worry about; put in a quandary; ponder, think about

Ayáw ron pagpalibógi. / Don't ponder on that.

problems, worries; quandary [Alt: palibógan]

to be astonished, amazed, confused

astonishing; confusing

bág [made of buri]

entire, having no holes

round, circular

to round out, make round

new moon; night of the new moon [Cf: búean, lígom]

[Cf: libò] [Alt: ligómdueóm]

quiet, deep, silent [waters] [Cf: libtong]

deep pool, small lake/pond [but deep]

turn, spin, revolution

world; universe

to go around (to), visit [each] [Syn: libod]

Libóta sánda tanán. / Visit each one of them.

to turn around, return; revolve

to travel, tour; wander, go about

free, unhindered; free, without charge [Cf: grátis]

to get free, escape [Syn: ligtas]

to set free, spare

book [Akl: 'tueún-an] [Cf: tuón]

lower bowels [of cattle]

quiet, deep, silent [waters]

sitio in Kalibo

to avoid, veer away (from)

Likawí ro mga huróng. / Avoid those toughies.

good-natured, happy-go-lucky [Cf., Tag: ligáya]

indirect [Syn: ligdas]

to twine [cloth, leaves, fibers] and put on head to protect it from a heavy load. [Cf: tás-on]

[part of loom where fibers are wrapped]

to get [someone] mixed up, confuse.

to turn [around a corner]

crossing, turning point

roundabout, indirect, improper [way of doing]

to turn [something]; have [someone] turn

back

sa likód it eskuylahán / to the back of the school

Masakit ro ákong likód. / My back hurts.

talikód (RV3)	to turn one's back (to)
talikód [idm] (RV3)	to turn one's back on, refuse (help); give up Gintalikdan nákon imáw. / I turned my back on him.
patalikód (CV)	to make someone turn around; to do behind one's back [idm]
líkom [Oak] (n)	secret [Syn: sikríto] [Alt: líhim]
líkos (RV1)	to go entirely around, encompass, measure Likosá ring háwak kon piláng pulgádas. / Measure your waste for how many inches.
líksi(h) (RV1)	to jump (over)
líktin (RV1)	to jump (over) [Syn: líksi(h)]
Liktinon (n)	barrio of Madalag
lídir [Eng] (n)	leader, head, chief
líga [Sp] (n)	league
ligá' (RV1)	to babysit, play with, mind (a child)
manogliga' (n)	baby-sitter
ligabóng (RV7)	to thump, bump [make a bumping noise]
ligaw (n)	[young plant for transplanting]
ligaw (RV1)	to plant (a seedbed) [with intention of transplanting later]
ligáya(h) [Tag] (n)	happiness [Akl: kalipáyan]
maligáya (adj)	happy, merry Maligayang Páskwa. / Merry Christmas.
ligban]pa[(CV)	to be a mystery (to), confuse, present a problem [Cf: libóg]
paealigban (n)	problem(s), mysteries; quandary
ligbas (RV1)	to hack, chop [Syn: eabó', tígbas]
ligbos (n)	[fungus--edible] [mushroom]
ligdas (RV6)	to be off-center, be at the edge/rim
ligdas (adj)	off-center, at the edge/rim
ligdas (RV7)	to fall, slide [said of a pile of things]
ligdong]ma[(adj)	serious, severe
kalígdong (n)	seriousness, severity
ligid (RV6)	to roll in circles
ligid-ligid [Nab] (n)	Saturday [the old name for the day of the week]
ligis (n)	harrow [farmer's tool]
ligis (RV1)	to roll over, smooth out [by rolling]; harrow; run-over
ligis (ST2, 3)	to get run over [by a vehicle] [Cf: ligsa']
ligna']ma[(adj)	dirty, sloppy, foul, "icky" [AE, slg]
ligó' (RV1)	to shake [a bottle]
ligom (adj)	pitch black, deep black [Cf: itóm]
ligómdueóm (n)	new moon; night of the new moon
lig-on]ma[(adj)	strong, firm, solid, steady [Opp: mahuyáng]

ligo's (RV5)

paligos (CV)

paligosán (n)

pamaligos (DV)

ligóy (RV5)

paealigóy (n)

paligóy-ligóy [idm]

ligsa' (ST3) 3

ligtas (RV4)

ligwan (n)

ligwis (RV1)

ligwis (adj)

liháy (RV6)

lihim [Tag] (n)

kalhim (n)

lihít (n)

lihóg [Hil] (RV1)

palihóg [idm] (Dp)

lilaw (n)

li-li' (RV3)

lilo' (RV7)

lilo-án (n)

Lilo-án (n)

lilong (RV3)

limá(h) (n)

alíma (n)

limá (RV1)

limáad (RV7)

limas (ST2)

limás (RV3)

limbáhon (n)

limbaóng (n)

limbok (n)

limbong (RV3)

to take a bath; bathe oneself; to "go swimming"
[AE, idm--to go to a river or seashore for recreation purposes] [Cf: eangóy] [Alt, Tag: lígo],
to take a bath, bathe oneself; give a bath to, bathe;
"go swimming" [see above]

Mapaligos akó sa báybáy. / I'm going swimming
at the beach. [AE, idm]

bathroom, shower

way of bathing, manner of taking a bath

to leave/quit one's work, play hooky, be truant
loafer, quitter

to "beat around the bush" [AE]; "get off the track"
to get hit, get run over [by a vehicle] [Cf: ligis]

to escape, get free [also (adj)]

[large horsefly]

to sharpen

sharp [Syn: matalíwis]

to bend over, lean over

secret

secretary [Syn: sekretáryo]

interior, place set quite far back

Sa lihít-lihít sánda ga-estár. / They live in the
interior [far away from the road].

to ask a favor, request [Syn: pangabáy, pangayó]
"please" "may I ask a favor" "Could you do me a
favor?" [AE]

circumference, periphery

to cut open; get open [like a wound]

to whirl, go in circles (or) spirals

whirlpool

barrio of Malinaw

to lie, deceive, tell a lie [Syn: púril]

Ayáw imáw paghílongi. / Don't tell him a lie.
five, 5

hand

to make into five, raise/lower to five

to be unable to focus clearly [said of eyes]

to get sick again, relapse [Syn: búghat]

to bail water out of a boat

[coconut]

booby trap, ditch [covered with leaves to trap or
capture people or animals]

pounded rice

to keep from, conceal, deceive (with good intent)

malimbóngon (adj)	white-liar; somewhat deceptive [Cf: llong]
limog (n)	voice-
[ldm]	limog it bánwa / voice of the people
limón [Eng] (n)	lemon [fruit; flavoring]
limonáda [Sp] (n)	lemonade
limós [Sp] (n)	alm(s), donation, charity
limós (RV3)	to give alms (to), donate (to)
manógpakalimós (n)	beggar
pakalimós (CV)	to beg, ask alms
limpak (n)	splinter, small piece [off of wood or bamboo]
	[Cf: múhmuh; púdpud, sápsap]
limpya (h) [Sp] (RV3)	to polish, shine (shoes)
limpyabóta (n)	boot black, shoe polish
palimpya (CV)	to have one's shoes shined
limpyo (h) [Sp] (adj)	clean, neat, orderly
limpyo (RV3)	to clean (up), put into order
inoglimpyo (n)	[something used for cleaning]
manoglimpyo (n)	cleaner, cleaning woman/man [person who cleans]
lin---	[Check for root words beginning with "ea, eo, eu"
	but which have been infixes with -in--, such as:
	linabahán / eabá(h), linabo-án / eabó', liná-ga' /
	eá-ga', lináras / eáras, etc.]
linábag (n)	abaca fibers, Manila hemp [Syn: abaká] [Cf: eánot]
Linábwan Norte (n)	barrio of Kalibo [Cf: eabó']
Linábwan Sur (n)	barrio of Banga [Cf: eabó']
linámay (n)	[an elaborately designed bolo] [Cf: talibóng]
linaw [ma] (adj)	peaceful, calm; clear, legible
	Malinaw ro subá'. / The river is calm.
	Malinaw ro mga letra. / The letters are legible.
linaw (RV1)	to clear up, make clear; clarify; settle, pacify
Malinaw (n)	Malinaw, one of Aklan's 17 municipalities
Linayásan (n)	barrio of Altavas
lindog (n)	warp [lengthwise fibers fed into weaving machine]
	[Cf: hueóg / woof]
linis/[Tag] (RV1)	to purify, clean
málinis (adj)	pure, clean [Akl: limpyo] [Hil: matínlo]
linog (n)	earthquake
linóng [ma] (adj)	calm, peaceful [Syn: linaw] [Cf: táwhay, tágnong]
linta' [Hil] (n)	leech, blood sucker [Akl: alimátok]
linti (h) [Sp] (n)	lens(es); swimming goggles
linti' (n)	clap of thunder, thunderclap, crash of thunder
paŋginti' (RV7)	to thunder [Cf: daeúgdug]
linti' [vul] (intj)	"damn it!" [AE]
	linti' ka (or) lintikán / "damn you" [AE]

Nantik [Tag] (intj) [vul]	"damn it!" [vul] [Akl: lintí']
línya (h) (n) [Sp]	line [Syn: gúhít]
línya (RV3)	to draw a line
lingánggag (n)	palate, roof of mouth [Alt: ngánggag]
línga-lingá (h) (adj)	hard of hearing, slightly deaf; not listening
língat (RV1)	to look around, glance back from either side [Syn: ádwing]
língaw (RV6)	to be noisy, make a racket [Opp: hípos, línaw]
malingaw (adj)	noisy, boisterous, raucous
língkad (n)	copra, dried coconut meat [Syn: kópra]
língkad (RV1)	to dry out coconut meat
língkod (RV4)	to sit (down). [Syn: púngko']
língkóran (n)	seat, chair
palíngkod (CV)	to seat, have [someone] sit down Palíngkorá ro átong bisíta. / Seat our visitor.
línggánay (n)	large bell
línghod']ma[(adj)	tender, young [leaves]
línghot']ma[(adj)	cluttered, messy, filled with obstacles, obstructed
língí' (adj)	askew, awry, crooked, unbalanced, not level
patalíngí' (CV)	to slant, put off-center
língít (n)	one [of a pair]; other, another [of two] Sín do ákong língít nga médyas? / Where is my other stocking?
língling (RV1)	to peer at [while hiding], sneak a look (at), peek (or) peep (at)
línglíngan (n)	peephole
panglíngling (DV)	to peer, peep, peek [from concealment--as a habit, or for a long time]
líng (n)	neck [Cf: tutúnlan/throat]
tagalióg [idm]	"neck-deep" (in troubles), be on edge, edgy
lipát (RV3)	to forget; leave behind [something] Halípatán nákon da sueát. / I forgot her letter..
lipát (ST2)	to forget [Opp: tánda', dúmdum] Bási' ka hilipát. / You might forget.
lipay (ST2)	to be happy, glad
kalípay (n)	joy, happiness
kalipáyan (n)	happiness; party Ginakángay ka sa ámong kalipáyan. / You are in- vited to our party.
malípay (adj)	happy, glad, joyous
malipáyon (adj)	happy-go-lucky, light-hearted, happy (by nature)
pangalípay (DV)	to rejoice, enjoy, be happy (about)
lipay (n)	abscess [skin eruption]
lipáy' (n)	[vine--like poison ivy, causes swelling and itching]

lipíd]ma[(adj)	flat, level
lipíd [slg] (n)	liquor, alcoholic beverage [so-named because of the flat bottles used as containers] [Cf: lapád]
lipód (RV3)	to cover up, overshadow, shield, be in the way
salipód (RV3)	to partially hide, cover (or) overshadow Si Carlos hasalipdan ni José. / Carl was partially covered by Joe.
lipúeon]ma[(adj)	round, circular [Syn: malibánog]
lipong (ST2)	to be dizzy, feel faint [Cf: dismáyo]
lipstik [Eng] (n)	lipstick
lipya' (n)	metal brace for a plow above the blade [Cf: arádo]
lípya' (adj)	flat [Syn: magápya']
liráy (RV6)	to lean to one side, bend over [Syn: liháy]
líryo [Sp] (n)	[flower] <u>Hymenocallis littorale</u> .
lísGIS (n)	scratch, surface cut, abrasion
lísGIS (ST2)	to get an abrasion, get scratched
lisénsya [Sp] (n)	license, permit
liso [Hil] (n)	seed [Akl: búsoé]
Lézo (n)	Lezo, one of Aklan's 17 municipalities
liso' (RV1)	to turn (around), rotate
lisód (ST5)	to find [something] hard/difficult [Opp: eumó(h)] Nalisdán akó ku ímong ginsúgo'. / I found your orders difficult.
kalisód (n)	difficulty, hardship
kalisdánan (n)	hardships, difficulties
malisód (adj)	difficult, hard, not easy
pangalisód (RV5)	to endure/suffer hardships, suffer
lisó-lisó(h) (adj)	improbable, uncertain, not quite sure
lista(h) [Sp] (RV2)	to list (down), record, make a list; enroll
listáhan (n)	list, record, chart
lista [Sp] (adj)	smart, quick, intelligent [female] [Alt: alísta]
lísto (adj)	smart, quick, intelligent [male] [Alt: alísto]
liston [Sp] (n)	shoestring
liston [Sp] (n)	border decorations [on walls]
lísWA(h) (RV3)	to scald, put/pour boiling water on [Syn: eápWA(h)]
litá' (RV1)	to look (at) [Syn: tán-aw]
litgaw]ma[(adj)	clear, bright; legible [Syn: áthag, háyag]
litik (n)	crack May litik ro kaáng. / The pot has a crack in it. "politics" [referring to the corruptions in politics]
palitik [slg, idm]	troubled, having a problem
litik (adj)	Litik nga táwo ron. / That is a troubled man.
palitik (CV)	to cause troubles, give [one] problems
litob (n)	[clam shell--large]

litób-litób (n)	{clam shell--small}
litog (n)	{clam shell--large} [Alt: litob]
létra [Sp] (n)	letter (of the alphabet); word
litráto(h) [Sp] (n)	picture, photograph, snapshot. [Alt: ritráto(h)]
litráto (RV1)	to take a picture (of), photograph
palitráto (CV)	to have a picture taken, get photographed
létse [Sp] (n)	milk, cream [Alt., Sp: léche]
létse- [vul] (n)	"cream", "come" [the male ejaculation--sperm]
léche flan (n)	milk custard
léche (intj)	"Darn it!" [mild curse]
litsúgas [Sp] (n)	lettuce. <u>Lactuca sativa</u> Linn.
litson [Sp] (n)	whole roast animal (usually a pig) [Alt: léchon]
litson (RV1)	to roast (an animal) whole
liwan. (prep)	outside of, aside from
liwan (n)	outside
taliwan (RV3)	sa liwan it baeáy ngará / outside of this house to bypass, go by, pass by rong binúean nga nakataliwan eon / the months that have already passed by
rong nakataliwan [idm]	/ the Past
liwis (prep)	apart from, aside from
matalwis (adj)	liwis dikarón / aside from that pointed, sharp-pointed
liwit (n)	[fish--long, thin, delicious]
liyón [Sp] (n)	lion [Sp: león]
liyong (RV6)	to turn around
paliyong (CV)	to turn (something) around
lo [Ch] (n)	grandpa [Ctr: lólo]
lóka [Sp] (adj)	crazy, foolish [Cf: lóko]
lukáy (n)	coconut palm leaves, palms
Lukáy (n)	Palm Sunday
lokó(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to fool, deceive
lóka (adj)	crazy, foolish [female]
lóko (adj)	crazy, foolish [male]
palóko (CV)	to make a fool of., play for a fool; cheat
Luktóga (n)	barrio of Libakaw
lugár [Sp] (n)	place, position
palugár (CV)	to stay in one's own place
Imo ro imo, ákon do ákon--palugár.	/ Yours is yours and mine is mine--each to his own.
lúglug (RV1)	to shake (up and down) [Syn: kaeóg]
Lugohon (n)	barrio of Madalag
lúho [Sp] (adj)	deluxe, neat, fancy, luxurious
lóla [Ch] (n)	grandmother, grandma [Cf: lólo]

lólid (adj)
 lóló [Ch] (n)
 ló-lo' (RV1) [vul]
 lúma' [Tag] (adj)
 palúma' (CV)
 Lumáynay (n)
 lúmbang (n)
 lúmboy (n)
 lúmi (n)
 pánsit.lúmi (n)
 lúmo(h) [Sp] (n)
 Lúnes [Sp] (n)
 lúngsod [Oak] (n)
 Lupít (n)
 lupó' (n)
 Lupó' (n)
 lóte [Sp] (n)
 lúto(h) [Sp] (RV3)
 luwá(h) (RV2)
 pangluwá (n)
 lúyluyá (RV6)

 lyábe [Sp] (n)
 lyonár [Sp] (n)

crippled, cannot stand or walk
 grandfather, grandpa [Cf: lóla]
 to masturbate [gen]; "beat off", "jack off" [vul]
 old [Akl: dáti(h), eági]
 to be outdone, be overshadowed in fineries
 barrio of Altavas
 [tree] candle nut. Aleurites maluccana.
 [tree, fruit] Suzygium cumini.
 stew
 stew and noodles
 tenderloin [cut of beef or other meats]
 Monday
 town, municipality
 barrio of Batan
 [vegetable] [Alt: eupó']
 barrio of Altavas
 yard, lot, plot of land
 to mourn (for) [Akl: eáeaw]
 to recite [also (n)]
 recitation; poem for recitation
 to hang down (in folds), sag, drape down (with one
 part lower than another)
 key [Alt: yábi, yáwi]
 birthmark [Cf: aeóm]

"M" /mah/

ma--- (pfx)

ma--- (pfx)

mábdos (adj)

The tenth letter of the native Aklanon alphabet, representing the voiced bilabial nasal /m/. [G: 18-19].
 [NOTE: When looking for many root words that seem to begin with "m", it would also be wise to check under the letters "b" and "p" also, since those two initial consonants often change to "m". See pp. 33-34]
 [Standard adjective prefix.] Remember to subtract this prefix when looking for root words: [G: 169-74]

matám-is / sweet "tám-is"

matámbok / fat "támbok"

mahúsay / peaceful "húsay"

[Standard verb prefix; for AF, future; for OF1-3 in the unreal aptative forms; for stative verbs, future]
 [G: 95] [D: 16-17, 22; 27-28]

Manáog ánay akó. / I'll get off now.

Hin-unó ikáw mapáuli'. / When will you go home?

Bási' ka mahádlok. / You might be afraid.

pregnant, with child [Alt: nábdos].

Mabiló (n)	barrio of Kalibo
Mabiló (n)	barrio of New Washington
mabilúnya (n)	[type of rice]
Mabúsaw (n)	barrio of Ibaday
máka--- (pfx)	[Aptative future verb prefix in AF.] [G. 66-67][D. 22]
	- Makakáon eon kitá. / We can eat now.
	Makaeangóy ka? / Can you swim?
máka--- (pfx)	"akin to", "similar to", "like"
	makáy. Chárlie ring hitsúra / you look like Charlie
	makaána gid ring límog / your voice is just like his
makaná' (adj)(adv)	"like that" "in that way" [Cf: iná', ranhá'] [G. 180, 187] [near listener, far from speaker] [Alt: makanhá']
makanhá' (adj)(adv)	"like that" "in that way" [Cf: inhá', ranha'] [G. 180, 187] [near listener, far from speaker]
	Ah, makanhá' ro pag-óbra galí! / Oh so that's how it's done.
makará (adj)(adv)	"like this" "in this way" [Cf: iyá, ráya] [G. 180, 187] [very near the speaker]
	Makará kúnta' ro imong hámbae. / If only you could talk like this.
makarató (adj)(adv)	"like that" "in that way" [Cf: ídto, rató] [G. 180, 187]
makarón (adj)	"like that" [Cf: uná', rúyon] [G. 180, 187]
makarón (adv)	now; today; at this time [Cf: eon]
	Pánaw kitá makarón. / Let's go now.
makató (adj)(adv)	"like that" [Cf: ídto, rató] [G. 180, 187]
	Makató nga klási ro ákong nailá-an. / I like that sort of thing.
Makató' (n)	Makato', one of Aklan's 17 municipalities
Makawiwili (n)	barrio of Altavas
máki--- (pfx)	[Adjective prefix denoting some proneness or likeness to.]
	makikwárta / money-hungry
	makidyós / God-like, overly religious
mákig--- (pfx)	[Reciprocal verb prefix.] [G. 113] [D. 28] [Cf: nakig-]
	Nafla' akó makighámbae kímó. / I'd like to talk with you.
makiná(h) [Sp] (n)	machine, machinery; sewing machine
makinilya(h) [Sp] (n)	typewriter
makinilya (RV1)	to type [something up]
makipág--- (pfx)	[Reciprocal verb prefix.] [Cf: mákig---]
makiríl (n)	canned mackerel, canned fish [Cf: deláta, sardines]
makó (Dp)	like, as if, similar to [Syn: mátsa, míngko]
mákon (Dp)	[Particle used to quote one's own words or thoughts]
	"I said" "I felt" "I thought" [G. 202]

mákot-a (expr)	"Well, I thought..." "Oh, I said..."
makúpa (n)	[tree, fruit] <u>Eugenia aquea</u> . [Alt: magkúpa, mar-kúpa]
mákot (RV3)	to put firewood, kindle, start making a fire [Opp: páeong]
máksim [Eng] (n)	maxim, saying [Akl: hueubáton, biliságon]
mád-ad [Bkd] (adj)	fine, good, swell [Ctr: mayád-áyad]
Madalág (n)	Madalag, one of Aklan's 17 municipalities [Cf: daeág]
mád-an [Oak] (adj)	dry [Cf: maeá(h)]
mádlá' (ST2)	to be sick and tired of, have one's fill of; learn one's lesson Himádlá' ka gid'kay Nánay mo. / You'll get what's coming you from your Mother. Namádlá' akó kána. / I'm fed up with him.
makamamádlá' (adj)	tiring, sickening, readily makes one get fed up (with)
mádre [Sp] (n)	nun, sister [member of religious congregation]
madrekapi [Sp] (n)	coffee tree.
mádre it hágdan (n)	supports (of a staircase)
Madyáas [Oak] (n)	the historic Confederation of Madyaas; Panay Island
Madyáas (n)	[name of the tallest mountain on Panay]
mádyik [Eng] (n)	magic, witchcraft; sly of hand
mádyik (RV1)	to enchant, bewitch, work magic (on)
madyikíro [Sp] (n)	magician
mádyong [Ch] (n)	mahjong [game]
mádyong (RV5)	to play mahjong
maeá(h) (adj)	dry, dried out
kamaeá (n)	dryness
mamaeá (adj)	dry [Oak: mád-an]
pamaeá (CV)	to dry out, let dry.
maabágo (n)	[tree--fibers used for rope] <u>Hibiscus tiliaceus</u> .
maeangáng (adj)	developing a fever/temperature
máeay [Oak] (n)	care; business, concern [Tag: málay]
máeáymay (adj)	Anó rang máeay kána? / What is my business with him? [i. e. He shouldn't be minding my business.]
máemae (adj)	almost dry pretentious, proud; tremendous, overwhelming Mátsa máemae kat-ímo. / You really think you're somebody, don't you? [idm]
maeukóng (n)	bowl
maeóg--- [Oak] (pfx)	[Archaic verb prefix denoting an immediate or anticipated action. Currently "manóg---" is used.]
maeóng (n)	[snake]
mag--- (pfx)	[Verb prefix for conditioned and dependent AF forms] Nafla' akó magmunót. / I'd like to go along. Indi' magpánaw. / Don't leave. Kán-o kamó mag-abót? / When did you arrive?

mága---	(pfx)	[Future AF verb prefix.] [G. 63, 95] [D. 16-17, 22] Magapirma imaw sa dokumento. / He will sign the document.
Magallanes	[Sp] (n)	barrio of Nabas /magalyanis/
magáop	(adj)	cloudy, overcast, bad [weather]
magasin	[Eng] (n)	magazine [printed matter; container for bullets]
mágkae	(n)	[snake]
maging---	(pfx)	[Verb prefix denoting "becoming".] [G. 110-11] Nalla' akó maging-asawa ni David. / I'd like to become David's wife.
mág-o	(ST2)	to be new (to/at), be unaccustomed to [Cf: bag-o(h)]
Magubáhay	(n)	barrio of Batan
Magúbay	(n)	creek in Libakaw
Magúgba'	(n)	barrio of Libakaw
mágóng	[Oak] (adj)	reddish, ruddy
kamagóng	(n)	[tree, fruit--red] <u>Diospyrus discolor.</u>
paeamagóng	(RV6)	to become reddish
Magpág-ong	(n)	barrio of Batan
maha---	(pfx)	[Aptative future verb prefix for OF..][G. 66-67, 95] Náno ro mahatabó' kimo. / What will happen to you.
maháe	(adj)	dear, beloved; costly, expensive
miaháe	(RV1)	to hold dear, love Ginamaháe ko ikaw. / I love you.
kamaháe	(n)	dearness, love; expense
maeaháeon	(adj)	precious
minamaháe	(adj)	beloved, dear [often used in salutation of letter]
maeaháean	(RV8)	to be dear to one another
maháea'	(n)	pillow [Cf: púnda]
mahaea'	(RV5)	to use a pillow
mahi---	(pfx)	[Happenstance verb prefix denoting future or unreal accidental action.] [G. 67-68, 95] [D. 19, 22] Indi' nákon ikaw mahilipatan. / I'll never forget you.
máhing	(adj)	similar, akin (to), like [Cf: mahingan, maw]
mahingan	(Dp)	[Particle expressing some likelihood.] "likely" "almost" "somewhat" "It looks like..." [Alt: hingan]
mái---	(pfx)	[Instrument focus aptative verb prefix.] [Alt: ika-] Pwéde ko mahámbae ron sa iba? / Can I say that to others?
mais	[Sp] (n)	corn. <u>Zea mays</u> L.
maestra	[Sp] (n)	teacher [female] /ma'estrah/
maestro	[Sp] (n)	teacher [male] /ma'estroh/
Malandáyon	(n)	barrio of Malinaw
maláng	(Dp)	"just" "only" [Ctr: man lang]

malapínggan (n)	[flower--used to treat diabetes] <u>Catharanthus roseus.</u>
Maláy (n)	Malay, one of Aklan's 17 municipalities
maldisyón [Sp] (RV1)	to curse, use bad language; scold, reprimand.
malí (expr)	"Come on." "Let's go."
malibúnog (adj)	circular, round [Syn: malipúeon]
malikót [Tag] (adj)	rascally, unruly, rambunctious [Akl: eangás, eahóg]
maligno [Sp] (n)	evil spirit, demon
Malínaw (n)	Malinaw, one of Aklan's 17 municipalities [Cf: Inaw]
Malíndog (n)	sitio of Agbaliw, Ibayay
malinggoy (n)	[tree]
malipúeon (adj)	round, circular [cf: malibúnog]
málit [Eng] (n)	mallet, hammer
malít (RV3)	to interrupt, disturb (intentionally)
manogmalít (n)	nuisance, pest [someone who makes it a point to disturb others or interrupt their work]
malíta [Sp] (n)	suitcase, luggage, baggage
Malóko (n)	barrio of Ibayay
mam [Eng] (n)	ma'am, madame, lady [term of address] [Cf: sir]
mamá [Sp] (n)	mother, mamma [Akl: nánay, iná]
mamáh [Bkd] (n)	great grandfather
mamá' (RV1)	to chew (tobacco, betel nut)
	Mám-a ra. / Chew this.
má-ma' (n)	[sea shell]
mamádor (n)	baby bottle
Mámba (n)	barrio of Madalag
Mambúkyaw (n)	barrio of Batan
Mambog (n)	barrio of Banga
mámi [Eng] (n)	mommy, mother
mámi [Ch] (n)	noodle(s)
mámis [Ibj] (n)	[fruit] [Alt: gaeáng] <u>Averrhoa carambola.</u>
mámón (n)	cake; cupcake
man (Dp)	[Answer or response particle; it can mean "also" or "too", but is used far more frequently than those English equivalents.] [G. 200] Komústa ka?... Mayád man. / How are you?... Fine. Agto man. / You go too. [Particle used to quote the words/thoughts of another.] "he said/she said" "it is said" [G. 203] Idto mána ináw. / She said he was over there. [Example particle.] "like this" "for example" Peréhas mána sa kwárta... / For example, it is like money... [Cf: manakará, manakarón, manakaná', manakató]
mána (Dp)	
mana (Dp)	
mána man (expr)	"just the same" [Syn: sa gihápon]
kamána (adj)	similar; like, alike, akin kamána sa sápat / like an animal.

mána [Tag] (RV1)	to inherit [Akl: panúbli'] [also (n)]
manák (n)	stepson/stepdaughter
manakaná' (adv)	like that [Cf: iná', ranhá']
manakará (adv)	like this [Cf: iyá; ráya]
manakarón (adv)	like that [Cf: uná', rúyon]
manakató (adv)	like that [Cf: idto; rató]
manámsi (n)	[fish--small]
manahód (n)	midwife [Syn: partéra]
mánang (n)	older sister; [respect term for any older female of the same generation] [Cf: mánong]
Mananggad (n)	sitio of Panipyason, Madalag
mananggiti (n)	tuba'-gatherer [Cf: pananggót; sanggot]
manáde (n)	[bird--of eagle family, feeds on chickens]
manára [Sp] (n)	herd, flock
mán-ay (expr)	"come here" "come on"
mandadáog (n)	lucky person, person possessing a winning streak [gambler's term] [Cf: daóg]
mándar [Sp] (RV3)	to command, order
Mándong (n)	barrio of Batan
Manhaníp (n)	barrio of Malinaw
mani(h) [Sp] (n)	peanuts. <u>Arachis hypogaea</u> Linn.
maní [vul] (n)	clitoris [stf]; "clit" [vul]
manibéla [Sp] (n)	handlebar(s), steering wheel
Maniká (n)	barrio of Libakaw
manikin [Eng] (n)	manikin, mannequin, dummy, tailor's model
mánikyár [Eng] (n)	manicure
pamanikyár (CV)	to get a manicure
maniray (n)	godmother
maninoy (n)	godfather
maníang (Dp)	merely, only, just [particle stressing insignificance]
mánlot (n)	[shell--large]
mánó [Sp] (adv)	to the right [Syn: tuó] [Opp: waeá, silya]
mán-o (Qp)	how much? to what degree? Mán-o it kaeáyó'? / How far? Mán-ot eapít? / How near?
manubila [Sp. cor] (n)	handlebar(s); steering wheel [Alt: manibéla]
manók (n)	chicken [generic term]
THE DEVELOPMENT & TYPES OF CHICKENS	
itlog	egg
isiw	chick
talín	young chicken [away from mother]
sumaeáyhaw	young cock [Cf: mungá']
mungá'	young hen, pullet [Cf: sumaeáyhaw]
sueóg	maturing rooster [Cf: dumaeága]

	dumaeága	pullet, young hen [Cf: sueóg]
	agák	mature rooster
	mús-an	mother hen
		[Many names exist for chickens according to their coloration or origin: bokáy, tíksas, kánton, wayt-léghorn, bángkas, etc.]
Mánok-mánok (n)		barrio of Malay situated on Boracay Island
manók-manókon (adj)		almondine [said of eye's shape]
mánog---		[Standard noun prefix denoting a person's (partial) occupation.] [G. 136]
	mánogsúeat	writer
	mánogpakilaeá	emcee
manóg---		[General verb prefix denoting an immediately expected or intended action.] G. 62-63]
		Manógtapús ro síne. / The movie is about to end.
		Manóghalín kunó kamó. / They say that you intend to move.
mánong (n)		older brother; [respect term for any older male of the same generation] [Cf: mánang]
Mán-op (n)		barrio of Altavas
Mán-op (n)		barrio of Batan
mánsa (h) [Sp] (n)		stain
mánsa (RV3)		to soil, stain
		Ayáw pagmansahi ring dungóg. / Do not stain your honor.
		Namansahán daang eámbong. / My shirt got stained.
mansánas [Sp] (n)		apple.
mansanilya [Sp] (n)		[vegetable--medicinal] <u>Chrysanthemum indicum</u> L.
mansibádo (n)		common-law marriage
mánsig---	(pfx)	[Verb prefix denoting distributed action, each doing a job one's own way.] [Rel: másig---, mátsig---] [G. 117-18] Mánsig-ádto kami. / Each of us will go on our own.
mánsig---	(pfx)	[Noun prefix or marker denoting "each" [of several] or "both" [of two].]
		Mánsig ka tátay nagsueód sa kwárto. / Each father went inside the room.
mánso [Sp] (adj)		tame, domesticated [animal]
mantánggi [Oak] (n)		[person from a far-away place]; far-away place
mantaw (DV)		to watch, look at
		Mos, mamántaw kita. / Let's go and see.
pamántaw (RV1)		to go and see [something, someone]
mántik. [Oak] (n)		discourse
mantíka [Sp] (n)		cooking oil, lard.

mantika' (RV1)	to make lard or fat out of Mantiká-a ro báboy ngató. / Make lard out of that pork.
mantikilya (h)	margarine; lard; butter
Mantigib (n)	barrio of Makato'
mántil [Sp] (n)	tablecloth
mantilya' [Sp] (n)	veil, mantilla.
mánto' [Sp] (n)	veil
mányak [Eng] (n)	maniac
manyána [Sp] (adv)	tonforrow; some other day
manyána hábit [Eng] (expr)	procrastination, mañana habit
manyika [Sp] (n)	doll [Syn: titiris]
mang--- (pfx)	[Distributive verb future prefix.] [G.109] Mangísda' sánda 'hinda'na'. / They'll go fishing later on.
mang--- (pfx)	[Noun prefix: denoting distribution or quantity.] mamésó one peso bills mangwárta one centavo pieces
mang--- (pfx)	[Noun prefix along with reduplication (N ₁ V ₁) denoting a full time occupation.] [Cf. mánog---] mangingísda' fisherman mangungúma farmer manundeat writer; author; secretary mamumúlig paid helper(s)
mangá	[Cf: mga]
mangá' (n)	[shrimp]
mangkúpa (n)	[fruit, tree] [Alt: makúpa, markúpa]
mángga (n)	mango. [fruit, tree] <u>Mangifera indica</u> L.
mánggad (n)	riches, wealth, possessions
manggaránon (adj)	rich, wealthy [Alt: manggarónon]
Mánggan (n)	barrio of Banga
mánggaw [sup] (n)	black cat [believed to have hexing powers]
mánghod (adj)	young(er)
mánghod (n)	younger brother/sister
kamanghóran (n)	youngest child
igmánghod (n)	brother/sister; sibling
muemánghod (adj)	slightly younger
mánghod (REL. v)	to be brother and sister, be brothers/sisters Pilá kamóng magmaeánghod? /How many brothers and sisters do you have? [AE]
mangit (n)	kitten
mángmang (n)	idiot, fool [Syn: kaumangón]
mangó' (n)	dullard, dolt, fool
mángtas (adj)	aggressive, wild, daring

maunó (Qp)	how?, in what way?, like what? [Alt: mawnó] Maunó ro pag-búhat karón? / How do you make that? Maunó ro Libákaw? / What is Libakaw like?
maóng (n)	denim; cloth for overalls
máplir [Eng] (n)	muffler
marabilís [Sp] (n)	one-half centavo
marabilya [Sp] (n)	[flower]
márae (n)	wild cat
maragúso [Sp] (n)	bitter melon. [vegetable] <u>Momordica charantia</u> L. [Alt: amargúso] [Syn: ampaláya]
marágsa' [Tag] (adj)	[having the glottal stop in final position] "sharply accented" (folk linguistics) [G. 11-12, 32] [D. 3-4]
marágtas [Oak] (n)	history
márang (n)	[tree, fruit]
márka(h) [Sp] (n)	sign, mark [Cf: bádis, bádit]
márka (RV3)	to put a sign/mark (on), mark, note
markúpa (n)	[fruit--small, red] <u>Eugenia aquea</u> .
mámkot [Eng] (RV1)	to marcot [to remove a branch from a tree after a process in which it sprouts roots, and then plant it]
María Cristina [Sp] (n)	barrio of Madalag
Mariános (n)	barrio of Numancia
marigóld [Eng] (n)	marigold. <u>Tagetes patula</u> .
maríno [Sp] (n)	sailor, mariner; marine
marót (n)	[fish]
márpil [Sp] (n)	ivory
Márso [Sp] (n)	March [month]
martilyo(h) [Sp] (n)	hammer
martilyo (RV1)	to hammer, pound, hit with a hammer
mártir [Eng] (n)	martyr
Mártes [Sp] (n)	Tuesday
Maryános (n)	barrio of Numancia [Alt: Mariános]
mása(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to knead [bread, dough]
masáhi(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to massage [Cf: hilot]
masahista (n)	masseuse [female]; masseur [male]
maskáda [Sp] (n)	[something to chew on]
maskará [Sp] (n)	mask; costume
máski (conj)	even if, even though, although [Alt: máskin]
máskin (conj)	even if, even though, although [Syn: bisán] Máskin owá' ka, nadúmdum ta. / Even if you're not [here], I still think of you.
maskuládo [Sp. cor] (adj)	muscular [Alt: moskuládo]
másdan (RV3) [defective]	to pay attention to, watch, take care, observe Másdan mo ro á nang ginahámbae. / Pay attention to what he says.

	Owá' nákon himátsdi. / I didn't get a chance to see.
másig--- (pfx)	[Verb prefix denoting that each person acts as an individual.] [Cf: mánsig---, mátsig---]
masigin (adv)	frequently, often
másmas (RV3)	to discover, find out, notice, realize, be aware of
másó(h) [Sp] (n)	sledgehammer
masánsun (adv)	often, frequently [Syn: masigin]
más-ot (RV3)	to have hard feelings (toward), be negative (toward), be of ill-will
masyádo [Sp] (A. det)	extremely, by far, quite, too [Cf: gid]
matá (n)	eye
matá (RV5)	to be awake; to wake up, awaken, awake. [Syn: búgtaw]
	pagmatá it kalibótan [idm] / the dawn of time [idm]
matá [Oak] (RV3)	to observe; raise, rear Ginmát-an imáw'ku ánang tiyo. / He was reared by his uncle.
mat-á (Dp)	[Particle of assertion.] "indeed, really, truly" [Ctr: man it ána]
Matabána (n)	barrio of Nabas
matá-matá(h) (RV1)	to look down on, belittle
matánsa(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to butcher, slaughter [cattle]
matanséro (n)	butcher
matansahán (n)	slaughter house, butchery
mat-áng (Dp)	[Particle of assertion.] "Me too!"
Matáphaw (n)	barrio of New Washington
matáy (ST2)	to die [Cf: patáy] Namatáy imáw. / She died.
kaeamátay (RV8)	to die in great numbers
kamatáyon (n)	death
	hásta gid kamatáyon nákon / up until my death
hilimátay (RV5)	to carry on at a funeral [AE], cry and shriek in a desire to accompany the dead to his grave
himamatáyon (adj)	about to die, at the point of death Himamatáyon ró búéan. / The moon is in its last phase.
mamamatáy. (n)	those destined to die
pakamatáy (RV5)	to-commit suicide [Syn: panghugót]
tagumatáyon (adj)	on/at the brink of death
matimátiks [Eng] (n)	Mathematics
matlaóng (Dp)	[Particle used to make polite corrections: "say it this way..." "it should be..." "what you mean to say is..."] [Alt: máton]
máton (Dp)	[Particle used to make polite corrections.] [G. 202]

matraka [Sp] (n)	wooden clapper
matrikulá(h) [Sp] (n)	matriculation fee, tuition
matris [Sp] (n)	womb [Syn: tiyán]
matrón [Sp] (n)	matron; maid [at a wedding]
mátsa (Dp)	[Particle used to qualify a statement.] "as if" "it seems like" "somewhat" "similar to" [Syn: makó] mátsa bukón it imáw / it doesn't seem like him mátsa maueán / it seems like it will rain
mátsig--- (pfx)	[Verb prefix denoting distribution of the actors and/or the actions: "each will..." "all will..."] [Cf: mánsig---, másig---] [G. 117-18]
maw (Dp)	[Particle denoting relationship or similarity:] "like that" "that way" [Cf: mawrá, mawrón, etc.] maw man gihápon / just the same
maw (T/pro) [slg]	he/she [Ctr: imáw]
mawnó (Qp)	how?, in what way?, like what? [Alt: maunó] Mawnó ro ángang katám-is? / How sweet is it? "this" "like this" [G. 162] [listener-oriented] [Cf: ra]
máwra (dem)	"that" "like that" [G. 162] [listener-oriented]
mawraná' (dem)	[Cf: raná'] [Alt: mawranhá']
máwranhá' (dem)	"that" "like that" [G. 162] [listener-oriented]
mawrató (dem)	[Cf: ranhá'] [Alt: mawraná']
mawráya (dem)	"that" "like that" [G. 162] [listener-oriented]
máwron (dem)	[Cf: rató] [Cf: rondató, hátó, háyto]
	"this" "like this" [G. 162] [listener-oriented]
	[Cf: raya] [Cf: rondáya, hará, háyra] [Alt: máwra]
	"that" "like that" [G. 162] [listener-oriented]
	Ah, máwron galf' / Oh, so that's the way.
	Máwron! [idm] / Right, that's it! [when someone has finally discovered the correct answer or way]
mawrúyon (dem)	[Cf: ron, rúyon] [Cf: harón, rondúyon]
may (Tp)	"that" "like that" [G. 162] [listener-oriented]
	[Cf: rúyon] [Cf: harón, rondúyon] [Alt: máwron]
	[Particle showing possession, statements of existence, or indefinite statements. G. 198]
	May áyam kamó? / Do you have a dog?
	May ánda nga sueóg. / They have a rooster.
	May patáy sa eaná. / There's a dead man in the rice field.
	May táwo runá'? / Is someone there?
	May ákon nga gústong ipakíta' kimo. / I would like to show you something.
máya (n)	máya; "rice bird" [destructive of crops]
máya kanó' (n)	white maya

máya kásta (n)	grey maya
máya itúm (n)	black maya
máya-máya (n)	tiny maya
máya pueá (n)	red maya
mayád (adj)	good, fine, nice [Cf: ayád]
mayád (RV6)	to improve, get better; recover [from sickness]
kaayád (RV1)	to fix, improve, repair
kamaeáyan (n)	improvement, welfare, excellence
mayád-áyad (adj)	beautiful
mayád-ayád (adj)	a little bit better, somewhat fine(r)
muemayád (adj)	a little bit better
Máyó [Sp] (n)	May [month]
máy-om [Bkd] (RV1)	to speculate, estimate, suppose [Alt: máy-ong]
máy-ong (RV1)	to speculate, estimate, suppose
mayór [Sp] (adj)	boatswain; butler, majordomo, steward [Alt: mayórdómo]
máyo (n)	[shrimp--very tiny]
mayós [slg] (n)	"shrimp" [AE, slg--for a very small person], "runt"
mayós (adj)	worthless, trivial, of little value
mga (Pm)	[Marker denoting that more than one kind is present or referred to, or that the things referred to are dissimilar, unequal, or individual; often thought of as or called a plural marker, but actually closer to the English meaning "some" or "various", than to the pluralizing "(e)s" of English] (note--)
[Abr: mangá(h)]	May ságing sa pínggan. / There are bananas on the plate. [10 of them, but all <u>bunguean</u>]
	May <u>mga</u> saging sa pínggan. / There are various kinds of bananas on the plate. [also 10; but some <u>bunguean</u> , some <u>lakatan</u>]
	Masángag ro ungá'. / The child is noisy. [only one is playing outside]
	Masángag ro mga ungá'. / The children are noisy. [several are playing outside--because children are different from each other in character, the <u>mga</u> marker is used] [G: 131, 190]
mga (Dp)	[article expressing some approximation.] "some" "approximately" "about" [Abr: mangá(h)] [G: 208]
	mga alás tres / about three o'clock
	mga limáng kilómetro / some five kilometers
Miágos (n)	sitio in Madalag
miáw [Eng] (RV5)	to meow, mew [Akl: ingáw]
mekánikó [Sp] (n)	mechanic
miki(h) [Ch] (n)	yellow noodles

míkot (ST2)	to feel hurt; feel sad; have one's feelings hurt
medálya [Sp] (n)	medal, medallion
medikó [Sp] (n)	doctor [Akl: manoghúeong]
medída [Sp] (n)	tapemeasure
Medína [Sp] (n)	barrio of Madalag
mídyá [Sp] (n)	half
médyas [Sp] (n)	alás says e mídyá / six thirty [o'clock]
milágring [vul, slg] (n)	sock(s), stocking(s)
milágro [Sp] (n)	whore, prostitute [from the name "Milagros", a notorious prostitute]
Milagrosa (n)	miracle
milaw (ST2)	Our Lady of the Miraculous Medal
mili' (ST2, 3)	to care for, be concerned about
	to be well-chosen, selected with care; precious
	[Cf: pili']
	ro á nang hamli' nga dugó' / his precious blood
medlindris [Sp] (n)	[flower] [Alt: molingrésy]
melón [Sp] (n)	cantaloupe, muskmelon. <u>Cucumis melo</u> L.
milyónes [Sp] (n)	million
milyonárya (n)	millionairess
milyónáryo (n)	millionaire
mína(h) [Sp] (n)	mine [explosive weapon; ore mine]
mína (RV1)	to mine out [ores]
Mína (n)	barrio of Lezo
Miná-a (n)	barrio of Ibaday
minimó [Sp] (adj)	minimum, lowest
minimó (n)	the last price given in bargaining [Syn: ultimó]
mining-mining (n)	secluded place [some place not readily accessible]
menú [Sp] (n)	menu, food served, prepared food
menór de edad [Sp] (n)	(n) minor, adolescent, not yet of legal age
minuró' [Oak] (n)	settlement, colony
minus [Sp] (adj)	under par; slow, behind; ugly; less
mínya(h) (RV1)	to touch, handle; use, move; remove
mingáw (ST1)	to be sad and lonely, be depressed
kamingáwon (n)	loneliness, depression
mamingaw (adj)	depressing, sad and lonely
makamingaw (adj)	depressing, readily causing one to be sad and lonely
mingko (Dp)	[Particle expressing a strong sentiment that a statement is or will prove true.] "somewhat" "must be" "it seems as if" [Ctr: máhing ku] [Syn: mátsá]
mírakolráys [Eng] (n)	miracle rice
mirísi [Sp] (n)	just punishment, due punishment, "perfect squelch"
	Mirísi kimo ron. / "Good for you." [AE, idm] or
	"That's just what you get." [AE, idm]

mirón [Sp] (n)	bachelor [Syn: olitáwoj] [Opp: dacágo]
Mercédes [Sp] (n)	barrio of Madalag /mirsédes/
meryénda (h) [Sp] (n)	merienda [FE]; snack [AE], [food, coffee] break
meryénda (RV1)	to eat a merienda [FE], have a snack [AE]
	[Syn: pamáhaw; cf: báhaw].
mis [Eng] (n)	Miss
misa [Sp] (n)	Mass [in Catholic Church]
mésa [Sp] (n)	table [Alt: lamésa]
miskla (h) [Sp] (RV1)	to mix, mingle [Akl: eahúgay]
misis [Eng] (n)	Mrs. [Abr: Mrs.]
mismo [Sp] (Dp)	self, alone, oneself [G. 203]
	akó mismo / I myself
mister [Eng] (n)	mister, 'Mr. [Abr: Mr.]
mestiso [Sp] (n)	half-breed [in AE this word has bad connotations;
	in FE it is almost a compliment to one's good looks]
	[someone born of a Western father or mother]
méstis (n)	half-breed [female]
	[in FE it is better to use the words "mestisa" or
	"mestiño" than the AE word "half-breed"]
miswa [Ch] (n)	[noodle(s)]
miting [Eng] (n)	meeting, conference, session [Akl: típon]
miting (RV5)	to meet, have a session, confer
metér [Sp] (RV3)	to use
	Ayáw pagmetehí rang gámit. / Do not use my things.
mitlang [Oak] (RV2)	to utter, speak, pronounce
mitsa [Sp] (n)	wick [of lamp] [Syn: pabílo]
miyágos (n)	[tree]
miyéntas [Sp] (conj)	meanwhile, while
miyéntastáto (conj)	in the meantime, meanwhile, for the meantime
Miyérkolés [Sp] (n)	Wednesday
méyor [Eng] (n)	mayor [Sp: alkálde]
mo (A/pro)	"you" "your" "yours" [singular] [G. 160] [Ctr: nimo]
múad [Hil] (RV1)	to multiply, increase
pámúad (CV)	to increase, multiply [as in mathematics]
múbead (n)	[fish--large] [Cf: dánggit]
Móbo [Sp] (n)	barrio of Kalibo
Móbo (n)	barrio of Makato
múkeat (RV1)	to open up the eyes [Opp: piyong] [Cf: múdlat]
múkeat [idm] (RV1)	to realize
mukhá' [Tag] (n)	face [Akl: uyahón]
kamukhá' (adj)	similar, resembling, like [Syn: paréhas]
múkmuk (RV1)	to stuff one's mouth full
[idm]	"Hamukmukán imáw it trabáho. / He had to shoulder
	all the work himself.

móda(h) [Sp] (n)	style, way, thing to do Máwron do móda makarón. / That's the style now- adays.
pamóda (CV)	to introduce a new style, wear the avant-garde type of clothing
modélo [Sp] (n)	fashion model [Akl: huwáran]
modérno [Sp] (adj)	modern, brand-new [Akl: bág-ong-túga]
modísta [Sp] (n)	seamstress, dressmaker [female]; tailor
múdlat (RV1)	to open up the eyes very wide; stare / glare (at)
múdlat (RV3)	to "stare somebody down" [AE, slg]
modúra [Sp. cor] (n)	molding or pane along the bottom of a wall [Alt: moldúra]
mueáka' (RV2)	to speak (about), exclaim, comment, talk about in surprise, make a comment (about)
mueáeong (RV1)	to note, notice, look at, take note (of)
mueasik (ST3)	to drop out/off, get thrown out, fall, get lost [said of tiny articles that might easily get lost when car- rying a large bundle of them] [Rel.: ásik]
múeat (ST2)	to strive (for), do one's best
himdeat (RV5)	to try one's very best
múeaw (ST5)	Básta maghimúeat ka. / So long as you try your best. to be awakened suddenly, jolted out of one's sleep - Hamúeaw-mueáwan imáw. / He was suddenly awak- ened.
múeay (RV1)	to scold, reprimand
paeamúeay (n)	crab, nag, someone who always is scolding others
múeó' (RV1)	to greet, recognize [socially] Owá' gid nímo akó pagmúd-a kabí. / You didn't even recognize [greet] me last night.
múeo-múeo(h) (RV2)	to mutter, murmur, complain (about)
múeto' (n)	ghost, specter
múging (n)	pollen
múging (RV7)	to pollinate, produce pollen
Múging (n)	barrio of Banga
múgon [Oak] (n)	labor, paid work
múgon (DV)	to labor, work for pay Mamúgon kitá. / Let's go to work.
mamumúgon (n)	paid laborers
pamúgon (CV)	to go and get work, look for a job
múhmuh (n)	crumbs (of rice), scattered rice droppings
múhón (n)	border posts (or) markers [Syn: dueñan]
mú-i' (adj)	senile
muliánón (adj)	senile
mulábi [Sp] (n)	molave. [tree, lumber] <u>Vitex parviflora</u> Juss.

moldúra [Sp] (n) molding or paneling used decoratively at the bottom or top of wallboards
 mulianón (adj) senile, old and forgetful
 mulihón (n) grindstone
 molingréys [Sp. cor] (n) [flower]
 málta(h) [Sp] (n) fine, penalty. [cash]
 málta (RV3) to fine, impose a cash penalty (on)
 múmu [Eng] (n) muumuu [dress, long and loose-fitting]
 múmu' [Tag] (n) ghost, specter. [Akl: múeto']
 mónay [Sp] (n) bread, bun, roll
 mónay [vul] (n) vagina [stf]; "cunt" [vul]
 múnido [Sp] (adj) uncouth, uncultured, uncivilized, wild
 Monlaque [Sp] (n) barrio of Ibaday /monlaki/
 munót (RV3) to accompany, go along with, come with [Syn: fba(h)]
 Múnti akó. / Come with me.
 mungá' (n) pullet, young hen [Cf: manók]
 mungáya' (ST2)jha[to enjoy prosperity, be contented/prosperous
 kahamungayáan (n) prosperity
 mungí-pungí']pa[(RV7) to be in a large cluster, be many, bunch together
 [said of a bunch of fruits]
 mung-it (n) [hard dirt that gathers in the nose]
 mónggo [Eng] (n) mongo bean. Phaseolus calcaratus Roxb.
 múok (ST5) to fall into a deep/sound sleep, to find/discover to
 be deep (or) sincere
 Bási' himúk-an ka. / You might sleep deeply.
 hamúok (adj) deep, sound [sleep]; deep, sincere, at heart [love]
 múng (n) swarm, hive (of bees)
 morádo [Sp] (n) [banana--oblong, red] Musa sapientum var. ginaring
 [Alt: amorádo]
 Moráles [Sp] (n) barrio of Balete'
 múri' [vul] (n) dried semen [as sticks to the foreskin of penis]
 moréna [Sp] (adj) brown, dark brown
 Móro [slg] (n) Moslem [a derisive term] [Alt: múslim]
 mos [Sp] (expr) "Let's go." "Come on." "Move." [Syn: malí]
 Mos kitá makáon. / Come on, let's eat.
 Moś ya. / Come over here.
 mús-an (n) mother hen, mature hen [Cf: manók]
 moskitéro [Sp] (n) mosquito net
 múskoe (n) servant, household help
 múskoe (RV1) to make into (or) treat like a servant
 musikó [Sp] (n) music; band
 musikéra (n) musician [female]
 musikéro (n) musician [male]
 musing-musing (RV5) to become dirty; smear with soot or grime

musíng-musíng (n)	[Syn: amulingát]
Múslim (n)	dirt, grime
múslók [slg] (ST2)	Moslem, Muslim
músmús (adj)	to die, "kick the bucket" [AE, slg] [Cf: matáy]
mús-on [Hil] (RV5)	poor, lowly, humble
pamús-on [Akl] (RV5)	to move one's bowels [gen], go to the bathroom [AE]
mustása [Sp] (n)	to have dysentery [Cf: pandho']
	mustard [plant]. <u>Brassica integerifolia</u> (West) O. E. Schulz
múta' (n)	[hard dirt that gathers in or around the eye]
mútag (RV3)	to notice, see
panghimueítad (DV)	to look at, observe
mútlog (adj)	big, round [eyes]
mútlog (RV3)	to glare at, stare at (sternly) [Cf: múdlat]
mutó-mutó (h) (RV6)	to be alone (in a house), live alone (or) be left alone [implying that the person is at the same time lonely and sad]
motór [Sp] (n)	motor, engine; motorbike, motorcycle
mútya' (n)	pearl, a thing of (great) value, treasure
mútya' (RV5)	to produce pearls
	Ráyang klási it taebá nagamútya'. / This type of oyster makes pearls.
mówa' (n)	fool, feeble minded person [who has the habit of repeating after himself all the time] [Cf: mú-i']
múyo-múyo (n)	orphan [from both parents] [Syn: flo(h)]
myémbro [Sp] (n)	member

"N" /nah/

The eleventh letter of the native Aklanon alphabet, representing the voiced dental nasal /n/. [G. 18-19] [NOTE: When looking for many root words that seem to begin with "n", it would also be wise to check the entry under the letters "d, t, s" since these three consonants frequently change to "n". See pp. 33-34.]

"Ñ"

A symbol borrowed from Spanish and only used in the names of persons or places. In all other instances, borrowed nouns or other parts of speech are now spelled with the combination "ny" [which see].

na--- (pfx)

[Standard verb prefix for Object Focuses 1-3 in the unreal aptative forms; and for stative verbs, naal aspect] [G. 95] [D. 18, 22; 27-28].

Naddea' rang reló. / My watch got lost.

Nagutóm akó. / I'm hungry.

na (A/pro)

"his/her" "he/she" [G. 160] [Ctr: nána]

na [Hil] (Dp)	[Particle showing that an action has begun and/or is enduring.] "now", "already", "just" [G. 201][Akl: eon] Oras na. / "Time's up." [AE, idm] (or) It's time now.
na' (dem)	that [near listener, far from speaker] [Ctr: ranhá'] [G. 161] [Cf: ra, ron, to]
Naasog (n)	barrio of Malay
nabá' (RV6)	to become short(er)/low(er) [Cf: tág-od]
kanabá' (n)	shortness, lack of height
manabá' (adj)	short, not tall, low
panabá' (CV)	to make shorter/lower
Nabaoy (n)	barrio of Malay
Navarréte [Sp] (n)	sitio in Madalag /nabarítih/
Nábas [Sp] (n)	Navas, one of Aklan's 17 municipalities
nábaw (RV7)	to become shallow(er)
kanábaw (n)	shallowness
manábaw (adj)	shallow [Cf, Opp: libtong]
nábdos (adj)	to be pregnant, be with child [Alt: mábdos]
nábdos (RV6)	to become/get pregnant
Navítas (n)	barrio of Malinaw
Navítas (n)	barrio of Numancia
Nabólo (n)	sitio in Madalag
naká--- (pfx)	[Aptative real verb prefix in AF.] [G. 66-67][D. 22] Nakabisíta eon kamó kay Lolo. / Have you already visited with grandpa?
nakág--- (pfx)	[Alt: naká---] [Oak]
nakíg--- (pfx)	[Reciprocal verb prefix.] [G. 113] [D. 28][Cf: makig-] Nakighueáy imáw ku imong kalisód. / He shares with you in your bereavement.
nakipág--- (pfx)	[Reciprocal verb prefix.] [Alt: nakig---]
nákon (A/pro)	"my", "mine", "I". [G. 159]
náksam (RV3)	to taste, try, test [Syn: samít]
nag--- (pfx)	[Standard verb prefix for perfective (past) AF forms.] Nagbakáe sánda it awto sa Manila. / They bought a car in Manila.
nagá--- (pfx)	[Standard verb prefix for imperfective (present and continuing actions) AF forms.] [G. 95] [D. 22] [D. 16] Nagasúnggod si Fred. / Fred is pouting. Makahueúya' kon umabót imáw/ag nagakáon kitá. / It would be so embarrassing if he were to arrive and we were eating.
nagíng--- (pfx)	[Verb prefix denoting "became"/"had become".] [G. 110-11] Naging-ungá' nákon imáw pag-ayáw kána ku á nang ginikánan. / He became my child when he was left behind by his parents.

nágnag (n)	ointment, oil [for wound]
nágo' (ST2)	to hide [oneself] [Cf: tago']
	Nanágo' kunó imáw pag-abót nimo. / They said that when you arrived, she hid.
nágob]ma[(n)	midnight; very late at night [relative time, depending on a person's habits--for some 10 p. m. is very late, for others only after midnight]
	to stay up very late
nágob (ST5)	Hanágban akó sa púnasyon. / I stayed up very late for the affair.
Nagústan (n)	barrio of Nabas
nágwas (n)	chemise [worn only by old women]
nahá--- (pfx)	[Aptative real verb prefix for OF.] [G. 66-67, 95] [D. 22]
	Náno ro nahatabó' kimo? / What happened to you?
nahág--- (pfx)	[Alt: naha---] [Oak]
nahí--- (pfx) [Oak]	[Happenstance verb prefix denoting present or real accidental action.] [G. 67-68, 95] [D. 19, 22]
naí--- (pfx)	[Instrument focus aptative verb prefix.] [Alt: kina-]
	Náno ro á nang naimítlang? / What did he try to say?
Naíli (n)	barrio of Ibajay
Naijong (n)	sitio in Madalag
Naisúd (n)	barrio of Ibajay
Naligosan (n)	barrio of Ibajay
Nalóok (n)	barrio of Kalibo
namáe (n)	taste, flavor; worth
owát namáe [idm]	tasteless; worthless; boring, lousy
nám-an (ST3)	to go to waste; to be stood up, be kept waiting, be disappointed/unsuccessful
	Hanám-an da ámon nga paháom. / Our preparations went to waste [because the visitors never arrived].
nám-an (ST5)	to lose one's hope, be frustrated/disappointed
	Hanam-ánan akó. / I was so frustrated.
námi']ma[(adj)	good, nice, fine [said of things] [Cf: námit]
kanámi' (n)	niceness, fineness
panámi' (CV)	to improve, make nicer (or) prettier
námit]ma[(adj)	delicious, good [said of food]. [Cf: námi']
kanámit (adj)	very delicious! how tasty!
kanámit (n)	tastiness, deliciousness, savor
panámit (CV)	to improve the flavor [of food]; make better, make the most of, take advantage (of) [idm]
námnam]ma[(adj)	delicious, flavorful [Cf: nanám]
namók (n)	mosquito
námon (A/pro)	"our" "we" [not including the listener] [G. 159]
nána (A/pro)	"his/her" "he/she" [G. 159]. [Ctr: na]

nána' (n)	pus
nánáh (n)	stepmother
nanám]ma[(adj)	deliciously sweet, succulent, flavorful
nánay (n)	mother, -momma
nánda (A/pro)	"their", "they" [G. 159] Ginainprinta nánda ro libro. / They are printing the book.
nánday (Am)	[Plural associate marker for the names of persons or pets, used in postpositive position.] [D. 11-12] Harón ro kótse nánday Juan. / That is the car of John and his family.
náno (Qp)	what? [Alt: anó]
nanang (expr)	"um", "er" [said while groping for a word]
nang (n)	older sister [Cf: manang]
Nangúngob (n)	creek in Libakaw
náog (ST2)	to go down [stairs]; get off [vehicle, animal] [Opp: sáka', sakáy] Nanáog imáw sa kabáyo'. / He got off the horse.
panáog (RV6)	to get off [vehicle]; come down [from above]
naóg (n)	clothing, wardrobe, garment(s)
Napatag (n)	barrio of Tangalan
nápkín [Eng] (n)	napkin [Syn: serbilyéta]
nápnót (n)	[tree--bark is used as twine]
Nápnót (n)	barrio of Madalag
napdeó' (n)	ten, 10
nápsak [Eng] (n)	knapsack
naptalina (n) [Sp]	mothballs
Napti (n)	barrio of Batan
nára [Sp] (n)	[tree] narra. <u>Pterocarpus blancoi</u> .
nars [Eng] (n)	nurse
nasá--- [Oak, Tag] (pfx)	{Prefix denoting a certain location: "is in/at"} Nasábaeáy imáw. / She is at home.
Nazaréth [Sp] (n)	barrio of Buruanga /nasarét/ [Alt: Kabúgaw]
násnas (adj)	unraveled; worn out
nasyón [Sp] (n)	nation, country
nátnat (n)	[grass, weed]
náto' (n)	[tree] <u>Nauclea junghuhni</u> . [Cf: bángkae]
náton (A/pro)	"our", "we" [including the listener] [G. 159]
naturál [Sp] (adj)	natural
naturál (expr)	naturally, of course [Akl: maw gid]
naturalménte (expr)	naturally, of course [Syn: syémpre]
náw-ay (ST1)	to hate, dislike [Rel: eáw-ay]
kanáw-ay (n)	hatred, dislike, ife
manaw-áyon (adj)	critical, cynical; hypocritical

nawóng [Hil] (n)	appearance, face [Akl: uyahón]
nay (Dp)	"please" "just a second" "first" [Cf: ánay]
nay (Am)	[Ctr: nánday]
nay (n)	mother, momma [Ctr: nánay]
náyon (n)	this side, this location [Opp: tabók, pihák]
náyon (Intj)	"um", "er" [expression used to fill in a pause in one's speech while groping for the right word]
	[Syn: nang] [Cf: kwan, kuwán]
nayón (n)	sow, mother pig
ni (Am)	[Singular associate marker for the name of a person or a pet, used in postpositive position.] [D. 11-12]
	baeáy ni Leáltad / Lealtad's home
ni' (n)	"little girl" "miss" [common term of address; plumb and level]
nibíl [Sp] (n)	careful, clean, fastidious
nídnid]ma[(adj)	[flat bambúo basket for winnowing]
nigo(h) (n)	black, very dark (in complexion) [female] [also (n)]
négra [Sp] (adj)	black, very dark (in complexion) [male] [also (n)]
négro [Sp] (adj)	to notice, take note of; observe, test, spy on
níid]pa[(RV3)	Naníd-an nána ro manakáw. / He was able to observe the thief.
	to sneak on tiptoe [Cf: tíid]
paníid (DV)	observations; breeding, culture, experiences
pinaníran (n)	"your" "you" [singular] [G. 159]
nímo (A/pro)	cut, wound, injury
níná(h) (n)	to wound, injure, inflict an injury (upon)
níná (RV3)	to get cut, injured
nína (ST2)	godmother [affectionate term of address]
nínang (n)	"Miss" [common term of address for a young girl]
Néne' (n)	[Syn: Inday]
	"Miss" [common term of address for a young girl]
Níning (n)	godfather [affectionate term of address]
nínong (n)	"your", "you" [plural] [G. 159]
ninyo (A/pro)	Holy Child [image of the Infant Jesus] [Sp: niño]
ninyo [Sp] (n)	[Ctr: Níning]
Ning (n)	"flaming grasses" [referring to the habit of beginning a project with great flair, but then never finishing it--much like burning field grass when dry]
níngas kúgon [Tag] (expr)	[palm--used for roofing or siding] <u>Nipa fruticans</u> .
nípa' (n)	nipa swamp, mangrove [Syn: katúnggan]
kanipá-an (n)	[ee]
nípá'-nípá' (n)	to become thin(ner) [less thick] [Opp: dámoé]
nípís (RV7)	thin, narrow, not thick
manípís (adj)	manípís nga pangita' / a meager livelihood
[idm]	

panápis [idm] (RV3)	to have a very close call [danger, death]
panápis (RV6)	to pass through a crowd or crowded area with great difficulty
nirbyos [Sp] (n)	nerve(s)
nirbyos (ST1)	to be extremely nervous, be jittery, be on the verge of a nervous breakdown
nirbyósa (adj)	nervous, jittery, high-strung [female]
nirbyóso (adj)	nervous, jittery, high-strung [male]
níswak (RV6)	to become very thin (or) skinny, lose a great deal of weight
maníswak (adj)	skinny, very thin [Cf: níwang]
nító' (n)	[vine--used for weaving baskets] <u>Lygodium ciranatum</u>
níwang (RV6)	to get thinner, become skinny, lose weight
kaníwang (n)	thinness, skinniness
maníwang (adj)	skinny, thin
New Búswang (n)	barrio of Kalibo [Cf: búswang]
New Washington (n)	New Washington, one of Aklan's 17 municipalities
niyóg (n)	coconut [tree, fruit]. <u>Cocos nucifera</u> L.
kanyogán (n)	coconut plantation, coconut grove
nobína [Sp] (n)	novena [nine days of prayer]
nobína (RV5)	to hold/pray a novena
nobénta [Sp] (n)	ninety, 90
nóbya(h) [Sp] (n)	fiancee, girlfriend, sweetheart; bride [at wedding]
Nobyénbre [Sp] (n)	November
nóbyo(h) [Sp] (n)	fiance, boyfriend; groom [at wedding] [Cf: nóbya]
nobyohánan (REL. v)	to be engaged [G. 111-12]
	• Magnobyohánan sanda? / Are they engaged?
Numáncia [Sp] (n)	Numancia, one of Aklan's 17 municipalities/numánsya/
nómbre [Sp] (n)	noun [part. of speech] [Nab: panghingáean]
numeró(h) [Sp] (n)	number
núno' (n)	dwarf; elf [Syn: enáno]
núno' [Tag] (n)	ancestor, forefather
ninúno' (n)	ancestors, forefathers
nó-no' (RV5)	to know how, be familiar with [Syn: báeo, antigo]
	Indi' akó kanó-no'. / I am not familiar with [the way that is done].
nunók (n)	[tree--believed to be bewitched or enchanted]
nunód (ST2)	to resemble, follow after, take after [Cf: sunód]
páeanún'on (n)	inheritance, legacy; inherited trait (or) characteristic
panunód (DV)	to resemble, take after; obtain an inheritance (or) inherited characteristic
Nónoy (n)	[common term of address for a young boy or young man] "Butch", "Boy"

Nong (n)
nu6e (RV3)

n6rma1 [Eng] (adj)
n6rma1 (n)

N6rte [Sp] (n)
n6snus (RV3)

not6ryo [Sp] (n)
not6ryo (RV1)

not6sya(h) [Sp] (n)
not6sya (RV3)

n6tnut (RV1)
n6tnut (ST3)

n6tr6al [Eng] (adj)
n6w6be [Sp] (n)

"NG" /ngah/

nga (Lm)

ng6bngab (RV5)
ng6kngak (RV5)
ng6ea' (RV1)

ng6e6ng6g (n)
ng6ean (n)

old... [Cf: m6non...]
to regret, repent, be sorry (for) [Syn: hin6soe;
Ginan6e-an ko ro 6kong ing-6bra. / I am sorry
for what I did.

normal, usual
normal school, teachers' college
Sa n6rma1 ak6 gatu6n. / I study at the teachers'
college.

North [direction] [Opp: Sur]
to scrub hard, scour; rub thoroughly [like using
steel wool or rags]

notary public; notary seal
to notarize

notice, news [Akl: bal6ta']
to give notice, notify, inform

to wear out
to get worn out, disintegrate

neutral; with no fixed position or opinion
nine, 9

The twelfth letter of the native Aklanon alphabet, representing the voiced velar nasal /ng/. Although two letter symbols are used, "n" and "g", it should be noted that this combination represents a single sound. [G. 18-19]

[A linking particle occurring between nouns and adjectives with no English equivalent; however sometimes it has the force and meaning of the relatives "that", "which", or "who".] [D.29] [G. 156, 191]
mah6e nga t6la / expensive cloth

M6wron ng6ni' nga iy6 ak6 g6est6r sa Kal6bo, ay mab6ot do mga t6wo. / That's precisely why I live here in Kal6bo because the people are good.

ung6' nga ginpangae6nan nga Mar6a / child that was named Mary

to howl [said of dogs]
to babble; sing (or) say meaningless syllables
to stutter, stammer; be unable to speak clearly [Syn: ng6eo']

uvula [stf] [Syn: kamp6na]
name [one's personal name], first name, given name, Christian name [Opp: apily6do(h)]

Sin-o ring ng6ean? / What's your name?

ngáean (RV3)	to give a name (to) [Alt: pangáean]
hingáean (RV3)	to pronounce, say, name [Syn: mítiang] Hihgádlan mo ráya. / Say this.
panghingáean [Nab] (n)	noun [part of speech] [Syn: nómbre]
ngáengae. (RV5)	to cry, whimper
ngágngag (ñ)	palate [of mouth] [Alt: lingágngag]
nganá' (A/dec)	that [Cf: ranhá'] [G.162]. [Alt: nganhá']
nganhá' (A/dec)	that [Cf: ranha'] [G.162] ro kwárta nganhá'... / that money there [near you]
ngáni'. (Dp)	[Particle used as an interjection, expressing the certainty or truthfulness of a statement; sometimes it can imply annoyance; "indeed", "precisely", "I know"] [G.204] [see example given under 'nga'] Taó ngáni'. / I just don't know. Máwron ngáni' nga nagaariya akó sa pagpangayó kimo it patáyad. / Precisely, that's why I came to ask your forgiveness.
ngánga (h) (RV1)	to open up Ngánga ring bá-bá'. / Open up your mouth.
ngará. (A/dec)	this [Cf: ráya] [G.161-62] Ro táwo ngará... / This person...
ngarón (A/dec)	that [Cf: rúyon] [G.161-62]
ngásae (RV2)	to talk nonsense, jibber, jabber, yak
ngásae (n)	nonsense, jibberish, rubbish
ngásngas (RV5)	to babble, prate, prattle, [Syn: ngásae]
ngáthae (RV6)	to be/feel frustrated [due to not getting one's way] Nagangáthae ro ákong pagginháwa. / My desires are frustrated.
ngátngat (RV1)	to chew on, nibble at [said of rat]
ngató (A/dec)	that (yonder) [Cf: rató] [G.161-62]
ngáwa (ST2)	to be amazed at, marvel at Hangáwa man akó sa ánang mga abilidad. / I was also amazed by his various abilities. amazement, wonderment, marveling
kangáwa (n)	amazement, wonderment, marveling
inogngáwa (n)	exclamation mark [grammatical term]
makangangáwa (adj)	amazing, marvelous, awe-inspiring
ngáwngaw (RV2)	to gripe, grumble, complain, yowl
ngíkngik (RV5)	to nyaah [make the taunting noises of children]
ngídliis (ST5)	to be disgusted, horrified, shocked, repulsed Nangidlisán akó ku síne. / I was horrified by the movie.
kangídliis (n)	disgust, shock, horror, revulsion, repulsion
makangidliis (adj)	disgusting, horrifying, shocking, revolting [like the sight of blood], makes one's stomach turn [AE]

ngil-ad (ST2)	to abhor, loathe, dislike; be disgusted (by)
kangil-ad (n)	loathing, revulsion, disgust [Rel: kangidlis]
makangingil-ad (adj)	abhorrent, loathsome, reviling
ngilit (RV5)	to have/give a sickly grin, "half-smile" [in derision or irony] [Alt: ngirit]
ngilo' (n)	gum [of mouth]
ngiló(h)]ma[(adj)	very sour, acrid, caustic
makangingilo (adj)	causes one to grimace; sets the teeth on edge [as when eating something very sour, or hearing a grating noise]
ngipon (n)	tooth / teeth
nginit (RV5)	to have/give a sickly grin [Alt: ngilit]
ngisi (h) (RV5)	to grin cynically, smile sarcastically
ngislad (RV5)	to grin, smile [with the gums showing] [Syn: ngiya']
ngislo' (n)	gum [of mouth] [Syn: ngila']
ngisngis (RV5)	to giggle, snicker [Syn: hiri-hi']
ngiti' (RV3)	to giggle, laugh at, [in a foolish way]
ngitngit (RV4)	to be miserable, feel bad, suffer
	Nagangitngit dang buót. / I feel miserable.
mangitngit (adj)	hard, severe, troublesome, causing sufferings (or hardships)
	mangitngit nga tyempo / hard times
ngitó-ngitó]ma[(adj)	sweltering, very hot
	Mangitó-ngitó ro silak. / The sun is sweltering.
ngiwi' (RV5)	to smile wryly [Cf: kiwit]
ngiya' (RV5)	to cry, whimper; smile senselessly
ngiyaw (RV5)	to mew, meow [like cat] [Syn: ingaw]
ngueab (RV2)	to mutter, mumble, speak in anger
ngueo' (RV1)	to stutter, stammer [Syn: ngaea']
ngueob (RV5)	to growl, roar [said of dog]
ngó-ngo' (RV5)	to stammer, be inarticulate [Syn: ngueo']
ngúsa'e (RV5)	to grumble, mutter [Syn: kútib]
ngúsbo' (ST2)	to be sad, be depressed [Syn: subó']
kangúsbo' (n)	sadness, depression
makangungúsbo' (adj)	saddening, depressing, miserable
ngúsgus (RV5)	to whine, whimper; purr
ngútngut (RV7)	to smart, be in pain, hurt
	Nagangútngut rang niná. / My wound smarts a lot.
ngúynguy (RV5)	to whimper, cry, simper [in the fashion of a spoiled child trying to get its way]
ngúynguy (n)	whimper, whine
	Kung may ginapangayó' ka, ayaw it ngúynguy; paghámbae it hústo. / If you want something, don't whine for it; ask for it properly.

"O" /'o/

The thirteenth letter of the native Aklanon alphabet, representing the mid back vowel /o/. Normally, this sound would be another version (allophone) of the /u/ sound, but foreign influence has definitely established it as a distinct Aklanon phoneme, occurring in such words as:

/l6lo/ grandfather

/6soh/ bear

/6ras/ time; hour

"U" /'uw/

Normally the eighteenth letter of the native Aklanon alphabet, representing the high back vowel /u/, but here reduced to the alphabetical position of "o" because of the general confusion over the spelling of the "o" and the "u". [G. 27-28]

o (conj)

or [Ctr: uk6n]

6ba(h) (adj)

undressed, naked, bare [Alt: 6ba]

6ba (RV1)

to take off [one's clothes]

6ba (RV5)

Ob6ha ring e6mbong. / Take off your shirt.

6bad (n)

to undress [Cf: 6lis /to change [clothes]]

6ban (n)

[the edible inner part of a banana trunk]

6ban (n)

gray hair

ub6non (adj)

gray-haired, having gray hair

6bas, [Sp] (n)

grape(s). Medinilla sp.

6bay (RV3)

to guide, assist on one's way

Kab6y pang ub6yan ka it mah6e nga Dyos. / I hope that dear God will guide your way.

6bi (n)

[yam--purple] ubi. Dioscorea alata. [Alt: 6bi]

oberpl6 [Eng] (n)

overflow, culvert

obert6k [Eng] (RV3)

to overtake, pass up, pass

oblig6r [Sp] (RV1)

to constrain, obligate, force, compel

B6si' imo nga 6blig6h6n sa uk6hi. / Maybe you'll compel [me] at some later date.

oblig6do (adj)

obligated, constrained, compeled, forced

obligasy6n (n)

obligation, duty

6bo' (RV1)

to put to sleep, put to bed

Ub6-a ro ung6'. / Put the child to bed.

ub6(h) (RV1)

to cough (up)

Ubha ron. / Cough it up.

ub6 (n)

cough [sickness] May ub6 im6w. / He has a cough.

6bod (n)

[the inner white part of the trunk of banana, nipa or coconut palms] core, pith

ub6e-ub6e (adj)

mature, at a ripe age [said of women, flowers]

6bog (RV1)

to wade, to go wading knee deep in water

Ub6ga, ay ow6' k6mo it gap6s-an. / Wade through

ubóg (n)	the water since there's no one to carry you [across].
úbong [Oak] (n)	[fish]
óbus (adj)	halo (or) circle of light sometimes seen around the moon [Syn: koróna]
óbus (RV1)	gone, used up, exhausted, all out [Alt: úbos]
óbus (ST3)	Obus eon-do-gátas. / The milk is all gone.
hilóbus (RV1)	to use up, exhaust (the supply of)
hingóbus (RV5)	Obúsa ro mantika'. / Use up (all) the lard.
ubós (n)	to get (all) used up, run out
paubós (n)	Naóbus daáng kwárta. / My money ran out.
paubós (RV9; CV)	to finish off, bring to a close
mapainubsánon (adj)	Hilóbusa ány ron bágo ikáw magpánaw. / First finish that off before you go.
óbra (h) [Sp] (n)	to be about to finish, be near completing
óbra (RV1)	below; downstairs
oeobrahon ^k (n)	Sa ubós imáw. / She's downstairs.
manog-óbra (n)	a down staircase (or) stairway going down
paóbra (CV)	to go down, go below; be/act humble, humble oneself
pangóbra (DV)	humble, modest, lowly, meek
sióbra (DV) (RV8)	work, job, something to do
íkad]ma[(adj)	May óbra akó. / I have something to do.
úkay (RV1)	to work, do, make [Syn: hímo', búhat]
úkib (RV1)	Náno ro ímong ginaóbra? / What are you doing?
Oquéndó [Sp] (n)	chores, things to be done, work(s), job(s)
ókéy [Eng] (expr)	worker, laborer
úklat (adj) [vul]	to let [someone else] do, have/[something] made
úklat (adj) [slg]	to do many things, make all sorts of things
úk-úk (RV6)	to work together but as individuals, do at one time
úkoé (RV1)	expandable, able to grow in size [said of rice and other cereals]
ukón (conj)	Dugánggi ring bugás ay bukót-maúkad. / Add some more rice because that is not going to expand [much].
úkoy (n)	to smooth out, rake over (with one's hand), overturn
	Úkáya ro binún-ag. / Even out the drying [rice].
	to nose, snuffle, muzzle [as pig looking for food]
	barrió of Balete' /'okindoh/
	"O.K." "all-right"
	without foreskin [said of the circumcised penis]
	worthless, useless, good for nothing, lousy
	to sink down, submerge
	to carry under one's arm [Syn: sípit]
	either, or [Alt: ó]
	[sea crab]

ukóy (RV5)	to be silent [Cf: hípos]
paukóy (CV)	to keep silent, remain silent
ókra [Eng] (n)	[vegetable] okra. <u>Abelmoschus esculentus</u> .
Oktúbre [Sp] (n)	October [month]
udád [Lib] (RV6)	to walk with extreme airs or pride [with the body stretched and the head up]
údlot (n)	mucus [stf]; nose drainage [gen]; "snot" [vul]
pádlot (CV)	to have a runny or drippy nose [Cf: síp-on]
údto (adv)	about directly overhead (in the sky)
údto (n)	Údto ró.ádlaw. / It's high noon. [Cf: troádlaw]
pádtohón (adj)	half moon (waxing or waning)
Odyong (n)	gibbous (waning); 3rd quarter [Cf: búean]
úea' (RV2)	barrio of Altavas
ueá(h) (adj)	to pour out [Cf: tayon]
úeág [vul] (n)	Ueá-an do túbi. / Pour out the water.
ueágan (adj) [vul]	loosened from (its) shell [usually said of coconuts]
ueáhab (RV5)	sex urge, passion
ueáhak (RV5)	passionate, like a nymphomaniac [said of women]
ueán (n)	to wail, cry
ueán (RV7)	to scream, cry out
ueán (RV5)	rain; rain water
	to rain
	Nag-ueán kabli. / It rained last night.
	to get rained on; to rain in (to the house); to get caught in the rain
	Ro ámong bisita gin-ueanán kabli. / Our visitor was drenched with rain last night.
ilinúean. (RV7)	to "rain cats and dogs" [AE, idm]
tig-ueáan* (n)	rainy season
tingúean (n)	rainy weather, rainy season
ueáng (n)	[river shrimp]
úea-úea (RV5)	to cope with a situation
ueát (n)	scab, scar; miscolored skin [left by a wound]
ueát (RV7)	to heal, form a scar [said of a wound]
ue-átras [Sp] (RV6)	to move backwards, back up (a little) [Cf: átras]
úeay (n)	virgin [Hil: úlay] [Syn: bírhin] [Cf: daeága]
úebo(h) (RV7)	to stick out, protrude, bulge out
	Nag-úebo ro eánsang. / The náil was protruding.
úeo(h) (n)	head
úehan (n)	the head, top [of bed]
	sa úehan it kátri / at the head of the bed
pangúeo (RV3)	to lead, head, be the head (of)
	Ginapangueóhan sándá ni Albert. / Albert is leading them.

ueó' (RV5)	to malingering, pretend to be sick
ueók (RV5)	to choke, lose one's breath [said of child]
úeod (n)	stomach worm(s)
úeog (RV3)	to change (or) replace (posts--in a stairway or fence) Gin-ueogán námoq ro halígi. / We replaced the posts of our house.
paúeog (CV)	to have the posts replaced
úe-og (ST3)	half-cooked [due to lack of heat, not time]
úe-og (adj)	stupid
ueóghan (n)	woven basket for drying rice (palay) [Cf: ugá(h)]
úeog-úeog (RV1)	to pacify, appease, "cool down" [someone]
ueón (RV6)	to lie down, rest one's head on a pillow
ueúnlan (n)	pillow [for head] [Cf: taeangdáyan / pillow (for feet)]
úeon-úeon (n)	an empty grain of rice
úeo-úeo(h) (RV1)	to pacify, appease, "cool down" [Syn: úeog-úeog]
ueót (n)	interval, space, unit of space [Syn: báe-ot] Butángi it ueót. / Leave a space.
ugá(h) (RV1)	to dry out in the sun, dehydrate [Syn: bueád] Ugha it mayád. / Dry it out well.
ugá (n)	dried fish [small]
ueóghan (n)	woven basket for drying out rice
ugábhag (n)	very coarse rice shell or husk Ugábhag da úeo. / He is empty-headed.
[idm]	[wood-boring beetle]
ugáhong (n)	infested with wood-boring beetles
ugahóngon (adj)	custom, tradition; habit
ugáli (n)	o. Náno ro ándang ugáli'? / What are their traditions? but, however, unfortunately [Cf: ápang, péro] [Alt: ugáling, úgang, gang] Ma-ádto kúnta' imáw, ogáling masakít imáw. / He would like to go; however he is sick.
ogáling (conj)	self, one's self sa kaugálingon kong kabubúit-on / from the very depths of my own heart sa ákong kaugálingon / by myself
ugálingon [ka] (n)	[coating or deposit on the tongue when one is sick resulting in bad-tasting food or drink]
ugám (n)	to get light(er), less heavy [Opp: búg-at]
ugán (RV7)	light, weightless
maugán (adj)	to cause to become more lightweight
paugán (CV)	old, hard [said of root crops]
oganónon (adj)	[Alt: ogáling]
ugáng (conj)	[blood] vein; tendon
ugát (n)	young leaves (or) foilage; young frond (of fern)
úgbos (n)	

úgdaw (ST3)	to die out [said of fire]
kaúgdaw (RV7)	to be dying out
úgdok (n)	[eel]
úgdok (RV2)	to implant, embed
	úgdok ro halgi. / Implant the support (pole).
paúgdok (CV)	to begin building a house
ugháyan (n)	[tree]
ogiháp (n)	[insect--small, white]
ogiháp (n)	[skin disease]
úgin (n)	complication [another sickness or disease that strikes when one is already sick]
úgin (RV3)	to suffer complications, develop complications
úgin [Lib] (n)	[the rice blóssom--broken off and blown by the wind]
úgis (adj)	scraped clean of hair [like a shaved arm or face]
ugisan (n)	a spot scraped clean of hair
ugís (adj)	faded [color] [Syn: púg-is]
úgob (RV1)	to bite [Syn: ángkit, pangót]
ugók [slg] (adj)	stupid, foolish, idiotic, nuts [Cf: kumangón]
úgong (RV7)	[to make the sound of bamboo when struck--a sharp hollow sound]
ugót (ST2)	to be angry, get peeved
kaugót (n)	anger, rage
makaueúgot (adj)	angering, infuriating, outrageous
maueúgton (adj)	easily angered by a joke, a poor sport, "crabby", "touchy"
úgsad (n)	full moon-- [Cf: búean]
úgsad (RV7)	to be getting full(er) [said of the moon]
paugsarón (adj)	gibbous (waxing), in the 2nd quarter
ugsarán (n)	part of the house just outside the door; porch
Ugsip (n)	barrio of Libakaw
Úgsod (n)	barrio of Banga
úgtas (RV3)	to be impatient with, be irritable, be crabby
úgto (adv)	at the zenity, directly overhead [Alt: údto]
ugtó-ugtó (n)	[worm--poisonous] [Alt: udtó-udtó]
ugwák [vul] (n)	semen [stf]; "come" [vul] [Syn: áta', guwan]
úgwad (RV6)	to poke out/up, come out, appear
uhá [Bkd] (n)	cry of a baby
ohális [Sp] (n)	button holes
úhaw (ST1)	to be thirsty
kauháwon (n)	thirst
	Indi maumpawán ro ángang kauháwon. / Her thirst cannot be quenched.
makaueúhaw (adj)	makes one thirsty
úhay (n)	stalk [of rice]

uhay (RV7)	to begin to bear fruits [said of rice and other grains]
uhóg [Bkd] (n)	liquid mucus
uhóg (ST4)	to have/get a running nose
uhong (n)	[mushroom]
uhot (n)	straw; hay [of rice--left after the grain is taken]
o-éy [slg] (RV5)	to overact, show off [Alt: O. A.]
úli' (RV2)	to return, bring/give [something] back.
padli' (CV)	to have [something] returned; ask to return.
ulí' (RV6)	to go home, return [to one's place, country]
paulí' (RV9)	to go home, be on the way home
ulígham (RV1)	to clear the throat; harumph
ulíhi (h) (ST2)	to be late, be tardy; be behind
ulíhi (adv)	later on; behind [Opp: tempráno, ága]
ulíhi (n)	Ulíhi imáw mag-abót. / He arrived late.
	a later time; behind [space, time]
	sa ulíhi [idm] / later on; to the rear
	sa ulíhing ádlaw / on a later day
	to go later; go behind
paulíhi (RV9)	charcoal
úling (n)	to make charcoal (out of)
úling (RV1)	[any wood or substance to be made into charcoal]
ulingón (adj)	to stick to, stand by, uphold, be true to
olíngód (RV3)	Gin-olíngdah ko rang ginhámbae. / I remained true to what I had said.
olitáwo [Oak] (n)	Master, Sire; bachelor, young man [Syn: soltéro]
-um-- (ifx)	[Verbal infix used on command or conditioned forms]
	Umádto ka sa tindáhan ág bumakáe it kaeámáy. /
	Go to market and buy some brown sugar.
	Kon umabót imáw, singhánon imáw nga ginapaádto
	ko sa Manila. / When he arrives, tell him that I
	want him to go to Manila.
umá (h) (n)	farm; plantation; field(s)
	Sa umá imáw ga-obra. / He works in the fields.
umá (RV1)	to farm
	Umhá ro eaná. / Farm the rice field.
mangungúma (n)	farmer
pangumá (DV)	to farm land, be a farmer
	Nangumá sánda. / They are farming their lands.
úmae (adj)	dull, not sharp [knife] [Cf: dangáe]
[idm]	Umae ra úeo. / He is dull.
umágad (n)	son-in-law / daughter-in-law.
umaeágon (n)	future son- (or) daughter-in-law
umán (n)	next time; repetition
	sa umán / the next time

umán (RV1)	to repeat, do again, do over Umanón ko ro obra ngará. / I'll do this job over.
umang (RV6)	to miss the mark, go somewhere else; wander elsewhere; do something foolish; get confused fool, idiot [Alt: kumangón]
kaumangón (n)	to spoof, fool, cause someone to go astray, lead astray
paumang (CV)	hermit crab.
úmang (n)	[a coconut without any juice inside]
úmang (n)	involved [Akl: daeahig]
úmid [Hil] (ST2)	bonus, increase [in salary]
omínto [Tag] (n)	to resemble on another, be similar
úmling [ka] (RV8)	resemblance, similarity
kaumlíng (n)	to compare
paumlíng (CV)	creek in Libakaw
Umlit (n)	to squeeze in one's hand or fist
úmok (RV1)	fist
inúmok (n)	to subordinate, abnegate oneself [Syn: paíway]
umód [pa] (CV)	to press with one's palm, squeeze into small balls [rice and yeast recipe]
úmoe (RV1)	dirty laundry - [Opp: linabahán]
inúmoe (n)	soiled, dirty [clothes]
umóg (n)	to soil, get dirty [clothing]
umóg (adj)	to suck on, dissolve in the mouth (without swallowing) [as is done to medicine or candy]
úmog (RV1)	to be quenched Nagaúmpaw rang kauháwon kon uminóm it Kóka. / My thirst is quenched if I drink Coca-Cola.
úm-u-m (RV1)	to quench, clear up; cease, recover from Haúmpawán eon rang kalisód. / I have recovered from my hardship.
úmpaw (RV7)	to begin, start, initiate Umpisahí ring obra. / Start your work.
úmpaw (ST5)	start, beginning
umpisá(h) [Sp] (RV3)	to carom, bounce back (or) ricochet
umpisá (n)	to turn on, switch on
úmpok (RV7)	[Common OF verb suffix for future time.] [G. 95][D. 22]
on [Eng]. (RV2)	Dáehon nána ro maléta. / He'll bring the suitcase.
---on (sfx)	[Common adjective suffix showing the quality of a person or thing.] [G. 170-71].
---on (sfx)	Puríon ka baeá? / Aren't you lying?
úna(h) [Sp] (n)	Tawóhon kunó ro káhoy ngará. / They say this tree has spirits in it [is inhabited].
	one sa alá úna / at one o'clock

ina (adj)	first
ina (RV3)	to go first; go ahead; precede [Opp: apas, ulhi] Gin-unahan kami ni Socrátés. / Socrates went ahead of us.
hauna (adj)	first [Alt: nahauna]
panguna (adj)	chief, capital, principal
una' (dec)	there [near the listener, not far from the speaker] [G. 185-87] [Cf: aruna', ruyon, makarón, rikarón, hinduna'] [Cf: iyá, ina' / inhá', idto]
unat (RV1)	to stretch, straighten out; unbend, unknk, uncoil Unáton ko ro alámbré. / I'll unknk the wire.
unát (adj)	stretched, unbent; inflated
Unat (n)	barrio of Ibaday
únda(h) [Oak] (n)	great grandmother. [Cf: ábo']
úndag (RV7)	to be bumpy, bounce; bounce up and down
maúndag (adj)	bumpy, bouncy, jerky
urdihas (RV8)	to almost be together, be near but not exactly in front of or opposite; to not coincide
Undoy (n)	barrio of Ibaday
Úndoy (n)	river in Ibaday
Unidos [Sp] (n)	barrio of Nabas
Unidos (n)	river in Nabas
Unión [Sp] (n)	barrio of Nabas
unlan (n)	pillow, cushion
inlan (n) [idm]	afterbirth, uterine fluids
unò(h) [Sp] (adj)	one, 1 [said with units of money] [Cf: una(h)]- úno singkwénta / one fifty
unod (n)	meat; flesh; muscle
mañod (adj)	fleshy
---ónon (sfx)	[Standard noun or adjective suffix.] [Cf: ---ánon]
unón (n)	kae-an-ónon foodstuffs
unong (RV3)	illegitimate child [gen]; "bastard" [vul] to stand by, be loyal to, stand up for; allege, pledge Unong ko dang kabúhi'. / I pledge my life. Unóngi akó. / Be loyal to me.
unos (RV7)	to be in motion; blow [wind], flow [water]
unót-unót (RV1)	to shred, tear into shreds [Syn: gús-ab]
ónse [Sp] (n)	eleven, 11
inónse [idm] (adj)	fooled, taken in
onsita [Sp] (n)	gold coin(s)
untat (RV6)	to stop, cease
untay (RV1)	to stretch, straighten out, extend [Opp: kungkung]
untay (ST3)	to get uncurled, get unraveled, get stretched
untod [pa] (CV)	to stop, put a stop to

úntog (RV7)	to be windy
maúntog (adj)	windy; [idm] moody, quickly angered [people]
úntoy [Lib][slg] (n)	[derisive name for something unknown but disliked] "that thing"
úntoy (n)	[a pet name for a loved boy] "Boy", "Butch"
únyas [Sp] (n)	[small piece of plastic used in playing a guitar]
ungá' (n)	child; son / daughter
ungá' (RV2)	to give birth [humans only] [Cf: tiyo']
inungá' (n)	child (of)
inungá' (adj)	childish, immature
inunga-án (n)	unwed mother
kaungá-an (n)	childhood; children
paungá' (CV)	to deliver a baby [said of doctor or midwife]
ungáe (RV5)	to cry out; scream
ueungáeon (adj)	hot-headed
paungáe (CV)	to have tantrums, let out a scream
ungás [Tag] (n)	idiot, fool
úngkag (RV3)	to snuff out, put out [a fire]
úngkat (RV1)	to stop, lay off, discontinue
	Manágob-eon, ungkátá ró inyong hámpang ngarón. It's late at night now; stop that playing of yours.
ungód (A. det)	extremely, very much so
	Rondáyang ísda' mabahóe nga ungód. / This fish is extraordinarily large.
úngon (n)	sharp thorn (embedded), splinter
úngon (ST5)	to be pierced by a thorn; get a splinter
	Natúngan akó. / I was pierced by a thorn.
úng-ung (RV1)	to drink from or through a small hole [like drinking the juice out of a coconut]
ungót (RV7)	to be together, be juxtaposed, stick together
paungót (CV)	to attach; stick on/together
op [Eng] (RV2)	to turn off, put out, switch off [Opp: on]
ópa' (RV1) [vul]	to engage in sexual intercourse; "fuck" "screw" [vul]
	[Alt: úpa'] [Syn: ítot, lántot, syápol]
opá(h) (n)	rice husk [Alt: upá]
úpak (n)	skin, peeling [of fruits, vegetables]; rind
úpak (RV3)	to peel, take off (the skin or peeling)
úpas (n)	[the trunk of the banana plant]
úpas [slg] (RV1)	to have sexual intercourse with, "screw"
úpaw (ST3)	to fall out [said of hair]
úpaw [idm] (ST2)	to be flat broke [AE]
operár [Sp] (RV3)	to operate (on)
	Gin-operahán imáw ít apéndiks. / He was operated on for appendicitis.

operasyon [Sp] (n)	operator: disc jockey
operador [Eng] (n)	office [Alt: opisina]
opis [Eng] (n)	[the dried fibers of the bahana trunk] [Cf: úpas]
úpis (n)	office
opisina [Sp] (n)	official
opisyal [Eng] (adj)	official, officer, leader [Akl: punó-an]
opisyal [Sp] (n)	worthless, lousy; good for nothing; a failure
úplot (adj)	[vegetable--white squash] <u>Lagenaria leucantha</u>
ópo (n)	to burn slowly, smolder; be used up slowly
úpod (RV7)	short, shortened [like cigarette butt]
úpod (adj)	to wear away, waste away; use up
upod (RV1)	worn away, used up
upod (adj)	to gather stalks of rice and bundle them together
upóng (RV1)	during the harvest [Syn: ígkos]
oportunidad [Sp] (n)	opportunity, chance
upós (adj) [ST3]	consumed, used up [Cf: óbus]
upós (n)	cigarette butt
opriser [Sp] (RV2)	to offer, expend
ópyo [Sp] (n)	opium; dope, narcotic(s) [Alt: ápyan]
órah (h) [Sp] (n)	auntie; aunt si Ora Belén / Auntie Belén
	[Syn: nánay, nay] [Cf: táta]
oraró (n) [Eng]	[root crop] arrow root. <u>Maranta arundinacea</u> L.
óras [Sp] (n)	[Alt: araró]
	hour; time [Cf: tyempo]
óras (RV3) a	Anóng óras eon? / What time is it [now]?
orasyon (n)	May óras ka? / Do you have some time?
ordin [Sp] (RV3)	to time
	angelus time; 6:00 p.m.
ordinado (adj)	to ordain [to the priesthood]
orden [Sp] (RV1)	Kán-o ro pári' pag-ordin? / When was the priest
ordenar [Sp] (RV1)	ordained?
ordenansa (n)	ordained
ordináryo [Sp] (adj)	to order, command, decree, ordain [Alt: ordenar]
orihinal [Sp] (adj)	to order, command, decree, ordain
orinola [Sp] (n)	ordinance, by-laws
urók (n)	ordinary, common
úrong (RV1)	original
óros [Sp] (n)	urinal, bedpan [Akl: ilihi-án]
Ortega [Sp] (n)	baby pig, piglet
ortilano [Sp] (n)	to stop
	golden "O" [figure on old Spanish playing cards]
	barrio of Libakaw
	gardener

usá(h) [Sp] (n)	deer
úsang (RV1)	to fight, quarrel (with)
úsang [Hi'] (RV1)	to chew, munch (on) [Cf: úsap, supá']
úsap (RV1)	to chew
úsang (RV3)	Usápa it mayáð. / Chew [it] well.
úsgang (S12)	to plop, sit down with force
úsik [Hi'] (RV1)	to slip/fall and land in a sitting position
úsip (RV4)	to waste [Akl: amdít]
osísa' (RV1)	to chew off or suck the meat or fleshy part of fruits around their seeds [such as on santol or kamansi]
	Usípi ro busoe ngarón. / Eat the flesh of this seed
	to investigate, search for, try to find out/discover
	Osisá-a kon sín-o ro tag-ána ku eúgta ngará. /
	Find out who is the owner of this property.
úslog (RV1)	to slip on, put on, wear [a T-shirt]
paúslog (CV)	to slide down
Usman (n)	barrio of Malinaw
úsnót (RV1)	to play like children [Alt: kúsnót]
óso [Sp] (n)	bear
úso(h) [Sp] (n)	use; mode, style, model
paúso-úso (CV)	to introduce a new style
úsok (n)	spine(s) [of bamboo, coral]
usók (n)	pole (of a fence), fencepole [Syn: haligi]
usók-usók (RV7)	to steam, smoke, send off vapor, evaporate
úson (n)	[shrimp--large, fresh-water]
ús-us (RV2)	to lower down; let down; slip down [Cf: aríya(h)]
úsoy (RV1)	to look for, search for, try to find
	Usóya ábi' kon sín imáw. / Go on, try to find out where he is.
	Sín-o ring gina-úsoy? / Whom are you looking for?
úswag (RV2)	to improve, better [Cf: mayáð, ayáð]
kauswágan (n)	improvement, progress, advancement
osyúso [Sp] (adj)	[Syn: kamaeáyan]
uták (n)	malicious, naughty, "gross" [AE, slg]
útan [Hi'] (n)	a blunted knife [used for weeding]
útang	vegetable(s) [Akl: tindea]
útang (RV3)	debt
paútang (n)	to owe to, be indebted to
paútang (CV)	credit
manogpaútang (n)	to lend money, give/extend credit
ueutangán (n)	creditor
kautangán (n)	(one's) creditors [those whom one owes money to]
utás (RV1)	debts, accounts payable
	to slash, cut off [with a blade] [Syn: eántas]

úyaw (n)	soybeans.
útbong (n)	end, tip útbong it siyáw / tip of the knife
utó(h) (n)	the area below a nipa house; basement [FE] [Syn: kádeom, sílong]
útok (n)	brain
utókan (adj)	bright, brainy, intelligent, smart [Syn: maáeam]
útoð (RV1)	to cut into two or more pieces Utá ro tinápay. / Cut the bread.
utód (n)	part [of something], piece [Cf: túnga', pihák]
útoé (n)	tick [blood-sucking bug or parasite]
utóg [vul] (n)	erection [of penis] [stf]; "hard-on" [vul] [Cf: úeag]
utóg (RV7)	to erect, become sexually excited [penis]
makáueútog (adj)	causing one to become sexually excited [men only], "gives [one] a hard-on" [vul]
paútog (CV)	to arouse, cause sexual excitement
útog (ST5)	to be/get sexually excited [gen]; "get turned on" [vul] Gin-úrgan imáw sa pagrománsá. / He was turned on by the love-making.
ófo'-óto' [Tag] (RV1)	to take advantage of, play for a fool, "milk", "suck" [AE, slg] Ayáw akó pagóto'-otóá. / Don't play me for a fool.
oturgár [Sp] (RV3)	to take charge (of), be responsible (for)
utót (n)	flatulence [stf]; bad air [gen]; "fart" [vul]
utót (RV5)	to let some gas [gen]; "blow a fart" [vul]
Ochándo [Sp] (n)	barrio of New Washington /'otsándoh/
otsénta [Sp] (n)	eighty, 80
ótsó [Sp] (n)	eight, 8
owá' (Neg)	"none" "no" "nothing" "do not" "did not" "do(es) not have" [Particle used to negate statements of posses- sion (used with it), or verbs in the present or past time; this particle can also be used indefinitely as in English "no-".] [Oak: waeá']- [G. 195] Owá' akó it reló. / I don't have a wristwatch. Owá' nákon imáw pagbayári. / I did not pay him. Owá' sánda gasínón ádláw. / They don't go to church every day. owát táwo / nobody owát butáng / nothing
waeá' (ST5)	to suffer the loss of, be left without Nawád-an kamít ungá'. / We suffered the loss of a child.
kinawád-on (n)	nothingness; poverty; lack
talimád-on (n)	superstitious beliefs, [Syn: panimád-on]
uwák (n)	[crow]
úwang (RV2)	to cry, howl, screech (about)

uwáw (adj)

uwáy* (n)

úya [Sp] (n)

uyahón (n)

[idm]

uyáng (RV1)

uyáng (ST3)

Uyang (n)

oyapós (n)

uyáw [Lib] (n)

úylog (RV1)

úyo [Sp] (n)

úyon (RV4)

hiliúyon (RV8)

paúyon-úyon (CV)

úyo-úyo. [Bkd] (RV1)

úy-u y (RV6)

"P" /pah/

"F"

pa (Dp)

pa--- (pfx)

Náno ring gina-úwang? / What are you yelling about?
mute, dumb, unable to speak

rattan

(great) grandmother [Syn: únda(h)]

face, looks; one's countenance

madámoe it uyahón / shameless, faceless [some-
one who does not care at all about what people think]

to waste [Syn: amúlit]

to get wasted [Cf: kanúgon]

barrio of Libakaw

abscess; boil [infected skin eruption]

intermittent showers: rain following upon rain and
a let up of rain

to shake, throttle

(great) grandfather [Syn: ábo']

to like, adjust to, react favorably to; conform to,
approve of: be parallel: be agreeable (to)

Ka-úyon ka it dayók? / Do you like salty fish?

Naga-úyon ró línya sa papéi. / The lines on the
paper are parallel.

Nauyonán eon nímó ro tyémpo riyá? / Have you
already adjusted to the weather here?

to conform to, have a consensus

to be agreeable to, be amenable to

to appease, pacify, persuade [Alt: úeo-úeo(h)]

to slump, lean over from lack of strength

The fourteenth letter of the native Aklanon alphabet,
representing the voiceless bilabial stop /p/. [G. 8-9]

The symbol for the voiceless labio-dental fricative.

Most often this sound is reduced to /p/. It is only
used in the spelling of foreign words or names not

yet vernacularized, and is alphabetically reduced
to the position of /p/ in this section.

[Sustaining particle with the sense of English "yet"
or "still".] [G. 201]

Idto pat-á? / Is it still there?

Owá' pa nahumán? / Not yet finished?

[Causative prefix put immediately before the root
word, denoting variously the sense of English "let"
"have" or "make".] [G. 99-105] [D. 26]

Palíngkóra ro bisíta. / Have the visitor sit down.

Pakantáha imáw. / Make her sing.

pa---	(pfx)	[Idiomatic motion prefix, denoting "going towards"]
paKalíbo		to go to Kalibo [G. 92;105]
PaNégros		to go to Negros
pasubá'		to go upstream/upriver
paeapít'		to approach, get/go near
páa (n)		thigh, upper leg
pañhos [Hil] (RV1)		to let go, curb; calm down, let pass Paahósa ring kaákgig. / Curb your temper.
paáman (RV3)		to add to, kick in, give some[thing] extra, throw in Paamáni rang binakáe. / Add something extra to what I bought.
paáman (n)		throw in, extra, kick in, addition(al)
pabflo [Sp] (n)		wick [of candle or lamp]
pábo [Sp] (n)		turkey
pabúkot (RV3)		to cover up the whole body with a blanket [Cf: búkot]
pabriká [Sp] (n)		factory [Syn: almasín]
paká---	(pfx)	[Causative prefix denoting a seeking of or consideration of some quality.] [G. 117, 119; 139]
		pakámatáy suicide
		paká-abó' to consider plenty
		pakábuót to try to be good; seek goodness
paká' (n)		frog; toad
pinaká' (adj)		shaped like a frog [kite]
pák-an (n)		[fish]
pakáw (n)		twisted, deformed (arm)
pakáw (ST4)		to have/get a deformed arm
pákeang (n)		branch [of coconut or banana tree]
pákeos (n)		skin abrasion, scratch
pákeos (ST4)		to get a skin abrasion
pakí---	[Tag] (pfx)	[Verb prefix used in making polite requests to do something on behalf of another; "please"] Pakíbuóe mo ro libro sa lamésa. / Please get the book on the table for me.
pakí' (adj)		lame, crippled
pakí' (ST4)		to be crippled, get lame
pakíg---	(pfx)	[Reciprocal verb prefix denoting mutuality with another person.] [Cf: mákig-, nákgig-] [G. 113]
paádsap [Tag] (n)		a go between [someone who speaks to another on behalf of someone else]
pakipág---	(pfx)	[Reciprocal verb prefix.] [Alt: pakíg-] [G. 113]
		Pakipagkitá-i sánda. / Get them to meet together.
pakis [Tag] (adj)		awkward, unsmooth, out of place, inappropriate [Oak: bikwáeon, salikwáot]
pák-is (RV1)		to peel off, detach; take off [Alt: páksi']

pakisama [Tag] (n)	"PR", ability to make friends and influence people, public relations, "SIR" [Akl: pakig-iba]
paknot (n)	bark [of tree]
paeaknoton (adj)	about to be stripped and made into fibers
pakó(h) (n)	[fern] paco. <u>Athyrium esculentum.</u>
pakoe (n)	[banana--inedible, small]
Pakol (n)	sitio in Madalag
pakón (expr)	"so what?" "what if" [Syn: anó gid]
pak-os (ST3)	to peel off; get scraped off [paint]
pakót (n)	button
pakpak (n)	wing
pakpak [idm] (RV1)	to spank, slap [children]
paeakpak (RV3)	to clap (for), applaud
paeakpakan (n)	applause
paksi (RV1)	to tear out, rip out, detach, take out [Alt: pak-is]
paksiw [Ch] (RV1)	to cook in sugar and vinegar
paksiw (n)	sour meat [usually pork, but sometimes fish or fowl]
pakwan [Tag] (n)	watermelon. <u>Citrullus vulgaris</u> Schraed.
	[Akl: sandiya]
pakyaw (RV1)	to buy in bulk, buy wholesale: to get a flat rate, buy as a group, get a group rate [when hiring vehicles]
	to buy wholesale
pamákyaw (DV)	to talk in one's sleep
padáman (RV5)	to slide down (a tree or pole) [Cf: ús-us]
padilús-us (RV1)	to marry one's younger sister-in-law [after one's wife dies]
padilús-us [idm]	
padér. [Sp] (n)	cement wall
padpad (RV1)	to remove grains from cob/stem [as on corn]
padrón [Sp] (n)	paper pattern (used in making clothing)
padya' [Hil] (n)	prize, reward
padyamas [Eng] (n)	pajamas
paeá-- (pfx)	[Common noun or adjective prefix denoting a fondness for or a continuous repetition of some act.][G. 118-19]
	paeahámbae talkative [G. 171]
	paeakáon always eating
	paeáumog always soiling one's clothes
	paeahílong drunkard, lush
paeá (n)	[ant--very large, red] [Cf: gúyom, tagasaw, bahaw-bahaw]
páea' (RV1)	to erase, wipe out, eliminate
paeá' (n)	eraser
paeáan (n)	bamboo fish trap [set in deep water]
pae-ak (n)	scar
paeakpak (RV3)	to applaud, clap (for)

páead (n)	palm (of hand)
panghimaead (RV3)	to read one's palm, tell one's fortune
pindead (adj) [idm]	lucky, fortunate, blessed with good fortune
manógpanghimaead (n)	fortune teller
paeáð (n)	[fish--thin]
paeág (RV1)	to threaten
paeagiw (RV3)	to run away and hide, avoid
Paeali (n)	barrio of Banga
paealigban (n)	problem, quandary [Cf: libóg]
paeánog (n)	[tall grass--used for making mats]
paeánta' (adv)	seldom, rarely, only every now and then
	[Alt: paeángta'] [Opp: masígin]
paeáng--- (pfx)	[Verb qualifying prefix showing distribution of the action or its direct objects.] [G. 118-19]
	[fish]
paeangán (n)	to be tightly packed together, extremely crowded
paeánghuót (DV)	[Cf: paeáng---, huót].
paeángta' (adv)	seldom, rarely, only every now and then
paeápak (RV3)	to bless by touching with a statuette or holy image
	[Rel: eápak] [Alt: patápak].
paeás (RV1)	to whack, hit (with a pole or stiock) [fruit, in order to knock it out of the trees]
páe-at (RV3)	to be absent; to leave a space [Cf: ueót]
paeáw (RV1)	to lessen, reduce [something]; to placate, calm, "cool down" [a person]
	Paeáwa ring kaákig. / Cool your temper.
páeay (n)	rice (growing in the fields). <u>Oryza sativa</u> .
	rice seeds [freshly harvested, unmilled]
	[Cf: bugás, humáy, kán-on] [many types of rice]
paeáy (n)	bet, wager
paeáy (RV3)	to bet, wager (on) [Cf: pústá']
paeó (n)	[fish]
paeúeos (RV3)	to give way (to), subordinate (oneself), defer (to)
paeong (RV1)	to put out [fire], turn off [light]
	Paeónga ro iwag. / Turn off the light.
paeong (ST3)	to die out [fire]; go out [light]
paeós (RV1)	to untie, unravel
paeós (ST3)	to get loose, fall apart, get untied, get loose.
	Napaeós ro ángang higót. / Its string came apart.
	Napaeós ro daeána'. / The scaffolding fell apart.
páepae (RV1)	to drive in, hammer in (a stake, post)
páepae (n)	post, stake
páepag (RV1)	to hammer [using the broad side of anything, like a rock, piece of metal or wood]

pag---	(fx)	[Common verb prefix used for participle or command forms.] [G. 65, 69; 95] [D. 17-18, 19; 22] Pag-abót nána. . . / When he arrived. . . Paghípos kamó! / Shut up!
pag---	(pf:)	[Noun/prefix denoting some action (generally) or substance (rarely).] [G. 135] pagbása reading pagsueát writing pagkáon food, sustenance
pag---	# (pfx)	[Conditioned verb prefix used in the object or oblique focuses in the forms: <u>pag---a</u> , <u>pag---an</u> , and <u>pag---i</u> to denote past conditioned and in the forms: <u>pag---on</u> , <u>pag---an</u> to denote future conditioned.] Owá' nánda pagbúe-a ro kwárta. / They didn't take the money. Ayáw ánay sánda pagbayári. / Please don't pay them yet. Indi' námon paghueatón ikáw? / Won't we wait for you?
pagá---	# (pfx)	[Future verb prefix referring to a continuing or repeated action in the future or to an action which will be in process at a given time in the future, in the object or oblique focuses, occurring in the forms: <u>pagá---on</u> (OF#1) and <u>pagá---an</u> (OF#3).] Pagakiwá-on do kárneng báboy. / The pork is to be sliced. Pagaharanáhan nánda si Inday. / Inday will be having a serenade from them.
pagátpat	(n)	[tree] <u>Sonneratia caseolaris</u> (Linn.) Engl.
págbo	(n)	beam, girder (supporting roof)
págka---	(pfx)	[Noun prefix denoting a completed action or an achieved state.] [G. 135] págkatáwo character; personality págkamatáy death (past) págkalibre independence (achieved)
págkit	(RV1)	to paste (on)
págkit	(n)	[a code of dash and dots used by gamblers--written secretly on a piece of paper during the course of a game]
págkit	(n)	[the name of a candidate not on a ballot which is to be pasted over someone else's name]
pághid	[Bkd] (RV3)	to rub one's hands on something in order to get dirt off; clean off (by scraping--without water) [Alt: páhid]
pági	(n)	[ray; ray fish]
pág-on	[ma] (adj)	durable, long-lasting [Syn: líg-on] [Opp: huyáng]
págot	(RV5)	to grind one's teeth
pagútput	(RV5)	to let out much air while defecating [gen]; "blow a

	lot of fart [vul]
Pagsánghan (n)	barrio of Banga
págsik]ma[(adj)	active, lively, vigorous, rambunctious
páha(h) [Sp] (n)	belt
páhi [Sp] (n)	secretary to a bishop
páhi' (n) [Bkd]	[large crayfish] [Alt: páyi']
páhid (RV3)	to wipe
pahíd (n)	cloth for wiping
pamáhid' (RV3)	to wipe off, dust
pamahirán (n)	rag, wash rag, wash cloth
pahimúngnan (n)	dwelling, abode; rest house [Cf: himunóng]
pahin'á [Sp] (n)	page
pahira [Sp] (n)	belt loop (on trousers, dress) [Cf: páha(h)]
pahító' (RV3)	to design, put into an artful position
pahító' (n)	means, device, way
páho' (n)	[fruit--small mango] <u>Mangifera altissima</u> Blanco.
pahóg (RV1)	to threaten, scare [Syn: paeág, pahádlok]
pahúway (RV4)	to relax, rest (from)
	Pahuwáyi ring trabáho. / Rest from your labors:
páhpah (n)	foothold, foot rests in tree [used for climbing]
paño-ino (h) (n)	thought, consideration, reckoning
	Nagbáylo daáng paño-ino. / I changed my mind. [AE]
paño-ino (RV1)	to think, consider, reckon
	Paño-inóha it mayad. / Think it over carefully.
painsigan (n)	competition, contest, each to his own
painsigan (RV4)	to compete, contest (with), have each to his own
paintapóe [Nab] (n)	syllabification [Cf: tapóe]
paintapóe (RV1)	to spell [something--syllable by syllable]
	[Cf: bináto / letter by letter; koridas / entire word]
páisa (RV1)	to make a dessert of ground rice
pináís (n)	[ground rice dessert]
paít (RV7)	to become bitter, get acrid
kapait (n)	bitterness
mapait (adj)	bitter, acrid
papaít (CV)	to embitter, make bitter
paísti-ísti [Sp] (CV)	to feign dislike [act like one does not care, when in reality the person is very excited or involved]
pála(h) [Sp] (n)	shovel
palá' (adj)	flatnosed, flat (nose, face) [Syn: pán;-ae]
palabás [Tag] (n)	show, performance [Akd: pagguwá']
palabás [slg] (RV5)	to "put on a show", "act", "show off" [AE]
	[Syn: pasíkat]
palábi-lábi(h) (CV)	to act proud, be pretentious, act as if one were better than everyone else [Cf: eabí]

palabi-labihon (adj)	proud, pretentious, overbearing, haughty
palamán [Tag] (n)	filling; filler [in pies, rolls]; spread [for sandwich]
palánsa(h) [Sp] (n)	iron, clothesiron
palánsa (RV1)	to iron (out)
palángga' (n)	favorite, pet, one cherished above the others [Cf: ángga'] [Syn: paráyaw]
palángga' (RV1)	to favor, cherish, love more than others
palanggána [Sp] (n)	wash basin, tub
palápong (adv)	foolishly done, silly
palápong (RV3)	to do by guesswork
palásyo [Sp] (n)	palace
Palay (n)	barrio of Batan [Cf: páeay]
pálhi (adj)	shy, easily embarrassed
	pálhi nga ogáli' / shy manners
pálhi [sup] (adj)	inhabited with evil spirits, enchanted
	pálhi nga lugar / enchanted place
pálhit (RV3)	to spread, smear
pamáhit [Nab] (n)	fine brush (camel-hair); [anything used for spreading or smearing--butterknife, stick, etc.]
palibánaw (RV3)	to wash (hands, feet)
panlibánaw (DV)	to wash off (one's hands or feet)
	* Panlibánwi ring sikí. / Wash off your feet.
panlibánwan (n)	wash basin, bowl [for washing]
pálik (n)	fin [of fish]
palikíro [Sp] (n)	playboy, lover-boy, "Romeo" [AE, sig]
pálik-pálik (n)	shoulder blade(s)
pálid (ST3)	to get blown away by the wind [Syn: ápok]
papálid (CV)	to winnow, separate the grain from the chaff in wind
pálid-pálid (n)	[fish]
paligos (RV5)	to take a bath, bathe; to go swimming [AE, idm]
paealigósan (n)	bathroom; place for bathing
pamaligos (n)	way of taking a bath
palihóg-[Hif] (expr)	"please" [Cf: lihóg] [Cf: ábi', ánay]
	[Akl: kon saráng, kon pwéde] [Cf: pangabáy]
palimúgmug (RV2)	to gargle [something]
palis (n)	nose ring
palis (RV3)	to put on a nose ring
pál-it (n)	scar, bald spot (on head)
pál-it [sig] (adj)	miserly, stingy, "penny-pinching"
palíta [Sp] (n)	trowel
palitáda (n)	plaster
palitó(h) [Sp] (n)	stick, match (stick), toothpick [Cf: pospuró]
palíyo-líyo(h) (RV6)	to walk in order to forget one's worries, take a stroll [Cf: líyong]

paliyo-liyo [idm] (RV1)	to fool, cheat, "take for a ride" [AE, sig] Ayaw tang pagpaliyo-liyoha. / Don't take me for a ride.
pallo(h) [Sp] (n)	pole (for a sail)
paló'-paló' [slg] (adj)	stubborn, block-headed; ridiculous, foolish
palosápis (n)	[tree] <u>Anisoptera thurifera</u> . [Cf: dagangkahoy]
palotsina [Sp] (n)	[shrub--bean] <u>Cassia alata</u> L.
palsipikár [Sp] (RV1)	to falsify, forge Ayaw pagpalsipikahá ro ánang píрма. / Don't forge his signature.
palsipikádo (adj)	forged, falsified
palsipikadór (n)	forger, falsifier
pálta [Sp] (n)	absence [Syn: páe-at]
pálta (RV6)	to be absent; falter, waver
páltak (RV1)	to chop (off); circumcise
páltak (adj)	severed, chopped off; circumcised [penis]
páltik (adj)	crazy
páltik (n)	[home-made gun--for only one bullet]
páltos (adj)	inaccurate, wrong, false; failed [Cf: páe-os]
palyár [Sp] (RV7)	to break down, stall, fail to function. [Syn: abiriyá]
pamaeahúba (RV3)	to extend an insincere invitation (to); to invite--but only out of politeness, halfheartedly
pamaeándong (RV1)	to take into consideration, consider Pamaeandong, ro ánang mga mayád nga búhat kimo. / Consider all the fine things he's done for you.
pamaeó' (RV5)	to crow [rooster]
pamáhaw (n)	breakfast; merrienda [FE], snack [AE] [Cf: báhaw]
pamáhaw (RV1)	to have a snack; eat breakfast [AE]
papamáhaw (CV)	to treat to a snack, give breakfast to
pám-an (Qp)	why? for what reason? wherefore? [Alt: háman]
pám-at (Qp)	"Why..." Pám-at indi'? / Why not?
pamasók [sup] (RV4)	to curse, bewitch with a disease wherein pieces of wood or stone are found in the body, accompanied by great pain [usually inflicted by offended spirits] [Cf: búbut (cure for such affliction)] [Cf: dasók] Bási' ka hipamáskan. / You might be cursed.
paminta [Sp] (n)	pepper [plant]. <u>Piper nigrum</u> . [Alt: pamyénta] pepper [spice]
pamisók (RV5)	to wink [one eye], blink [both eyes] [Cf: pilók]
pamitlángan [Nap] (n)	phonemics [linguistic term]
pámpam [vul] (n)	whore, prostitute, harlot, B-girl [Syn: álpot, púta]
Pampángo (n)	barrio of Libakaw
pamyénta [Sp] (n)	black pepper; pepper [spice; plant] <u>Piper nigrum</u> .
paná' (n)	bow [and arrow]

paná' (RV1)	to shoot with bow [and arrow]
pamaná' [Bkd]'(DV)	to go hunting, hunt down
panáad (RV3)	to vow; promise (for/about)
	Panaári ring uná' kay San Vicénte agód magmayád. / Make a vow to Saint Vincent so that your child will get better.
panákea' (RV5)	to cluck one's tongue [to show regret at some loss, waste, or tragedy] [Cf: sáyang, kanúgon]
panákot (n)	spice(s), seasoning(s) [Rel: híkot] [Cf: tímpla(h)]
panákot (RV3)	to season, put spice (into)
panaeabítón (n)	saying, proverb, maxim [Cf: hinabít]
panaeangín (n)	prayer for deliverance from some evil
panagítón (RV5)	to swallow [saliva--as normally done every minute or so] [Cf: tucón]
panahón [Tag] (n)	time; season; climate [Syn: tyémpo; óras]
panalisík (RV7)	to shower, rain lightly [Syn: ásaw-ásaw]
panalíthi (RV7)	to shower, rain lightly [Syn: panalisík]
panámkón (RV2)	to conceive (of)
	Ginpanámkón ni María si Jesús. / Jesus was con- ceived by Mary.
panámkón [sup] (RV3)	to conceive (by), influence the birth [belief that a woman can deliver a child with the traits of someone she observed, touched or thought about while preg- nant]; to crave (strange foods/things) [as generally occurs with pregnant women]
panampuáy (RV6)	to rest one's head (on one's hands)
panápton (n)	textile(s), cloth, material [Syn: téla] [Cf: dápat]
pánas (RV1)	to erase, eliminate [Syn: páea']
pánas (ST3)	to disappear, wear away, get worn away
panás (adj)	worn out, erased, eliminated, eaten away
panáw (RV4)	to go on foot, walk; leave, depart, go [Cf: lárga]
	Mapánaw eon akó. [idm] / I'm going now. [idm]
	Mapánaw kitá o masakáy? / Shall we walk or ride? [someplace to go]
panáwan (n)	May panáwan ka? / Do you have to go somewhere?
Panáy (n)	Panay Island [Oak: Madyás]
Panayakan (n)	barrio of Tangalan
pánday (n)	carpenter; smith, blacksmith
pamánday (n)	carpentry
pamánday (DV)	to work as a carpenter/blacksmith
pandáyan (n)	carpentry shop
pandisál [Sp] (n)	bun, roll, bread
panadéro (n)	baker
panaderiya (n)	bakery

pan de-létsi (n)	bread, bun [milk bread]
pándong (n)	awning; provisional shelter (from the rain)
pándong (RV4)	to shelter
pánhay [Oak] (adj)	level, plained
pánhay (n)	level land, plain (according to [Nab] the origin of the name of the island of Panay)
pánid (n)	page, sheet of paper [Alt: páng]
pánig (n)	page, sheet of paper
panigbató(h) (RV1)	to spell (out)
pan(hóe) (n)	whistle, whistling (with lips) [Cf: pito(h)]
panihóe (RV3)	to whistle (at), call by whistling
paniid (RV3)	to peep (at), watch, observe secretly [Cf: kngling] Ginpanid-an ko imáw. / I observed him secretly.
pinanifran (n)	breeding, upbringing; observation(s)
[idm]	mayád nga pinanifran / good breeding
	owát pinanifran / without breeding
panimáho' (RV7)	to begin to smell [Cf: báho']
panimáho' (RV3)	to sniff, smell out [like a dog]
paníng--- (pfx)	[Distributive verb qualifying prefix.] [G. 117-18]
	panimuót attitude
	panimaeáy household
Paningayan (n)	barrio of Madalag
Panipyáson (n)	barrio of Madalag
pánit (n)	skin, flesh
pánit (RV3)	to peel off, skin
panit (n)	[fish]
panit-anánon (n)	[type of bolo--named after Panit-an, Capiz]
pán-o(h) (RV3)	to note, notice, observe, regard [Cf: alipáno] Owá' akó kapáñ-o. / I didn't notice. sa ákong hapan-óhan / from what I was able to note
panúbli' (RV1)	to inherit
panublí-on (n)	inheritance
panueáy (n)	evil spirits [Syn: maligno]
panugáñgan (n)	parent(s)-in-law; mother-in-law / father-in-law
panóng (n)	group, bunch
panúok (n)	buttocks
panupáng (RV6)	to mature physically [signalled in girls by enlarging of the breasts; in boys by enlarging of the penis and testicles, changing of the voice and a hardening of the breast area]
panúpod (RV2)	to distribute, hand out
panpanó (n)	[fish] [Alt: pampanó]
pánsir [Eng] (n)	puncher [tool used to punch holes]
pánsit [Ch] (n)	soup and noodles [lumi, molo, luglug, etc.]

pantalán (n)	wharf, dock, harbor, pier
pantalón [Sp] (n)	trousers, pants [Syn: saéwae]
pantálya [Sp] (n)	hanging lamp
pántat (n)	[mud fish]
pántaw (n)	open air kitchen [for washing dishes], scullery
pánti (n)	fish net [made of abaca or other strong fibers]
pánti [Eng] (n)	panty [ladies underwear]
pántok (n)	beak [of fowl]
pántyon [Sp] (n)	tomb, mausoleum
pányo' [Sp] (n)	handkerchief, hanky
pang--- (pfx)	[Distributive verb prefix.] [G. 106-08] [D. 27]
	pangasáwa to court and marry
	pánufilay to comb one's hair
	pangita' to earn a living
pang -- (pfx)	[Common distributive noun prefix.] [G. 135]
	pamánday carpentry
	panimba church-going, worship
	panámgo dreaming
pang--- (pfx)	[Common noun prefix showing an instrument or the particular use of something.] [G. 137]
	panglimpyo something used for cleaning
	pañgeamíg something worn for cold weather
	panigarilyo money to buy cigarettes with
pánga--- (pfx)	[Distributive verb and noun prefix.] [G. 136]
	pangabúhi' living; life
	pangabúdlay hardships
	pangalisód difficulties
pangá (n)	hook (for getting fruits) [Cf: kuhít]
pangabáy (RV1)	to request, ask a favor (from)
páng-ae (adj)	flat-nosed; flat (face/nose) [Syn: palá']
pangaeákman (RV1)	to accept, take advantage of, make something of [Cf: eákman] [Syn: panghimueós]
pangaeáw (n)	offering, something given
pangaeáw (RV2)	to offer, extend, donate
pangagád (DV)	to help out/work for one's parents-in-law to be [one of the ways to win their daughter's hand and to assure them of one's good faith and one's abilities]
pangáman (RV4)	to plan ahead, look ahead
	Pangamáni ro imong kaúlihanan. / Plan ahead for your future.
pangamúyo' (RV2)	to pray (for), plead
pangamúyo' (n)	prayer, plea
pangánay (adj)	first [born; to do] [Cf: anay]
	Pangánay imáw nga abogado sa Akeán. / He was

panganinaw (RV3)	Aklan's lawyer:
panganod (n)	to observe, note
pangaw (ST2)	cloud [cirrus]
pangdan (n)	to be checked, stopped, prevented; disappointed
panggae (n)	[tree, fruit] <u>Pandanus tectorius</u> .
pamanggae (RV5)	trap (for crabs)
panghak (adj) [n]	to trap crabs, set crab traps
panghake (RV5)	untidy, messy, sloppy; a poor housekeeper
panghayhay (RV5)	to sigh (due to distress, misery) [Cf: panghayhay]
panghilingsing (RV3)	to sigh [Cf: hay] (due to boredom, tiredness)
panghimaea' [Oak] (n)	to take off the small twigs from a big branch, to strip the twigs from a branch [Cf: salingsing]
panghimaead (RV3)	dowry [Alt: pahimaea']
panghugot (RV5)	to tell one's fortune, read one's palm [Cf: paead]
panghuy-ab (RV5)	to commit suicide [Cf: hugot] [Syn: pakamatay]
pangí' (RV1) [Oak]	to yawn
pangimon (RV3)	to reprimand, scold [Cf: pangaw]
panginhás (RV5)	to be possessive (of), jealously protect, keep for oneself [Cf: imon]
panginhason (n)	to gather shells (or) mollusks
pangipad (RV5)	mollusks, shells [generic term]
paeangpad (RV8)	to flap, flutter (wings)
pangit [Tag] (adj)	to fly away in numbers
pang-it (RV1)	ugly [Akl: maeaw-ay] [Opp: sadya']
Pangitan (n)	to bite off [when a blade is not available for cutting]
Pangitan (n)	barrio of Madalag
panglikigyan (ST2)	creek in Madalag
	to get goose bumps, have one's hair stand on end
	Ginpanglikigyan ako pagkabañi' ko nahatabó'. / I got goosebumps when I heard what happened.
	[Alt: panglikidyan]
pangwpa'd (RV5)	to shed (shell or skin--like a snake or crab)
	[Syn: eunó(h)]
pang-os (RV1)	to chew on/bite off sugar cane
pangot (RV1)	to bite [Syn: angkit] Ayaw pagpangta. / Don't bite.
pangutó (RV3)	to service [intercourse of chickens]
	Hapangutwan kaina da ámong mús-an. / Our hen was serviced a while ago.
pangóy (RV6)	to flap around (a fish in shallow water)
pangpang (n)	bank (of river); shoreline [Cf: bí-bi', baybay]
paumod [Hil] (RV5)	to subordinate, defer (to), put oneself below another
mapainumoron (adj)	[Opp: palabi-labi(h)] [Syn: paeúeos]
paón (n) [RV3]	submissive, humble, deferential
	bait (for fishing) [to bait, put on bait]

pápa [Sp] (n)	pope
pápá [Sp] (n)	daddy, papa, father
pa-pá' (RV1)	to chew thoroughly [Syn: supá'] [Cf: úsap]
pápag (n)	small bamboo platform (bed, table, shelf, floor)
papíl [Sp] (n)	paper; piece of paper
páplis (n)	papers; information; official forms
papsikól [Eng] (n)	popsicle [Cor: pepsikál, pepsikáp]
pára [Sp] (prep)	for, on behalf of [used with referent forms]
	pára kimo / for you
	pára-sa mga ungá' / for children
pára (h) [Sp] (RV1)	to stop, halt, bring to a stop [Akl: dúeog]
pára (RV6)	to stop, come to a stop
parabíl [Sp] (conj)	before [Akl: bágo]
	Parabíl imáw magbása hay kumáon ány. / He ate first before he read.
parabír [Sp.cor] (conj)	before [Akl: bágo] [Syn: ántis] [Alt: parabíl]
parák (n)	cake [of sugar, soap]
parák (RV1)	to make into cakes
parakóe (n)	axe
parakóe (RV1)	to chop, hack (with an axe)
paráda (h) [Sp] (n)	parade, procession
paráda (RV8)	to parade; march; walk by (in numbers)
parág (RV6)	to stamp/stomp one's foot on the floor (in order to scare someone) [Cf: paeág]
paráise [Sp] (n)	Paradise, Utopia, Heaven [Syn: eángit]
paralá' [Sp] (n)	aluminum foil; colored foil
paráw (n)	sailboat
paráyaw (n)	favorite, pet, one's favored child (or) friend
paráyaw (RV1)	to favor, love above the others [Cf: dáyaw]
parka (h) [Sp] (n)	additional siding on a boat
parka (RV4)	to put additional siding (on a boat)
páre [Sp] (n)	[Cf: kompádre]
páre (expr)	"buddy" "friend" "fella" [term of address among men]
pári' (n) [Sp]	priest
pari-ánon (adj)	priestlike [actions, talk]
pinári' (RV5)	to act like a priest; talk like a priest
pinari' [idm] (RV5)	to try to convince people of things that actually are not true; to fool, deceive
pariha [Sp] (n)	pair, partner(s); escort
	Sín-o ring paríha hindúna'? / Who will be your partner later on?
pariha (REL. v)	to be partners
parihas [Sp] (adj)	similar, same, just like; equal [Akl: kamána]

	Parihas kimo imaw. / He is just like you.
pariho [Sp] (adj)	similar, same; equal
pariho (REL. v)	to be related, share similarities
paeariho (RV8)	to be the same
puepariho (adj)	somewhat similar, a little like, somewhat the same
kapariho (n)	peer, an equal, confrere, colleague
parilya [Sp] (n)	wire barbeque spit
parinháyť [Eng] (n)	Fahrenheit [degrees of temperature, heat or cold]
parentisis [Eng] (n)	parenthesis [punctuation marks]
parúko [Sp] (adj)	parish, parochial
kúra parúko (n)	parish priest
parúkyá (n)	parish
parukyáno [Sp] (n)	customer [Syn: súki']
paróe [Sp] (n)	Christmas star; Christmas lantern
paróla [Sp] (n)	light house
paró-paró [Tag] (n)	butterfly [Akl: alibángbang]
pársnip [Eng] (n)	parsnip. <u>Pastinaca sativa.</u>
párti [Eng] (n)	party [Akl: kalipáyan, katipon]
párti (RV5)	to throw a party
párti [Sp] (prep)	about, concerning [Akl: hanungód]
párte [Sp] (n)	part, section [Akl: hueáy]
párte (h) [Sp] (RV2)	to report
partída (h) [Sp] (RV1)	to purchase goods wholesale [Cf: pákvaw]. [Opp: aminúdo / retail purchase]
pamartída (DV)	to buy wholesale, purchase wholesale
partída (CV)	to sell goods on a wholesale basis
partído [Sp] (n)	party [political]
kapartído (n)	co-party member [Alt: isigkapartído]
sangkapartído (adj)	members of the same party
paryénte [Sp] (n)	relative(s) [Akl: igbatá']
paryénte (REL. v)	to be related
makiparyénte (adj)	"a family man" [AE], fond of one's relatives
pása (h) (RV1)	to pass (around)
pasadór [Sp] (n)	cloth used for moistening clothes (before beginning to iron)
pasadór (RV4)	to moisten clothes before ironing them
pasaeárgan (RV3)	to "get around to" [AE, idm], to give attention to [something- if one has enough time]
pasaeárgan (n)	attention, chance to do something
pasaguyód (RV1)	to assimilate (into); drag into [Cf: gúyod]
pasaguyód [idm] (RV3)	to-play a glissando (or) run [on the piano]
pasáhi (h) [Sp] (n)	fare
pamasáhi (n)	(used for) fare
pasahíro (n)	passenger

pasahí (RV5)	to want to be treated exceptionally/as exceptional; to "climb on the band wagon" [AE, idm]
pinasahí (adj)	rare, exceptional
pasamáno [Sp] (n)	window sill, sill
pás-an (RV1)	to carry on one's shoulder
paas-ánan (n)	pole used to carry things on one's shoulder
paas-ánon (n)	problems, worries
pasáng-pásang (n)	crotch (of trousers)
pasar [Sp] (RV5)	to pass (an exam); go on to the next grade, pass
pasádo (adj)	passed, passing
pásas [Sp] (n)	raisin(s)
pasáw (n)	[shrub] <u>Corchorus olitorius</u> .
pás-ay (RV1)	to eat rice without any other food [Opp: eúneun]
pasáya (n)	[shrimp--small] [Cf: batód, hípon, mayós, ueáng, salindeang, súgpo', tapukáe]
pasgaw (n)	cold water
pási (n)	unhusked, unshelled rice (found among husked clean grains); spikelet (grain of rice still on the head)
pasí--- (pfx)	[Causative and distributive verb-qualifier.] [G. 118-19]. pasilabót to be a busy-body
pasikat [Tag] (adj)	showy, proud, acting above one's status/position
pasikat (CV)	to show off
pasilabót (RV3)	to pry into another's affairs, mind someone else's business; "stick one's nose into" [Cf: eábot]
pasilyo [Sp] (n)	hallway
pasénsya (h) [Sp] (n)	forgiveness, patience, forbearance, tolerance
pasénsya (RV1)	to forgive; be patient with, tolerate [Akl: patáwad] Pasensyáha akó. / Forgive me.
mapinasensyáhon (adj)	forgiving, patient, tolerant
pasingsá (RV3)	to eavesdrop, listen in on another conversation
pasipáea (RV3)	to curse, revile; use bad words (against), call names Ginpasipád-an si Juan. / John was reviled.
pásmá (h) [sup] (ST2)	to get sick due to a sudden change in temperature [like ironing and then washing one's hands in cold water], or due to trapped body heat. [Belief in pasma is not necessarily superstitious, but often the folk tradition carries it into that area--like forbidding one to take a bath a night, getting wet after being exposed to sunlight, bending or stretching certain parts of the body, etc.]
pasáto (adj)	sickly, weak and trembling, rheumatic
páso (ST2)	to get burned
pasó (ST2)	burn [wound]
pasó (ST3)	to miss, pass, exceed [the necessary score in card]

pasók (n)	games like "Blackjack" and "Lucky Nine"
pasdebo' [idm] (RV5)	bamboo container, vessel [for liquids]
pasol [Eng] (n)	to drink an alcoholic beverage during a hangover (in the belief that one can cure the hangover)
pasunáid (RV2)	puzzle
pasong (n)	to make a comparison, compare, judge, see the similarities
pasongán (n)	cavan [unit of dry measure equalling 25 gantas, approximately 50 kilos in weight]
paspas (RV3)	trough [tray for feeding animals]
paspas (adj)	to hurry up, speed up, go faster
pásta [Sp] (n)	fast, quick, hurried; rash, too quick
pásta(h) (RV3)	shoe polish
pásta [Sp] (n)	to apply shoe polish
pásta(h) (RV3)	filling, tooth enamel
pásyar [Sp] (RV6)	to fill a tooth, fill a cavity
pamásyar (RV4)	to stroll around, wander about
pamasyarán (n)	to visit; stroll over (to)
páta [Sp] (n)	place to visit
paták [Tag] (n)	[Filipino menu made from legs, tails, and/or ears, of cattle.]
patakarón (adj)	drip, drop [Akl: túeo']
patáktak (OV)	ascending, rising; steep [Opp: paeusón][Cf: tukád]
patáktak it búkbuk [idm] (n) / "open-house" "house warming"	to let drop, drop, let fall [Cf: táktak]
pataeágob (RV3) [vul]	to reveal one's genitals, expose oneself indecently
pátay (n)	wide open field; level surface, platform
patág-awayán (n)	battiefield [Cf: áway]
patáni' (n)	lima bean. <u>Phaseolus lunatus</u> L.
pátas [Sp] (adj)	even, equal, no win--no lose
pátas (RV1)	to even out, tie; settle
patátas [Sp] (n)	potato. <u>Solanum tuberosum</u> .
pátaw (n)	stew [solid matter in a soup/broth preparation]
patáy (RV1)	Maháe pa ro sabáw ku sa pátaw. / The soup is worth more than the stew. [Aklanon maxim]
patáy (n)	to kill [person; animal]; put out, turn off, "kill" [a light] Pátaya ro kánding. / Kill the goat.
patáy-pátay (adj)	Pátaya ro iwág. [idm] / Turn off the light. corpse, dead person [Cf: matáy]
pamatáy (DV)	"dead", poor, slim, inadequate, lousy
pátan (n)	patáy-pátay nga pangíta' / a meager livelihood patáy-pátay nga párti / a "dead" party
	to slaughter, kill off, exterminate (in great numbers)
	end of sugar cane [which is planted]

páti(h) (RV1)	to believe
páti (RV1)	Patni akó. / Believe me.
mapáti-patihon (adj)	to believe and obey, follow [Syn: sunód]
patí' (conj)	gullible, "easily taken in", believes anything also, including, as well as
	Iyá ra amá, patí' ra iná. / His father as well as his mother is here.
patik (n)	beat, rhythm, count [in music]; drumstick
pátik (RV1)	to beat out [time, drum]; tap, count time
patikásog (RV1)	to strive, attempt, try one's best; to take the respon- sibility upon oneself
patigsáea (CV)	to go one by one, do one by one, to have each do his/ her own [Cf: isacá]
patilya [Sp] (n)	sideburn
Fatimá [Sp] (n)	barrio of New Washington
Fatimá (n)	Our Lady of Fatima [image or statue]
pát-in [Oak] (n)	kind, sort [Syn: klási(h)]
pát-in (n)	marker, bookmark
pát-in (RV3)	to mark, put a (book)mark into
pating (n)	[shark]
patís (n)	[seasoning made from fish oils and salt]
patítaw (n)	[bird] [Alt: pitpítaw]
pátlod (RV2)	to send off, accompany (to a point of departure) [as at a funeral: or accompanying a person to the air- port or harbor] [Cf: hatód]
	[Alt: pátnog]
pátnod (n)	[celebration held on the third day after the burial-- because the dead are believed to come back on the third day]
pátnog (n)	vowel [Ctr: patunóg] [Opp: kátnog, katunog]
patnóg [Nab] (n)	[duck--large, white]
páto [Sp] (n)	to nod, doze off, fall asleep while sitting
patúka' (RV6)	consideration
patugsiling (n)	to consider, be considerate of
patugsiling (RV3)	Patugsilingi ring isigkatáwo. / Be considerate of your fellowmen.
mapinatugsilingon (adj)	considerate, thoughtful
pátula [Sp] (n)	[vegetable] patola: <u>Luffa acutangula</u> (L.) Roxb.
pátpat (n)	split bar:boo, bamboo stick (or) rod
patról [Eng] (n)	patrol
pátron [Sp] (n)	patron, sponsor; patron saint
pátsi [Eng] (n)	patch, bandage
pátyo [Sp] (n)	cemetery; patio
páwa' [Tag] (adj)	enlightened; lit-up [Akl: hayág]

kapáwa' (n)	light; enlightenment
Pawa (n)	sitio in Nabas
páwi' (ST3) [Hil]	to get/be lost [Akl: dnea', wasí]
pawíkan (n)	[large sea turtle]
páwod (n)	nipa shingle, nipa roofing
páwpaw (RV5) [Ch]	[to play a game which uses hand signals, much like "scissors, stone and paper"]
páya' (RV1)	to lay (or) put down gently [usually said of putting a baby to sleep or into bed]
payá(h) (RV1)	to bluff, mislead
payá' (n)	coconut shell
payá' (n)	[gambling game--wherein two coins are spun and then covered with a hat or coconut shell]
payág (n)	shanty, shack, small house
payág-payág (n)	shanty, very small house
payáw (n)	[herb--medicinal] <u>Homalomena philippinensis</u>
payáw-payáw (n)	[grass]
páyi' (n)	[large crayfish]
páyntri [Eng] (n)	pine tree
páyo' [Tag] (RV3)	to advise, give advice to [Akl: eáygay]
páyok (RV3)	to extract milk from shredded coconut meat [by pressing]
pináyok (n)	coconut milk [FE] [the white sticky, oily substance obtained from shredded coconut meat]
páyong (n)	umbrella
páyong (RV4)	to shelter with an umbrella
payó'-payó' [vul] (RV6)	to move the midsection up and down, back and forth [as in intercourse]
payós (adj)	flat, shapeless, formless
páypay (RV1)	to beckon (to), call over (by waving one's hands)
piáno [Sp] (n)	piano
piang-piang [Hil] (RV6)	to limp slightly, hobble, be lame [Akl: páki'-páki']
Pebrero [Sp] (n)	February
pikas [Sp] (n)	freckle(s)
piking (ST4)	to get a cramp or charliehorse
pikit (RV7)	to be tight, get tight(er) or (more) crowded
mapikit (adj)	tight, tight-fitting, form-fitting [Opp: haeugá']
piklat (n)	scar, mark left by a healed wound
píknik [Eng] (n)	picnic, outing [Syn: ikskársyon]
píknit (RV1)	to pick up (with fingers) [Cf: hákop / grab (hand)]
mapíknit (adj)	easily picked up with one's fingers
píko [Sp] (n)	mattock, hoe
pikón (adj)	sensitive, poor sport, easily angered, can't be joked with. [Cf: ugót]

pikot (RV1)	to force someone to marry
pagpikot (CV)	to be forced to marry someone, be a victim of a "shotgun" [AE] or "bolo" [FE] wedding
pikoy a)	[parrot] [Syn: lóro]
pikpik (RV1)	to pat with one's hand [Cf: pihpih]
piktos (RV1)	to flick [a marble--as in a game]
pedal [Sp] (n)	pedal [of bicycle]
pèderdás [Eng] (n)	feather duster
pipeg [Bkd] (RV1)	to hammer out, flatten (with hammer) [Alt: pilpig]
pigar [Sp] (RV3)	to prevent, hold back, keep from [Syn: háwid] Ayaw akó pagpigahi. / Don't hold me back.
pigaw]ma[(adj)	weak, cannot hold up much weight [Opp: tútom]
[idm]	mapigaw it kabubút-on / easily swayed, weak-willed, "wishy-washy" [AE, slg]
pighoe (n)	large lump of cold rice
pigit (RV1)	to squeeze, press, compress [Alt: pidlit]
pigit (ST3)	to get pinned, pinched, compressed (under/between)
pig-od (RV1)	to make brief, shorten [in time]
mapig-od (adj)	short, brief [Cf: tag-od / short (length)]
pigpig (RV1)	to hammer out, flatten out [Syn: púepog, pilpig]
pigtot (n)	tail bone, coccyx [Cf: igót]
pihak (RV1)	to cut into two equal parts, halve [Syn: tunga']
pihak (n)	the other side; half sa pihak it bakid / on the other side of the mountain
pihakán (adj)	uneven-sized, one is larger than the other
pihit]ma[(adj)	having a full-bodied flavor [foods]; precise, to the point [speaker, speech]
pihit (adj)	stammering, stuttering [Syn: eampita']
pihpih (RV1)	to whisk away, drive away (with one's hand)
pih (RV1)	to make flat, flatten, press down [like one's nose when pressed against a pane of glass]
pih' (adj)	flat, small and flat [seed]
pila [Sp] (n)	welt [on horse]; bed sore [on patient]
pila(h) (RV1)	to line up Piláha sánda. / Line them up.
pila (n)	line, a long line [of people] May pila sa sinéhan. / There's a long line [waiting] at the movie theater.
pilá (Qp)	how much? [money], how many? [in quantity]
	Pilá ro alimángo? / How much do the crabs cost?
	Pilá ka alimángo ra gintaó? / How many crabs did he give?
piláng bilog (Qp)	how many?
piláng ka [idm]	some, a few Nalla' imáw maghámbae it piláng ka bisáea kimo. / He'd like to have a few words with you.
owá' kapilahí [idm]	it didn't take long, it wasn't long
sa kapilahán [idm]	eventually, ultimately, in the long run [sa kabuháyan]

pilá' (n)	saliva [Cf: panagiton]
pilá' (RV3)	to spit (on/at)
pamíá' (DV)	Pil-i ro áyam ngató. / Spit on that dog.
pilák (n)	to be in the habit of spitting
pilákan (adj)	silver; wealth
pilák (RV2)	wealthy, well-to-do
pilagó' (n)	to throw away, discard [Cf: habóy, tsa(h)]
pilahón (n)	[bird]
pilápil (n)	crown of chicken or rooster
pili(h) (n)	dike, embankment [used to keep water in the rice field; also used as pathway through ricelands]
pili' (RV1)	pili nut. <u>Canarium luzonicum</u> (Blume) A. Gray and <u>Canarium ovatum</u> Engl.
pili' (RV3)	to select, choose, pick (out)
mapili' (adj)	to take out any bad or ruined grains (from rice pile)
pilili-án (n)	choosy, selective, "spoiled" [AE, slg]
pinili-an (n)	election(s); choosing
nahapili-án (adj)	leftovers [after others have taken the best][Cf: salín]
pelíkula [Sp] (n)	select, selected, chosen, elected
pilik-pilik (RV1)	film [shown at movie theater], movie
peligro [Sp] (n)	to shake (off) [like a dog shaking of water]
peligrósa (adj)	danger
peligróso (adj)	dangerous [female]
pilipig [Hil] (n)	dangerous [male]
Pilipinas [Sp] (n)	pounded cooked rice [Akl: limbok] [Alt: pinipig]
Pilipino (n)	the Republic of the Philippines; the Philippines
Pilipina (n)	the Philippine national language [based on Tagalog]
Pilipino (n)	a Filipina [female]
pilipinhon (adj)	a Filipino [male]
pilips [Eng] (n)	typically Filipino [referring to traditions, ways]
Feliciáno [Sp] (n)	a Philips screwdriver [Cf: distarníyadór]
pilit (RV1)	barrio of Balete' /pelisyáñoh/
pilit (n)	to force, compel, insist (on)
pilit (RV1)	glue, paste
piliw-piliw (n)	to glue, stick together, fasten with paste
pilo (ST2)	Pilita ron. / Glue it on.
piló' (n)	very top [of tree, mountain] [Syn: alipungto, tingov-tingoy] [Cf: ibabaw, kaibabádwán]
piló' (RV1)	to be overshadowed, to be "cowed (by)" [AE]
pilók (n)	fold, bend, crease; hem [of dress]; percent, time(s)
piláka [Sp] (n)	tátlong piló' / 300%, threefold
	to fold, bend, crease
	eyelash
	part. (of one's hair)

pilokbanóg (n)	[bird]
pilón [Sp] (n)	large lump of unrefined sugar
pilós [Sp] (n)	velvet
pilosopiya [Sp] (n)	philosophy; sophism
pilosopó (n)	philosopher [FE], sophist, rationalizer [a person who is flippant and uses involved, specious reasoning]
pinilósopo (RV5)	to use sophistries; use involved, specious reasoning
piláto [Sp] (n)	pilot
pilpig (RV1)	to flatten out, hammer out [Alt: píepig, pígpig]
pilyo [Sp] (adj)	naughty, mischievous, prankish [Syn: sutil]
pimbrera [Sp] (n)	food container set; lunch box
pimpong [Eng] (n)	ping-pong, table tennis [also (RV5)]
pína--- (pfx)	[Past or perfective causative prefix.] [G. 118-19; 139] Pinaádto imáw ni Nánay na. / His mother made him go.
péna(h) [Sp] (n)	pinahueasan / fruit of one's labor
péna (RV3)	punishment, sentence, penalty
pinaká--- (pfx)	to punish, penalize [Syn: silot] [Standard adjective prefix denoting the superlative degree; "considered as the ---est"] [G. 174, 180] Pinakamanggaranon imáw sa bánwa. / He is considered the richest man in town.
Pinamuk-an (n)	barrio of New Washington
pináng--- (pfx)	[Intensive distributive prefix.] [G. 118-19] Nagpinangasáwa imáw. / He was continually trying to get married.
Pinangod (n)	sitio in Madalag
Pinatwad (n)	barrio of Nabas
pinaw-pinaw (adj)	hazy, not clear (due to distance), vague
pindiho(h) [Sp] (n)	cuckold, [husband of a woman who bears another man's child], man with an unfaithful wife
pindiho (RV1)	to cuckold, play with another man's wife, be father of another's son
manogpindiho (n)	adulterer [man who plays with another's wife]
pindot [Tag] (RV1)	to push (with one's finger) [Akl: túslok]
penikula [Sp. cor] (n)	movie, film [Alt: pelikula]
pinitinsyd [Sp] (RV6)	to do penance, suffer [Syn: pangalisód]
pfnlod (n)	small log
pino(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to smooth out, plane
mapiro (adj)	fine, smooth; refined
pampino (n)	plane [tool used for planing or smoothing]
Pinunoy (n)	barrio of Libakaw
pinoy (n)	Filipino [nickname]
pinsa(h) [Eng. cor] (n)	fence (around basement or lower area of house)

pínsan (adj) [adv]	altogether, simultaneous, all at once
pínsan (RV1)	to do all at once, do together
pínsil (n)	small paint brush
pínsò' (n)	bun, chignon
pínsyon [Sp] (n)	pension
pínsyonádo (n)	pensioner
pínta(h) [Sp] (n)	paint
pínta (RV3)	to paint, color
píntor (n)	painter
pínta(h) [Sp] (RV3)	to feel with one's finger [like a blind person] Ayaw pagpintahí ro píntas. // Don't feel the tiles. [said in mahjong game]
píntae (RV1)	to put weight on, weight down
píntae (n)	paper weight; weight
píntas (RV3)	to treat cruelly, be brutal (with), brutalize, be mean
mapíntas (adj)	outrageous, savage, mean, brutal
píntok [slg] (n)	peepee, wiener [child's term for penis] [Syn: pitóy]
pinya [Sp] (n)	pineapple [fruit, fiber] <u>Ananas comosus</u> (L.) Merr.
pinyón [Sp] (n)	[vine--used as purgative] <u>Quisqualis indica</u> .
pingás (n)	chip, small portion [off of something]
pingás (RV1)	to chip, break a small piece off (of)
pingkaw (RV1)	to snatch (daintily with fingers); pickpocket
pamingkaw (DV)	to be a pickpocket; pickpocket
pinggan (n)	plate, dish
pinggan-pinggan (n)	[flower--used to treat diabetes] <u>Catharanthus roseus</u> . [Cf: malapinggan]
ping-it (RV1)	to whimper, complain tearfully, cry for, whine
pioe (RV1)	to arm wrestle
píos (n)	transparent shell [used for windows] [Cf: kápis-kápis]
piot (RV1)	to make close, put close together, crowd together
mapiot (adj)	crowded, tight [Opp: haegá']
pí-pí' (RV1)	to pat (with one's hands)
pipíno (n)	cucumber. <u>Cucumis sativas</u> L.
piráw-piráw (RV7)	to flicker [like a candle in the wind]
pírkal [Eng] (n)	percale (cloth)
pérde(h) [Sp] (adj)	lost [game, luck] Pérde ka. / You lose.
pérde (RV1)	to lose, take the consequences; sacrifice
Niño Perdído (n)	the Lost Child [Jesus, when lost in the temple]
pirdigónis [Sp] (n)	pellet(s), ammunition for air rifle
perdonáryo [Sp] (n)	problem child, "black sheep" [AE, idm]
pírente [Sp] (n)	front [Akl: atubádnang, atubang] [Alt: prénte]
piríto(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to fry [Sp: fríto] [Alt: príto(h)]
pérlas [Sp] (n)	pearl(s)

pirma(h) [Sp] (n)	signature
pirma (RV3)	to sign
permanente [Sp] (adj)	permanent [Alt: permanente]
permanente [Sp] (adj)	permanent, continual [Opp: úman-úman]
pérmi(h) [Sp] (adv)	always, often, frequently, many times [Syn: masig, masúnun]
pérmi (RV1)	to frequent, do often, always do
permiso [Sp] (n)	permission [Akl: sugót]
pérno [Sp] (n)	bolt
péro [Sp] (conj)	but, however [Akl: ápang]
pirot (RV7)	to be heavy, half-closed [said of eyelids]
pírpilya [Sp] (n)	small intestine
pírса(h) [Sp] (n)	force, strength, energy [Sp: fuerza] [Akl: gahóm]
pamírса (RV6)	to get strong(er), gather strength; recuperate
persónа [Sp] (n)	person [usually referring to one of the three persons in God, otherwise "táwo" is used for people]
péryódikó [Sp] (n)	newspaper; periodical
pisak (RV3)	to put a block (or) shim into [something--in order to make it fit snugly]
pisak (n)	shim, block (or) stick inserted to make a perfect fit
pesár [Sp] (RV1)	to weigh; buy copra
pesador (n)	copra dealer; copra buyer
pisára [Sp] (n)	blackboard
piskal [Sp] (n)	Fiscal [FE], Public Prosecutor [AE]
pisik (RV3)	to splatter, fly off in all directions
pisítas [Sp] (n)	twenty centavos
mamisítas (adv)	at twenty cents apiece
pislit (RV1)	to squeeze with finger
pisngi (n)	cheek
pisngo' (RV5)	to sob
pisо [Sp] (n)	peso
pisos (n)	peso [Alt: piso] pisos lang / just one peso
mamisо (adv)	at one peso apiece
pisók (n)	wink
pamisók (RV5)	to wink
pisoe (RV1)	to massage (with one's finger)
pisong (n)	steep decline; gully
pisót [slg] (n)	"peepee", "weenie" [baby talk for penis] [Cf: píntok]
pisután (n)	[shellfish] [clam]
pispis (n)	bird [generic term]
[slg-vul]	pispis nga manabát eupád / "call-girl" (a low-flying bird)
písta [Sp] (n)	fiesta, holiday, holyday
pamísta (RV5)	to attend a fiesta, celebrate a holiday

písti(h) [Sp] (n)	Namísta kamí sa Lézo. / We went to the Lezo fiesta.
písti (expr)	plague
tigpílisti (n)	"Darn it!"
piták (n)	epidemic, time of plague
piták (RV1)	granary, warehouse (for grain) [Cf: tambóbo]
pitad (RV1)	to store grain, put grain in a warehouse
pitaw (n)	to expose, spread out
pitbong (n)	[bird] [Alt: pitpitaw]
pitbong [Bkd] (RV5)	[a Japanese mortar (gun)]
piti(h) (RV1)	to play hide and seek [Alt: bong]
piti (n)	to twist around to make thread, entwine
pitik (RV1)	very thin kind of rope
pitik (n)	to flick (with one's finger)
pitik (n)	flick of one's finger
pamitik (DV)	line [usually made by flicking a taut piece of string coated with red or dye]
pititaw [Bkd] (n)	to flick one's finger [often, as a habit]
pitiw (n)	[bird] [Alt: pitpitaw]
pitiw (n)	fine thread, smooth thread
pito [Sp] (n)	[game--played with two sticks, wherein one stick is flicked and the opponent must catch it in flight]
pító(h) (RV3)	whistle [instrument blown] [Cf: panihóe]
pitó (n)	to blow a whistle, whistle (to)
pitó(h) (RV1)	seven, 7
ikapitó (adj)	to raise (or) lower to seven, make seven (out of)
tigpitó (adv)	the seventh
pitúgo [Sp] (n)	seven by seven, seven at a time
pitóy [slg] (n)	cycas. [palm] <u>Cycas rumphii</u>
pitpitaw (n)	"peepee", "weenie" [child's term for penis]
pitromaks [Eng] (n)	[bird]
pítsa(h) [Sp] (n)	petromax, kerosene lantern
pítsa [Eng] (n)	date, day [of month] [Cf: adlaw / day (of week)]
pítsas [Sp] (n)	Anóng pítsaha makarón? / What date is it today?
pítsay [Ch] (n)	Pítsa dos it Enéro. / January second.
pítsil [Eng] (n)	pizza, Italian-American pasta
piyák (n)	piece [as in mahjong], tile(s); gambling money
piyágot (n)	pechal [vegetable]. <u>Brassica pekinensis</u> Rupr.
piyánsa(h) [Sp] (RV3)	pitcher [container for liquids]
piyánsa (n)	[tree]
piyadór (n)	[fish]
piyangák (RV5)	to bail out of jail
	bail
	guarantor; guarantee [Cf: piyár]
	to yelp (cry of a dog when hurt)

piyápi (n)

[tree--found in mangroves, used for firewood]
Avicennia officinalis L.

piyár [Sp] (RV3)

to trust, put confidence (in), guaranteed
guarantor

piyadór (n)

laborer, helper, worker

piyón [Sp] (n)

to work (with), help out (on)

piyón (RV5)

piyong (RV1)

to close (one's eyes) [Opp: mukeat]

piyongán (n)

[any type of bamboo which has thick walls but a thin
or small inner cavity]

piyo-piyo (adj)

low in status; outshined, outdone [Syn: pilo]

pláka [Sp] (n)

phonograph record; license plate; photographic
plate (or) negative

plamingko [Sp] (n)

pickaxe, pick

planita [Sp] (n)

planet

plán [Sp] (n)

plan

pláno(h) (RV1)

to plan (out)

planúdo [Sp] (adj)

plain, level

plánsa [Sp] (n)

iron, clothesiron, flatiron

plánsa(h) (RV1)

to iron (clothes)

plansadora (n)

ironing lady

planggána [Sp] (n)

basin, wash tub

plas [Eng] (conj)

plus [used in addition] [Akl: ag]

plása [Sp] (n)

plaza

plása [Oak, Sp] (n)

vacancy owát plása / no vacancy

pláslayt [Eng] (n)

flashlight

plat [Eng] (n)

flat (tire)

plat (ST5)

to have a flat tire

Naplatán kami sa Balete'. / We got a flat tire in
Balete'.

plátap [Eng] (n)

flattop [haircut] [Syn: alpunsino]

platéro [Sp] (n)

jeweler

platito [Sp] (n)

saucer, small plate [Cf: pláto]

pláto [Sp] (n)

plate [Akl: pinggan]

pláywod [Eng] (n)

plywood

plíti [Sp] (n)

fare, charge, rental [Syn: pasáhi(h)]

pamilíti (n)

money used for fare (or) rent

plíti(h) (RV3)

to pay the fare, rent (or) charge(s)

pléyboy [Eng] (n)

playboy [Syn: palikíro]

plúma [Sp] (n)

pen, quill, ink pen

plúral [Eng] (adj)

plural(ity)

ploréra [Sp] (n)

flower vase; powder bowl

plórwaks [Eng] (n)

floor wax

púas (RV6)

to become clear [said of weather]; to become opti-
mistic [after some dark days]

puása (n)	fasting; abstinence
puása (RV5)	to fast and/or abstain (from)
publikár [Sp] (RV2)	to publish [Akl: bantála']
publikó [Sp] (n)	public, the people
publisár [Sp.cor] (RV2)	to publish [Alt: publikár]
póbre [Sp] (adj)	poor
póbre (n)	the poor, the underprivileged
puká(h) (RV3)	to stay up late at night, "burn the midnight oil" [AE] [Syn: pueaw]
puká' (RV6)	to go up for air [like a fish getting oxygen]
púkan [Hil] (ST2)	to stumble, tumble [Akl: túmba(h), dúsmo']
pukán (RV1)	to cut down a tree
púkaw (RV1)	to awaken, wake, wake up [someone]
pamúkaw (n)	serenade; alarm clock
púkeo [vul] (n)	mons veneris [stf]; fleshy mound [gen]
púklid (RV1)	to topple over/down
púknit (RV1)	to separate, pick up with one's fingers [Cf: piknit]
pukó (RV1)	to hold back, restrain [Opp: búhi'] [Syn: háwid] Púkwa imáw. / Hold him back.
pukó' [Akl] (n)	[disease] smallpox.
pukó' [Hil] (n)	[disease] syphilis.
púkoe (RV5)	to play a game with sand balls (or) coconuts
pukóe (n)	[trap made from thorns--to catch birds or bats]
púkon (RV8)	to group together
pokáyong [Bkd] (RV6)	to be still, be motionless, to not move [Opp: húeag] [Syn: him-ong, himunóng]
púkpuk (RV1)	to pound, knock, bang [Syn: túktuk]
podér [Sp] (n)	position, power, authority
púdlos (n)	whip [small twig--for spanking children]
púdlos (RV1)	to whip, spank
púdlos (RV6)	to get free, slip out/away, escape
púdpud (RV1)	to refine, granulate, crush into small particles, pulverize [sugar]
púdyot (RV1)	to pick up, get (with fingers) [Cf: kím-ing, piknit]
púdyot (n)	dash. [the amount one can get with one's fingers]
Púdyot (n)	barrio of Tangalan
pueá(h) (RV5)	to become red (or) reddish
kapueá (n)	red [including magenta and dark orange]
mapueá (adj)	red, reddish
papueá (CV)	to redden, make red
pueánhon (adj)	redskinned, belonging to the red race
pueábaság (n)	[chicken] [Cf: manók]
pueáw (RV6)	to stay up late at night, go to bed late [Cf: bueaw] [Syn: puká(h)] [Cf: manágob]

pueáwan (n)	[aroid--starchy foodstuff] <u>Cyrtosperma merkusii</u> .
púeo (n)	handle of bolo
púeo' (n)	unit of ten(s)
napúeo' (n)	ten, 10
NUMBERS SUGGESTED BY DR. NABOR	
daypúeo'	twenty, 20
tatpúeo'	thirty, 30
appúeo'	forty, 40
limpúeo'	fifty, 50
ampúeo'	sixty, 60
pitpúeo'	seventy, 70
waepúeo'	eighty, 80
syampúeo'	ninty, 90
pueó' (n)	island [Syn: Isla]
Pueó' (n)	barrio of Banga [Alt: Puló']
púeok (RV6)	to fight [said of game cocks]
papúeok (CV)	to fight, make a cock fight [against another]
Pueokati (n)	barrio of Banga
púeog [Bkd] (RV1)	to plate jewelry
púeon (n)	spool, spindle [of thread]
púeon (RV1)	to spindle [thread]
púeon [mali] (adj)	circular, round [Syn: malibúnog]
pueoputó (n)	[the small bunch of bananas at the end of the branch]
pueós (n)	use, worth
kapuslánan (n)	worth, value, usefulness
himueós (RV3)	to use, make use (of), take advantage (of)
panghimueós (RV3)	to take advantage (of), make the best (of)
[idm]	Panghimúsi imaw. / Take advantage of him.
owát pueós (idm)	panghimueós nga owát báeos / abuse, taking advantage of [without any sign of repayment or gratitude]
púeot (RV1)	worthless, lousy, good for nothing
pamúeot (RV1)	to bend down and pick up
pueót (n)	to bend down and pick up [many things]
púeoy (n)	sticky sap, syrup
púepue (RV3)	[fish--long]
púepog (RV1)	to put medicinal herbs on a wound [Syn: támpoe]
púeta(h) [Sp] (n)	to hammer, pound [Cf: púkpuk]
púetáhan (n)	doorway [Alt: púérta] [Cf: sará, sirá]
púga' (RV3)	doorway, entrance (or) exit
púgad (n)	to wring out, squeeze [to get out excess water]
púgad (RV5)	[Cf: eubag]
pugarán (n)	nest
	to nestle, be in the nest
	nest, nesting place

púgday (ST3)	to fall down/apart [like a pile of sand or grain], to collapse
púgo (RV1)	to gather, collect, take in/tp Púgwa ro binún-ag. / Gather the dried grain.
púgo' (n)	quail [bird--brown]
pugó (RV3)	to give [an animal] to someone else to take care of; let raise (or) rear Púgwí ro báboy kay Mariáno. / Give the pig to Mariano to take care of.
pugón [Sp] (n)	stove
pugonfro (n)	stove keeper
púgong (RV3)	to stop [something], control [oneself], curb, "cool" Púnggi imáw. / Stop him. Ginpúnggan ko raáng kahídlaw. / I curbed my desire.
púgtos (RV6)	to try to get away from those holding one, to fight back, struggle to get free
puhoeán (n)	[part of plow's harness]
púhpuh (RV1)	to collect, gather together
Puís (n)	barrio of New Washington
pul [Eng] (n)	pool [game]
pul (RV5)	to play pool
púlan (n)	pool parlor; place for playing pool
pul [Eng] (n)	pull, influence [Syn: kápit] May pul imáw. / He has influence [with important people].
pulborá [Sp] (n)	gun powder
púlbos [Sp] (n)	powder, face powder, baby powder
pulgáda [Sp] (n)	inch
pulgadéra (n)	folding ruler [carpenter's tool]
Fulgéncio Norte (n)	barrio of Balete' [old name: Morthon]
Fulgéncio Sur (n)	barrio of Balete' /pulhínsyoh/
pulido [Sp] (adj)	satisfactory, well done, meticulous [work]
púling (ST4)	to get something in one's eye, get blinded (with for- eign elements in the eye) [disease] nasal polyp; adenoids.
polipó [Sp] (n)	foolish [Akl: kumangón] [Syn: lóko]
púlis [Eng] (n)	police(man), cop [AE, slg]
polisíya [Sp] (n)	police (man; force) [Sp: policia]
púlmon [Sp] (n)	lung [Akl: bága']
pulmoniya (n)	pneumonia
pólo [Eng] (n)	polo shirt; any loosefitting shirt
Puló' (n)	barrio of Banga
Puló' (n)	barrio of Ibajay
Puló' (n)	barrio of New Washington

puló [Tag] (n)	island [Akl: pucó'] [Syn: isla]
polúbi [Tag] (n)	beggar [Akl: manógpakalimós]
púlóng [Hil] (n)	word, term [Akl: bisáea]
mamumúlong (n)	preacher, lecturer, missionary
pulós [Sp] (adj)	entirely, all, complete(ly), only [also (A. det)] Pulós magdeang ro sa bináyli kabfi. / Everyone at the dance last night was elderly.
pulsiras [Sp] (n)	bracelet [Alt: punsiras]
púlso [Sp] (n)	pulse, measurement of heartbeat
panghimúlso(h) (RV3)	to take someone's pulse
poltiro [Sp: cor] (n)	porter, caretaker, janitor [Alt: portéro]
pomáda [Sp] (n)	pomade, hair conditioner (or) oil
pomáda(h) (RV3)	to put pomade in one's hair
Pumaláylay (n)	river bordering Madalag and Libakaw; also a sitio
pumueño' (n)	settlers, inhabitants; dwellers, residents [Cf: puyó']
púna' (RV3)	to mend, patch [a fish net] Puná-i ro ádong eáya. / Mend our fish nets.
púna' (n)	paragraph [grammatical term]
puná' (n)	area, section [of land]; chapter [of a book]
púnaw (ST4)	to have fear of heights, have acrophobia, get dizzy
púnay (n)	[bird--type of dove]
pond [Eng] (n)	pond, small lake [Akl: danáw] [Syn: lagúna]
púnda(h) [Sp] (n)	pillow case
púndo(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to stop [working, moving]; stop off at
púndo(h) [Sp] (n)	capital, fund
púndo (RV3)	to put up the capital (for)
puní(h) (n)	decoration(s)
puní (RV3)	to decorate
[idm]	puní-púni it hámbae / flowery speech
punirárya [Sp] (n)	hearse, funeral wagon; funeral parlor
puníti(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to box, fight with fists
púno' (n)	tree, trunk (of tree); base, bottom; beginning, start sa púnot káhoy / at the base of the tree [Opp: púnta(h), alipúngto, tngoy-tngoy]
pamúno' (RV3)	to lead, start out first
púno' (n)	leader, head
puno-an (n)	leader; leadership [Alt: pinúno']
punó (adj)	full
punó' (RV1)	to fill (up) Pún-a ro bóti. / Fill the bottle up.
púnong (n)	fishpond [Syn: tángki(h)]
punót (n)	bamboo fish trap (for sea fishing) [Syn: paeá-an]
púnpun (RV1)	to gather (together) [Syn: típon] [Opp: eághit]
punsiras [Sp: cor] (n)	bracelet
púnson [Sp] (n)	ice pick, sharp pick

pánsyon [Sp] (n)	wedding, wedding feast [Syn: kasáde]
pánta(h) (n)	point, end [top part] [Opp: páno'] halín sa páno' hásta sa pánta / from the bottom to the top [FE], from top to bottom [AE]
pánto [Sp] (n)	accent, foreign intonation May pántong binisayá' ro ánang Tagáeog. / His Tagalog has a Visayan accent.
pánto [Sp] (n)	period [punctuation mark]
pántong kóma (n)	semicolon [punctuation mark]
pántong sunód (n)	ellipsis [punctuation-mark]
pántos [Sp] (n)	point(s), count, score Pilá ro pántos? / What's the score?
pungá(h) (RV1)	to talk with a nasal sound; nasalize stem [of fruits]
pungángo (n)	to choke, gasp for breath
pungá'-pungá' (RV5)	unsteady, weak, unstable
pungáy [ma] (adj)	mapungáy it mata / "dreamy-eyed" [said of a woman making a pass at a man].
[idm]	
pungko' [Hil] (RV4)	to sit down [Syn: língkod]
pungkoe (adj)	cut, severed [appendage] [Syn: putóe]
punggod (n)	pimple
pungí's (RV1)	to tear off; to chip off a little bit (of)
pungó (n)	[fruit--nipa]
pungód (RV3)	to stop (up) [the flow of water]
pungpung (RV1)	to bundle (up)
pungpung (n)	bundle
pungsood [Oak] (n)	place, location [Syn: líhan]
pungyot (n)	cluster of fruits [such as grapes], bunch
Póok (n)	barrio of Kalibo
púod (RV3)	to limit, inhibit, control [oneself] [Syn: púgong]
púot (ST4)	to have a stuffed nose, be unable to breathe through one's nose
pópa [Sp] (n)	stern, poop [of ship] [Alt: uln] [Opp: dúeong, prówa]
pó-po' (RV1)	to gather, harvest [fruits]
púpod [Bkd] (n)	palay (rice) stored away for future use
púrga(h) [Sp] (n)	purgative, laxative, cathartic
púrga (RV1)	to give a purgative (to)
púrgáda [Sp. cor] (n)	inch [Alt: pulgáda]
púri(h) [Tag] (RV1)	to speak well of, honor, praise [Akl: dáyaw] [Opp: súra(h)]
púril [Sp] (n)	lie, deceit
púril (RV3)	to lie, deceive
púrlon (adj) [n]	deceitful, lying; a liar
pórma(h) [Sp] (n)	form, mold; handwriting [Syn: hórma(h)]

páro [Sp] (adj)	pure; total(ly), altogether [Syn: pulós]
púrong-púrong (RV3)	to crown; put on one's head
porpúlyo [Eng] (n)	portfolio, briefcase
púrpur [Eng] (adj) [slg]	beyond repair, lousy (automobile) [from the "Ford four" which was the worst kind of automobile]
porsinto [Sp] (n)	percent [Cf: túbo', píló']
porsinto(h) (RV3)	to profit from, get a percentage
portéro [Sp] (n)	porter; cemetery guard, caretaker
pusá' (RV1)	to break "Ayáw pagpús-a ron, may pueós pa. / Don't break that, it still has some use [left].
pusá' (adj) [ST3]	broken
pús-ang (RV2)	to drop, throw down carelessly
pósas [Sp] (n)	handcuffs
pús-aw (RV7)	to fade, die out [said of colors]
mapús-aw (adj)	faded; pastel
púsdak (RV2)	to stomp, bang (one's feet)
pusil [Sp] (n)	rifle, shotgun [Cf: baril]
pusil (RV1)	to shoot (with rifle or shotgun)
púsing [Eng] (n)	pose, position [for a picture]
posisyon [Sp] (n)	position, condition, placement; status
pusit [Tag] (n)	squid [Akl: edkos]
púslí' [slg] (adj)	worthless, lousy [Syn: bulók]
púslit (RV7)	to splurt, gush (out) [Cf: púswak]
púnga(h) (RV2)	to snort, blow air through one's nose
púso' (n)	banana flower, banana heart
tagipusó-on (n)	heart [Hil: kásing-kásing]
púsođ (n)	navel, belly button
pusóg-pusogán (n)	calf (of leg)
púsong (n)	lie, "story" [Cf: púril]
púsong (RV1)	to lie, tell stories, "pull someone's leg" [AE, slg]
púspas (n)	porridge
pospuró [Sp] (n)	match box, matches [Cf: palito]
púspus (RV3)	to beat, hit
pústa' [Sp] (RV2)	to bet, wager (on)
póste [Sp] (n)	post, pole
postiso [Sp] (n)	false teeth
postmaster [Eng] (n)	postmaster
postópis [Eng] (n)	post office
postúra [Sp] (adj)	elegant, well-dressed, well-groomed [Akl: madayáw]
pústri [Sp] (n)	[dessert]
pústri [Sp.cor] (n)	pole, post [Alt: póste]
púswak (RV7)	to gush out, burst out [said of liquids] [Cf: púslit]
púta, [Sp][vul] (n)	whore, prostitute, "B-girl", "bitch" [Syn: álpot]
púta' (RV1)	to select, pick out one by one [Syn: píli']

potáhi [Sp] (n)	au, preparation(s), food served
pútat (n)	[fruit, tree] <u>Barringtonia acemosa</u>
putáy [vul] (n)	vagina [stf]; female organ [gen]; "curt" [vul]
	[Syn: púyas, saempakan, bilát, tuhók]
puti(h) (adj)	blunted [knife with broken point]
puti' (RV6)	to become white(r)
kaputi' (n)	whiteness
maputi' (adj)	white
papúti' (C /)	to whiten, make white
púti' [ma] [Hil] (adj)	pure, clean, chaste, unblemished
púto (n)	rice bread
púto (ST3) [idm]	to be all sold out; be bankrupt
putó. (RV7)	to tangle (up) [said of threads]
putóe (adj)	short, brief; trimmed, clipped; cut off, amputated
putóe (RV1)	to shorten, clip off; amputate
	Púti ro saéwae. / Shorten the trousers.
potúra [Sp] (n)	future [Syn: hin-ága]
putós (RV1)	to wrap up
	Púston ko ro regalo? / Shall I wrap up the gift?
putós. (n)	wrapper, wrapping (paper)
pútot (RV3)	to entangle (when fighting), lock together
putót [slg] (adj)	short, little, small, runt
pútput (RV7)	to putt [make the sound of a slow engine]
putyókan (n)	[honey bee]
pútyong. (n) [RV1]	bundle; [to bundle up, gather into a bundle]
púwak (n)	throat
puyás [vul] (n)	vagina [stf]; female organ [gen]; "twat" [vul]
púyo (n)	small sack/bag (closed with a string)
puyó. (n)	[mud fish]
puyó' (RV4)	to live (at), dwell (in) [Syn: éstár]
pumueyo' (n)	dweller, inhabitant; settler(s)
puey-anan (n)	residence, dwelling, abode
púyos (RV3)	to put together in one place [like money into a hanky]
púyoy (n)	[fish]
púypuy [ma] (adj)	tired, sore, numb (muscles)
Pransya (n)	France
Pransis (n)	Frenchman
prángka(h) [Sp] (RV1, 3)	to be frank (with), speak openly (to)
	.Prangkahá eági akó agód owát gamó-gámo sa umán.
	/ Be frank with me from the beginning so that there
	won't be any argument next time.
prásko [Sp] (n)	four-cornered bottle (or) jar
príma [Sp] (adj)	first [Cf: priméro]
primárya [Sp] (n)	primary [electric line]; elementary [school]

primera [Sp] (n)	first gear [Cf: segunda, tercera, cuarta]
primero [Sp] (adj)	first
prima (n)	first cousin [female]
primo (n)	first cousin [male]
premyo [Sp] (n)	reward, prize, premium
premyo(h) (RV3)	to give a prize (to)
prenda(h) [Sp] (RV2)	to pawn [Syn: sangla]
prendahan (n)	pawnshop
prendado (adj)	pawned
préno(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to brake, stop, put on the brakes
préno (n)	brake
prinsipal [Eng] (n)	director, principal, dean
prénte [Sp] (n)	front
preparar [Sp] (RV1)	to prepare, get ready [Akl: pahom]
preparado (adj)	prepared, ready, all set
présko [Sp] (adj)	fresh, refreshing, pleasant; rude, impolite [person]
[idm]	préskong táwo / a fresh (or) rude person
presidente [Sp] (n)	president
presentar [Sp] (RV2)	to present, introduce
presentado (adj)	willing, always volunteering; presented
préso(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to imprison, put into prison (or) jail
presohan (n)	prison, jail
préso (n)	prisoner
préyo [Sp] (n)	price, value, worth
príto(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to fry [Alt: piríto(h)]
problema [Sp] (n)	problem
problema(h) (ST5)	to have problems Naproblemahan-akó. / I've got problems.
programa [Sp] (n)	program [Syn: palabás, paguwá]
prohéktó [Sp] (n)	project [Alt: proyékto]
promisa [Sp] (n)	promise [Cf: tóg-an]
promisa(h) (RV3)	to promise (to) Promisáhi akó ku ímong únong. / Promise me your loyalty.
pronómbre [Sp] (n)	pronoun [grammatical term]
propesor [Sp] (n)	professor, teacher
propéta [Sp] (n)	prophet, soothsayer
prosésyon [Sp] (n)	procession
prosésyon (RV6)	to go with a procession, enter a procession
prútas [Sp] (n)	fruit(s) [already picked] [Syn: búnga]
protésta(h) [Sp] (RV3)	to protest, complain (about)
protésta (n)	(written) protest
protestante [Sp] (n)	Protestant [member of any of the Protestant religions]

prówa [Sp] (n)
proyéкто [Sp] (n)
pwéde [Sp] (adj)
pwéde (V. det)

pwéra [Sp] (conj)
pwérsa [Sp] (n)
pamwérsa (RV6)
pwersádo (adj)
pwértá [Sp] (n)
pwertáhan (n)
pwésto [Sp] (n)
pyésas [Sp] (n)

prow, bow, front of boat [Akl: dúeong][Opp: pópa]
project
possible, qualified, eligible
can/could; possible, possibly, may [permission]
Pwéde nga kami mag-áto? / May we go?
except, outside of [Akl: liwan]
force, power, strength [Akl: kdsog, gahóm]
to exert an effort, use one's strength
forceful, powerful, strong
doorway [Cf: sará, sirá]
doorway, entrance / exit
post, duty, position
spare part(s), piece(s), part(s)

"R" /rah/

The fifteenth letter of the native Aklanon alphabet, representing the voiced alveolar flap /r/, though sometimes pronounced as a trill /r/. Most words beginning in "R", other than demonstratives, deictics and markers, are borrowings from other languages. [G. 21-22]. In those cases where Aklanon has alternate forms in "D" or "R" for markers and other function words, prestige [or formal] Aklanon tends to favor the "R" form [e. g. "ro" tends to be preferred to "do", "rikará" to "dikará", and so on].

ra- (Tm) (A/pro)

his/her [serving in topic position] [Ctr: ro ána nga]
Ra ánwang habalígya' eon. / His carabao is already sold.

ra (T/dem)

this [near the speaker] [Ctr: ráya] [G. 161]
Anó ra? / What's this?

raáng (Tm) (A/pro)

my [serving in topic position] [Ctr: ro ákon nga]
Raáng asáwa gapaariya. / My wife is on her way here.

rabanós [Sp] (n)

radish. Raphanus sativós L. [Alt: labanós]
violin

rabil (n)

racket [swindling]

rákit [Eng] (n)

to swindle, fool into a deal

rákit (RV1)

rákit [Eng] (n)

racket [for tennis]

ráket [Eng] (n)

rocket, spaceship

radár [Eng] (n)

radar

rádyá (n)

rajah, ruler [from Sanscrit language]

rádyo [Sp] (n)

radio

radyopóno [Sp] (n)

radio-phonograph

rágid [Eng] (adj)

informal, rugged [in dress]; ragged

rágid (RV5)

to wear informal (or) rugged-looking clothing

pangrágid (n)	informal clothing, rugged-looking clothing
áha [Sp] (n)	big firewood, logs
rahítas (n)	small pieces of firewood
ramáag (n)	[tiny "glow-worms" on seaweed]
rambután (n)	[fruit] <u>Nephelium lappaceum</u> L.
ramí (n)	[fibers woven into cloth] <u>Boehmeria nivea</u> L.
ramilád (n)	[tree] <u>Sterculia foetida</u> L.
rámos [Sp] (n)	palm leaf, palm frond [Akl: eukáy, lukáy]
Dominggo de Rámos (n)	Palm Sunday [the Sunday before Easter]
raná' (T/dem)	that [near listener, far from speaker] [G.161] [Alt: ranhá']
ranhá' (T/dem)	that [near listener, far from speaker] [G: 161] Owá' akó kasáyod kon sín-o ranhá'. / I don't know who that is.
ránsyo [Sp] (adj)	spoiled, rotten, rancid [Akl: bán-os]
ránsyo (RV7)	to spoil, rot, go bad/sour, become rancid Bási' maránsyo ro gátas. / The milk may go bad.
rántso [Sp] (n)	ranch
rang (Tm) (A/pro)	my [serving in topic position] [Ctr: ro ákon nga]
rángko (n) [Sp]	rank, position
rápols [Eng] (n)	ruffles
rasón [Sp] (n)	reason
rasónabli (adj)	reasonable, within reason
ráspa (h) [Sp] (RV3)	to scrape off the pubic hair [usually before deliver- ing a baby]
raspadór [Sp] (n)	jack plane [carpenter's tool]
rásyon (n)	ration; share
ratán (n)	rattan [vine] [Syn: uwáy]
rató (T/dem)	that [yonder, far away from speaker and listener] [G. 161] Imong mánghod rató? / Was that your young- er-brother?
ratón (n)	white mouse/mice
ráya (T/dem)	this [near speaker] [G. 161] Imo ráya? / Is this yours?
ráya-ráya [Sp] (n)	stripe(s)
ráyna [Sp] (n)	queen
rayma [Sp] (n)	rheumatism [Sp: reuma]
ráyon (Dp)	then, consequently, thereupon, thereafter, afterwards Anó ráyon? / What then? [Alt: dáyon]
ráyos [Sp] (n)	spoke [in a wheel]
Rivéra [Sp] (n)	barrio of Ibajay
Rivéra (n)	barrio of Libakaw
ribók [Oak] (n)	revolt, revolution [Syn: rebolúsyon]
rebúlber [Eng] (n)	revolver, gun [Syn: baril]

rebolúsyon [Sp] (n)	revolution [war; turn of a wheel]
rebolúsyon (RV7)	to revolve, turn around completely [Cf: tiyog]
rebolúsyon (RV5)	to revolt, fight (in) a revolution [Cf: áway, ribók]
ribúlto [Sp] (RV1)	to scramble (eggs) [Akl: batí(h)]
ribúlto [Sp. cor] (n)	statue, image, icon [Sp: búlto]
ribon [Eng] (n)	ribbon; badge of merit, award [Syn: prémyo]
rikádo [Sp] (n)	bay leaf [seasoning]
rikaná' (loc)	over here, that way [near listener, far from speaker] [Cf: iná'] [G. 186]
rikanhá' (loc)	over there, that way [near listener, far from speaker] [Cf: inhá'] [G. 186]
rikará' (loc)	here, over here, this way [near speaker] [Cf: iyá]
rikarón (loc)	there, over there, that way [near speaker and listener] [Cf: úná'] [G. 186]
	Rikarón gid imáw magtíndog. / He stood right over there.
rikató (loc)	there, over there, yonder, that way [far away from both speaker and listener] [Cf: ídto] [G. 186]
riklámo [Sp] (n)	complaint, grievance, criticism
riklámo(h) (RV3)	to complain (about), criticize
	Ikáw ro ángang ginariklamóhan. / You're the one he's complaining about.
riklamador (n)	complainer, critic
rekomendár [Sp] (RV4)	to recommend
	Rekoméndahán akó. / Recommend me.
rekomendasyón (n)	recommendation
Regador [Sp] (n)	barrio of Ibaday
Regador (n)	river in Ibaday
regálo [Sp] (n)	present, gift [Cf: eukás]
regálo(h) (RV2)	to present, give [Cf: taó, tanyag, súmbil]
rigla [Sp] (n)	menstruation; ruler, measuring stick
rigla(h) (RV5)	to menstruate [stf], "have a monthly visitor" [FE], have one's period [AE]
regulár [Sp] (adj)	regular, normal, average, consistent
réhas [Sp] (n)	bar [iron or wooden]
rilásyon [Sp] (n)	relation, relationship
relihiyón [Sp] (n)	religion [Akl: pagtúo]
relihiyósa (adj)	religious [female]
relihiyóso (adj)	religious [male]
rilis/ [Sp] (n)	railway, track(s), rail; railroad [Cf: tren]
reló [Sp] (RV5)	to wear/have a watch; use a clock
reló (n)	watch, wristwatch; clock
relohéro (n)	watchmaker; watch repairman
relós [Sp] (n)	secret pocket [in one's pants]; watch pocket

rima (n)	breadfruit. <u>Artocarpus communis</u> Frost. (and) <u>Artocarpus elastica</u> Reinw.
rimáti(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to confiscate
rimáti(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to ring bell(s) quickly [as for a fiesta]
rimátsi [Sp] (n)	rivet
rimatsádo (adj)	riveted
rimédyo [Sp] (n)	way, means; remedy; livelihood
rimédyo(h) (RV1) [slg]	to steal, take, get
rimédyo(h) (RV1) [vul]	to take advantage of a member of the opposite sex
rimédyo(h) (RV3)	to cure, correct, remedy.
rimádas [Sp] (n)	[tall grass] vetiver. <u>Andropogon zizanioides</u> .
rimótkontról [Eng] (n)	remote control
rimótkontról. [idm] (adj)	remote, far removed from civilization
riná' (loc)	over there [near listener but far from speaker] [Cf: iná'] [G.185] [Alt: rinhá']
rénda [Sp] (n)	drill bit
rinhá' (loc)	over there [near listener but far from speaker] [Cf: inhá'] [G.185]
rénta [Sp] (n)	rent
rénta(h) (RV3)	to rent (out), lease
ring (Tm) (A/pro)	your [singular--used in topic position] [Ctr: ro imo nga] Una' kimo ring kwárta? / Is your money with you?
ring [Eng] (n)	ring [for finger] [Akl: singsing]
rep [Eng] (RV1)	to rape, seize by force [sexually] [Akl: súkob]
rípa [Sp] (n)	raffle; chance [on a raffle]
rípa(h) (RV1)	to raffle (off), sell chances (on/for)
parípa (CV)	to have a raffle
ripír [Eng] (RV2)	to repair [Akl: kaayád]
reperénsya [Sp] (n)	reference
rípli [Sp] (n)	rifle [Cf: baríl, pusíl]
repúlyo [Sp] (n)	cabbage. <u>Brassica oleracea</u> L. var. <u>capitata</u> L.
repórt [Eng] (RV2)	to report, tell, reveal [Akl: súgid, patuón]
repórt (n)	report, summary
ripridyerétor [Eng] (n)	refrigerator
representár [Sp] (RV3)	to represent
representánti (n)	representative
Rizál (n)	barrio of Ibajay /risál/
Rizál (n)	barrio of Nabas
rísigo [Sp] (n)	risk, chance
resíbo [Sp] (n)	receipt, bill of sale
rispónsibilidad [Sp] (n)	responsibility
risponsábli (adj)	responsible; resourceful
ristáwran [Eng] (n)	restaurant.

ritáso [Sp] (n)	left over, pieces [cloth, paper], scraps
ritó (loc)	there, over there, yonder [far away from speaker and listener] [Cf: ídto] [G. 185]
retrato [Sp] (n)	picture, photo, photograph [Syn: laráwan, litrato]
retrato(h) (RV1)	to take a picture of, photograph
paretrato (CV)	to have one's picture taken
riyá (loc)	here [near speaker] [Cf: iyá] [G. 185]
ro (Tm)	[Marker for topic position on common nouns: "the (topic)..."] [D. 10] [G. 76-79, 141-43, 149-51]
	Mangítngit ro tyempo. / The weather is miserable.
rubí [Sp] (n)	ruby [jewel]
rúgto [Kin] (loc)	there, over there [Akl: ídto, ritó, rikató]
rúgya [Kin] (loc)	here, over here [Akl: iyá, riyá, rikará]
róho [Sp] (n)	pipe cleaner; ring cleaner
róho [Sp] (adj)	red, reddish [Akl: mapueá(h)]
rúler [Eng] (n)	ruler (foot-long)
rúlyo [Sp] (n)	roll; scroll; lecture given at the Cursillo
Róma [Sp] (n)	Rome
rúmbo (h) [Sp] (RV1)	to notice, pay attention to; aim, sight, goal
rúmbo (n)	idea, notion; goal, destination
rúmbo-rúmbo [Sp] (RV7)	to be bumpy, be bouncy [Alt: eúmbo-eúmbo]
roméro [Sp] (n)	rosemary [shrub]. <u>Rosmarinus officinalis</u> L.
ron (T/dem)	that [near listener and speaker] [Ctr: rúyon] [G. 161]
	Sin-o ron? / Who's that?
rúna' (loc)	there, over there [near listener and speaker] [G. 185]
rondálya [Sp] (n)	native orchestra, rondalla
rondaná' (dem)	"that" "that there" [speaker-listener-oriented demonstrative] [G. 162] [Alt: rondaná']
rondanhá' (dem)	"that" "that there" [speaker-listener-oriented demonstrative] [G. 162]
rondató (dem)	"that" [speaker-listener-oriented demonstrative]
rondáya (dem)	"this" [speaker-listener-oriented demonstrative] [G. 162] [Cf: ráya]
rondúyon (dem)	"that" [speaker-listener-oriented demonstrative] [G. 162] [Cf: rúyon]
rong (Tm)	[Topic marker.] [Alt: do, ro, dong]
rupiro [Sp] (n)	a clothes bag [Akl: ueumógan]
rósa [Sp] (n)	rose [flower]
rósa (adj)	pink, rose, reddish, orange
rosál [Sp] (n)	[rose tree]
Rosál (n)	barrio of Libakaw
rosaríto [Sp] (n)	rosary
rosáryo [Sp] (n)	rosary
rosáryo (RV5)	to pray the rosary

Rosario (n)	barrio of Malinaw
Rósyá (n)	Russia
rúta [Sp] (n)	route [of travel] [Akl: aeágyan]
rúyon (T/dem)	that [near listener and speaker] [G. 161]
	Pilá rúyon? / How much is that?
"s" /sah/	The sixteenth letter of the native Aklanon alphabet, representing the voiceless alveolar sibilant /s/. [G.13]
"z"	A symbol borrowed from Spanish and English and only used in the names of persons and places. Most often the sound is reduced to the simple /s/ sound.
sa (Rm)	[Referent marker, used to illustrate locations, indirect objects, beneficiaries and agents (in causative constructions); it is also used to indicate future time with any words stating time.] [D. 13-14] [G.145, 153]
	Nag-ádto imáw sa Madalág. / He went to Madalag.
	Dáya hay pára sa mga uná. / This is for children.
	sa idáeom it baeáy / underneath the house
	sa Lunes / on Monday
saá (Rm) (A/pro)	[Ctr: sa ána nga] "to his/her" "for his/her"
	Gintaó ra saá asáwa. / This was given to his wife.
saáng (Rm) (A/pro)	[Ctr: sa ákon nga] "to my" "for my"
sáb-a (n)	[banana--small, round, good for cooking] <u>Musa sapientum</u> var. <u>compressa</u> .
sábak (n)	lap
sábak (RV1)	to put on one's lap, let sit on one's lap
pasábak (CV)	to sit on someone's lap; to ask to sit on someone's lap
sábad]ma [(Hil) (adj)	naughty, rambunctious, troublesome [Akl: eahóg]
sabadista [Sp] (n)	Seventh Day Adventist
Sabadó [Sp] (n)	Saturday
sáb-an (ST1)	to object to, be fed up with, hate
makasaeáb-an (adj)	objectionable, hateful
sabát (n)	answer, reply
sabát (RV1)	to answer, reply to
	Sáhta akó. / Answer me.
sabát (RV2)	to give an answer, give as an answer
	Isabát ko ra. / This will be my answer.
saeabtánar (RV8)	to argue, discuss
saeabtánan (n)	argument, discussion
panabtánan (n)	dialogue
sabáw (n)	juice; soup, broth
	sabáw it niyóg / coconut water [FE], coconut milk [AE]

sábaw (RV5)	to drink juice or liquid Nagasábaw ro manók. / The hen is drinking up its own egg.
sabáw (RV3)	to make broth or soup (out of) Ginasabawán ro tinúea. / [They're] making soup out of the vegetables.
sábaw (RV7)	to become liquid
sabáy [Tag] (RV8)	to go together [Akl: fba(h), sunód]
sábeay (RV2)	to drape, hang, put over [a bar].
sabeáyan (n)	bar, towel bar [for hanging towels or clothes]; clothesline
sabilán (n)	[shell]
sáb-it (RV2)	to hang up (on the wall) [Cf: bítay]
sábli [Sp] (n)	sword, saber
sábod (RV3)	to feed [fowl or poultry] Sabóri ro manók. / Feed the chickens.
sabód (n)	chickenfeed; food for fowl or poultry
sabód (RV7)	to get tangled up, entangle [Syn: eámbid] Nagsabód ro higót ku áyam. / The dog's line got all tangled up.
sabón (Dp)	"maybe" "might" "perhaps" [Particle expressing mild uncertainty.] [G. 207] Maádto sabón akó. / I might go.
sabón [Sp] (n)	soap [Alt: habón]
sabón (RV3)	to put soap on, soap up
sabúnót (RV1)	to pull hair when fighting
sábong [Tag] (n)	cockfight(ing) [Akl: búeang]
sabongíro (n)	cockfighter [Akl: manogbúeang]
sabót [vul] (n)	pubic hair
sábsab (RV1)	to lap up, drink (with tongue) [said of animals]
sabsában (n)	trough
sábwag (RV2)	to sow, scatter [seeds]; to broadcast [seeds]
sáka' (RV1)	to climb up, go up [stairs, tree]; get higher [prices] Saká-a ro niyóg. / Climb up the coconut tree.
pasáka' (CV)	to have go up; invite to enter the house
pasáka' (n)	gain, interest [on a loan]
sakáda (n)	sugar field, laborer(s)
sakáe (n)	hook of a tuba container [Cf: kawít]
sakáng (n)	pubic area, part of the body by the genitals
sakát [Oak] (n)	early arrival
pasakát (CV)	to hasten, rush, hurry [someone] up [Opp: pabáya'-báya']
sakáy (RV4)	to ride (on), travel (on); get on [vehicle], mount [an animal] Nakasakáy ka eon sa eropláno? / Have you ever ridden on an airplane?

kasákay (n)	fellow passenger
panakayan (RV6)	to go riding
saeákyan (n)	vehicle
sumaeákay (n)	group (or) band of riders
sákbay (RV3)	to support, brace
sákdag (RV3)	to support, be responsible (for), take care (of)
sakdag (n)	support, care, help
sákdát (RV6)	to squat, crouch
sakit (n)	illness, ailment, infirmity
sakit (ST5)	to be hurt (by), suffer (from)
	Nasakitán akó ku imong ginhámbae. / I was hurt by what you said.
sakit (RV1)	to hurt [physically], cause pain.
kasakit (n)	suffering, pain
masakit (adj)	painful, hurting; sick, ill
	Masakit akó. / I'm sick.
makasaeákit (adj)	hurting, painful
panghinakit [Oak] (RV3)	to feel sorry for, sympathize with
panghinakit [Tag] (RV5)	to bear a grudge, feel bad about, take ill [some- one's actions or talk]
pasakit. (CV)	to cause/inflict suffering (on)
sákmae (RV1)	to grab, seize [Alt: hákmae]
sáko [Sp] (n)	sack
sáko' (RV1)	to hurry, hasten, rush, hurry up [Syn: dalí']
masáko' (adj)	hurried, hurrying, busy, rushed [Opp: hípay]
sákop (RV1)	to include [in one's support; list]
sákop (n)	dependent, person under one's support or care; political subdivision, part of another political unit to be included
saeákpon (adj)	dependent, subject, follower
sinasákpan (n)	to try to get included, "work one's way in" [AE]
pasákop (CV)	[dessert pastry made of sugar and flour]
sakóy [Ch] (n)	sacrifice, suffering
sakripisyo [Sp] (n)	to sacrifice, suffer, endure hardships
sakripisyo (RV6)	to chop up; stab, hack [Cf: bunó']
sáksak (RV1)	sáksak it yélo / chop up the ice
sáksi (n)	witness
sáksi(h) (RV3)	to witness
sáksi ni Jehóvah (n)	Jehovah's Witness(es)
sád-an (adj)	miscarried, turned out wrong [Cf: saeá']
	Kon sád-an, índi' akó magpadáyon. / If things mis- carry, I won't continue.
sád-ang (RV2)	to suspend, hang up [on hook] [Cf: bitáy, sábit]
sádsad (RV6)	to dance [Cf: sáot, báyle]

sadsáran (n)	landing [of a stairway]
sadsarón (n)	fried pork rind, chicharon
sádyá(h) (ST5)	to be happy (with), enjoy, find enjoyable [Syn: líp y] Nasadyahán akó ku bináyle kabli. / I enjoyed the dance last night.
kasádyá (n)	happiness, joy
kasadyáhan (n)	party, get-together
hilinádyá (RV8)	to enjoy each other's company, make merry, be happy together
masádyá (adj)	happy, joyous; enjoyable
masinadyáhon (adj)	happy-go-lucky
sádyá' (ST5)	to find beautiful, consider beautiful, be overcome by the beauty of, be enthralled
kasádyá' (n)	beauty, prettiness
masádyá' (adj)	beautiful, pretty
sádyá' (RV1)	to beautify, make pretty, pretty up
sáea' (RV1)	to sift, strain; blame, accuse [Cf: básae]
saeaán (n)	strainer, screen(ing), sifter
saeá' (n)	sin, error, mistake, wrongdoing [Cf: sayóp]
saeá' (RV1)	to err, make a mistake, do wrong
kasaeá' (RV5)	to sin [morally], do evil
kasae-ánan (n)	sinfulness; sins
makasasáea' (n)	sinner
saeábay (RV6)	to break out in very itchy skin rashes
saeábay [sup] (RV3)	to cover someone's head with a winnowing basket and beat it lightly while burning medicinal leaves around the person in order to "smoke out" and "drive out" the evil spirits said to cause skin rashes
saeákay (RV1)	to rob, plunder, maraud
saeákot (adj)	mixed up, assorted, varied [Syn: sári-sári]
sáead (RV3)	to begin (on), start (with)
saeág [Bkd] (RV1)	to shield [also (n)]
saeág (RV1)	to save (from drowning) [Syn: sagíp]
saeagúnting [sup] (RV1)	to question the spirits about [something] by put- ting scissors into a nigo, which will then point to the person in question: thief, malefactor, etc.
pasaeagúnting (CV)	to have someone consult the spirits (about)
saeáma(h) (RV1)	to mix up thoroughly, spread out evenly [like grain drying in the sun] [Opp: kabang]
saeámat (n)	thanks; gratitude, thankfulness
sáeamat (exor)	"Thanks." "Thank you."
pasaeámat (CV)	to thank, give thanks to
saeaming (n)	'Dapat pasaeamátan imáw. / He should be thanked. lens, glass; mirror [Cf: ispiho]

saeampákan [vul] (n)	female sex organ [gen]; "cunt" "twat" [vul]
saeampáti (n)	dove, pigeon [Alt: salampáti]
saeánhon (adj)	alone, individual [Alt: isasaeánhon]
saeanigo (n)	cross-stitching [design]
sáeap (n)	net
saeáp (RV1)	to catch, capture
	Sáepa ro bóla. / Catch the ball.
saeápang [Bkd] (n)	spear, javelin [Syn: bángkaw]
saeapí! (n)	fifty centavos [Alt: salapí!, sansyapí!]
saeápid (RV1)	to braid, entwine
saeápo' (ST4)	to have a stomach ache, have an upset stomach
saeapo-án (ST2)	to be in travail, have labor pains
saeátan (n)	the Southeast wind [Cf: hángin]
saeáwig (ST3)	to get dragged along by accident, get pushed along
saeáwig (ST2)	to trip over, stumble on
saeayó (n)	mutual well-being
sinaeayó (RV8)	to be good for one another, have mutual understanding
sáeo (RV8)	to eat together, dine together
kasáeo (n)	dinner companion, someone who eats with another
sáeok (RV1)	to dip (for)
saeók (n)	dipper [Syn: tabó']
sáeod (RV1)	to catch a dripping liquid [like tuba']
saeód (n)	vessel used for gathering tuba'
saeóg (n)	split, bamboo stick [used for flooring]
saeóg (n)	floor
	Máski sa saeóg kami maeubóg. / We'll even sleep on the floor.
panaeógan (n)	support (or) brace for [bamboo] flooring
sáeom [ma] (adj)	blurred, dim, not easily (or) clearly seen; translucent [glass]
sáeom (RV1)	to marinate [Syn: hág-om]; to dive (for) [Cf: európ]
sáeong (n)	sap (of tree)
sáeop (RV7)	to dip, decline, go down(wards) [Opp: subát]
	Nagasáeop eon do ádlaw. / The sun is already going down.
saeó-sáeo (n)	dinner party (informal) [Cf: sáeo]
saeusó(h) (RV7)	to rain in (on)
	Ginsaeúsohán ro siya káina. / The seat got wet when it rained a while ago.
sáeot (n)	evil, the work of the devil or evil spirits
sáe-ot (RV2)	to insert, put into
sáesae (RV1)	to smelt and work on [metals]
saesáeon (n)	iron
sáewae (n)	pants, trousers
sáewae (RV3)	to put trousers or pants (on)

sága' (RV1)
sága' (n)
ság-a(h) (RV1)
sagabák (RV7)

sagábay (RV1)
sagála (RV5)

sagála (n)
sagáng (RV3)
sagángat (n)
ságap (RV1)

ságap [Hil] (RV1)
ságap [idm] (n)
sagá-sa' (n)
sagá-sa' (n)

ságbot (n)
sághrd (RV1)

sagibín [Oak] (n)

sagibín (RV4)
pasagibín (CV)

sagilóng (n)
saginód (RV1)
ságing (n)

ságing [slg] (n)
saging-ságing (n)
sagip (RV1)
ságmaw (n)

ságmok (RV5)

to tie up in a bundle, put into one bunch
bunch, bundle [of crabs; meat]
to bail out, throw out [water] [Opp: tayón]
to oppose, run counter to, offer resistance; drag
[like the outrigger of a boat slowing it down]
to support, help someone walk [Syn: agubáy]
to offer flowers (to the Blessed Mother Mary in ob-
servance of "Flores de Mayo") [the Blessed Mother
is supposed to be given special honor during the
month of May]
young girl(s) making such an offering of flowers
to shield, cover; prevent
many-pointed fish spear. [Cf: bídyo']
to strain with one's hand or fingers; catch [fish]
one's hand (by running hands through water) [Cf: sáea']
to look for, search for [Akl: úsoy] \\
gathered information, statistics
[tree] Canarium vrieseanum Engl.
bamboo food protector [basket with a long leg for
support--used to keep the food away from dogs or
other animals that might eat it]
trash [Syn: basúra, gám-ok]
to strike, scrape against [like lighting a match];
to graze
self-help, cooperative project [where many work for
no pay other than food and drink during the time of
the project] [Tag: bayanhan]
to help, work for free (for)
to ask for help, get others to cooperate [on some
project]
rain gutter
to inherit, co-inherit [be a recipient of something]
banana [generic term]. Musa sapientum L.
VARIOUS SPECIES OF BANANAS FOUND IN AKLAN
ARE: armbai, baláyang, inaeatong, bokábok, bung-
dean, but-óhan, kalatúnday, kusíon, gúyod, espan-
yóla, lakatán, morádo, oliód, pákoe, tándok, tídot-
dátu [Cf: páso', tubá']
penis [stf]; "dork", "dick", "cock" [AE, vul]
[tree--small, banana-like, bearing no fruits]
to save [from drowning] [Syn: saeág]
salty sauce, solution [produced by salted fish]
[Cf: patís]
to snort, grunt [like pig]

ságmok [idm] (RV5)	to complain, gripe; cause consternation
sáгна' (RV7)	to be polluted, be very filthy (or) dirty
ságo (n)	carrión, dead/decaying flesh (or) body
sagó(h) (n)	ball of starch made from araro [used in desserts]
ság-ob (RV1)	to fetch water, get water
ság-ob (n)	[bamboo container about 2 meters long used to fetch water--carried on shoulder]
sagód [Hil] (RV1)	to take care (of) [Akl: alila']
sagúdsud (RV3)	to drag one's feet, walk without lifting up one's feet
sagúdsud [idm] (RV5)	to dance [ungracefully]
sag-úli' (n)	change, loose change
sag-úli' (RV3)	to return/give back change
ság-on (n)	[fish trap--made of split bamboo]
ság-o (RV1)	to trap (fish)
sag-utón (n)	fiber(s) [Alt: sog-utón]
ságpot (RV1)	to glean [Cf: sípot]
sagrádo [Sp] (adj)	sacred, holy [masculine]
sagráda (adj)	sacred, holy [feminine]
ságyad (RV6)	to drape or hang so as to touch the ground
sáha' (n)	banana seedling, young banana tree; sucker(s)
sáha' (n)	[any tree that grows by vegetative reproduction]
sáha' (RV7)	to grow out from the mother tree/plant
sahóg [Hil] (RV3)	to pour soup (on) [Cf: bahóg]
sáing (RV1)	to boil in garlic and vinegar until dry
sináing (n)	[food preparation (usually fish) prepared by <u>sáing</u>]
sála [Sp] (n)	living room, parlor
sálas (n)	living room, parlor
Sálas (n)	[name of movie theater in Kalibo]
salampáti (n)	pigeon, dove [Alt: saeampáti]
salapf' (n)	fifty centavos, a half peso [Cf: kwárta]
salbabida [Sp] (n)	life saver
sálbar [Sp] (RV1)	to save, rescue
sál-i(h) (RV3)	to substitute, change, exchange, alternate (with)
sálíbo(h) (RV3)	to pour water, douse, extinguish (with water) [fire]
salibútbut [Ibj] (n)	[shrub--medicinal] <u>Tabernaemontana pandacaqui</u> . [Alt: alibútbut]
salíkag	dorsal fin, back fin [of fish]
salíko(h) [Sp] (n)	vest [Alt: tsalíko]
salíksik (RV1)	to get meat out of [crab; bone] [Syn: kusipád]
salikwaót (adj)	awkward, out of place, clumsy, unskilled [Syn: bikwáeon]
salídsid (RV1)	to slice thinly, cut near (or) on the surface
sálig (RV3) /	to trust (deeply), have hope in, firmly believe [Cf: piyár] Salígi akó. / Trust me.

pasálig (CV)	to give hope
salihán (n)	winning piece/play [gambling term]
salimbabátang (n)	[bird--swallow]
salímbad (RV6)	to dart back and forth
salimuáng (adj)	confused; groggy [Syn: úmang]
salím-ok (ST5)	to choke on a liquid, get liquid in one's lungs
salimónog (n)	[vine; nut--medicinal] <u>Ehretia navesii</u> Vidal.
salimpapáw (adj)	superficial, on the surface; insincere, without depth, shallow [Alt: salipapáw] [Cf: nabaw]
salín (n)	Salimpapáw ro á nang gúgma. / His is a shallow love.
salíndron [Sp] (n)	leftovers, leftover food [in bad sense--because Filipino hospitality demands that a visitor be fed freshly prepared food, or at least that he have some fresh food set aside for him] [Cf: sóbra]
salinúeang (n)	harmonica; harmony [Alt: silíndron]
sál-ing (n)	[crayfish--large]
sál-ing kálbo	[bird--black]
salíng-ábo (RV7)	[bird--black, without crown on head]
salingsing (n)	to blow around [dust]; permeate, reek [perfume]
salípíng (n)	bamboo twigs (or) tips
salipód (RV3)	an extra digit (finger, toe); twig [Syn: síping]
salipsípan (n)	to cover up, be in the way; shield [Cf: lipód]
salíra [Sp] (n)	Sinalípdan do ándang baeáy sa bágyo. / Their home was sheltered from the storm.
salírap (RV1)	small, narrow, swift boat
saliwakág (RV5)	salt shaker [Cf: asín, áeat]
sálmon [Sp] (n)	to hack (or) chop diagonally [Alt: solírap]
salúkot (n)	to ruffle, puff up, fluff cut/up [birds; feathers]
saludár [Sp] (RV4)	salmon [especially canned salmon]
salúdo(h) [Sp] (RV4)	[helmet]
salúdo (n)	to salute
salupín [Eng] (n)	to salute
sámak (n)	salute
sámak (RV3)	cellophane [Alt: selopén]
sámad (RV1)	[herb--medicinal] <u>Macaranga tanarius</u> .
samád (adj)	to make a herb medicine [which is believed to boil over when an <u>aswang</u> is near, and hence is used to detect aswangs]
sámáy (RV3)	to ruin, break, destroy, damage [Cf: gubá', wásák]
sinamáy (adj)	Áyáw pagsamára ro ákong pagkatáwo. / Don't destroy my reputation.
sámba [Sp] (n)	broken; ruined, destroyed; damaged
	to put lines (into a design--especially in weaving)
	having a large stripe design
	frame [of window or doorway]

- sám̄ba(h) [Tag] (RV1) to adore, worship [Cf: sám̄ba(h), dáyaw]
 sambalás [Sp] (expr) "St. Blaise" [FE], "God bless you." [AE] [said when someone sneezes--among Catholics]
- sambáto (adj) one, single [used in enumerating--generally for inanimate objects, though the older distinction between this and "sambilog" is dying out] [Cf: báto] sambátong makinílya / one typewriter sambátong ungá' / one child
- sambáto(h) (RV1) to have one, make one, do one at a time
 tigsambató (adv) one by one, one apiece, one at a time
 sambáyón' (RV7) to cohere, fit together properly, make sense
 kasambayónan (n) coherence; function, use
 owa' it kasambayónan / incoherent
- sambilog (adj) one, single [used in enumerating--generally for animals] [Cf: bilog] [Syn: sambáto] to speak (of), mention [Syn: sínghan] proverb, saying [Cf: bilisád-on, hueubáton] irritation; obstruction, obstacle
- sám̄bit (RV2) to irritate; obstruct, be/get in the way
 panambítan (n) irritating; obstructive
 sám̄boe (n) to taste, try, sample, test
 sám̄boe (RV4) Samití ra. / Try this.
 masám̄boe (adj) to slap on the face
 samit (RV3) to slap on the face [repeatedly; as a habit] "just one" "only one" [Ctr: sambáto pa eang] sampaguita [flower]. Jasminum sambac (and) Jasminum multiflorum /Burm. F. / Andr. [vegetable] tamarind [tree, fruit] Tamarindus indica.
- sámpae (RV1) skilled, talented, well-versed, expert [Opp: bikwáeon]
 panámpae (DV) to stack up, place [something] on top of another; overlap, superimpose
 sampaeáng (expr) to begin sexual intercourse
 sampagíta [Sp] (n) [to do the last step in weaving] [also (n)]
- sámpaliya (n) to cook with banana leaves, vinegar and water
 sámpálok (n) to ask to join, invite to come [Cf: kángay]
 sámpáton (adj) wooden paddle/hammer
 sámpaw (RV1) to paddle, pound, hit' (with wooden paddle) paddle (for pounding laundry)
- sámpaw [vul] (RV1) to come back, return, finish a round trip [Akl: sápoe]
 sámpay (RV3) clearing, dawning, beginning to get clear [Opp: sáeom]
 sámpi(h) (RV1) barrio of Malay
 sámpit (RV1) they [G. 157] Síñ eon sánda? / Where are they now?
 sámpok (n)
 sámpok (RV1)
 saeampókan (n)
 sámpot [Hil] (RV4)
 sanáw [ma] (adj)
 San Viray [Sp] (n)
 sánda (T/pro)

sándau (RV4)	to hit carelessly, accident. lly trip over
panándad (DV)	to stumble over, trip on
sandályas [Sp] (n)	sandals
sánday (Tm)	[Topic marker for the names of persons or pets, denoting plurality.] [D. 10] [G. 141-43;150-51]
	sánday Juan / John and his companions'
	sánday Nick / Nick and his family
sandiáy (RV4)	to lean on (with one's shoulders or back) [Cf: sándig]
sándig (RV4)	to lean against (with one's back)
San Dímas [Sp] (n)	barrio of Malinaw
sándok (RV1)	to get with a cup [Cf: tabó]
sándok (n)	cup, ladle, dipper
sandúko' (n)	bolo (knife)
sandugó' (adj)	of the same blood (brothers/sisters) [Alt: kadugó']
San José [Sp] (n)	barrio of Ibajay /san hoséy/
San José (n)	barrio of Madalag.
San José (n)	capital of Antique Province
saníb (RV3)	to wear other pairs of clothing, double/triple up
	Saníbi ring sáewae. / Wear another pair of trousers over your trousers now.
sanípa [Sp] (n)	[facade or decorating boards on outside of house]
	filigree
sinanipá (adj)	[having a progressing design (large to small, or small to large) with gradual color changes] (cloth, clothing)
San Isidro [Sp] (n)	barrio of Banga
San Isidro (n)	barrio of Ibajay [Alt: Sí-ag].
sánla' [Tag] (RV2)	to pawn [Alt: sánla'] [Syn: prénda(h)]
sánlag (RV1)	to heat in oil [but not fry]
sinánlag (n)	[heated rice--cooked first, then heated in oil until crisp]
sanóng (n)	gate crusher, uninvited guest [Cf: mainod]
sanpédro [Sp] (n)	[tree] <u>Leucaena glauca</u> (L.) Benth.
sanpláwir [Eng] (n)	sunflower. <u>Helianthus annuus</u> L.
San Ramón [Sp] (n)	barrio of Malinaw
San Róque [Sp] (n)	barrio of Malinaw /san rókih/
sánsa [Sp] (n)	chance
sansyapí' [cor] (n)	fifty centavos, a half peso [Alt: salapí']
Sánta. Cruz [Sp] (n)	barrio of Banga
Sánta Cruz (n)	barrio of Ibajay
Sánta Cruz (n)	barrio of Lezo
Sánta Cruz (n)	barrio of Malinaw
Sánta Cruz-Bigá-a (n)	barrio of Lezo
sánta [Sp] (n)	saint [feminine]
sánto (n)	saint [masculine]

sántan [Eng] (n)	[flower]
Santándir (n)	barrio of Buruanga
sántik (RV1)	to strike, scratch [a match]
sántik (n)	[game--bouncing marbles off a wall]
santísimá [Sp] (expr)	"Goodness!" "Gracious!" [surprise, shock]
santisimá (adj)	most holy [feminine]
santisimó (adj)	most holy [masculine]
sánto [Sp] (n)	[Cf: sánta]
sánto' [ka] (RV8)	to agree with, go well together, be compatible [Alt: Masonánto']
sántoe (n)	santol [tree, fruit]. <u>Sandoricum koetjape</u> (Burm.) Merr.
sántos [Sp] (n)	saint [Cf: sánta, sánto]
sántos (adj)	holy, sacred, saintly [Cf: báeá']
pakasántos (CV)	to revere, keep holy, consider holy
sányóg [ma] (adj)	dizzy; hazy, obscure
sang (Rm) (A/pro)	[Ctr: sa ákon nga] "to my" "by my" "for my"
sang (adj)	one, a [usually used with particle "ka"] sang ka táwo / one person; a person
sang [Hil] (Am)	[Marker for the associate or possessive slot] [Akl: ku]
sangá(h) (RV7)	to branch off [river]; produce branches [tree]
sangá (n)	branch
sángag (RV1)	to make noise; trouble, disturb [Opp: hipos]
kasángag (n)	noise, disturbance
masángag (adj)	noisy, troublesome, disturbing
sáng-at (RV2)	to hook, put on a hook
sangáy (n)	namesake [person having the same first name]
kasangáy (REL. v)	to have the same first name Magkasangáy kami ni Mr. Acevedo. / Mr. Acevedo and I have the same first name.
sang-áyon (REC. v)	to agree totally (with), come to a complete understand- ing (with) [Cf: áyon] Gusto ko makigsang-áyon kimo. / I'd like to have a heart-to-heart understanding with you.
sangka (adj)	one; a/an
sangkad [ma] (adj)	very wide; very distant; more than enough Masangkad ro tela. / The cloth is extra wide. Sangkad éon imáw sa edad. / He is old enough. (or) He is already of (legal) age.
sangkae [ma] (adj)	crabby, grouchy, hot-tempered [Opp: táhaw]
sangkap (n)	tool, utensil
sangkap (adj)	well-equipped, complete, having all (that is needed) Sangkap kami sa pinggan. / We have all the dishes that are needed.

kasangkápan (n)	tools, equipment [Syn: igdúcapát]
sangkirí' (adj)	few, a little [Cf: sangkurót, sangkirítí']
sangkirítí' (adj)	just a few, very few, very little
sángkis [Eng] (n)	sunkist [FE], sweet orange [AE]. <u>Citrus sinensis</u> .
sángkoe (adj)	up to, prepared for, worthy
sangkurót (adj)	few, little sangkurót dang / just a little
sangkurót (RV1)	to lessen, make fewer [Opp: abót']
sángo(h) (RV4)	to arrive [Syn: abót, sámpet, eángbot]
sángo(h) (RV7)	to run aground [ship]
sángo(h) (RV7)	to congeal, begin to solidify, jell together
sánga' (n)	teammate
sánga' (RV3)	to be partner (to), team up (with), partner
kasánga' (n)	to clash together, bang together [cymbals]
sánga' (RV1)	base, platform; [dish of water used to keep ants from getting into another container on that dish]
sanggá' (n)	to put into a dish of water [to prevent ants from getting at the food]
sanggá' (RV1)	Sangga-á agód di' pagguyomón. / Put it into a dish of water so that the ants won't get at it.
sánggot (n)	sickle
sánggot (RV3)	to cut open (a coconut bud)
sanggótan (n)	coconut bud [cut for tuba']
mananggiti (n)	tuba' gatherer
panánggot (DV)	to gather tuba'
sánghid (RV2)	to evaluate, tell the worth (of)
pasánghid (CV)	to have evaluated, have the worth estimated
sángit (RV7)	to get entangled
sángit [idm] (RV6)	to get tangled up, delayed, get hung up; stop by/in hook [something used to hang another thing to]
sángitan (n)	to get all tangled up; get hung up, delayed
nángit (ST2)	unobstructed; plain, simple [clothing, design]
owát sangitan (adj)	to pawn [Syn: pránda(h)]
sángla' [Tag] (RV2)	because, insofar as [generally used to show extremes]
sánglit (conj)	Sánglit imáw hay maáean.. ginaeúpig na ro ímoe. / Just because he's smart, he lords it over the poor.
pananglitan (n)	example, instance; for instance, for example
sángsang (RV4)	to be harsh (on), be stern (with)
pananángsang (DV)	to be harsh, act with sternness
sángya' (RV5)	to catch small fish and shrimps in shallow waters
sauéó(h) (RV1)	to memorize [Syn: kabisár] [sa-úeo]
saúeog (RV1)	to celebrate, honor, eulogize [Opp: támay]
pangsaúeog (n)	eulogy
sáog (RV1)	to drag, pull along the ground [Syn: gúyod]

sáot (RV6)	to dance; jump [also (RV1)]
sáot (n)	Ginsáot nánda ro tinkling. / They danced the tinkling.
saeáotan (n)	dance [Syn: báyle]
sápa [Sp] (n)	dance hall, dance floor
sapá' (n)	badge; rivet; pin [Alt: tsápa]
sapá'-sápa' (n)	pond, small lake [Syn: danáw]
sapá'-sapáan (adj)	pond, very small lake [Syn: baeanáw]
sapák (RV1)	overflowed in areas, covered with puddles/ponds
sapák [Tag] (adj)	to mind, care about, bother with, pay attention to
sápaé (n)	wonderful, superb, excellent, well-done
sápat (n)	Sapák ro inyong dráma. / Your play was superb.
'kasapátan (n)	[coconut meat waste-product]
sinápat (RV5)	animal [anything living on dry land: insect, mammal, or bird] [Cf: háyop]
sapátos [Sp] (n)	place inhabited with animals; animal kingdom; animal preserve
sapátos (RV4)	to act like an animal, be rude
sapatíro (n)	shoe(s) [Syn: sapín]
sapáy (n)	to put shoes on; wear shoes
sápding (RV1)	shoemaker [Alt: sapatéro]
sápea [ma] (adj)	suet, fat around the internal organs [of cattle]
sapiló [Sp] (n)	to accidentally hit, brush against [Cf: tabíng]
sapiló(h) (RV4)	rough tasting, having foreign matter [like rice which has not been cleaned very well]
sapín (n)	wood planer [carpenter's tool]
sápi-sápi (n)	to plane
sápnay (RV1)	shoe(s) [Syn: -sapátos] [also (RV4)]
sápnay (n)	boxkite
sápngae (RV1)	to support; hold a baby in one's arms [Cf: sápngae]
sápoé (RV4)	support, brace, girder (for flooring)
sápoé (RV1)	to hold a baby in one's arms, fondle [Syn: káekue]
sapón-sapón (n)	to come back, finish a round trip, revert, return to the starting point/beginning
sapúpo (n) (RV1)	to present for consultation, consult (on/about)
sapúti (h) (RV1)	Ginasápoé ko kinyo raáng probléma. / I'm presenting my problems to you for consultation.
sápsap (n)	covering, clothing
sápsap (RV1)	to nurse back to health; revive, help (the sick)
sápsap (n)	to do (or) hit continuously
sápsap (n)	chip, piece of
sápsap (n)	to chip off, get a piece (of)
sápsap (n)	[fish]
sápsap (ST2)	to be discovered, encountered, get caught

sará(h) [Sp] (RV3)	to shut, close [Alt: sirá(h)] Sádhí ró bányo ay mabáho'. / Close the door of the toilet because it stinks.
sará (n)	door [of room, cabinet], gate
saráng (RV3)	to be able to; afford Indi' akó kasaráng. / I can't afford to.
saráng (V. det)	can, possible, may, able to [Syn: pwéde]
kón saráng [idm]	if possible; "please"
saranggúla [Tag] (n)	[kite] [Cf: boladór]
sardinas [Sp] (n)	canned sardines
sári-sári (adj)	assorted, varied, different [Syn: ibá(h)]
sári-sári [idm] (n)	"sari-sari store" [FE]; general store [AE]
kasári-sári (RV8)	to be varied, be assorted/different
sarók (n)	[native hat--with wide brim, bamboo]
saróe (n)	hoe
saróe (RV1)	to hoe
sársá(h) [Sp] (RV3)	to put sauce/gravy (on)
sársá (n)	sauce, gravy
sarswila [Sp] (n)	playlet, drama (with music); musical comedy
sarsyádo [Sp] (n)	[food preparation--similar to fried cassérole]
sártin [Sp] (n)	porcelain cup
sasá (n)	nipa leaves [for roofing]
sasá(h) (RV1)	to derib [nipa leaves]
sasá' (RV5)	to finish off one's work
sasá! (ST3)	to get completely finished
sá-sá' (RV1)	to hit with a blunted blade
sá-sá' (adj)	having tattered edges [also (ST3)]
sástri [Sp] (n)	tailor [also (RV5)]
Satanás [Sp] (n)	Satan, the Devil [Syn: panueáy]
sáto (n)	[game] [also (RV5)]
sátsat (RV2)	to chat, chit-chat
satsatira (n)	talker, chatterbox [feminine]
satsatiro (n)	talker, chatterbox [masculine]
sawá (n)	snake [generic term]
sáwa-sáwa (n)	[game--where a group of people line up, hold on to the waist of the one in front of each, and follow the leader] [also (RV8)]
sawád (n)	part of, a fraction of; remnant(s), remainder
sawád (RV1)	to partition, divide [Opp: síbo']
sawáli' [Tag] (n)	woven bamboo [Akl: amákan]
sawáy (n)	copper
sawáy (RV1)	to correct, call a mistake to someone's attention
kinasawáy (n)	correction; objection
saeawáyon (adj)	subject to correction, deserving of correction

sáwsaw (RV2)	to dunk, dip (into a sauce)
say (Tm)	[Ctr: sánday] say Pedro / Peter and his friends
sáya (n)	skirt [native]
sáya(h) (RV2)	to wear a native skirt
sayál [Sp] (n)	wall curtain(s); skirt [flaring]
sayásat (RV1)	to do in detail; get in detail
sáyaw (ST5)	to get hit [accidentally]; get involved in a problem
	Bási' ka hísáywan. / You might get involved.
sáydwok [Eng] (n)	sidewalk [Syn: eskiníta, bangkíta]
sáylak [Eng] (n)	shellac; varnish
sáylak (RV3)	to shellac, put shellac on; varnish
sáylo(h) (RV4)	to come in, enter
sáylo(h) (RV1)	to transfer; translate [into another language]
	Ginsáylo ro mga báka. / The cows were moved to another place.
pasáylo (CV)	to bring in, let in; forgive [Syn: patáwad]
	Pasaylóha imáw. / Forgive him.
sáyod (ST5)	to know [a fact; something]
	Ro akong mga nasayóran hanungód kimo hay sangkurót eang. / The things I know about you are but a few.
kasáyod (V. det)	know Kasáyod ka? / Do you know?
hilisáyod (RV8)	to get mutually informed
owát sáyod [idm]	lousy, worthless, good for nothing
pahisáyod (n)	notice, notification
pasáyod (CV)	to notify, let know
sayon ára [Jap] (expr)	"Goodbye." "So long." "See you later."
sáyop [vul, slg] (n)	vagina [stf]; "cunt", "twat" [vul] [Cf: puyás (spelled backwards)]
sayóp [Oak] (n)	error, mistake, fault
kasaypánan (n)	sins, wrong-doings
zayóp (RV5)	to make a mistake, be at fault, err
	Nagsayóp imáw ku á nang pagpangasáwa kay María. / He made a mistake in marrying Mary.
sayúti [Sp] (n)	chayote [vegetable]. <u>Sechium edule</u> Sw.
says [Sp] (n)	six, 6 [Alt: saís]
sáysay (RV2)	to tell, relate, describe, narrate [Syn: súgid, ásoy]
saysinta [Sp] (n)	sixty, 60
skípingrop [Eng] (n)	jump rope, skipping rope [also (RV5)]
skol [Eng] (n)	school [Akl: eskuylahán]
skólar [Eng] (n)	scholar, recipient of a scholarship
skolarsíp [Eng] (n)	scholarship
skrab [Eng] (n)	scrub-brush, coconut husk (used for scrubbing) [Cf: bunót].

skrab (RV4)	to scrub [a floor] [Cf: namus]
skrábol [Eng] (n)	Scrabble [game] [also (RV5)]
si (Tm)	[Topic marker for the name of a person or a pet, denoting the singular.] [D. 10] [G. 141-43; 150-51]
si--- (pfx)	Gwápo si Hény. / Henry is handsome. [Distributive prefix denoting individuality in subjects or doers of an action.] [G. 117]
siad (RV1)	Magsióbra kitá. / Let's each do our own work.
Si-ag (n)	to cut, slice [Cf: siyáw]
siba' (RV1)	barrio of Ibajay [Alt: San Isidro]
	to devour, swallow [said of large animals]
	Siniba' imáw ku boáya. / He was devoured by the crocodile.
Sibaliw (n)	barrio of Banga
Sibaliw (n)	barrio of Libakáw
sibásib (n)	[fish]
sibát (n)	spear with a prong or hook
sibín [Hil] (n)	face towel [FE], washcloth [AE] [Cf: labakára]
sibít (RV1)	to scratch (or) cut out [a sliver or thorn embedded]
sibo [Sp] (n)	grease, animal fat [as rises to the top of soup]
sibo' (adj)	exact, complete, even, equal, having no fraction
sibo' (RV1)	to compare; make coincide, even out
sibo'-sibo' (RV1)	to keep level, equal out, level out
sibó(h) (RV3)	to wheedle, "oil up" (a person) [AE, slg]
Cebú (n)	Cebu City; Cebu Island /sibúh/
Cebuáno (n)	Cebuano [person, language] /sibwáno/
sibót (n)	fish net [made of string or abaca--for river fish]
sibúyas [Sp] (n)	onion; leek. <u>Allium cepa</u> L.; <u>Allium porrum</u> L.
sibra [Sp] (n)	zebra
sibsib (RV1)	to eat grass down to the roots
sibsíbon (n)	barren field
sik [Ch] (n)	zinc [metal]
sikad (RV1)	to press/push with one's foot; brace (oneself)
sikad (RV3)	to kick [Cf: sípa', tímban]
sikaeóm (RV7)	to get dark [at nighttime]
sikap (n)	[covering of coconut blossom]
sikapát [Oak] (n)	one-fourth; [unit of money worth 12-1/2 centavos]
siká'-siká' (RV6)	to be showy (or) pretentious [Syn: pasíkat]
siká'-siká' (RV1)	to look down on others
sikát [Tag] (adj)	popular, popularly accepted
sikát [slg] (adj)	"cool" "groovy" "neat" [AE, slg]
pasíkat (CV)	to be a show-off, exhibit one's prowess conceitedly
sikdo' (RV5)	to gasp for breath [after crying] [Alt: híkdo']
sikdoe (RV1)	to elbow, hit with one's elbow [Alt: síkoe]

sikeat (n)	woven bamboo fence
'sikeat/ (RV4)	to fence in
sikeob (n)	shallows, bank (of a river)
siki(h) (n)	foot; leg
siki (RV3)	to make legs for (a table, chair), put legs on
siki-siki (n)	stilts
siknan (n)	foot (or) pedal of a weaving machine
siko (n)	elbow
sikoán (n)	[part of weaving machine where fibers are put]
sikoe (RV1)	to elbow, hit with elbow [Alt: sikdoe] [Cf: siko]
sikoláti [Sp] (n)	chocolate [Alt: sokoláti]
sikóp (RV1)	to catch (with hand) [Cf: dakóp]
	Sikpa éang ro ueáng. /Just catch the shrimp with your hand.
sikóy [Sp] (n)	chico (tree, fruit) [Alt: tsiko(h)]
sikpaw (n)	[fish net]
sikrita [Sp] (n)	detective
sikritáryo [Sp] (n)	secretary [male]
sikritárya (n)	secretary [female]
sikríto [Sp] (n)	secret [Syn: lhim]
séksi [Eng] (adj)	"sexy" [FE], nice, exciting, "neat" "groovy" [AE]
siksik (RV1)	to push one's way into a crowd, "worm one's way"; to cram, shove [something into a container], nit, louse egg
siksik (n)	
panksik (DV)	to feel for and remove lice eggs from one's hair
sikwaeó [Oak] (n)	one-eighth, 1/8; [denomination of money worth about six centavos] [Cf: waeó, kwáta]
sikway (RV2)	to reject, throw away; renounce [Opp: hupót]
sida [Sp] (n)	silk
síd-ing [Hil] (RV1)	to peep, peer [Cf: lingling, paníð]
sídlak (RV7)	to shine [sun] [Alt: sílak]
sídlak (n)	sunshine
sídlang (RV7)	to shine, radiate, beam
sídlangan (n)	sunrise; east
síd-o' (RV5)	to hiccup [Aklanons joke a person who hiccups that he has stolen eggs (panakaw it itlog) so that he will get angry and hence be rid of his hiccups.]
siga (RV7)	to sparkle, shine
siga' (n) [idm]	[someone who stands out or "shines"]
siga'-siga' (adj)	pretentious, show-off
sigád (RV1)	to shave, scrape with blade
sigang (RV1)	to make fish and vegetable soup
sinigáng (n)	[soup made with fish and vegetables]
sig-ang (n)	tripod (for pots on a fire)

sigarilyo [Sp] (n)	cigarette
sigarilyo(h) (RV1)	to smoke (a cigarette)
panigarilyo (n)	cigarette money [money used to buy cigarettes]
sigáy (n)	[sea shell--used as toy by children or as gambling pieces by some gamblers]
sigbin (n)	evil spirit [Syn: amamaeó']
sigbong (RV1)	to kick (or) swim with one's feet
Sigkay (n)	barrio of Banga
sig(h) [Sp] (expr)	"go on" "go ahead" "O.K."
sig(e) (RV1)	to go on, continue, go ahead, proceed
sig(e) na [idm] (expr)	"Oh, come on." [generally used to get something or get permission, or when giving permission]
pasige (CV)	to let something continue, let go on
sigin]ma[(adv)	often, repeatedly, frequently
sigla']ma[]Tag[(adj)	jovial; bright, radiant, happy
siglak-siglak (RV7)	to shine, radiate
siglap (RV7)	to sparkle, shine
sig(o) (RV1)	to put side by side (tightly, exactly, according to the groove), squeeze in, fit in [Opp: katae]
sigúro [Sp] (Dp)	probably [G. 207]
sigúro(h) (RV1)	to be sure; make sure
	Indi' akó kasigúro. / I cannot say for sure.
	owát sigúro / can't be sure, can't be ascertained
kasigurohán (n)	insurance; security, certainty
pasigúro (CV)	to ascertain; certify
sigurádo (Dp)	certainly, most probably
sigurádo gid (expr)	"Absolutely." "Most certainly."
sigwíl (n)	[fish]
sigwílas [Sp] (n)	"Spanish plum." [tree, fruit]. <u>Spondias purpurea</u> L.
síha' (n)	[slit/hole in a wall]
sifn (Qp)	where?, which? [G. 193-94; 199]
	Sifn ka ga-ágo? / Where are you going?
	Sifn do imong nailá-an? / Which one do you like?
sifng ---(h)a (Qp)	which?, what type?, from where?
	Sifng latáha-ron? / Which can is lat?
	Sifng tubi-a ra? / Where is this water from? (or)
	What kind of water is this?
sift (n)	thorn
sift (ST4)	to get pinched by a thorn
masift (adj)	thorny
silabá [Sp] (n)	syllable [Akl: mítlang]
sílak (n)	sunshine; sunlight
	Ayáw it tindog sa sílak. / Don't stand in the sunshine.
sílak (RV7)	to shine [sun]

maslak (adj)	good, clear, bright (weather) [Opp: magae-om]
paslak (CV)	to expose to sunlight
silakan (n)	sunny spot [Opp: handong]
tigsililak (n)	summer, dry (or) sunny season
Silakat Nunok (n)	barrio of Lezo
silag]ma[(adj)	clear, transparent
silangan (n) [Tag]	east [Akl: sidlangan]
silangan [Bkd, sup] (n)	[magic power enabling a person to see demons or spirits]
silapo (RV7)	to boil over [said of water]
silaw (RV7)	to glare, dazzle
maslaw (adj)	glaring, dazzling
silhig (n)	broom, sweeper
silhig (RV3)	to sweep
	Silhigi ro saeog. / Sweep the floor.
panflhig (DV)	to sweep up [go through the process of sweeping]
sili (n)	[eel]
selebrar [Sp] (RV1)	to celebrate
selebrasyon (n)	celebration, festival
silindron [Sp] (n)	harmonica; harmony [Alt: salindron]
silip [Tag] (RV1)	to peer (at), peep (at) [through a hole] [Akl: kngling]
silirí [Eng] (n)	celery. <i>Apium graveolens</i> .
silit (RV7)	to hiss, sizzle, make a hissing noise
silw]ma[(adj)	sharp-pointed
silok (n)	spoon, ladle [Syn: sandok]
silong (n)	basement [FE], area below a native house [Syn: utó]
panilong (RV6)	to seek shelter
panilongan (n)	shelter
silot (n)	punishment, penalty [Syn: pena(h)]
silot (RV3)	to punish, penalize
sil-ot (RV)	to push in, squeeze in, get in [when space is lacking] [Syn: dtdut]
pasil-ot (CV)	to "worm one's way into a crowd" [AE, slg]
siya [Sp] (n)	chair [Alt: siya]
siya [Sp] (n)	left, opposite of right [Akl: waeá] [Opp: mano, tuó]
selye [Sp] (n)	stamp (postage, documentary)
silyon [Sp] (n)	saddle [horse]; seat [bicycle]
sim (n)	tin (roofing)
sima' (n)	hook [also (RV3)]
simba(h) (RV1)	to go to church; worship
	Nakasimba ka eon? / Have you gone to church yet?
simbahan (n)	church; place of worship
panimba (n)	worship, the act of worship
pangsimba (n)	church clothes (or) apparel, "Sunday wear" [AE]

panimbáhon (n)	worship, religious belief Saeámat sa panimbáhon nga paréhas kará. / Thanks for a worship just like this.
simbog (RV3)	to mix, mingle
sementéryo [Sp] (n)	cemetery, graveyard [Akl: eubngánan]
seménto [Sp] (n)	cement [Alt: simyénto]
seménto(h) (RV1)	to cement
simúyaw (n)	calamansi [fruit, tree]. <u>Citrus microcarpa.</u>
simyénto [Sp] (n)	cement [also (RV1)]
sin--- (pfx)	[Prefix used with associate forms for quoting the words of a person.] sináy Juan / John said sinákon / I said sinányo? / Who said?
sinadákwaé (n)	[one who sacrifices for the family]
sinadór [Sp] (n)	senator
sináeyo]pag[(n)	method, one's way of dealing with other people
sinámak (n) [sup]	[magic oil used to detect áswang] [Cf: sámak]
sinamón [Eng] (n)	cinnamon [flower; spice]. <u>Cinnamomum iners.</u>
síndi(h) [Sp] (RV3)	to light [fire; lamp; light]
sindikáto [Sp] (n)	syndicate
síne [Sp] (n)	movie Matán-aw kami it síne. / We'll go see a movie.
sinchán (n)	movie theater
síne-síne (n)	slide; slide show, slide lecture
sinílas [Sp] (n)	sandal, zori [Sp: cinélas]
sinílas (RV5)	to wear sandals
sinílas (RV1)	to spank (with a sandal)
sinísa [Sp] (n)	ashes, remains after a fire
sinísa [idm] (n)	smallest remnants left (after the big items are sold) Sinísa eon man dáya, baligya-án it baráto. / These are just small ones left, sell them cheap.
sin-it (ST1)	to be moved with pity
kasín-it (RV3)	to pity, feel pity for
makasisín-it (adj)	pitiable, heart-rending
sinla' (RV3)	to add (or) insert cloth [in order to make a garment looser]
sinó' (RV1)	to shake [to see if liquid is inside] [Cf: kaeóg]
sin-o (Qp)	who? whom? [Cf: ányo, nányo, kányo] Sin-o ring gina-úsoy? / Whom are you looking for?
sinúbong (adj)	plated [metal, jewelry]
sínsil [Sp] (n)	chisel, scalpel
sínsil (RV1)	to chisel [cement; jewelry]
sínsilyo [Sp] (n)	change (for money)
sínsilyo(h) (RV3)	to change [cash, money] [Akl: sag-úli']

sinsiro [Sp] (adj)	sincere [masculine]
sinsira (adj)	sincere [feminine]
sinta(h) (RV6)	to jump (up) [Syn: liksi(h)]
sintimó [Sp] (n)	centavo, cent [Sp: centimo]
sintinsya [Sp] (n)	sentence, punishment
sintinsyádo (adj)	sentenced
séntir [Sp] (RV4)	to feel bad, harbor ill will (against)
sentimyénto (n)	ill will, bad feelings
sintóris [Sp] (n)	tangerine, orange. [Syn: laranghita]
sinto'-sinto' (adj)	gullible, easily believes anything, foolish
séntro [Sp] (n)	bullseye [Syn: táma']
sing (Rm)(A/pro)	[Ctr: 'sa ímo nga] [Aht: siing]
sing [Hil] (Om)	[Marker for object positions when not in focus and for adverbial statements.] [Akl: it]
singá'-singá' (n)	the space between any two fingers
masingá'-singá' (adj)	jagged, having many ups and downs: hilly
paningá'-singá' (DV)	to be jagged, -have many ups and downs
Singáy, (n)	barrio of Madalag
singkae [ma] (adj)	vert hot, scorching [heat]; harsh [remark]
	Masingkae ro á nang ugáli'. / He has very harsh mannerisms. Masíngkae ro sílak. / The sunlight is scorching.
singkamás (n)	[tuber--yam bean] <u>Pachyrhizus erosus.</u>
singki' (adj)	awkward, clumsy, unskilled, boorish [Cf: bikwáeon]
singkit (adj)	almondine, [eyes]á
singko [Sp] (n)	five, 5
singkob (RV1)	to punch, box, hit (with fist)
singkoy (RV1)	to rap, hit somebody on the back of the neck [Cf: ingkoy]
singkwénta [Sp] (n)	fifty, 50
singgaeong (n)	[fox]
singgit (RV2)	to shout, yell [something]
singgit (RV3)	to shout at, yell at [somebody]
singgulár [Eng] (adj)	singular (opposite of plural)
singhan (RV1)	to say, tell Singhána imáw. / Tell him.
singhot (RV1)	to sniff, smell (said of animals) [Cf: hugóm]
singit, (n)	brace, wedge, stopper (put into a split board to keep the two sides apart)
singit (RV3)	to keep apart with a wedge
singit (n)	[a split piece of lumber with a wedge--used to knock or take down fruits]
singsing (n)	ring
silingsingan (n)	ring finger [Cf: túdlo']
siód (n)	string trap, loop of string used to trap animals
siod (RV1)	to trap with string

sloe (RV1) to nudge, hit with one's elbow [Cf: síko]
sipa' (RV1) to kick, hit with one's foot
sipa' (n) kick
sipa' (n) [game--kicking a piece of paper or birdie with only one foot] [also (RV5)]
Sipak (n) barrio of Malinaw
sipan (n) toothbrush [Syn: sipilyo]
sipan (RV3) to brush one's teeth
panipan (DV) to brush one's teeth [Syn: panipilyo]
sipkod [Eng] (n) zip code, area postal number
sipeak (RV7) to appear, rise [sun]
 pagsipeak it ádlaw / sunrise
sipí' (n) section [as of an orange or jackfruit] [Syn: subók]
sipilis [Sp] (n) syphilis [venereal disease] [Akl: gáway]
sipilyo [Sp] (n) toothbrush [Cf: sipan]
 panipilyo(h) (RV5) to brush one's teeth
siping (n) extra digit, extra finger (or) toe
 sipingon (adj) having an extra finger (or) toe
sipir [Eng] (n) zipper
sipit (RV1) to carry under one's arm
sipit (n) large tongs [used for adjusting a fire] [Cf: kimpit]
sipit (n) hairpin
sipnga(h) (RV1) to blow one's nose
sip-on (n) mucus [stf]; "snot" [vul]
 sip-on (ST4) to have a cold, have a running nose
 sip-onon (adj) having a cold (or) having a running nose
sipong (RV1) to make two ends meet, close up (two ends)
sipot (RV1) to consume totally, exhaust, use up all
 sipot (adj) exhausted, consumed, totally used up
sipsip (RV1) to sip, suck [Syn: súpsup]
 sipsip (n) "leech", "parasite" [AE, slg], sycophant [FE];
 "brown nose" [AE, vul], hanger-on,
 September
Septyembre [Sp] (n) September
sir [Eng] (n) sir [polite term of address for men] [Sp: señor]
sirá(h) [Sp] (RV3) to close (up), close (down), shut [Alt: sirá(h)]
 Ginsirahán ko ro aparador. / I shut the cabinet.
 pagsirá it klási [idm] / end of the school year
 door, gate [Cf: pwérta(h)]
 closed, shut [Opp: ábri]
 lock; clasp
 [fruit--cherry] Flacourta ramontchi.
 to serve [food]
 beer [Sp: cerveza]
 service, position



sirbíti [Sp. cor] (n)	ice cream [Alt: sorbete]
sirko [Sp] (n)	circus
sirko(h) (RV6)	to tumble, do acrobatics
sirigwila [Sp] (n)	"Spanish plum" [tree, fruit]. <u>Spondia purpurea</u> L. [Alt: sigwilas]
sirína [Sp] (n)	siren, horn
sirína(h) (RV7)	to blow [said of 'siren, horn]
sirína [Sp] (n)	siren, mermaid [Cf: kataw]
sirmon [Eng] (n)	sermon [also (RV4)]
siro [Sp] (n)	zero [Akl: owá']
siróe (RV1)	to elbow, hit with elbow [Syn: síkoe]
sírom [Kin] (n)	dusk
sírom-sírom (n)	[cricket--insect that makes noise at dusk]
sísi]ma[(adj)	careful, meticulous, detailed
sísí [Hil] (n)	[oyster--small]. [Akl: taeabá]
sí-sí' (RV1)	to cut open
sí-sí' (ST3)	to get frayed, get unraveled
síso [Eng] (n)	teeter-totter, seesaw [also (RV5)] [Akl: humbákay]
sesyón [Sp] (n)	session, meeting
síta [Sp] (n)	appointment, date
sítár [Sp] (RV1)	to challenge, provoke; interrogate [Cf: usísa']
sítaw (n)	[bean]
síti [Eng] (n)	city [Syn: bánwa, siyudád/syudád]
seténta [Sp] (n)	seventy, 70
sitipáris [Sp] (n)	'seven pairs' [good winning play in mahjong]
sitisín [Eng] (n)	citizen [Syn: syudadáno]
sítsit (RV3)	to hiss; call a person with "psst"
sitwasyón [Sp] (n)	situation, condition [Akl: pagkabutáng, kahimtángan]
Setyembre [Sp] (n)	September. [Alt: Septyembre]
sityo [Sp] (n)	sitio, site, locale, locality [Akl: minuró']
siya [Sp] (n)	chair, seat [Alt: sílya]
siyak (RV3)	to scream, screech (to/at) [Syn: sínggit]
siyág-it (RV2)	to scream, shout, cry aloud
siyágit (n)	scream, shout, outcry, outburst
siyám (n)	nine, 9
ikasíyám (adj)	ninth
siyám (RV1)	to make nine; raise (or) lower to nine
siyám-siyám [idm] (adj)	crazy, "nuts"
siyáw (n)	knife, dagger [Cf: síad]
siyudád [Sp] (n)	city [Alt: syudád]
slang [Eng] (n)	accent, way of speaking
slang (RV5)	to speak with an accent or different intonation
smágol [Eng] (RV1)	to smuggle [Alt: ismágol]

smágol [Eng] (n)
snáyper [Eng] (n)
su [Eng] (n)
súay (RV1)
[idm]
[idm]

súay]ma[(adj)
súba' (RV1) \\
subá' (n)
pasúba' (RV9)
pasubá' (RV9)
subáng (adj)
subát (RV6)

sueubátan (n)
subáy (n)
súbeak. (RV7)
súbeang (RV1)
súbli' (RV1)
panúbli' (n)
submarino [Sp] (n)
subó' (ST2)
kasubó' (n)
masubó' (adj)
masinueúb-on (adj)
subók. (n)
súbœe (RV1)
pínanúboe (n)
subœe (n)
subóng [Hil] (adv)
súb-ong (ST4)
sóbra [Sp] (n)
sóbra (n)
sobrahán. (n)
sobránte (expr)
pasóbra (CV)
paeanóbra (DV)
sóbrang (A. det)
sóbre [Sp] (n)
súbsub (RV7)

rubber sandal(s), zori(s) [Alt: ismágold]
sniper

zoo

to doubt, disbelieve.

Súay ta. / Is that so?

Súay eot-á. / I doubt you. (or) "You're pulling my leg." [AE, slg]

seriously ill [Syn: grábi]

to deny payment [Cf: balasúbas]

river

to go upriver [Syn: pasueáy] [Opp: pallig]

to go to the river, head for the river

oldest of all, eldest

to appear, make the scene

Nagasubát eon do ádlaw. / The sun is now rising.

Sumubát imáw it ulíhi. / He made the scene later.

sunrise; east

[ant--large, red]

to bloom, grow, sprout, shoot up [plants]

to meet (on the way)

to take another's place, replace, substitute (for)
inheritance

submarine

to be sad, depressed

sadness, bad spirits, "dumps" [AE, slg]

sad, depressed, "down in the dumps" [AE, slg]

sentimental, easily depressed, "touchy"

section [as of an orange or jackfruit] [Syn: sipí']

to kick out, dismiss, tell to leave

[someone kicked out or asked to leave]

pinfeather [chicken] [Syn: tángbo']

now; today; nowadays [Akl: makarón]

to get a bloody nose [also (n)]

too much, extra, more than enough. surplus

leftover(s); extra

too much, extra

beyond one's tolerance, too much, exaggerated

to have more than enough, cause/plan a surplus

to go beyond the limit or expectation (qf)

too sóbrang káaeam / too smart

envelope

to be headed downwards, dip; fall headlong; have the
front down Sáylo kamó iyá sa ulín ay nagasúbsub

eon ro baróto. /-All of you move back here to the

[ldm]	stern because the boat is dipping at the front.
súka(h) (RV2)	súsub ra úeo sa trabáho / he works relentlessly
suká' (RV1)	to vomit (out), throw up [also (n)] to dig up the roots
súkat (RV1)	Súk-a ro kamóti. / Dig up the sweet potatoes. to measure, take the measurement (of) Sukáta akó pára saáng eámbong. / Get my measurements for my dress.
sukatán (n)	measurement(s)
sukát (adj)	precise, exact, just as/like
súkdip (RV2)	Sukát eon kará nga sang dág-on nga si Pédro namatáy. / This is the first anniversary of Peter's death.
súkdoe (adj)	to put away, conceal (between nipa shingles) [causing something to be too low or too small for/in one particular instance--for example, a ceiling may be just right for some people, but then be too low for others who are taller] Súkdoe ra úeo sa kisamí. / His head touches the ceiling. (or) The ceiling is too low for him. Súkdoe raáng saéwae kimo. / My trousers are too short (around the crotch area) for you.
súkgay (RV1)	to stir [Syn: eahúgay]
súki' (n)	regular customer; regular agent (or) dealer
súki' (RV4)	to always do business with Ginasuki-án ko sánday Ráding. / I always do my business with Ráding's.
súkmod (adj)	short, cramped, not high (or) big enough [Cf: súkdoe]
súkna' (RV3)	to check on the truth of another's gossip [Cf: búsla]
súkob (RV1)	to charge ahead; brave, challenge against all odds Ginsúkob na ro kaeáyo agód masálbar do ákong mga ungá'. / He charged into the flames to save my children.
súkob [vul] (RV1)	to rape, dishonor a woman
manunúkob (n)	rapist
sukód (adj)	pressed for time, rushed, short [of time]
súkoe (RV4)	to accept a challenge, fight [upon being challenged] [Cf: ayát / to challenge]
sukóe (n)	bud of flower (unopened)
sukóe (RV7)	to have buds; bud
sokoláti [Sp] (n)	chocolate, cocoa
sukót (RV1)	to collect (debts)
manunúkot (n)	bill collector
panukót (DV)	to collect [many debts or receivables]
sueúkton (n)	debt(s), collectables

paeasúkot (adj)	always reminding others of their debts, always dunning
pasukót (CV)	to dun, remind (others) of their debts
súksuk (RV2)	to wear; put on, don
súksuk (n)	[house lizard--small]
súdlay (n) [RV1]	comb; [to comb (out)]
panúdlay (RV5)	to comb (out) one's hair
súdsud (n)	blade of plow [Cf: arádo]
sueá (n)	tuber (of a banana tree)
sueá' (n)	"viand" [FE]; food [in real English--rice is also a "viand" in standard English; in FE "viands" do not include rice; in AE "viand" is an obsolete word]
sueá' (RV2)	to use as viand [FE]; eat [meat, fish and/or vegetables] with one's meal (or) rice
kasúd-an (n)	viands [FE]; food [meat, fish and/or vegetables] eaten with rice to add flavor or variety to the meal
sueáb (n)	point (or) tip of blade [of bolo]
sueábya(h) (RV1)	to prefer [Ctr: sueabiha] [Syn: eabi]
sueábob (n)	chicken pox [disease]
sue-an (ST4)	to be in pain, be stunned [from a blow]
sueang (RV1)	to fetch, go to get, call for [a person]
sueang (n)	chin, lower jaw
sueát (n)	letter; mail
sueát (RV1)	to write, take down in writing, write down
sueát (RV3)	Sueát ra. / Write this down.
manunúeat (n)	to write to [someone]
manogsúeat (n)	. Sueatí imáw. / Write him.
tagsueát (n)	author
panueát (n)	secretary
súeay (n)	writer; author
súeay (RV1)	style, way of writing
súeay [slg] (n)	buttress, support for a house
sueáy (RV6)	to buttress, put a support (on/to)
súeay [idm] (RV1)	a sex maniac, oversexed man [said because he will even climb the buttress to get into a house] [Cf: úeag]
pasueáy (RV9)	to go upstream, battle the current
sueáy (RV1)	to brave the rain
manunúeay (n)	to go against the current [Opp: /pailig]
panueáy (n)	to tempt, test one's worth (or) boast, prove
súeay-súeay (n)	tempter; devil
súebo' (ST2)	temptation(s)
suebohan (n)	[fish]
	to hurt one's rear end (or) tailbone
	quenching tank [tank or basin used by blacksmith to

sueó' (n)	temper metals] [Alt: sueúbwan]
sueó' (RV1)	torch
súe-ob (RV1)	to use as a torch. Súe-on mo. / Use it for a torch.
súeok (n)	to overflow, flood over
súeok (ST2)	famine, starvation
nasusúeok (n)	to starve, be famished
súeók (adj)	a starving person, a famished man/woman
súe-ok (RV1)	greedy, selfish, demanding
súeók-sueokán (n)	to eat (or) drink greedily, gulp down
súeod (n)	upper stomach (area)
sueód (n)	comb [used by elderly ladies to remove lice]
	inside (part); bedroom [Opp: guwá']
	Sa sueód imáw. / She's in the bedroom.
	sa sueód it baeáy / inside the house
sueód (RV2)	to insert, put in(to) [Opp: buóe]
sueód (RV6)	to enter, go into [Opp: guwá']
kasúdlan (n)	entrails, internal organs
pagsueód (n)	entering; entrance
pasueód (n)	entrance [way], doorway
pasueód (GV)	to let in, have enter [Opp: paguwá']
sueódlan (n)	container
	Isueód ro sueát sa sóbre. / Put the letter into the envelope.
	Pasúdla imáw. / Have him come in.
sueóg (RV7)	to stream, flow, rush [water, river]
sueóg (n)	rooster, cock [young] [Cf: manók]
súeong (RV2)	to push (forward) [Syn: tueód] [Opp: bútung, birá(h)]
súeóng (RV3)	to run, contaminate [said of colors, dyes]
sueóng (n)	facade, front of a building
sueopáktor (adj)	stubborn, cannot easily (or) readily be convinced
	[Cf: supáe] [Syn: búngkoe, dúngean]
súesue (RV3)	to ignite, set on fire, kindle
súesue [idm] (RV1)	to enrage, inflame a person with anger
	Ayáw pagsuesueá si Pédro ay básí' patyón nána si Juan. / Don't enrage Peter since he might wind up killing John.
sugá' (RV3)	to burn, set on fire [Cf: sunóg, kaeáyo, súesue]
	Súg-i ro basóra. / Burn the garbage.
sugakód (RV4)	to finance, shoulder the expenses (for)
sugáe (RV2)	to gamble, take one's chances (at/on)
panugáeon (n)	[one's way (or) style of gambling] method(s)
sugáean (n)	gambling den, casino [place for gambling]
sugaróe (n)	gambler
sugáepot (adj)	fizzled, unsuccessful [fireworks; affair]; dismal

súgba(h) (RV2)

súgbo(h) (RV1)

núgbo (ST2)

pinasúgbo (n)

pinasúgbo (adj)

sugbuánon (n)

sugi (n)

súgid (RV2)

súgid (n)

sueugirán (RV8)

sugilánon (n)

sugilánon (RV8)

panugíron (n)

súgma' (n)

súgnod (RV2)

Súgnod (n)

súgo' (RV1)

sueugo-ón (n)

súgod (RV1)

panúgod (DV)

sugóng (adj)

sugót (RV3)

pasúgot (CV)

pahinúgot (n)

súg-ot (RV1)

panúg-ot (DV)

sug-otón (n)

súgpo (n)

súgpon (RV1)

súhi' (n)

súhoe (n)

suhóng (n)

to put over embers [Cf: bága(h)]

to immerse, dunk [into liquid]

to get dunked into water

[dessert--bananas cooked in melted sugar]

smelted (in another metal)

the Cebuano language

[fish]

to tell, say, relate, explain [Syn: ásoy]

tale [something said or related]

to talk to one another; tell tales to each other

discussion; story

to talk to one another, discuss, converse

narration; narrative

[a mixture of lime, betel nut and tobacco--after

chewed by someone; this mixture is often used by

herbolarios for a host of ailments] [Cf: tilád]

to push wood into the fire

barrio of Malinaw

to order, command, dictate

servant

to bite, sting [said of insects] [Cf: tusik, pangót]

Bási' ka súgdon it namók. / You might get bit by

a mosquito.

to bite, sting [said of a number of insects]

too much, very much

to permit, allow; tolerate [Opp: inga', balibad]

to submit, let oneself be taken (or) influenced, put

up with

Nagpasúgot eang akó agód owát gamó. / I submitted

just so there'd be no trouble.

tolerance, allowance

to tie up, join together [fibers]

to tie up all together, unite

pinanug-óton nga eaeawigan [Oak] / the United States

fiber [Alt: sag-utón]

prawn, large shrimp

to tie together, lengthen, join ends together [when

something is too short alone] [Cf: tág-od]

suckers [plants sprouting from base of the mother

plant]; adventitious sprout [Cf: sáha']

price, payment, reward, recompense, compensation

Ro ímong diplóma hay súhoe sa ímong pangabúdlay.

Your diploma is the recompense of your efforts.

mole cricket

súhot (RV4)	to crawl underneath/beneath
súlda(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to solder, join with solder
súlda (n)	solder [alloy used for joining]
soldádo [Sp] (n)	soldier [Alt: sondáeo]
sulí' (RV1)	to turn around, turn to the other end
sulí' (adj)	backwards, having the wrong end to
	[Cf: balískad / upside down]
pasulí' (CV)	to turn so that the wrong end faces [something]
Solído (n)	barrio of Nabas
sulíga' (RV1)	to flatter, pander, speak hypocritically
sulíp (RV5)	to turn the eyes upwards into the sockets [as when sick or dying]
sulírap (adj)	grazed, cut only on the surface
pasulírap (CV)	to cut on the surface, graze
solíras [Sp] (n)	floor brace, floor joist
sólo [Sp] (adj)	solo, alone
sólo (RV5)	to solo, be alone
súlong (RV2)	to push [Alt: súeong] [Opp: búlong]
solúngpas (n)	medicinal plaster [Alt: salúmpas]
soltéra [Sp] (n)	single girl, bachelor girl [Akl: daeága]
soltéro (n)	single man, bachelor [Akl: olitáwo, mirón]
sinultéro (n)	[haircut style]
súma(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to add, sum up, take the total (of)
súma' (conj)	consequently, wherefore
súma' (intj)	"Imagine!" "How could it be?" [expression of shock or surprise] [Syn: kabatás]
súman (n)	[sweet native rice cake]
sumán-sumán (RV1)	to mimic, imitate
sumbáki' (adj)	not parallel, contradictory, conflicting [stories]
sumbáki' (RV6)	to be contradictory (or) conflicting, not be in agreement, not be parallel; disagree, conflict
sumbáeang [pa] (CV)	to let things happen by chance [Syn: paswérte]
súmbil (RV2)	to offer, give, extend [Hil: tányag] [Syn: taó]
sumbiling (n)	spear [Syn: bángkaw]
sombréro [Sp] (n)	sombrero, large hat with wide brim
súm-od (ST1)	to be bored, fed up (with) [Alt: súm-oe]
súm-oe (ST1)	to be bored, fed up (with), have enough (of)
kasúm-oe (n)	boredom
makasuedm-oe (adj)	boring, irritating, causing one to get fed up
súmpa' (n)	promise, oath, pledge, vow [in good connotation]; curse [in bad connotation]
súmpa' (RV2)	to vow, swear, promise; to curse
súmpa' ko gid [idm]	"I swear it." "Honest to God." "Cross my heart."
súmpay (RV2)	to add, put end to end (with)

súmpit- (RV7)	to jet out, splurt, squirt (out)
súmpit (n)	blow-gun [Cf: hára / d. rt]
súmpo' (ST3)	to break off, chip [point of knife or tool]
[idm]	Nasúmpo' ra búgáe. / His boasting was squelched.
súmpong (ST1)	to "blow up" [AE, slg], get/become hot-headed
sumsúman (n)	hors-d'oeuvre, appetizer [food taken with alcoholic beverages]
súmwan [Bkd] (n)	tinder log [log or fire kept burning to light other fires from]
súmwan (RV7)	to burn overnight
son [Eng] (n)	zone, area [Alt: sóna]
sóna [Sp] (n)	zone, area
súna (adj) [Cak]	bad for, contrary to, incompatible with, does not agree with
	súna sa ákong pagginháwa / does not agree with my health
sún-ad (RV7)	to root [dig the earth with the snout--said of pig]
	[Syn: úkib]
sunáid]pa[(CV)	to compare; take instead [Syn: komparár]
sunánto']ka[[Sp] (RV8)	to be compatible, be consonant, agree, go well together, be in harmony [Opp: libag] [Syn: ángay]
pasunánto' (CV)	to harmonize, make harmonious, let/have agree
sonáta [Sp] (n)	song, piece, number [musical]
súndae]ma[(adj)	stubborn, hard-headed
sondáeo [Sp] (n)	soldier [Alt: soldádo]
súndang (n)	knife
súndo']ka[[Tag] (RV8)	to agree with one another [Akl: kasúgo]
súndot (RV1)	to poke, jab; thrust [Syn: túslok]
súnlog (RV1)	to tease, joke with, kid
sunlogánon (n)	teaser, kidder
sunó' (prep)	according to
sunód (RV3)	to follow; obey; go along with
masinueúndon (adj)	obedient, docile
pasúnod (CV)	to line up, follow one after another; be in a row
sinúndan (n)	predecessor; precedent
sueúndan (n)	ruler, leader
sueúndon (n)	rule, regulation
sueundánan (n)	standards, regulations
sumueúnod (n)	follower, disciple
súnog (ST3)	to burn, catch fire [accidentally]. [Cf: sugá', kaeáyo]
súnog (n)	fire, blaze, holocaust
sunóg (adj)	burned, destroyed by fire
[idm]	Nasúnog ro Bángá. / "Wow, look at that piece!"
	[said by one man to another when some girl exposes her legs or does something sexy]

súnsun [ma] (adv)	often, frequently
súntok (RV1)	to rap (or) hit with one's knuckle [especially on the head] [Cf: s'ingkoj]
sungá (n)	[tip of milled rice grain] [Cf: bingá]
súngad (n)	chin [of people]; snout, nose [of pig, dog] [Cf: sueáng]
sungát (RV1)	to pry open
sungáw (RV7)	to leak out [said of air, liquid, odor]
súngay (n)	horn [of animals]
súngka' (RV1)	to refer (to), check
sungká-an (n)	reference, sourcebook
Sungká-an (n)	[a reference book on Aklanon reading and writing, written by Manuel Laserna, and published in 1918]
súngka' (n)	[game--played with stones or marbles, attempting to get all the pieces of one's opponent]
súngka' (RV5)	to play <u>sungka'</u>
sungká-an (n)	board with 14 or 16 holes for playing <u>sungka'</u>
súngkit (RV1)	to jab, deliver a straight and fast blow (from below); to throw [something] fast and straight
súngkit (RV1)[Bkd]	to get fruit with a stick (by hitting it down)
súngkod (n)	cane, rod, staff [Syn: bastón]
panúngkod (RV5)	to walk with a cane or staff
súngkoe (RV2)	to inform, tell, report [Cf: búsla(h)]
Sungkólan (n)	barrio of Batan
súnggab (RV4)	to smash against, bump into [with force]
súnggab (ST3)	to be smashed against, get bumped into
sueunggában (RV8)	to bump hard into one another
súnggo' (RV3)	to bump into, smash into (usually head on)
núnggo' (ST2)	to bump one's head (against/into)
súnggod (RV4)	to pout, sulk, mope
sungí' (n)	hairlip [Alt: bungí']
súngíl (RV1)	to push in a leveling block [such as under a table that is wobbling] [Alt: bangíl]
pangsúngil (n)	shim, leveling block
súngit [ma] [Tag] (adj)	serious, 'somber', solemn, crabby, out of sorts, always in a bad mood [Syn: ingít] [Opp: malipay]
súngo (n)	awn [of rice]; "whisker" [of shrimps]
súngsung (n)	stopper, cork
súngsung (RV1)	to cork up, stop up, put a stopper in
súngwan (n)	tinder log [Alt: súmwan]
súngwan [slg] (n)	"chain smoker" [someone who smokes continually]
súod (RV4)	to approach, go near (to), come near (to) [Opp: ántad]
súod (adj)	near, close súod nga igbatá' / close relative

sūon jig[(n)	"godbrother/godsister" [the relationship of the god-children to the children of the godparents]
suóp (adj)	totally immersed or embedded
súpp (RV1)	to immerse, embed [totally]
supá [Sp] (n)	sofa, couch
supá' (RV1)	to munch on, chew (thoroughly--with the purpose of getting out the juice or the flavor) [Cf: úsap]
	Súp-a ron. / Chew on that.
supáe (RV1)	to tease, contradict (repeatedly but jokingly), go against
súpang (adj)	growing, maturing
panupáng (RV6)	to mature, come of age physically [Cf: panupáng]
súpil [pa] (CV)	to surrender, give up; let another win
supit (n)	grain weevil
supláda [Sp] (adj)	haughty, proud, "puffed up", aristocratic [feminine]
supládo (adj)	haughty, proud, "puffed up", aristocratic [masculine]
supó' (RV1)	to exhaust, pick all (fruits on a tree)
súpok (RV7)	to be at the height of [said of emotions--love, anger]
súpoe (RV1)	to plant very close to an unweeded section/part
súpag [ma] (adj)	close; intimate [Cf: edeot, suód]
súpot [Tag] (n)	paper (or) cloth bag
supót (RV1)	to bully, pick on someone weaker or inferior to oneself Ayaw imaw pagsúpta. / Don't pick on him.
supót [vul] (adj)	uncircumcised [Opp: tulí]
súpsup (RV1)	to suck [Syn: sípsip] [Opp: bugá(h)]
sur [Sp] (n)	south [Cf: hángin]
sóra(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to criticize, defame, speak ill of [Syn: intrimis]
soradór (n)	critic, fault-finder
sorbéte [Sp] (n)	ice cream
surib (adj)	uninvited [guest] [Syn: mainod]
soriso [Sp] (n)	chorizo, sausage
soriso [vul] (n)	penis [stf]; "dick", "dork", "cock" [vul]
sus (intj)	"Jesus!" [said in amazement or strong emotion]
súsmariosép (intj)	"Jesus, Mary and Joseph!" [curse word]
súso [vul] (n)	female breast [stf]; bóbb [vul]
pasóso (CV)	to suckle, breast-feed
	Pasóswa ro eápság. / Suckle the baby.
sosó' [slg] (n)	penis [stf]; "wienie" "peepee" [child's term]
	[Syn: pitóy, pitútoy]
só-so' (RV2)	to dip, dunk [into a sauce]
sótá' [Sp] (n)	jack [on playing cards] [Syn: dyak]
sotána [Sp] (n)	cassock [of priest]
sutíl [Sp] (adj)	nasty, ill-mannered, impolite, naughty [Opp: búot]
sútsut (RV2)	to squeeze in, force in, "worm in" [Syn: sil-ot]

suwá' (n)	[native citrus fruit--pomelo] <u>Citrus maxima</u> .
suwat (RV1)	to pry open
súy-aw (RV1)	to visit, call on [Syn: dáaw]
súyod (n)	steel-spiked harrow [Cf: ligís]
súyod (RV1)	to harrow (with a steel-spiked harrow)
	Suyóra ro eaná. / Harrow the rice field.
súyop (RV1)	to suck up, slurp, sip [Cf: sípsip, súpsup]
spúksib (n)	small pláne [carpenter's tool]
spónsor [Eng] (n)	sponsor [Cf: pátron]
spring [Eng] (n)	spring [wire]
starápol [Eng] (n)	star apple [tree, fruit]. <u>Chrysophyllum caimito</u> .
stártir [Eng] (n)	starter [machine part]
strobíri [Eng] (n)	strawberry [berry; flavoring] <u>Fragaria vesca</u> L.
swábi [Sp] (adj)	suave, soft, smooth, well-mannered
swápang (adj)	clever, sly, tricky
swildo [\$p] (n)	salary, pay, payment
swildo(h) (RV3)	to pay one's salary
swildo(h) (n)	payday
swérte [Sp] (n)	luck, fortune [Akl: páead] [Cf: dibóynas, dimálas]
	May swérte akó. / I've got (good) luck.
paswérte(h) (CV)	to have potluck, take whatever comes, accept one's fate; to guess, do something haphazardly
	lucky, fortunate
swertéhan (adj)	shrewd, sly, clever, cannot be trusted [Cf: swápang]
swítik (adj)	switch
swits [Eng] (n)	to switch on, throw the switch
swits (RV2)	to masturbate [Cf: ló-lo']; have intercourse (with)
syápol [vul] (RV1)	[Cf: itoi, lántot]
	shotgun [Syn: pusíl] [Syn: iskopíta]
syátgan [Eng] (n)	"of course" "naturally" "sure" [AE] [Akl: máwgid].
syémpre [Sp] (expr)	hundred(s), 100 [Akl: gatós]
syénto [Sp] (n)	hundreds
syéntos (n)	percent; interest
porisyénto (n)	seven, 7
syéte [Sp] (n)	[premature child--born after seven months]
syéte-syéte (n)	homosexual [Syn: agí', baklá']
syóki' [Ch] (n)	citizen
syudád. [Sp] (n)	[Chinese food roll--filled with meat and/or végetables]
syudadáno (n)	to provoke, irritate, "add fuel to the fire" [AE, sig]
syópaw [Ch] (n)	Sige, syotsyotá, agód maákig gid akó. / Go on,
syótsyot (RV1)	provoke me, so that I'll really be angry.

"T" /tah/

ta (enclitic)

táan (n)

táas (RV6)

táas (RV1)

patáas (CV)

matáas (adj)

katáas (n)

mapinataás-taáson (adj) proud, haughty, aristocratic

tába' (n)

tabá' [Tag] (adj)

Tabaaw (n)

tabák (n)

tabák (n)

tabáko' [Sp] (n)

tabáko' (RV5)

tabág (adj)

tabagák (n)

tában (RV1)

tábang (RV4)

mananábang (n)

panábang (n)

tabáng (n)

táb-ang (n)

táb-ang-jma[(adj)

Tabangka (n)

tabangúngo (n)

tábas (RV1)

mananábas (n)

panábas (n)

patábas (CV)

tinábas (n)

tabáw (n)

Tabayon (n)

The seventeenth letter of the native Aklanon alph
bet, representing the voiceless dental stop /t/. [G. 9]
[Parenthetical expression occurring as "ta" when
standing alone, or "---t-a" when joined to various
discourse particles, as in "pat-a, eot-a, mat-a"]

Kahínay ta kána. / He is so slow. [G. 168]

Una' pat-a? / Is is still there?

fish net (across river) [Cf: eáya]

to become taller, grow taller

to raise, elevate

to let-get taller, let grow

tall, high

Matáas si Fred. / Fred is tall.

Matáas ro búkid. / The mountain is high.

height, tallness

Mawno kat katáas? / How tall are you?

[Alt: pataás-taáson]

bamboo fish trap

fat, stout, plump [Akl: támbok] [Opp: payát, niwang]

barrio of Banga

swordlike beak (of a swordfish)

pin (long), hat pin

tobacco [plant, leaf]. Nicotiana tabacum

to be in the habit of smoking

wild, undomesticated [chicken] [Cf: ilá(h)]

[fish]

to snatch with one's jaws [like dog stealing food]

to help, assist

Tabangi akó. / Help me.

lawyer [Syn: abogadó]

prayer (imploing divine help or favor)

rope (for pulling plow)

fresh drinking water

insipid, flat, tasteless, flavorless [Syn: eás-ay]

barrio of Numancia

[fish]

to cut into shape, tailor

tailor, cutter

cut (or) style of clothing

to have tailor-made, bring to a tailor

rags; clothing scraps

[tree]

barrio of Banga

tábhog (RV1)	to rock, sway, move back and forth
tábi' (expr)	"Excuse me." "Get out of the way." "Make way."
patábi' (CV)	to clear the way, tell others to make way
tabíd (RV2)	to attach, join
tabíd (RV4)	to accompany, follow after closely, "stick with" [Cf: munót, angót]
tabíg (n)	big sawali basket (for rice stalks)
tabigi' (n)	[tree--medicinal] <u>Xylocarpus granatum</u> Koenig.
tabilis (RV7)	to trickle, flow, fall down [Cf: tteo', ilig]
tabing' (RV1)	to touch (with/together)
tábla [Sp] (n)	board, lumber; sawed wood
tábla (adj)	tie, even, equal [score in gambling]
tábla (n)	draw [in cards], stalemate [in chess]
táblon [Sp] (n)	lumber, big board(s)
tábo' (RV1)	to meet, fetch, go to get Gintábo' imáw sa érport. / He was met at the airport. to happen to meet together, run in to meeting place souvenir gift [Syn: eukás]
hilinábo' (RV8)	to happen, occur, take place [usually accidents or bad events]. Náno ro nahatabó'? / What happened?
tabó-an (n)	to be the victim of some tragedy or accident
tinabo-án (n)	○Bási' ka hinabó'. / Something bad may happen to you.
tabó' (ST3)	tragedy, misfortune
nanabó' (ST2)	accident
pagkatabó' (n)	dipper, ladle
hanabó' (n)	to dip (for) [Syn: sándok]
tabó' (n)	other side, across (something flat or level, such as a road or river) [Cf: pihak / other side (across some- thing vertical or with an obstruction, such as a wall, fence or mountain)] sa tabók it subá' / on the other side of the river
tabó' (RV1)	to cross, go across, go over
tabók (n)	yaw [internal disease causing external sores] [lizard--green, medium size]
tabukáw [Lib] (n)	dull, stupid; unskilled (at)
tabuebog (n)	to shoo, scare away [Syn: búgaw]
tabuebog (adj) [idm]	something used to shoo away [flies]
tábog (RV1)	to turn one's rear end towards, "turn one's ass to" [Cf: bulí']
tabög (n)	to cover up, spread [something] over
tabulí' [vul] (RV3)	cover, bedspread, tablecloth; covering barrio of Batan
tábon (RV3)	big wasket [woven]
tabón (n)	
Tabon (n)	
tabungós (n)	

tábtab (RV1)	to chop, cut (up)
tabtában [slg] (n)	Never-neverland, Utopia, Erehwon
tábyog (RV1)	to rock, sway
tábyos (n)	[fish--very small]
taká (ST5)	to be bored with, fed up with, dislike
	Natak-an eon akó karón. / I'm already fed up with that.
makataca (adj)	disgusting, boring, hateful
takáb (RV1)	to steal, rob [Alt: akáb] [Syn: takaw]
takáb (n)	thief, robber [Sp: ladrón] [Akl: manakáw]
takáe (n)	boar, male pig [Cf: nayón]
takáe [vul] (n)	oversexed man, sex maniac [Cf: ueágan]
patakáe (CV)	to have a sow serviced
tákang (RV6)	to totter, half-walk [said of baby only]
tákas (n)	dry land; high land, land above water
tákas (RV6)	to leave the water; go upland
taeakasón (n)	steppe, upland
tákaw (RV1)	to steal, take [without permission]
	Hatakaw daang kwárta. / My money got stolen.
manakáw (n)	thief
panakáw (n)	theft
panakáw (DV)	to steal [many things; as a habit]
tákba (h) (RV4)	to service, engage in intercourse [like animals, from behind rather than in front]
tákdog (adj)	out of step, out of rhythm/timing
tákdog (RV6)	to be out of step [dance], be out of rhythm [beat]
tákeob (n)	cover, top, cork, stopper [Cf: takóp]
tákeob (RV3)	to cover (up), put a top (or) stopper on
tákeong (RV2)	to crown, put on the head
takeong (n)	veil, head covering
tákeos (RV3)	to put around the waist
tákna' (n)	hour; time [Syn: óras]
táko (n)	billiard stick, pool stick
takó' [Oak] (n)	plate, dish [Akl: pinggan]
tákod (RV3)	to endure, bear, put up with
	Indi' nákon matakóran ro kasakit. / I cannot endure the pain.
takód (RV3)	to put up, put on, attach
	Tákdan do moskitéro. / Put up the mosquito net.
takop (RV1)	to be together; be on, over (or) above; to join
takóp (RV3)	to cover (up), cap, seal; hide, conceal
takóp (n)	cover, cap, seal [Syn: tákeob]
tákurí' [Sp] (n)	tea kettle, pot for boiling water
takuróng (n)	veil [Syn: bílo(h), tákeong]

takós (RV1)	to measure out, allot; mete out
takós (n)	measure [unit], share, allotment
takós (adj)	worthy, up to
	Bukón akó it takós. / I am not worthy.
taeáksan (n)	can (or) utensil used for measuring/sharing
táksay (n)	[fish net]
taksáyan (n)	big canoe/boat [used for fishing]
panáksay (DV)	to catch fish with a net
táksi [Eng] (n)	taxi, cab
táktak (RV7)	to drop, fall down [like dust from ceiling]
patáktak (CV)	to drop; let drop, let fall down
[idm]	pataktak it bukbuk / "open house" "house warming"
táktak (ST3)	to fall out, drop out (and scatter all over)
	Natáktak rang dinaeá. / My baggage broke open
	and got scattered all over.
taktiká [Sp] (n)	tactics; idea, strategy, scheme [Akl: paági, pahitó]
tákway (n)	tops, spears [of vegetables]
tádlong (RV1)	to straighten (out/up); to straight
matádlong (adj)	straight, unbent [Opp: tikó']
tádlos [Nab] (adj)	direct [grammatical term, as in "direct object"]
	[Syn: matándos, dirikta]
tádtad (RV1)	to hack, hit repeatedly (with a blade)
tádyaw (n) [Ch]	big earthenware jar (or) pot
taeáb (n)	color, dye, stain
taeáb (RV3)	to dye, color, tint
taeabá (n)	[oyster]
taeábong (n)	heron [bird]
taeákid (RV1)	to bundle together
taeagbasán (n)	bag/basket (where rice is stored)
taeágsa (adv)	rarely, seldom [Cf: háeos] [Opp: súnun, sígin]
taealimhánon (adj)	nearly finished, almost over, nearing completion
taeamatá(h) (RV1)	to look down upon, disdain, scorn
taeámdan (n)	reference, script; diary [Cf: támod]
táeang (RV4)	to go astray, take the wrong way; err
patáeang (CV)	to lead astray, cause to go astray
taeás (RV1)	to rush, do hurriedly and carelessly
táe-as (adj)	irresponsible, errant, undisciplined [Syn: bardebae]
pananáe-as (RV6)	to run wildly, scamper
taeástas (n)	all the details; "everything from 'A' to 'Z'" [AE]
taeá'-taeá' (n)	[grass--used as spice]
táeaw]ma[(adj)	cowardly, sheepish [Syn: táslit] [Opp: maísóg]
taeáwis (RV1)	to sharpen (to a point)
mataeáwis (adj)	pointed, sharp-pointed [Opp: sumpo']
táebo (RV7)	to bounce back

táco' [Bkd] (n)	hat [Syn: káco']
taeídtud (n)	backbone, vertebrae
taeóm [ma] (adj)	sharp (edged), razor sharp [Opp: dangáe] [Cf: báid]
táeon (n)	field, underdeveloped (or) overgrown land
kataeónan (n)	rural area(s)
taeóng (n)	egg plant [vegetable]. <u>Solanum melongena</u> L.
taeopangód (RV4)	to consider, note, take into account, regard, emulate
taeutó' (RV1)	to stop, come to an end, finish [Cf: tápos]
taeítog (n)	thorny bamboo fence. [to prevent thieves]
táetae (RV1)	to remove, take down
tag--- (pfx)	[Prefix turning any part of speech into a relative noun.] tag-aşıl / that blue thing
	tagginsueát / that thing which was written
	tag-akon / that thing of mine
	[Alt: kat] [G.140]
tag--- (pfx)	[Noun prefix denoting ownership, origin or individuality.] [G.139-40]
	tagsueát author
	tagbúhat craftsman
	tagbaeáy landlord, homeowner
	tag-ána possessor, owner
tag--- (pfx)	[Stative verb qualifying prefix denoting one's general feeling.] [G.128] [D.28]
	natag-íhi' feel like urinating
	natagtángis feel like crying
	natagbueó' feel like laughing
tag--- (pfx)	[Prefix for some nouns denoting a time or a season for doing something; most often "tig---" is used.]
	tagbueyngá fruit season
tagá--- (pfx)	[Noun prefix denoting a place of origin or where a person hails from; often thought of as an equivalent for the English preposition "from"] [G.139]
	tagariyá person from here, native
	tagabúkid person from the mountains, hick
	tagabáryo person from the barrio, hick
	tagaKalibo person from Kalibo
tagá' (n)	hook
panagá' (RV5)	to fish with a hook. [Syn: pamurít]
tagá' (n)	word
tinagá' (adv)	word by word
tagá' (RV2)	to strike with a sharp object
tagabang (n)	[weed] <u>Corchorus olitorius</u> Linn.
tágak (RV1)	to drop, exclude, keep out

	Gintágak imáw sa listáhan. / He was dropped from the list.
tagákan (n)	basket (wherein prepared fibers are dropped or coiled)
tagácog (n)	Tagalog (person)
tinagáeog (RV5)	to speak Tagalog (or Pilipino); act like a Tagalog
tinagaeóg (n)	the Tagalog language
tagám (RV6)	to be wary, be cautious [Cf: ándam]
kataeágman (n)	danger
matágan (adj)	very cautious, wary, careful
tagána (RV2)	to put aside, reserve, preserve
	Itágana ko ro ímong hueáy. / I'll reserve your share.
	Tagán-i akó, ha? / Put some aside for me, O.K?
tag-ána (n)	owner, possessor [Alt: tag-íya]
	Sín-oro tag-ána? / Who is the owner?
Tagarúrok (n)	barrio of Nabas
Tagás (n)	barrio of Tangalan
tagasáw (n)	[ant--red, small, stings]
tágay (RV2)	to pour out [slowly] [Cf: ayón]
tagbaeáy (n)	landlord, homeowner [Cf: bacáy]
tagbaláy (expr)	"Anybody home?" [said to gain entrance into a home]
tágbas (RV1)	to chop forcefully (with one blow) [Alt: tígbas]
Tagbayá (n)	barrio of Ibayay
Tagbayá (n)	river in Ibayay
tágbong (RV2)	to throw into the water, dunk
tágbong]ma[(adj)	deep, sonorous, rich (voice, sound)
tagburókad [Nab] (n)	Saturday
tágkis (n)	chips [from chopping]
tággkos [Bkd] (n)	binder [a piece of cloth wrapped around a painful part of the body--usually head or waist] [Syn: hakós]
tággkos (RV3)	to wrap a piece of cloth around a painful part of the body
tágdok (n)	fence pole, pointed pole
tágdok (RV3)	to put up a fence of pointed poles
tageawás (n)	representative, leader; oneself, in person [Cf: eáwas]
taghángin (n)	[tree, fruit--tart] <u>Eugenia polyccephaloides</u> .
Taghángin (n)	sitio in Kalibo (near the Banga border)
tágik (RV1)	to tie (bamboo) together with rattan
tagikán (n)	[bamboo joint where floorboards are attached]
tagimatá (h) (ST4)	to get/have bloodshot eyes [sickness]
tagínting]ma[(adj)	shrill, high-pitched [Cf: eánting]
tagipusó-on (n)	heart
tag-íya [Hil] (n)	owner, possessor [Akl: tag-ána]
tagnánam (n)	[coconut tree] [Cf: nanám]
tágnong]ma[(adj)	calm, serene, peaceful

tágo' (RV1)	to hide, conceal, put away [secretly]
panágo' (RV6)	to hide oneself, go into hiding
panágo-án (n)	hiding place; shelter; [game--"hide and go seek"]
tagób (n)	sheath, case, cover [for knife or sword]
tagób (RV3)	to sheathe, put away into case
tagób [vul] (adj)	exhibitionistic [woman who shows her sex organs]
patágob (CV)	to expose the sexual organs; be exhibitionistic
pataeágob (CV)	to [accidentally] expose one's sexual organs
tagobílin (n)	testament, last will, final wish (or) instructions
	tagobílin by Balinganga / [legendary testament
	letter of old [Nabá] [Cf: bílin]
panagobílin (RV2)	to instruct, give as a final will (or) testament
tagók (n)	sap [of tree]
tág-od (RV1)	to shorten [Opp: hába'] [Cf: nabá']
katág-od (n)	shortness
matág-od (adj)	short [time, length] [Opp: maeáwig, mahába']
tagúdtud (n)	ridge [of a mountain]
tagoháyag (RV2)	to give as collateral on a loan [Cf: prénda(h)]
tagom (n)	[medicinal tree]
tagumpáaw (RV5)	to realize, discover
tágon (n)	fishing line
tágon (RV1)	to give out line, pay out line
tág-on (RV3) [Hil]	to contract for (in advance), ask for, request
tagúngtuñg (RV7)	to gong [make the sound of a gong]
tagosilángan (n)	sunset; west [Cf: sídlang]
Tag-usip (n)	barrio of Buruanga
tagó-to' [Hil] (n)	[lizard, small--found in house] [Akl: súksuk]
Tagpi (n)	sitio in Madalag
tágsik (RV7)	to splash [Syn: ásik, ásak]
tágsing [ma] (adj)	clear, full, sharp (voice)
Tagwati-an (n)	small island off of Malay, east of Borakay Island
tagwathót (n)	[bird]
tahá' (ST2)	to be hesitant, deferential, apprehensive [because of a sense of inferiority] [Cf: táhap]
katahá' (n)	apprehension, respect, politeness, deference
katahá' (RV3)	to treat with respect (or) deference
makataeáha' (adj)	commanding respect; making others feel inferior
taháe (RV3)	to sharpen (a pencil)
inogtáhae (n)	pencil sharpener
taháng (adj)	having a gap [teeth]; gap-toothed (person)
tahap (ST2)	to be cautious, careful, hesitant, reluctant, apprehensive [Cf: tahá']
katáhap (n)	caution, apprehension, reluctance, hesitation
makataeáhap (adj)	causing one to be apprehensive (or) cautious

táhaw (RV6)	to calm down, cool off; disappear [anger] [Opp: sángkae]
tahí' (RV1)	to sew
mananáhi' (n)	sewer, seamstress; tailor
panahí' (n)	sewing, tailoring.
tahíras [Sp] (n)	cot, small (folding) bed [Alt: tihíras]
tahó (n)	ginger tea [Cf: eúy-a]
táhod (RV1)	to respect
matinahóron (adj)	respectful
tæahóron (adj)	respectable
tinatáhod (adj)	respected [Alt: ginatáhod]
tahód (n)	natural spur of a rooster/cock
tadhánan (adj)	with long spurs
tadhánan [idm] (adj)	powerful, can readily smash one's enemies
tahúm]ma[[Hil] (adj)	beautiful, pretty; handsome [Syn: gwápa, gwápo]
tahóng [Hil] (n)	[shell fish] [Akl: abáhong]
tahóp (RV3)	to sift Táphi ro bugás. / Sift the rice.
tæáphan (n)	sifter [Cf: nígo]
tahór [Sp] (n)	gambler (at cock fighting)
tahurí [Ch] (n)	seasoning made from salted taro [Cf: gábi]
tahóy (RV2)	to wear (or) use for the first time
tái (n)	stool, feces [human]: "shit" [vul] [Cf: búglit, igt, ípot, tubóe]
tái (RV5)	to defecate [stf], move one's bowels [gen], "shit" [vul]
Talangban (n)	barrio of Madalag
talápya' (n)	[fish] <u>Tilapia mossombica</u> . [Alt: tilápya']
tálas]ma[(adj) [Tag]	sharp, smart, bright, intelligent [Akl: maáeam]; sharp [blade] [Opp: dangáe] [Syn: matáeom]
talibág (adj)	crooked, bent, not straight [Syn: tikó', talibás]
talibás (adj)	crooked, bent, not straight
talibás (RV9)	to be off-center
talibóng (n)	long bolo knife [used as weapon only]
taliki' (n)	mildew
taliki-ón (adj)	mildewed, mildewy; waterstained, waterspotted
talikód (RV3)	to turn one's back (to/on), leave, forsake Ayáw akó pagtalíkdi. / Don't turn your back on me. [Cf: likód] [Opp: atúbang]
talig-ab (RV5)	to burp, belch
talig-talig (n)	[fish eggs--big, floating on the ocean]
talimád-on (n)	superstition, superstitious belief [Cf: waeá']
Talimagaw (n)	barrio of Madalag
talimáskog (RV3)	to reinforce, strengthen [Cf: báskog]
talimáskog (n)	reinforcement
talimbabága (n)	[spider--poisonous]

talinúgtong (adj)	individually, one by one, every man for himself, on one's own [like playing games without partners but everybody is against everybody else] [Cf: búgtong]
talin (RV1)	to make independent, end dependence on the mother [said of chickens, fowl]; "wean" [FE] [Cf: bútas]
talin (n)	spring chicken [young chicken newly independent of its mother] [Cf: manók]
talinóm (n)	[herb] <u>Talinum triangulare.</u>
talingí' (adj)	unbalanced, lop-sided [Opp: tádlong]
talingyas (n)	spindle (of weaving machine)
talingyas (RV1)	to spin [fibers]
talingyásan (n)	spinning wheel
talirong (RV6)	to be the same age
katalirongan (n)	contemporary, coeval [person of the same age]
talisay (n)	[tree; nut--edible] <u>Terminalis catappa</u> L.
talisáyon (n)	[chicken--ruddy, color of talisay tree]
tál-it (adj)	cowardly, "yellow", "chicken" [AE, slg] [Syn: táeaw]
talíthi [Hil] (n)	shower, sprinkle, light rain, drizzle
panalíthi (RV7)	to shower, drizzle [Akl: ásaw-ásaw]
talíwan (RV3)	to pass by, bypass, go by, leave out
	Nakatalíwan eon rong binúean. / The months have passed away. Hám-an gintaliwánan nimo ro ámong baeáy ku písta? / Why did you bypass our house during the fiesta?
talíwis (RV3)	to sharpen with a knife [Cf: baid/to sharpen w. stone]
matalíwis (adj)	sharply pointed
Talón (n)	barrio of Altavas [Cf: táeón]
táma' [Tag] (adj)	right, correct, enough [Syn: hústo]
táma' (RV1)	to hit directly, make a bullseye, hit straight on
	Tamá-a ro mga bolingpin. / Hit the bowling pins straight on.
táma' (RV3) [idm]	to be applicable (to)
tamáad (ST5)	to feel lazy, not feel like working
	Natamarán akó. / I don't feel like working.
katámad (m)	laziness, indolence
matámad (adj)	lazy, inactive, indolent [Opp: mahugou]
tamáad (n)	lazy person
tamáad-tamáad (n)	hangnail
tamaeónon (n)	wild pig
Tamalágon (n)	barrio of Tangalan [Alt: Tamaeágon]
tamán (ST2)	to make a useless trip, go in vain
	Bási' ka hitamán. / You may be making a useless trip.
tamáraw (adj)	wild, untamed (carabao)
tamáraw (n)	[species of wild carabao found only on Mindoro]

tamások (n)	stemborer [caterpillar which feeds inside the stems of various plants, including rice; it causes the top of the infested stem to die]
támباك (n)	pile [Cf: támpok]
támباك (RV1)	to pile up (one on top of another); fill [hole]
Támباك (n)	barrio of New Washington
támباة (n)	[medicine--coagulant]
támباة (RV1)	to stop bleeding
támباغ (RV1)	to break up, separate (fighters)
támبان (n)	[fish--sardine]
támباسáكان (n)	[mudskipper, small lung fish about 2 cm. long]
támباو (RV3)	to be over one another, be overlapping [Cf: sámpaw]
támباو-támباو (RV6)	to land on top of, light, alight [said of birds]
támباي (h) (RV4)	to put side by side, make an addition, widen [Syn: súgpon] [Cf: kitíd]
	'Patambihá akó it piláng tagá'. / Give me a chance to speak a few words.
támپیبیدلی (n)	dragon fly
támبىڭ (RV3)	to pay in advance [cash and carry basis]
támبىس (n)	[tree, fruit--red, bell-shaped] <u>Syzygium samarangense</u> .
támبو (n)	bamboo shoot [Alt: tángbo']
Támبو-an (n)	barrio of Malinaw
támبوبو (n)	granary
támبۇبۇتو (n)	[ant--large, black]
támبۇبۇيۇغ (n)	bumblebee.
támبوك (n)	fat
matámбок (adj)	fat, stout, plump; fatty [Opp: maniwang]
támبوе [Sp] (n)	drum [Cf: bágtog]
támبوе (RV1)	to beat (a drum)
támبون (RV3)	to cover up [seeds after planting] [Cf: tabón]
támбонг (RV4)	to witness, observe
tumaeámbong (n)	audience
támбۇرۇڭ (n)	culvert, gutter
támبۇت'so [Sp] (n)	muffler [on vehicle]
támى (RV3)	to test food, taste (using one's finger)
támى'-támى' (RV3)	to eat a little at a time, "eat like a bird" [AE, slg]
támىلوك (n)	[worm--large, edible, found in trees]
támىڭ (n)	shield
panámىڭ (RV5)	to shield oneself
tám-ís (RV1)	to sweeten
katám-is (n)	sweetness
matám-is (adj)	sweet [Opp: maeás-ay]
támلاي]ma[(adj)	weak (due to bad mood or poor spirits)
tám-o' (n)	coconut leaves (used for wrapping foodstuffs)

tamokoe (n)	barrio of Tangalan
támod (RV4)	to refer to, check with
taeámdan, (n)	reference, check list, outline (of speech); diary
tamód (RV1)	*to repay, pay a debt of gratitude [Cf: utang] Támda ro ákong nahímo' kímo. / Repay what I did for you.
kataeámdan (n)	debt of gratitude, favor (owed)
támdon (n)	gratitude
támpa' (RV1)	to slap [Syn: sámpae]
tanpa-án (n)	doorway [Alt: tangpa-án] [Syn: pwertahan]
tampaling (RV1)	to slap [Syn: sámpae]
tampápaw (RV1)	to fill to overflowing
tampápaw (adj)	full, filled to overflowing, running over
támpi' (RV1)	to hit lightly [Cf: káblit]
támpil (RV2)	to plaster, smash with [like pushing a pie into someone's face]
támpipi' (n)	[woven basket]
támpok (RV3)	to fill up [a hole] [Cf: támbak]
támpoe (n)	[medicinal leaf--used as plaster]
támsak (RV7)	to splash, splatter out; to chew noisily [Syn: tágsik, támsik]
támsik (RV7)	to splash, splatter [Syn: ásik]
támsok (RV3)	to suck noisily off one's finger [like tasting food]
támyaw (RV1)	to greet, "say 'hello' to" [AE, idm]
tán-ag (n)	[tree] <i>Kleinhovia hospita</i> Linn.
tánan [Tag] (RV2)	to elope (with) [Akl: tángag] [Syn: eáas]
tanán (adj)	all, every
tanán-tanán (adj)	each and every
tanangaw (n)	rice bug (damages rice by sucking the unripe grains)
tán-aw (RV1)	to see, look (at)
mananán-aw (n)	spectator
panan-awan (n)	sight, spectacle
patán-aw (CV)	to let see; show
taean-áwon (n)	view, scenery
tánda' (RV4)	to mark; remember, commemorate Owá' akó katánda'. / I didn't remember
tánda' (n)	marker, mark, symbol
tándok (RV3)[sup]	to medicate by sucking around the sick area through an animal's horn (quack medicine)
tándo's]ma[(adj)	straight, unbent, smooth (road) [Opp: malíko']
[idm]	matándo's it kabubút-on / righteous.
tándo'-tándo' (n)	[insect]
tanhága' (n)	jom [for weaving]
táning (n)	[roots of large trees that are found above ground]

taning (n)	limit (to life); predestination
tánom (n)	rice seedling, rice shoot
tanóm (n)	plant [Alt: tanóm]
tanóm (RV1)	to plant Tánnon ko hin-ága. / I'll plant it tomorrow.
katámnan (n)	orchard; plantation
taeámnan (n)	field [for planting]
tigtaeánom (n)	planting season
Tánsa (n)	sitio of Naili, Ibaday
tánsan (n)	bottle cap [on soft drinks]
tántan [pa] (CV)	to wish for by magic
tantánan (n)	conjuror [a person who can make things by magic]
tantuíng (adj)	archaic, old-fashioned, antique, backward(s)
tányag [Hil] (RV2)	to offer, give [Akl: súmbil] [Cf: taó]
tang (Om) (A/pro)	[Ctr: it ákon nga] [Alt: tákon] [G: 168]
tangá (adj)	-Indi' tang magpáti. / I won't believe [you].
	scatterbrained, absent-minded, foolish, gullible
	[Sp: tarantádo]
	to look upward [Opp: dungók]
tangá' (RV6)	to elope with
tángag (RV1)	careless, forgetful, absent-minded [Syn: tangá]
tángag (adj)	Tangalan, one of Aklan's 17 municipalities
Tangálan (n)	[fruit] [Alt: támbis]
tángbis (n)	to grow new feathers [after molting]
tángbo' (RV5)	bamboo shoot [Alt: támbol]
tángbo' (n)	pig pen, pig sty
tángkae (n)	stock, pile
tángkas (n)	fish pond
tángki [Sp] (n)	to hit one's mouth against something [said of babies]
tángkob (ST2)	[shell]
tángkuká' (n)	back of neck [Syn: Ingkoy]
tángkúgo' (n)	[leafy vegetable] <u>Ipomoea aquatica</u> .
tángkong (n)	to gaze up (at), look upwards (to/at) [Opp: eungáy]
tángda' (RV1)	to look up through the slots of a floor from under the
panángda' (RV1)	house
tángday (RV4)	to rest one's leg on, put one's leg on, embrace with
	one's feet
tangdáyan (n)	foot rest, foot pillow [Opp: ueónlan]
tángead (n)	[lemon grass--used for seasoning] <u>Andropogon citra-</u>
	<u>tus</u> DC
tánggae [sup] (n)	witch, evil spirit
tánggi (h) [Tag] (RV4)	to reject
mantánggi (n)	far away place(s), remote areas
tánggo [Sp] (n)	tango (dance) [also (RV5)]
tánggi (n)	[fish--large, delicious]

tangíl (n)	shim [something used to level off an unbalanced table or chair that is wobbling] [Alt: bangl]
tangili' (n)	[tree--mahogany]
tángis (RV4)	to cry, bawl [tears]
tángo' (RV5)	Náno ring ginátangisán? / What are you crying about
tangó' (n)	to nod (one's head)
tangó(h) (ST4)	bleeding gum [of mouth]
tangód (RV3)	to get/have a bleeding gum
tánga' (RV3)	to expect a favor [Cf: tamód]
tigtaeánga' (n)	to pay tax (for)
tangpa-án (n)	taxation, time to pay taxes
tánga' (RV3)	doorway, threshold [Alt: tampa-án]
tánga' (RV3)	to face, confront [Syn: atúbang]
tánga' (RV3)	backyard [Syn: hárdin, katámnar]
tánga' (RV3)	loose, not very firm, movable
tánga' (RV3)	to swindle, fool about genuineness or authenticity,
tánga' (RV3)	pass off as genuine
mananangso' (n)	swindler
tángtang (RV1)	to escape from hook (fish); take off, get off the line
tángtang [idm] (RV1)	to accept a gift with some reluctance
tángway (RV1)	to buy liquid(s) [Cf: daeáwat]
patángway (CV)	to sell liquid(s)
taó (RV2)	to give Itaó ko kay Nanay. / I'll give it to Momma.
panaó (DV)	Gintáw-an sánda tanán it regalo. / They were all given gifts.
taó (Dp)	to give away [in quantity]
táob (n)	[Particle expressing one's ignorance of some facts.]
táob (RV7)	"I don't know." [G. 206]
pataóbon (adv)	Taó kon siín imáw. / I don't know where he is.
táod (RV1)	high tide [Opp: hunás]
táon (n)	to flow in: [tide]
tapá(h) (RV1)	about time when the tide will flow in
tápa (n)	to complete, finish off, make whole [fence]
tapahán (n)	Táod eon ro kuráe. / The fence is at long last finished (joined--both ends joined together).
tápak (n)	[fish trap in river] [Cf: ság-on]
tápak (RV4)	to dry out
tapaládo [Sp] (n)	dried meat
tápan (RV1)	drying rack
matápan (n)	footprint, step
	to step (on)
	mudguard, fender, wheel guard of car
	to straighten out, level
	straight, even, level

tapás (RV1)	to cut down Tápsa ro káhoy. / Cut down the tree.
tapát (adj)	sincere, frank, deep; headlong, rushed
tapát (RV1)	to be frank with, confess to
	Tapatá imáw. / Be frank with her:
tapát (conj)	or else, instead
tápay (n)	yeast
tápdos (RV3)	to strike, hit
tápi' (n)	board, lumber
tapf(h) (RV1)	to whisk away, shove away with the back of one's hand.
tápiik [Eng] (n)	topic, subject [of conversation]
tapik (RV6)	to cross
panapik-tapik (DV)	to transfer from one place to another
tapik (adj)	in-law, affinal, related by marriage
tapikan (n)	[tall palm] <u>Caryota rumphiana var. Philippinensis.</u>
táplik (RV2)	to cast aside, throw aside
tápna' (RV1)	to stop, put a stop to [Syn: pára(h)]
tápok (RV2)	to get ride of, discard, throw away
tapók]ma[(adj)	easily torn, quickly tattered [clothing]
[idm]	matapók it eúha' / sentimental, sensitive, readily cries
tapukáe (n)	[shrimp--very small]
tapóe (RV1)	to put together; involve
panapóe (DV)	to be included, involved
paintapóe [Nab] (n)	syllable [grammatical term]
tapón (RV3)	to get, pick up, contract [a disease]
	Bási' matápnan ka it maeáin nga batásan. / You may pick up some bad manners.
makataeápon (adj)	contagious [disease]
tapúngoe (RV1)	to slap hard, deliver a hard blow (to)
tapós (RV1)	to finish, complete, end; bring/come to a close
	Manogtapós ro síne. / The movie is just about to end.
	Taposá ány ron bágo ikáw pumánaw. / First finish that before you leave.
katapósan (n)	end, finale, finish. [Alt: katapúsan]
katapósan (n)	[the last day of a novena for a dead person--usually involving a dinner along with the prayers]
	after, afterwards
pagkatápos (conj)	dust
tapú-tapú (n)	
tarák [Eng] (n)	truck; native bus [Alt: trak]
taránta [Sp] (ST2)	to be confused, nervous
tarántado (adj)	gullible, foolish, absent-minded; nervous, confused
tára-tára (n)	billy club, wooden club
tarik (n)	rigging (on side of outrigger or sailboat--to which the outriggers are attached)

taróe. (RV3)	to chock, block [so that something will not slip]
tárong (RV6)	to become right(eous)
kataróngan (n)	justice, righteousness
matárong (adj) (n)	reasonable, just, right; reason, excuse
pakatárong (CV)	to justify; right [a wrong]
Tarótyoy (n)	a distant sitio of Libakaw [noted for its distance and often made the brunt of jokes; also noted for a massacre in 1969]
társan [Eng] (n)	Tarzan, a muscular type of person, "muscle boy"
társo [Sp] (n)	clown
títárso (RV5)	to clown around, joke around, be a clown
tása [Sp] (n)	cup [Akl: tagayán]
tásik (n)	brine, salty water
táslaw]ma[(adj)	timid, afraid, scared, cowardly [Syn: táslit, táeaw]
táslit]ma[(adj)	cowardly, sheepish, afraid, scared
tástas (RV1)	to rip, tear [a piece of cloth; the nipa shingles in a wall]
táta [Sp] (n)	Uncle si Táta Juan / Uncle John [Cf: óra]
tá-ta' (ST3)	to get unraveled, get tattered at the edge
tátap (RV1)	to take care of, cater to, rear
manogtátap (n)	person responsible for others, fosterparent
matinatápon (adj)	considerate, hospitable, thoughtful
tatapmánggad (n)	treasurer
tatapáe-o (n)	[glowworm] [Alt: tipapáe-o, titipáe-o]
tátay (n)	father, daddy [Cf: nánay]
tátlo (n)	three, 3
tátlo(n) (RV1)	to raise or lower to three, make three
tató' (n)	tattoo
tátsing: [Eng] (n)	[game] tag
tátsing (RV5)	to play tag
táwad [Tag] (n)	discount [Akl: áyo']
patáwad [Akl] (CV)	to forgive Patawára sánda. / Forgive them.
[idm]	Owát patáwad imáw sa babáyi. / He'll take any old kind of girl that comes along.
táwag (n)	banns of marriage
tawág (RV1)	to call (for), page Tawga imáw. / Call him.
panawág (DV)	to call out
panawágon (n)	first song of a serenade
tawás (n)	[medicine--for tongue]
Tawáya [Oak] (n)	Paradise, Utopia
tawgi (n)	bean sprout, sprouted monggo bean [Cf: baeátong]
	Kauyon kat tawgi? / Do you like bean sprouts?
táwhay (RV1)	to appease, placate; explain, elucidate
matáwhay (adj)	smooth, peaceful [Opp: magamó]

táwo (n)	person [pl: people]; man
katawóhan (n)	humanity
kinatáwo (n)	genitals
kinatawóhan (n)	birthday [Syn: bírtdey]
isigkatáwo (n)	fellow man
pakatáwo (CV)	to be in birth throes, treat humanly (as an equal)
pagkatáwo (n)	character, personality; reputation
táwo (ST2)	to be born Kán-o ka nátawo? / When were you born?
tawóhon (adj) [sup]	enchanted, having living beings living inside Tawóhon kunó ro káhoý ngará. / This tree is said to have living beings inside.
táwo-táwo (n)	puppet, marionette
tináwo (n)	staff, personnel, subjects
táwtaw (RV2)	to dip up and down, dunk [like a tea bag]
tayá' (n)	bet, wager [Cf: pústa']
tayá' (RV2)	to bet, wager [something]
Táyábas (n)	Tayabas [old name of Quezon Province]
Tayháwan (n)	barrio of Lezo
táyhop (n)	bamboo tube (for blowing on fire)
tayúbo' (n)	fungus [growing on trees]
tayúbong (n)	powdered starch [Cf: amiroe]; the starch plant [<i>Tacca pinnatifida.</i>]
tayók-tayók (n)	[sedge--"swampgrass"] <i>Fumbristylis annua</i> (and) <i>Fumbristylis globulosa.</i>
táyog']ma[(adj)	fár-reaching, long-ranged
tayón (RV2)	to pour (out) [in large quantity] [Cf: tágay, bó-bo']
tayúyo' (adj)	stunted in growth [such as upper toe of a chicken; the breast of a woman]
tayp [Eng]' (RV2)	to type [Syn: makinílya(h)]
taypráyter (n)	typewriter
tiáw (n)	[fish--delicious, soft-boned]
tiáw [Hil] (RV4)	to play a joke (on) [maliciously, such as when an evil spirit harms someone]; to infestate [Akl: súnlog]
tibába (n)	scorpion
tibáwas]ka[(ST2)	to be free, unburdened
tibáwas (RV3)	to overcome hardship, lessen the burden (of)
tíbay]ma[[Tag] (adj)	durable, longlasting [cloth] [Akl: húnit][Opp: tapók]
tíbi' (RV6)	to "drool over", salivate; to covet, envy, be envious of
tíbi'-tíbi' (RV6)	to want to say something hurting, be on the verge of divulging a secret (or) hurting opinion
tibók (RV7)	to beat, thump [said of the heart]
tibód (n)	jar, vessel [for gathering tuba']
tibong (RV1)	to carry on one's shoulder [Cf: pás-an]

tib-ong (RV1)
 tibusók (ST2)
 tibo-tibo (n)
 Tibyaw (n)
 Tibyáwan (n)
 tiblyog (RV1)

 katibyógan (n)
 tiká' (RV1)

 tikang pa[(n)

 tikáng (RV1)
 tikaróe (RV7)
 tikásog pa[(CV)

 tikbálang (n)
 tikbo' (RV1)
 tikeob (RV6)
 tikeod (RV2)
 tikeon (n)
 tikha' (RV5)
 tiki' (n)
 tikig (n)
 tikig (adj)
 tiket [Eng] (n)
 tiki-tiki (n)
 tiklis (n)
 tikó' (adj)
 tikó' (RV1)
 tikop [Bkd] (RV8)
 tiksas [Eng] (n)
 tiksiw (RV6)
 téksto [Sp] (n)
 tiktik [sup] (n)

 tiktik (n) [Tag]
 panfktik (DV)
 tikwang (RV2)
 tikwaóg (RV7)
 tikwas (RV4)

to elevate, raise up (one's thoughts in prayer)
 to step into mire or mud (accidentally)
 [shellfish--small, fresh water]
 barrio of Altavas
 barrio of Makato'
 to group [related things] together, assemble (or)
 organize (into a homogeneous group) [Cf: tipon]
 group, organization
 to surprise [by revealing something; by jumping up]
 Usoy... Tiká' / Hide and Seek. (or) "Where are
 you?... Ah, got you!"
 working(s), way, method, plan
 patikang it administrasyón / the workings of the
 administration
 to walk, go on foot (to)
 to clunk, thump, bang [sound]
 to get things done, accomplish, do one's best
 Patikasóga nga masiménto ro karsáda ngará. /
 Do your best to get this road cemented.
 demon, evil spirit
 to drop/throw into the water, throw overboard
 to turn oneself face down [said of babies only]
 to push. [Opp: búton] [Syn: tueód]
 gizzard
 to draw one's last breath
 [lizard--large, found in homes] [Syn: tukó'] [Cf: súksuk]
 [eel--small, eats minnows in fishponds]
 small and thin, skinny
 ticket
 rice bran [health food]
 big basket [made of thin strips of bamboo]
 bent, crooked [Opp: tádlong]
 to bend, make crooked
 to meet, assemble
 [chicken--from Texas]
 to hop [chick; child]
 textbook, text, book
 witch, evil spirit [in form of a bird or a human--
 named after the sound it makes] [Cf: áswang, wákwak]
 detective, spy, agent
 to spy (on)
 to push down with one's hands
 to rise; protrude, stick out, bulge
 to leave without permission [Cf: eás]

tikwi' (n)	[bird of prey]
tidlí' (n)	dot, jot, small mark (or) line
tídlí' (RV3)	to dot, put a mark (or) line on
tig--- (pfx)	[Standard noun prefix denoting a time or a season.]
	tig-aeáni harvest time [G. 140]
	tigbueungá fruit season
	tigsililák summer, dry season
	tigguetom famine, time of starvation
tig--- (pfx)	[Prefix for adverbs denoting quantity: "at a time", "apiece" "... by..."] [G. 184]
	tiglimá five by five
	tigpilá? how much apiece?
	tig-áp-at four at a time
tigá' (adj)	stingy, miserly [Syn: korípot]
tíga' (n)	[tree--with very hard wood]
tíg-a (RV1)	to make/get hard(er); be harsh, firm
katíg-a (n)	hardness, firmness, solidness; harshness
matíg-a (adj)	hard, solid, firm, harsh
tíg-ang [Hil] (RV1)	to cook rice [Akl: tóg-on]
tigáwnan (n)	fishing pole
tígay (RV1)	to pout out a little at a time [Cf: tágay, tayón, bó-bo']
tigáylo (n)	guard, watcher, watchman [Syn: ibílin][Cf: bántay]
tigáyon (ST3)	to be successful, turn out all right
Tigáyon (n)	barrio of Kalibo
patigáyon (CV)	to help to succeed, help for the success (of)
tigbas (RV1)	to chop forcefully (with one blow) [Alt: tágbas]
tigbaw (n)	[grass--tall, growing along river] <u>Saccharum spon-</u> <u>taneum</u> L. subsp. <u>indicum</u> Hack.
Tigbaw (n)	barrio of Balete'
Tigbáwan (n)	barrio of Madalag
tíghad (ST4)	to get grazed (or) cut on shrubbery [not on thorns]
tígi' (n)	[insect--white, found on plants; is poisonous if in- gested]
tígi' [slg] (adj)	having long hair, needing a haircut
tígi'b (n)	chisel [also (RV1)]
tígídíg (n)	toy horse [for children]
tígídíg (RV5)	to play with a toy horse [saying "giddiap"].
tígis (RV1)	to pour out [Cf: tígay, tayón]
tígo [Sp] (Dp)	[Ctr: antiguo] know how? Tígo ká?/Do you know how?
tígó' (adj)	rare, scarce, seldom seen, limited, hard to find
tígúlang [Hil] (adj)	very old [Akl: tigúl-it, magdeang]
tígúl-it (adj)	very old
tígom (n)	very black indigo ink
Tígom (n)	barrio of Buruanga

tigpalas (n)	barrio of Malinaw
tigpo' (RV1)	to cut down, harvest (sugar cane)
tigpod (RV1)	to break off [Syn: balí']
tigpod (ST3)	to get broken off [tip of pencil]
tigre [Sp] (n)	tiger
tigwathót (n)	[bird--small] [Alt: tagwathót]
tihíras [Sp] (n)	cot, small (folding) bed
tihóe (n) [sup]	amulet, charm [against evil spirits]
tihoe-tihoe (n)	[grass] <u>Pseuderanthemum bicolor</u> (Schrank) Radlk.
tiid (RV6)	to sneak up on tiptoe [Cf: táy-od]
paniid (RV3)	to observe, spy on, sneak a look (at) [Cf: kngling] [Cf: niid]
tiis (RV1)	to suffer, endure [pain] [Syn: agwánta]
téla [Sp] (n)	cloth, textile, material
tilád (n)	[combination of lime, betel nut and tobacco which old women chew] [Cf: ságma']
tilád-tilád (RV1)	to cut into pieces
tiláok (n)	throat, windpipe
tildi' [Sp] (n)	period [punctuation mark] [Cf: tili']
til-i' (RV6)	to shriek; to break [said of one's voice upon reaching a very high pitch]
tílik (RV7)	to whirl, twirl [like a top] [Syn: tíyog]
telegráma [Sp] (n)	telegram
telegráma(h) (RV4)	to wire, send a telegram (to)
teleponó(h) [Sp] (n)	telephone
teleponó (RV3)	to telephone, call [someone] up
Tílog (n)	sifio in Libakaw
tíltíl (RV1)	to chip off, carve, engrave; chisel [to hit as with a chisel--hold tool against thing to be chipped, then hit that tool with something else]
timaeós (RV1)	to baste, sew up temporarily
timaeós (RV3)	to try out, attempt [something new] [Cf: hinghá']
timba' (n)	pail, large can
timbabáras (n)	[bird]
timban (RV3)	to kick, hit with one's foot [from a lying position] [Cf: s'pa']
timbang (RV1)	to balance, compare weight; equate
katimbang (n)	equal, equivalent
panimbang [idm] (DV)	to adjust one's personality or ways to others; to be cautious or careful with others
panimbangan (n)	counterbalance
timbang (n)	partner, pair
timbuk (r)	rising smoke [Syn: asó]
timbre [Sp] (n)	doorbell; postmark, stamp; rubber stamper

tímbre(h) (RV4)	to postmark
timbrera [Sp] (n)	metal food container set [for carrying foodstuffs or lunches] [Alt: pimbrera]
tingas [ma] (adj)	very ripe, yielding a good harvest, fruitful
timó' (RV2)	to eat with one's hands
timó'-tímo' (RV1)	to nibble at food, eat a little at a time
timód (RV7)	to fall off/apart a bit at a time [like a rotting tree]
timog. (n)	the east wind [Cf: hángin]
timón (n)	rudder [of a boat]
timón (RV5)	to steer, man the helm
timonil (n)	helmsman, pilot
timúnong [ma] (adj)	peaceful, quiet, uneventful [Syn: himúnong]
timós-timós (n)	[a sore or boil by/near the eye]
timo-timo (RV6)	to save, start to accumulate [money/property]
timpa(h) (RV1)	to break off [into small pieces]
timpa (ST3)	to break off in small pieces, cave in Natimpa ro bí-bi' it subá'. / The bank of the river caved in.
timpayód (ST3)	to trip (over)
témpla(h) [Sp] (RV3)	to season (food), flavor, spice
témpla (RV1)	to mix, prepare (food)
templádo (n)	mixture
témplo [Sp] (n)	temple [Syn: simbáhan]
tempráno [Sp] (adv)	early, ahead of time [Opp: ulíhi] [Cf: ága]
timsog (RV6)	to become stronger, get healthy
matimsog (adj)	fleshy; healthy, robust
Tina (n)	barrio of Makato
tiná' [Sp] (n)	tint, dye, coloring
tína' (RV1)	to dye, tint, color
tin-ad [pa] (CV)	to walk silently (or) quietly; tiptoe
tin-ad (adj) [idm]	improving financially
tinápá (n)	anchovies; food preserved by smoking
tinápáy (n)	bread
Tinápway (n)	barrio of Banga
tin-aw (RV7)	to become clear (or) clean
matin-aw (adj)	clear, crystalline, crystal clear
tinda(h) [Sp] (n)	goods for sale
tindáhan (n)	market, market place
tindira (n)	saleslady
tindiro (n)	salesman
panindáhan (RV1)	to market, do/go marketing
panindáhon (n)	business
pangpanindáhan (n)	something used (or) worn for marketing; money used for marketing

tinday (n)	heifer, young female cow [Cf: ternera]
tindog (RV4)	to stand up [Cf: lingkod; eubog]
[idm]	sadya' it tindog / well-poised
patindog (CV)	to erect, build, construct
tenedor [Sp] (n)	fork
Tinigaw (n)	[two barrios of Kalibo]
Tinigaw-Móbo (n)	barrio of Kalibo [across the river]
Tinigaw-Manabáyan (n)	barrio of Kalibo
tenér [Sp] (RV4)	to remain, stay; dwell, live (at) [Cf: estár]
tinlag (RV1)	to boil briefly, heat up [in water]
tinle']ma[(Hil) (adj)	clean, clear, pure [Opp: higko; Syn: limpyo]
	matinlo' it kabubút-on / pure of heart
tinúea (n)	cooked vegetable(s) [Cf: túa(h)]
tinong]ma[(adj)	slow, quiet, peaceful [way of life]
[idm]	matinong it paino-ino / right-thinking, logical
Tinuongan (n)	sitio of Tul-ang, Bájay
tinó'-tinó' (n)	[shrub--berry]
tinta' [Sp] (n)	ink
tinta' (n)	[rice--black]
téntar [Sp]' (RV1)	to tempt [Cf: panueáy] [sueáy]
tentasyon (n)	temptation
tenyente [Sp] (n)	lieutenant
	tenyente del báryo / barrio captain
t-ing. (Om)(A/pro)	[Cf: it imo nga] [G. 168]
	Nag-ágo kat-íng? / Did you really go?
tingá (n)	food particles caught between teeth
hninga(h) (RV1)	to take out food particles-between one's teeth
inoghininga (n)	tooth pick
tingá [idm] (ST2)	was scolded, reprimanded
tingádlaw (n)	summer, dry season [Cf: silak, ueán]
tingáea(h) (ST2)	to be surprised [Syn: ngáwa]
katingaeáhan (n)	surprise, amazement, marvel, wonderment
tingkayá' (ST3)	to slide downwards on one's back with arms outstretched
tingko' (RV1)	to clink [hit lightly against--like glasses carried in a tray]
tingga' (n)	lead [metal]
tinggas]ma[[slg] (adj)	healthy [Cf: tingas]
tinggil [vul] (n)	clitoris [stf]; "clit" [vul]
tinggiw [vul] (n)	clitoris [stf]; "lit" [vul]
tingha' (RV5)	to draw one's last breath [Alt: tikha']
tinghoy (n)	small oil lamp
tingig (adj)	lopsided, unbalanced, leaning to one side
tingueán (n)	rainy season, wet season [Cf: ueán, silak]

tinguha' (RV1)	to try hard, attempt, make a serious effort. [Syn: hinguha', hotuhót]
tingoy-tingoy (n)	topmost part [of tree] [Syn: alipungto]
tingting [m:] (adj)	strong, durable, resilient, tough. [Opp: tapók] [Syn: húnit]
tiurók (adj)	industrious, hard-working
tiurók (RV5)	to reach the bottom (or) finish slowly but surely
tipak... (RV4)	to step (into), put foot (in/on)
tipak (n)	step, footprint [Syn: tápak]
tipapáe-o (n)	[glowworm]
tipeag (RV8)	to scatter, panic [such as people do when a fight starts]
tipeang (ST2)	to fall down, stumble
tipik (RV1)	to chip off, cut off a bit of
tipik (n)	chip, piece, fragment (ice, glass, rock)
tipid (RV3)	to save, be thrifty with, economize
matipid (adj)	thrifty, economical
pagkatipid (n)	thrift; economy
tipig (RV1)	Tipid ring kwarta. / Be thrifty with your money.
tipli [Sp] (n)	to fold up (cloth, paper, plastic)
tipó [Sp] (n)	soprano, high-pitched voice [Opp: báho]
tipon (RV1)	"type" [of people, referring to physical features]
tilliponán (n)	to gather, collect, assemble [non-homogeneous things] [Cf: tiblyog]
tillipon (RV8)	place of assembly
tipos [Sp] (n)	to gather together, assemble
tira(h) [Sp] (RV1)	typhoid fever
tirador (n)	to shoot, hunt down [with weapon; words] [Alt: tirár]
tirador (adj)	slingshot
panira (DY)	sharpshooting
tiránti [Sp] (n)	to hunt with a slingshot
tirko [Sp] (adj)	suspenders
tirmas (n)	stubborn, hard-headed [Alt: túrko]
termometér [Eng] (n)	[rice]
térmos [Eng] (n)	thermometer [Alt: termómétro]
ternéra [Sp] (n)	thermos bottle
térno [Sp] (n)	cow [female] [Cf: báka]
térno (n)	pair [of clothes], match, garment to match
tirók (n)	[native formal gown for ladies]
tirso [Sp] (adj)	[fish]
tirso(h) (RV1)	straight, unbent, erect [Syn: tádlong]
tis [Eng] (RV1)	to straighten out, make erect
tisa' (n)	to tease one's hair
	[tree, fruit--canistel] <u>Lucuma nervosa</u> A. DC

tisikó [Sp] (n)	tuberculosis, T. B.
tisikohón (adj)	tubercular, sick with T. B.
tisod [Oak] (n)	doom, misery [Opp: himáya']
tesorér, o [Sp] (n)	treasurer [Akl: tatapmánggad]
testigo [Sp] (n)	witness [Akl: saksi]
testigos (n) [pl]	witnesses
tita [Tag] (n)	aunt, auntie [Cf: tító]
titi [slg] (n)	nipple, teat [children's word] [Cf: aydtong]
ti-ti' (RV1)	to get the last drop [from the bottle]
titiris (n)	doll
tító [Tag] (n)	uncle [Cf: tita]
tituló [Sp] (n)	title, degree, diploma
titulado (adj)	'holding a degree, degree-holding; titled; having a title or deed.
titsir [Eng] (n)	teacher [Syn: maéstra, manunúda']
tiwís [vul] (n)	clitoris [stf]; "clit" [vul]
tiwtiw (n) [sup]	[person who has magic power to catch fish by praying]
tiwtiw (RV1)	to catch fish (through prayer)
tiya [Sp] (n)	aunt
tiyán [Ch] (n)	stomach, abdomen; womb
tiyanán (adj)	having a large, curved stomach
tiyanán (n)	[fish--with a big stomach]
tiyo [Sp] (n)	uncle
tiyó' (n)	baby mammal; puppy (dog), calf (oow/carabao)
tiyó' (RV2)	to give birth [said of animals]; to whelp, calve (or foal, etc. [Cf: unga' / bear children (people)]
tiyog' (RV6)	to turn about, spin
patiyog (CV)	to turn, spin [something]
tiyog-tiyog (n)	bum, vagabond
to (T/dem)	that [yonder] [Ctr: rató] [G. 161]
to (dec)	Sin-o-to? / Who was that?
to (n)	there [yonder] [Ctr: idto] [G. 185]
túak [Oak] (RV5)	"little boy" "Kid" "Butch" [common term of address for young boys] [Ctr: tóto']
túba (n)	to cry aloud, bawl [Cf: tumúak]
tubá' (n)	[shrub, nut--medicinal] <u>Jatropha curcas</u> L.
tubá-an (n)	tubá'; coconut wine [Cf: sánggot]
pangtubá' (n)	tubá' stand, place where tubá' is sold
tubá' (RV1)	money to buy tubá' with
pangtubá' (n)	to cut down bananas
túbas (RV1)	knife (or) bolo for cutting down bananas
	to end, finish off (harvesting)
	Túbson námon hiñ-ága. / We'll finish harvesting that tomorrow.

tubás (n)	harvest [Syn: áni] Mayád do ámong tubás ku dág-on ngará. / We had an excellent harvest this year.
túbeag (RV1)	to disturb, interfere with
túbi' (n)	water; liquid
túbi' (RV3)	to water, put water on
túbi' pa [idm]	not yet born, unborn; not up to a job (or) position, not good enough
tubigánan (n)	[children's game]
túbo [Sp] (n)	pipe, tube
túbo' (RV7)	to grow; sprout, develop; increase
patúbo' (CV)	to let grow; lend with/on interest
túbo' (n)	interest (on loan); growth
[idm]	'bág-ong túbo' / new generation
tubó (n)	sugar cane. <u>Saccharum officinarum.</u>
katúbwan (n)	sugar cane plantation
tubóan (n)	{young seed just beginning to grow inside fruits-- such as in a coconut}
tuboánan (adj)	having young seeds growing inside
túb-ok (RV1, 2)	to elevate, hoist, raise up
tubód (RV7)	to flow out, gush, well up [said of liquids]
tuborán (n)	spring; well
tueúbdan (n)	spout, place where water flows out
tubóe (n)	hard, dry stool (feces) [Cf: pandího!]
tubós (RV1)	to pay for, redeem; save, rescue, liberate
manunúbos (n)	Túbsa ro ákong utang. / Pay for my debts.
túbtub (prep)	savior, redeemer [usually refers to Jesus]
katubtúban (n)	until, up to [Syn: hásta]
tuká' (RV1)	forevermore
tueúk-on (n)	túbtub sa katubtúban / forever and ever
tukád (RV4)	to peck; eat with beak [said of chickens, birds]
tuká (RV6)	Bási' tók-on ron it manók. / A chicken might eat that.
patukon (adj)	chicken feed, feed [for fowl] [Syn: sabód]
tokán [Sp] (adj)	to go out of town [Opp: túgbong]
tukár [Sp] (RV1)	to go uphill
patukár (CV)	steep, uphill
tukás (RV1)	touching (upon), in connection with
túkbóe (RV1)	to play (a musical instrument)
túkeang (RV1)	to have someone play, ask (someone) to play
	Patukahá imáw. / Have her play.
	to hold open
	to jab upwards (with a pole)
	to pry open, support, keep open (with a stick)

tukí' (RV1)	to open up a little (and peep in)
tukíb (RV1)	to open up a little [such as a window]
tokíba (n)	shell [of an egg, crab] [Alt: kotíba]
túkmo' (n)	[bird]
túkmo' (RV1)	to snatch, seize quickly
tukó (n)	vertical support, crutch
tukó(h) (RV1)	to support (vertically)
panukó (RV5)	to support oneself with one's arm
tukó' (n)	[big house lizard]. [Syn: tikí']
tukób (RV1)	to bite, nibble [said of fish]
túkod (RV1)	to found, invent; frame, build, construct.
	Gintúkod nána ro ándang grúpo. / He founded their group.
tukón (n)	bamboo pole
túkso' (RV1)	to ask, question, inquire [Syn: kutána]
	Ayáw akó pagtúkso-á. / Don't ask me.
tueuksó-an (RV8)	to engage in a question and answer session or debate
túktuk (RV1)	to chop continually; tenderize (meat) by pounding it with a blade
panúktuk (DV)	to knock (at a door)
túktuk (n)	rust
tuktukón (adj)	rusty
túktorúok (RV5)	to crow [said of rooster]
túdas [Sp] (ST3)	ended, finished; ruined, "washed up" [AE, slg]
túdas (RV5)	to win (at cards)
túdlo' (n)	finger / toe; digit (of hand or foot)
túdlo' (RV3)	to teach [Syn: turó']
	Náno ring ginatúd-an? / What are you teaching?
patúdlo' (CV)	to have (someone) teach; ask how
	Mapatúdlo' akó kímo.. / I'll have you teach me.
panúdlo' (n)	process or method of teaching; way of instruction
	THE FINGERS AND TOES
	kumaeágko' thumb; big toe
	inogtúro' index finger
	hintutúro' index finger [Alt]
	eumábaw middle finger
	kumáiyaw ring finger
	silingsingan ring finger [Alt, Syn]
	kumaíngking little finger, pinky; little toe
	sping extra finger
	[banana]
tudlotdátu' (n)	continual, incessant; fast
túdo [Sp] (adj)	to boil (vegetables)
túea(h) (RV1)	vegetables [cooked]
tinúea' (n)	

tinucán-on (n)	vegetables [generic term]
túead (RV3)	to copy, imitate
katúead (n)	copy, imitation
kasintúead (adj)	similar to, resembling
tueád-tucád (n)	imitator; "copycat" [AE, slg]
túe-an (n)	bone [of body]
túe-an eon [idm]	"dead and gone" [AE, slg]
tueánga]ka[(n)	[flower]
túeángkod (adj)	insufficient, not quite enough
tueáy (n)	bridge [Alt: tuláy]
túeó' (RV7)	to drip, leak [faucet; water]
patúeo' (CV)	to let trickle (or) drip
túeok (RV1)	to stare at, gaze at, look at (with attention)
túeok (n)	stare, gaze
cueoeágay (RV7)	to ooze out (continually) [Cf.: túeo', ágay]
túeog (ST2)	to be asleep
túeog (RV4)	to sleep off/through
	Túeogi ring probléma. / Sleep off your problem.
katueog (RV6)	to be asleep
katueog (ST5)	to doze off, fall asleep
	Hakatueogan-tang. / I dozed off.
katueogon (n)	sleep
kuekatúeog (RV6)	to pretend to be asleep
patúeog (CV)	to put to sleep: hypnotize
	Patueoga ro mga ungal. / Put the children to sleep.
pangtúeog (n)	pajamas, sleeping clothes
túe-og (RV2)	to hoist; hand (upwards), elevate [Syn: túb-ok]
túeogátog (n)	peak, summit [Syn: alipúngto]
tueogtog (n) [Bkd]	peak; summit [Alt: tueogátog]
tueogyán (RV3)	to trust, have faith in
tueogyánan (adj)	trustworthy, trusty
tueón (RV1)	to swallow Túnla ro bueóng. / Swallow the medicine.
tutúnlan (n)	throat
tueún-an (n)	book, textbook [Cf: tuón] [Syn: libro]
tueóp (RV1)	to punch, hit, slug, sock [AE]; box [FE]
	Túepon ta. / I'll slug you.
túeos (n)	[the most tender leaf of a banana--growing at the top of the tree]
túeos (adj)	decided, determined [Cf: hántop]
túeot (RV4)	to permit, allow [Syn: sugót, tugót]
tueoy (RV1)	to hex, put a hex on, curse, wish bad luck on
tueoy (ST3)	to happen, occur, come true [said of bad things]
túetue]ka[(ST2)	to know [Syn: tuíp, sáyod]
túetog (RV1)	to pound, hit, knock

tóga [Sp] (n)	toga; -graduation gown
túga(h) (RV6)	to be spontaneous, spring up, originate
patúga (CV)	to create, originate; initiate; invent
tagtúga (n)	creator, originator; inventor; God, Author of the universe
tugák (RV3)	to loosen'
tugák (adj)	loose [Opp: hugót]
túg-an (n)	promise, agreement
túg-an (RV4)	to promise
tugás (n)	core [center and hardest part of a tree]
Tugas (n)	barrio of Makato'
tugá-tugá [pa] (CV)	to try half-heartedly; to show off (to impress others)
túgbong (RV4)	to go into town [Opp: tukád]
túgday (RV1)	to store (harvested rice)
túghong (RV2)	to pour (any liquid) [Cf: bó-bo', úea']
tugís (n)	{root crop}
túgma(h) (RV1)	to guess
patugmahánon (n)	riddle
túgnaw [ma] [Hil] (adj)	cold [Akl: eamíg]
túgon (RV1)	to feed the young [said of birds]
tutugnon (n)	young birds
túgon [Hil] (RV2)	to order, request [Akl: bílin]
túg-on (RV1)	to cook rice
tugóp (n)	[tree] <u>Artocarpus elastica</u> Reinw.
túgot [Hil] (RV4)	to permit, allow [Akl: sugót]
túgót (n)	string [of/for kite]
túgpa' (RV6)	to fall, drop down [like kite]
patúgpa' (CV)	to bring down, let drop/fall
túgpo' (RV6)	to alight; come down, land [said of birds, people]
túgpo' (n)	dew [Syn: tún-og]
túgtug (n)	[bird]
túgyán (RV2)	to entrust, trust to, give (for safekeeping)
tuhób (n)	hole [Cf: búho']
tuhób (RV4)	to make a hole (in)
tuhók [vul] (n)	vagina [stf]; "cunt", "pussy" [vul]
túhod (n)	knee
túhod (RV1)	to indicate, point out; make sure, certify
túhog (RV1)	to pierce, pass (or) cut through, penetrate
tinuhógan (n)	pierced (ears) [for earrings]
tueuhógan (n)	[a part or place that is easily penetrated]
túhop (RV7)	to leak, pass through, saturate [like water on sand]
túid (n)	phase, change (of the moon)
patuíron (adj)	about to change phase(s)
túig [Hil] (n)	year [Akl: dág-on]

tulip [ka] (ST2)	to know [Syn: <i>sáyod</i>]
Tul-ang (n)	barrio of Ibaday
tuláy (n)	bridge
tuláy (RV3)	to bridge
tuláylay (RV3)	to lullaby; hum the tune, get the tone [Alt: <i>találay</i>]
túli' (RV1)	to circumcise
[vul, idm]	<i>iná' túli' mo.</i> / "Up your ass." [AE, vul] [When one gets fed up with a conversation or refuses to hear or believe a person, he might utter that expression.]
tulí' (adj)	circumcised
tulí (n)	ear wax, ear drainage
panulí (RV5)	to clean one's ears [of ear wax]
Tolódo [Sp] (n)	barrio of Nabas
tóliháw (n)	[bird] [Ctr: <i>antolíhaw</i>]
túlin [ma] (adj)	fast, quick, speedy [Opp: <i>búngdoe</i>]
tulíng (adj)	dried out, parched
tulíng [slg] (adj)	drunk, soused, inebriated
tulingan (n)	[fish--member of tuna family]
túlis [Tag] (adj)	sharp, pointed [Akl: <i>mataeáwis, matalíwis</i>] [Opp: <i>dangáe, sumpo'</i>]
tulisan (n)	[fish]
tulísán (n)	savage, maniac, "butcher", murdering criminal [Syn: <i>buyóng</i>]
túloy (n)	[fish]
tumág (RV7)	to ooze out/up
tumágis (adj)	passed through; pierced, penetrated
tumágring (RV5)	to whizz by [defective verb, exists only in this form]
túman (RV1)	to obey, follow, oblige [Syn: <i>sunód</i>]
matinumánon (adj)	obliging, obedient
tueumánon (n)	leader, governor
túman (Dp)	long enough; stop, recess [command]
tumándok (n)	native; aborigine
tomár [Sp] (RV1)	to drink, take (medicine)
túmba [Sp] (ST3)	to fall over [accidentally] [Cf: <i>húog</i>]
túmba (RV6)	to fall over [purposely]
patúmba (n)	[a type of print(ing)] italics
tombága (n)	copper [metal]
túmbapatís [Sp] (n)	[game--that makes use of cans and stones]
túmbapriso [Sp] (n)	[game; related to <i>túmbapatís</i>]
túmbas (RV4)	to respond in kind, repay, equal
katúmbas (n)	equal, equivalent
túmba-túmba (n)	rocking chair
tumbáya' [pa] (CV)	to be careless, irresponsible; to abandon

mapatumbayá-on (adj)	irresponsible, careless [Opp: mabinacák-on]
túmbok (n)	dot, mark, spot
túmbok (RV4)	to make haphazard dots, spot, mark up
túmo(h) (RV1)	to candy (bananas)
tumúak (RV5)	to cry aloud [defective verb, only exists in this form]
tumók (RV1)	to pulverize, powder, grind
tumór [Sp] (n)	tumor, growth; cancer [Cf.: haeók]
tumóy (n)	end [of fiber, rope]
túm-oy (RV2)	to submerge, push under [water], immerse, dunk
túmpi(h) (RV1)	to gather rice (palay) in a cone-like shape
túmpi (n)	a pile of harvested rice stalks
túmpok (n)	pile
túmpok (RV1)	to pile up
tueueúmpok (RV8)	to gather around [something/somebody], group together (to listen to or observe)
túna' [Oak] (RV3)	to begin, start, initiate [Syn: umpisá(h)]
gintuxá-an (n)	beginning, start
túnaw (RV1)	to melt, dissolve
túnay (adj) [Tag]	pure, true, genuine, real, actual [Akl: eúnsay]
	túnay nga amígo / true-blue friend
katunáyan (n)	truth, genuineness
	sa katunáyan / in truth; really
Tundog (n)	barrio of Tangalan
tónik [Eng] (n)	tonic, lotion, light perfume
toniláda [Sp] (n)	ton
túno [Sp] (n)	sound, tone; <u>tune</u> , melody; pronunciation, intonation
túnod (RV7)	to go down, disappear, "melt away" [sun, moon]
katueúndan (n)	sunset; west [Cf: hángin]
tunóg (RV7)	to make noise (or) sound; play, be on [said of radio]
tunóg (n)	voice
matúnog (adj)	loud, clear [sounding]
patúnog (CV)	to play, turn on [radio, phonograph, etc.]
pangtúnog (n)	noise making toy or contraption
pangtúnog [Nab] (n)	vowel [grammatical term]
tún-og (n)	dew
patún-og (CV)	to expose to the dew
tún-og (ST5)	to get moistened with dew
	Natun-ogán kami kábfi. / Last night we got wet with dew.
tunóng (RV3)	to pin, screw, nail, rivet
tunóng (n)	small screw, rivet, pin
túnto' [Sp] (adj)	stubborn, hardheaded, "wise" [guy]
tónton (RV2)	to lower, let down [Opp: bátak]
tónton (n)	plumb bob

tónton (RV2)	to put out in the sun [Syn: bucád] [Opp: págo(h)]
tunyági' (RV1)	to ridicule, insult, defame, slander
túnyo-túnyo (adj)	crazy, insane, foolish
tong [Ch] (n)	tong [percentage fee in mahjong]
tong [slg] (n)	bribe, kickback
túnga' (RV1)	to cut in half
tungá' (n)	one-half; middle
	sa tungá' it subá' / in the middle of the river
tungá(h) (RV6)	to appear, come out [Syn: subát]
tungáw (n)	[insect--very, very small red]
túngaw-túngaw (n)	[shrub]
túngkad (RV1)	to go to the bottom; penetrate; comprehend, fathom
	Indi' gid matúngkad / cannot be fathomed
túngko' (n)	blemish (on face)
túngkoe [Tag] (conj)	because [Alt: túngkol]
túngkoe (prep)	because (of)
katúngkoean (n)	position, office, status
túnggay (n)	cymbals
túnghoe (RV3)	to give, offer [Syn: súmbil; taó]
tungód (prep)	because, since tungód kimo / because of you
tungód (conj)	because, since
tungód (RV4)	to be in front of
katungdáhan. (n)	duty, responsibility
katúngod' (n)	front, line, in position
tungóg (n)	[tree--bark used as food coloring]
tungóg (n)	dye for tuba'
tueúnggan (n)	dye container
túngtung (RV3)	to stand on/upon: be on top (of); step on
tungtungan (n)	platform, stage
túo(h) (RV3)	to believe in, have faith in
pagtúo (n)	faith, belief [in God]
tueuóhan (n)	trusted person
túo (n)	right [opposite of left] [Opp: waeá] [Syn: máno]
túob (RV2)	to burn [something] in a fire (for the purpose of inhaling the fumes as a medication)
túob (RV1)	to have someone inhale fumes (as a medication)
	Tuóba imáw. / Have him inhale the fumes.
túod (Dp)	Really? Truly?
kamatuóran (n)	truth, reality
matúod (adj)	true, real(ly)
pamatúod (CV)	to prove, establish the truth of [something]
	Ginpamatúod nána ro ánang pagkáwat saeá'. / He proved his innocence.
túod (n)	stump (of tree)

patuód [idm] (CV)	to sit lazily and do nothing; "sit like a bump on a log" [AE, idm].
túom (RV1)	to cook (fish) quickly by wrapping it in banana leaves and putting it onto coals or into the fire
túon (RV1)	to time, synchronize; be on time, observe the proper time Pérmi si David nagatúon it óras. / David always observes the right time. Tuóna nga úna' imáw bágo ka mag-ádto. / Synchronize your arrival with his being at home.
tuón (RV3)	to study; learn Tuón it mayád. / Study hard.
patuón (CV)	to have [someone] study, send [someone] to school; pay for [someone's] tuition
panuón (n)	studies
tueún-an (n)	book, textbook
tupád (RV4)	to go/be side by side (with)
túpas (adj)	dejuiced, used up, having a squeezed-out pulp [can be said of squeezed fruits, used coffee or tea]
túpas (n)	residue [something which has had the flavor or juice removed]; pulp, coffee grounds, used tea
tupás (n)	bank (of river), riverbank [Cf: pángpang]
tupáy (ST2)	to have a bad dream (or) nightmare [Cf: bangúgot]
túpea(h) (RV2)	to spit (out), expectorate
túpod (RV2)	to give-out (to everyone--one at a time)
panúpod (RV2)	to distribute (to everybody)
túpong (RV1)	to level, make equal
tupóng (adj)	level, equal; enjoying/having the same privileges
tupóng (RV8)	to enjoy the same privileges, be equal, be on an equal footing
túptup (RV3)	to set a limit (to a value/price)
Torálba (n)	barrio of Banga [Alt: Torrálba]
túrban (n)	turban
túrko [Sp] (adj)	stubborn, hard-headed [Alt: tírko]
turísta [Sp] (n)	tourist
tornilyo [Sp] (n)	screw [Cf: distornilyadór]
tornilyo(h) (RV3)	to screw (in)
tóro [Sp] (n)	bull [male cow]
toréti (n)	calf, young bull
turó' (RV2)	to teach (a subject), point out [Cf: tódlo'] Matemátiks ro ákong ginaturó'. / I'm teaching mathematics.
inogtúro' (n)	index finger
manunúro' (n)	teacher
turoádlaw (n)	noon; high noon [Alt: troádlaw]

torúmpo [Sp] (n)	top, toy gyroscope [Cf: kámágo] [Alt: trúmpo]
turós (RV1)	to squeeze, crush (with one's fingernails)
	Túdsa ro butóc. / Crush the louse.
turós [vul] (ST3)	to have had intercourse, "got, laid" [AE, vul]
	Naturós eon si Rosita. / Rosita has already been laid.
túrpe [Sp] (adj)	stupid, dull
torpido [Eng] (n)	torpedo
tórsi(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to twist, turn [Akl: eúbag]
tos [Eng] (RV2)	to toss up [a coin]; to make a toast
tusik (RV3)	to peck (at) [with beak]
tusino(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to prepare pork with saltpetre and sugar [also (n)]
túsli' [vul] (RV1)	to pull back the foreskin [of penis]; to have intercourse, "fuck" [vul]
túšli' [slg] (RV1)	to fool, lie, "pull one's leg" [AE, idm]
túslok (RV1)	to pierce, jab with (stick)
túsmog (RV2)	to dip (briefly into a liquid)
túso (adj)	sly, clever, shrewd, sneaky
tús-on (RV2)	to carry on one's head
tústus (RV3)	to lower, let down, loosen; to pay (for)
tútal [Eng] (n)	total, amount, sum
tutál [Sp] (conj)	well, anyway [Syn: súma']
tótσ (n)	"Little boy." "Butch." [common term of address for a young boy] [Cf: índay, néne']
tútom]ma[(adj)	thoughtful, sincere, steadfast, true to one's purpose
tutúnlan (n)	throat [Cf: tueón]
tútot (n)	toy trumpet [Alt: torútot]
patútot [idm, vul] (CV)	to be a prostitute, "sell oneself"
tútoy (RV1)	to 'tsk', click with tongue and teeth [as when calling a dog]
tuwád (RV6)	to 'moon' [AE, slg]; put one's rear end out to, bend over and stick one's buttocks toward
towálya [Sp] (n)	towel, bath towel
túwang (RV2)	to carry on a pole between two people
túwang (RV3)	to help [someone] carry [something]
túwang-túwang (RV1)	to carry- [said of two or more people]
tuwárog (n)	a very tall person [over 6 feet] [Cf: hueárog]
tuwáy (n)	[clam--shell]
túyang]pa[(CV)	to procrastinate, delay, take time
tuyá'-tuyá' (RV1)	to ridicule, humiliate, scorn
túyo' (n)	purpose, aim, intention
katuyó-an (n)	purpose, aim
panuyó' (DV)	to "oil", work or do something good in order to get something in return

túyo' (RV1)	to propose, aim (at), intend
tuyó' [Ch] (n)	soy sauce
túy-od (RV6)	to tiptoe [Cf: tífd]
tuyóm' (n)	salt [Syn: asín]
tuyóm' (RV3)	to salt, put salt (on/in)
túytuy (RV1)	to advise, guide, lead on
	Ginatúytuy ka sa dáean it kataróngan. / You are being led on the path of righteousness.
trabáho [Sp] (n)	work; job, occupation [Syn: obra]
trabáho(h) (RV1)	to work at, be occupied with
trabisíya [Sp] (n)	travail, encumbrment, obstacle
trak [Eng] (n)	truck; native bus
traktóra [Sp] (n)	tractor
trámbya [Sp] (n)	tram
transístor [Eng] (n)	transistor; transistorized radio
trángka [Sp] (n)	lock, board, bar
trángka(h) (RV3)	to lock up, bar
trangkásó [Sp] (n)	flu, influenza
trangkásó(h) (ST4)	to get the flu; have the flu
trápo [Sp] (n)	dust cloth, wiping cloth, cloth for cleaning, rag(s)
trápo(h) (RV3)	to wipe up, wipe off [wet table]
trátó(h) [Sp] (RV3)	to promise, contract, agree on
trátó (n)	promise, agreement, contract
trayénta [Sp] (n)	thirty, 30
tráyskwér [Eng] (n)	try-square [carpenter's instrument] [Syn: iskwála]
traysikóla [Eng] (n)	"tricycle" [FE] [motorcycle with sidecar operated as a cab in many parts of the Philippines]
trianggulá [Sp] (n)	[kite--triangle shaped] [Cf: boladór]
triangguló [Sp] (n)	triangle [figure]; triangular firecracker
tren [Eng] (n)	train [Cf: rilis]
tréning [Eng] (RV1)	to undergo training, train
	Gintréning kami sa Maníla. / We were trained in Manila.
tres [Sp] (n)	three, 3
trése [Sp] (n)	alás tres / three o'clock
tresurér [Eng] (n)	thirteen, 13
troádlaw (n)	treasurer [Syn: tesoréro, tatapmággad]
trubináys [Eng] (n)	noon; high noon [Ctr: údto ro ádlaw]
trúmpa [Sp] (n)	long-sleeved shirt [Syn: lóngslib]
trúmpo [Sp] (n)	loudspeaker
tróno [Sp] (n)	top, toy gyroscope
tša [Ch] (n)	throne
tsalíko [Sp] (n)	tea
tsans [Eng] (n)	vest
	chance, risk

tsañs (RV5) to take a chance; be a chance passenger [for an air-
 plane ride]
 tsánsa [Sp] (n) chance, risk
 tsánsing [slg] (RV5) to take advantage of a chance to touch/kiss a girl
 tsápa [Sp] (n), badge; gasket [Alt: sápa]
 tsáriti(h) [Eng] (RV1) to take advantage of, "take", "catch [in a mistake
 or bad deal], swindle
 Ba, hatsáriti gid akó nánda. / Boy, was I taken by,
 them [swindled].
 tsátsa [Sp] (n) cha-cha [dance] [also (RV6)]
 tsek [Eng] (n) check [Alt: tséki]
 tsek (RV1) to check on, look into; [in chess] to put the king into
 check; checkmate
 tsék-ap [Eng] (RV1) to check up (qn)
 patsék-ap (CV) to have a [medical]-check up
 tséki [Sp] (n) check [Alt: séki]
 tsíko [Sp] (n) [fruit, tree] Achras zapota L. [Alt: sikóy; chíco]
 Tsína [Sp] (n) China [country] [Cf: ínsik]
 tsína (n) Chinese [woman, girl]
 tsíno (n) Chinese [man, boy]
 tsens [Eng] (n) change "Kip, da tsens." [slg, idm] / Keep the
 change,
 cheap; inexpensive [Syn: baráto]
 tsip [Eng] (adj) gossip
 tsísmis [Sp] (n) to gossip (about someone)
 tsísmis (RV1) to gossip (about something), talk about
 tsísmis (RV2) gossip [female]
 tsísmósa (n) gossip [male]
 tsísmósò (n) to cheat [Syn: títad, dáya!]
 tsit [Eng] (RV5) fried pork rind [Alt: sadsarón]
 tsitsarón [Sp] (n) groceries; miscellany [Alt: sitsiriyas]
 tsitsiriyás [Sp] (n) chocolate [Alt: sikoláti]
 tsokoláte [Sp] (n) monkey [Akl: amb']
 tsónggo [Sp] (n) chauffeur, driver
 tsupér [Sp] (n) nut [used with hòlt] [Cf: pérno, róskas]
 twérka [Sp] (n) time, season; weather, climate
 tyémpo [Sp] (n) *Mayád ro tyémpo. / The weather is fine.

"W" /wah/

The nineteenth letter of the native Aklanon alphabet, representing the voiced labiovelar semivowel /w/.

wa' (Nég)

[G. 23]
 [Ctr: owá'] "none" "no" "nothing"
 Wa' akó kakíta'. / I didn't see.



wakae (RV2)	to talk without meaning or purpose, prattle, prate
wakat (n)	[the roots of mangrove tree s]
waká'-waká' (RV6)	to waddle
wakí' (adj)	fraction(al), not whole, lacking, not exact, incomplete
waklí' (RV1)	to shove aside [a judo or wrestling move], throw to side by sudden twist of arm
wakog (RV6)	to look proud or contemptuous, be erect with pride (or) disgust [Syn: wángot]
wakwak [sup] (n)	large bat-like creature [believed to be a witch's messenger]
wakwak (RV5)	to be/act like a witch
waeá (n)	left [opposite of right] [Opp: tuó] [Syn: sílya]
waeá' (ST3)	to disappear, become nothing; run out (of)
waeá' (ST5)	to be left without, suffer the loss of
panimád-on (n)	Nawád-an kamí it ungá'. / We lost our child.
talimád-on (n)	superstition, superstitious belief
wáeas (RV6)	superstition, superstitious belief
waeó (n)	to move back and forth, toss and turn [as in one's sleep]
waeó(h) (RV1)	eight, 8
ikawaeó (adj)	to make into eight, raise or lower to eight
wáewae (adj)	eighth
wagás (adj)	baggy, sagging [said of clothing that is too large]
wágwag (n)	tattered; dilapidated
wágwag (RV1)	[rice--traditional variety]
wágwag (ST3)	to break into pieces
wáhing (RV1)	to drop (off) due to loose packing or poor tying up
wáhwah (RV3)	to push aside [rudely]
wáhwah (ST3)	to strip (off) [clothing]
walák-walák (RV6)	to get torn; to slip off
walástik [Tag] (expr)	to move arrogantly [Alt: warák-warák]
wáldas [Tag] (adj)	"cool" "crazy" "wow" [teenage expression of surprise or delight], "groovy"
wáli(h) (RV3)	spendthrift [Syn: gastadó]r]
wálik (RV1)	to advise, counsel
walíg (n)	to push aside (rudely, bruskiy) [Syn: wáslik]
wáling (RV1)	[very young, immature coconut] [Alt: ealíg]
wáling-wáling (n)	to push aside, make way; make room, clear obstacle(s)
wál-it (ST2)	[orchid]
walóg-walóg (RV7)	to have money
wántid [Eng] (adj)	owá' akó it nawál-it / I'm flat broke.
	to wobble, quaver
	wanted; popular, famous

wántid (RV1)	to want, -crave; popularize
wangí' (RV1)	to break fruit off the stem [Syn: eúngi']
wángot (RV3)	tó have a sarcastic air; have a proud or sarcastic look on one's face
wángot (n)	a sarcastic or proud look
wángwang (adj)	messy, disarranged [hair]
wáoę (adj)	hard, difficult
warák-warák (RV6)	to move in an arrogant manner [Alt: walák-walák]
wáráng (RV6)	to roam (around), wander
Waráy (n)	the Waray region of the Visayas [Samar-Leyte]
Waráy-Waráy (n)	the Waray language (or) people-
warík [idm] (RV1)	to embezzle [steal by padding payrolls, diverting funds, etc.]
warning [Eng] (RV4)	to warn, advise [of danger] [Akl: pabát-oe]
wárog (n)	a very tall person [Alt: tuwárog] [Cf: huearog]
wásák (RV1) [ST3]	to break open and scatter; cracked, split open [and with the contents out], shattered
wás-ag (adj)	scattered, spread about [Cf: wasák, wásdak]
wásay (n)	axe
wásay (RV1)	to chop with an axe
wásdak (ST3)	to get scattered, spilled, thrown about
wási (RV1) [ST3]	to lose, misplace; to get misplaced
wasík (ST3)	to be lost, get misplaced [Syn: wasí]
wásing (n)	helper or worker (on a jeep or truck) [also (RV5)]
wásir [Eng] (n)	washer [as used in faucets or plumbing]
wáslik (RV1)	to push aside brusquely, brush aside [Cf: wáling]
wáswas (RV3)	to shake (off), rid something of dirt
wáswas [slg] (n)	-wife
wat	[Ctr: owá'it]
wátay (RV1)	to scatter or spread carelessly [also (ST3)]
	[Syn: kálhit, wígit]
	[tree]
watí (n)	wanderer, vagabond, bum
watíd (n)	wanderer, vagabond, bum
waterhayasín [Eng] (n)	water hyacinth. <u>Eichornia crassipes.</u>
waterhíter [Eng] (n)	water heater
waterlili [Eng] (n)	[any one of several types of water flowers: waterlily, water lotus, water hyacinth] Usually: <u>Nelumbium nelumbo</u> (or) <u>Nymphaea nouchali.</u>
wátwat (RV1)	to dangle; hang, suspend
waw (intj) [Eng]	"wow" [expression of amazement or surprise]
	[Akl: abá, abáw]
wawá' (n)	mouth of a river [Syn: gibungán]
wáwaw (RV5)	to howl [said of animals]; to cry aloud [said of people]
wayá-wayá (RV7)	to wave to and fro, move back and forth [like branches]

waytléghorn [Eng] (n)	white leghorn [chicken]
wigit (RV1)	to scatter about [carelessly] [Cf: wítay]
wiit (RV)	to stretch or pull apart
wiit (adj)	expanded, stretched, twisted unevenly
wiit-wiitan (n)	corner of the mouth
wilga [Sp] (n)	strike, protest
wilga(h) (RV3)	to strike, protest against
wili (ST2)	to be accustomed (to) [Syn: anad]
wili (ST2)	to be carried away [Syn: dáean]
wilik (RV2)	to flick off (or) throw off [by a sudden motion of the hand--as when casting off an insect from the arm]
wilwil (adj)	off-center [usually said of clothing that is not put on properly], out of line
wipilból [Eng] (n)	whiffle ball [game]
wipon [Eng] (n)	weapon, arm(s) [Akl: hinangiban] [Syn: armas]
wisik (RV3)	to sprinkle, wet [by using fingers or hand to throw the water]
wéste [Sp] (n)	west, [direction] [Akl: katueúndan] [Cf: hángin]
wítay (RV1)	to suspend, dangle
witing [Ch] (n)	"daily-double" [betting game]
wíter [Eng] (n)	waiter
witi-witi (adj)	trifling, slight, not important, of low status
wi-wi' (RV1)	to split open further [such as a buttonhole], enlarge (by slitting)
wonderbréd [Eng] (n)	American style of bread; a sliced loaf of bread
wórid [Eng] (ST2)	to be worried (about) [Akl: háwag]
"Y" /yah/	
ya (loc)(dec)	The twentieth and last letter of the native Aklanon alphabet, representing the voiced fronto-palatal semi-vowel /y/. [G. 23-24]
ya' [Eng, slg] (intj)	here [near speaker] [Ctr: iyá]
yábi [Sp] (n)	"yeah" "yes" [Akl: húo, galí]
yábi(h) (RV3)	key [Akl: yáwi]
pangyábi (RV5)	to wind up [clock]; lock up [door]
yáb-ok [Hil] (n)	to use a key
yakál (n)	dust, dirt [Akl: tapú-tapú]
yákap [Tag] (RV1)	[tree--hardwood] Shorea gisok (or) Shorea balangeran
yádi' [Bkd] (adj)	to embrace, hug [Akl: kúpkup, hakós]
yagotá' [Oak] (RV1)	useful, good for something
yahóng [Hil] (n)	to insult, humiliate
yamáha [Jap] (n)	bowl, sauce dish [Akl: maeukóng]
yamar [Sp] (RV1)	motorbike, motorcycle
	to prime [a pump]

yamá (n)

yáno [Sp] (adj)

yangób (adj)

yángot (ST1)

makayayangot (adj)

yaób [Hil] (RV5)

Yapak (n)

yárda [Sp] (n)

yásyas (n)

yásyas (RV3)

yáte [Sp] (n)

yáti' (intj)

yátis (intj)

yáwa' (n)

yáwa' (intj) [vul]

yawá-on (adj)

Yawan (n)

yaw-ánay (intj)

yáwi [Sp] (n)

Yáwi' [Oak] (n)

yáya [Sp] (n)

yá-ya' (adj)

yélo [Sp] (n)

yélo [Eng] (adj)

yéma' [Sp] (n)

yéro [Sp] (n)

yes [Eng] (intj)

yúbit (RV1)

yúkó' (RV2)

yúkot (RV1)

yukót (adj)

yúkyuk]ma[(adj)

yúgo [Sp] (n)

yúgyug (RV1)

yúhom-yúhom [Hil] (RV5) to smile [Akl: híyom-híyom]

yumád (n)

yúmyum (RV1)

yunár [Sp] (n)

yúpi' (RV1)

yupí' (adj)

water to prime a pump

Yamahá ro bómbo. / Prime the pump.

simple, plain, common, not elaborate, undecorated

toothless [as in very old people] [Cf: bingáw]

to hate, despise [Syn: sáb-an]

despicable, hateful

to cry from suffering [Syn: bákho']

barrio of Malay, on Borakay Island

yard [unit of measure]

totally milled or cleaned rice [Cf: bugás]

to mill [rice]

yacht

"Damn it." "Drat it." "Rats." [Alt: yátis]

"Damn it." [exclamation of mild disgust or anger]

devil; Satan, the Devil [Opp., Cf: Yáwi']

"Damn it." "Oh, hell."

evil, vile, no good [Opp: but-ánan]

barrio of Ibaday

"Please don't." "Not yet."

key [Alt: yábi]

[old name for God--possibly related to the Aramaic

Jehovah/Yahweh]

nursemaid, baby sitter; wet nurse

wide open

Yá-ya' ro pwertá. / The door is wide open.

ice

yellow [Akl: dueáw]

condensed milk candy

galvanized iron sheet(s) [Syn: sim]

"Yes." [Akl: húo]

to slander, speak ill of, criticize [Opp: dáyaw]

to bend, fold over; stoop, bow, nod one's head

[Syn: tikó', piló']

to crumple, wrinkle [clothing]

crumpled, wrinkled

smallest, tiniest, minute, infinitesimal [Opp: eágko']

yoke [used on draft animals]

to shake' [usually by the shoulders]

to smile [Akl: híyom-híyom]

[young louse/lice] [Alt: eumád]

to dissolve in the mouth [without chewing]

birthmark

to crumple, wrinkle, bend

crumpled, wrinkled, bent [like tin sheets]

yúpyup (RV1)
yóyo' (n)
yóyo' (RV5)
yúyom [ma] (adj)

to inhale, breathe in [Opp: bugá(h)]
yoyo [toy]
to play with a yoyo
humble, kind; attractive

Ro sádyá', mayád-áyad, hamili' ag mayúyom nga
buót hay maháega pa sa bueáwan. / A cheerful, beau-
tiful, endearing and humble heart is more precious
than gold.

Yuyos (n)

sitio in Madalag

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ABBREVIATIONS AS USED IN THIS TEXT

A/	associate function: possessive	Oak	old or "deep" Aklanon term
Abr:	an abbreviation of	OF	in the Object Focus
Akl	a native Aklanon word	Om	the Object-Marker
A. det	an Adjective Determiner	Opp:	the opposite or antonym of:
adj	an Adjective	px	a prefix
AE	"American English"	pl	plural form or meaning
AF	in the Actor Focus	Pm	indicates plurality or variety
Alt:	an alternate form	prep	a Prepositional Element
Am	the Associate Marker	pro	a Pronoun form
Bkd	non-Kalibo, originating from the mountain dialects	Qp	a Question or Interrogative particle
Cf:	refer to or confer with	R/	Referent function: indirect object, beneficiary, place.
CV	a Causative Quality verb	REC.v	member of the <u>makig-</u> verbs
Ch	originating from Chinese	Rel:	Related to:
conj	a Conjunction	REL.v	member of the <u>mag-</u> verbs denoting some relationship
Cor:	a corrupted form	RF	in the Referent Focus
Ctr:	a contraction	Rm	the Referent Marker
D.	see this dictionary, page #	RV1	a Regular Verb, Class 1
DV	a Distributive Quality verb	sfx	a suffix
dee	a deictic or place word	slg	a slang form used or coined by the younger generation
dem	a demonstrative [pronoun]	Sp	borrowed from Spanish
DIS.	a Distributive verb form	STi	a Stative Verb, Class 1
Dp	a Discourse Particle	stf	a scientific or technical term
Em	an Enumerative Particle	STQ	the Stative Verb Qualifier
Eng	borrowed from English	sup	a superstitious belief or term
etc.	et cetera (and so on)	Syn:	a synonym is:
expr	an expression or way of saying	T/	Topic function
FE	"Filipino English"	Tag	borrowed from Tagalog
G.	see GRAMMAR, page #	Tm	the Topic Marker
gen	a general or standard term	Tp	a Transformation Product
Hil	borrowed from Hiligaynon	V. det	a Verb Determiner
Ibj	used in the vicinity of Ibajay	vul	a vulgar or imp'ite form
idm	an idiom	---	denotes position of root word
ifx	an infix	'	denotes final glottal stop
intj	an Interjection (expression)	(h)	denotes final unspelled /h/
Jap	borrowed from Japanese	-	denotes medial glottal stop
Kin	originating from Kinaray-a	-	denotes accent or stress
Lib	used in the vicinity of Libakaw	[]	usually occurs with/in this form
Lm	a linker or ligature	[]	a type or species of; no exact translation available/possible
loc	a location or place word		
Nab	developed by the late Dr. Nabór		
N. det	a noun determiner		
Neg	a Negative particle		
n	a Noun or Nominal		
O/	Object or Goal function		